1 AN ACT concerning labor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2 and 3 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-2)
- 7 Sec. 2. This Act applies to the wages of laborers,
- 8 mechanics and other workers employed in any public works, as
- 9 hereinafter defined, by any public body and to anyone under
- 10 contracts for public works.
- 11 As used in this Act, unless the context indicates
- 12 otherwise:
- "Public works" means all fixed works constructed by any
- 14 public body, other than work done directly by any public
- 15 utility company, whether or not done under public supervision
- or direction, or paid for wholly or in part out of public
- funds. "Public works" as defined herein includes all projects
- 18 financed in whole or in part with bonds issued under the
- 19 Industrial Project Revenue Bond Act (Article 11, Division 74 of
- 20 the Illinois Municipal Code), the Industrial Building Revenue
- 21 Bond Act, the Illinois Finance Authority Act, the Illinois
- 22 Sports Facilities Authority Act, or the Build Illinois Bond
- 23 Act, and all projects financed in whole or in part with loans

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or other funds made available pursuant to the Build Illinois Act. "Public works" also includes all projects financed in whole or in part with funds from the Fund for Illinois' Future under Section 6z-47 of the State Finance Act, funds for school construction under Section 5 of the General Obligation Bond authorized under Section 3 of funds t.he Construction Bond Act, funds for school infrastructure under Section 6z-45 of the State Finance Act, and funds for transportation purposes under Section 4 of the General Obligation Bond Act. "Public works" also includes all projects financed in whole or in part with funds from the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under the Illinois Renewable Fuels Development Program Act for which there is no project labor agreement. "Public works" also includes all projects at leased facility property used for airport purposes under Section 35 of the Local Government Facility Lease Act.

"Construction" means all work on public works involving laborers, workers or mechanics.

"Locality" means the county where the physical work upon public works is performed, except (1) that if there is not available in the county a sufficient number of competent skilled laborers, workers and mechanics to construct the public works efficiently and properly, "locality" includes any other county nearest the one in which the work or construction is to be performed and from which such persons may be obtained in sufficient numbers to perform the work and (2) that, with 1

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respect to contracts for highway work with the Department of Transportation of this State, "locality" may at the discretion of the Secretary of the Department of Transportation be construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which workers may be accessible for work on such construction.

"Public body" means the State or any officer, board or commission of the State or any political subdivision or department thereof, or any institution supported in whole or in part by public funds, and includes every county, city, town, village, township, school district, irrigation, utility, reclamation improvement or other district and every other political subdivision, district or municipality of the state whether such political subdivision, municipality or district operates under a special charter or not.

The terms "general prevailing rate of hourly wages", "general prevailing rate of wages" or "prevailing rate of wages" when used in this Act mean the hourly cash wages plus fringe benefits for training and apprenticeship programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau Apprenticeship and Training, health and welfare, insurance, vacations and pensions paid generally, in the locality in which the work is being performed, to employees engaged in work of a similar character on public works.

"Aggregate materials" includes, but is not limited to, rock, gravel, sand, pebbles, dirt, soil, clay, bitumen, cultured/polymer, cement, concrete, asphalt, slag, grindings,

- 1 and recycled materials.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-15, eff. 6-11-03; 93-16, eff. 1-1-04; 93-205,
- eff. 1-1-04; 94-750, eff. 5-9-06.) 3
- 4 (820 ILCS 130/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-3)

5 Sec. 3. Not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages for work of a similar character on public works in the 6 7 locality in which the work is performed, and not less than the 8 general prevailing rate of hourly wages for legal holiday and 9 overtime work, shall be paid to all laborers, workers and 10 mechanics employed by or on behalf of any public body engaged 11 in the construction of public works. Laborers Only such 12 laborers, workers and mechanics as are directly employed by contractors or subcontractors in actual construction work on 1.3 14 the site of the building or construction job shall be deemed to 15 be employed upon public works. The site of the building or 16 construction job shall also include a facility dedicated to the performance of the contract or project and located in such 17 18 close proximity to the actual construction location that it would be reasonable to include them. Laborers, and laborers, 19 20 workers and mechanics engaged in the transportation of aggregate and excavated materials and equipment operated to 21 22 haul to or from the site , but not including the transportation by the sellers and suppliers or the manufacture or processing 23 24 of materials or equipment, in the execution of any contract or 25 contracts for public works with any public body shall also be

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deemed to be employed upon public works.

2 To determine the prevailing wage rate for a laborer, 3 worker, or mechanic engaged in the transportation of aggregate 4 or excavated materials or the operation of equipment to haul 5 aggregate or excavated materials to or from the site of the 6 building or construction job, the Department of Labor shall 7 take into consideration the applicable prevailing wage rate and the Illinois Department of Transportation's current method of 8 9 establishing equipment rates.

The transportation by the sellers and suppliers or the manufacture or processing of non-aggregate materials or equipment in the execution of any contract or contracts for public works with any public body shall not be deemed to be employment upon public works.

The wage for a tradesman performing maintenance is 15 16 equivalent to that of a tradesman engaged in construction.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-15, eff. 6-11-03; 93-16, eff. 1-1-04.)