

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount
5 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base
6 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred,
7 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would
8 be a member of the same unitary business group but for
9 the fact that foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity. The addition
12 modification required by this subparagraph shall be
13 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in
14 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable
15 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
17 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
18 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
19 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
20 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
21 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
25 person who is subject in a foreign country or
26 state, other than a state which requires mandatory

1 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
2 income with respect to such interest; or

3 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
5 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the foreign person, during the same
9 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10 interest to a person that is not a related
11 member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 foreign person did not have as a principal
15 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
16 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
17 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
18 and terms; or

19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
22 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
23 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
24 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

25 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign

1 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
2 convincing evidence that the adjustments are
3 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
4 agree in writing to the application or use of an
5 alternative method of apportionment under Section
6 304(f).

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
10 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
11 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
12 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
13 and such regulations provide methods and standards
14 by which the Department will utilize its authority
15 under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (D-18) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of
18 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
19 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
20 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
21 foreign person who would be a member of the same
22 unitary business group but for the fact that the
23 foreign person's business activity outside the United
24 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
25 activity. The addition modification required by this
26 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that

1 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
2 group for the same taxable year and received by the
3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
4 business group (including amounts included in gross
5 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
6 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
7 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
8 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
9 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
10 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
11 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
12 reduction to the addition modification required under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
14 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
15 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
16 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
17 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
18 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
19 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
20 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
21 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
22 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
23 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
24 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
25 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
26 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible

1 assets.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
6 person who is subject in a foreign country or
7 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
8 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
9 income with respect to such item; or

10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the foreign person during the same
16 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
17 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
18 not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 intangible expense or cost between the
21 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
22 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
23 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
25 or

26 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
3 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
4 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
5 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
6 agree in writing to the application or use of an
7 alternative method of apportionment under Section
8 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2002, in the case of a distribution from a
20 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
22 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
23 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from
24 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount
25 equal to the amount excluded from gross income under
26 Section 529(c) (3) (B);

1 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
2 following amounts:

3 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
4 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
5 any compensation (including but not limited to any
6 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
7 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
8 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
9 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
10 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
11 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
12 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
13 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
14 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
15 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
16 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
17 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
18 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
20 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
21 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
22 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
23 resident by reason of being a member of any component
24 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
25 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
26 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or

1 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
2 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
3 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
4 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
6 state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the
7 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
10 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
11 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
13 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
14 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
15 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
16 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
17 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
19 thereto;

20 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
25 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously

1 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
2 of taxable income;

3 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total which were paid by a corporation which
5 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
6 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
7 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
8 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
9 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
10 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
11 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total that were paid by a corporation that
15 conducts business operations in a federally designated
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
17 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
19 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
20 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
21 this subparagraph (K);

22 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
24 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
25 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code;

1 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
5 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
6 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
7 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
10 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
11 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
15 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
16 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
17 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
18 United States; provided that, in the case of any
19 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
20 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
21 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
22 of bond premium amortization;

23 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
25 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction

1 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
2 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
3 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

5 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
6 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
7 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
8 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
9 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

10 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
11 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

12 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
13 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
14 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
15 medical care savings account established under the
16 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
17 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
18 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
19 as provided in that Act;

20 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
21 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
22 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
23 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
24 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
25 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
26 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

1 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
2 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
3 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
4 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
5 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
6 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

7 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
8 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
9 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
10 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
11 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
12 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
13 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
14 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
15 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
16 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on
18 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does
19 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that
20 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
21 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
22 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
23 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
24 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
25 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
26 amount of the health insurance and long-term care

1 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
2 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
3 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
4 times a number that represents the fractional
5 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
6 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
7 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

8 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
9 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
10 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
11 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
12 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
14 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
15 extent includible in gross income for federal income
16 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
17 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
18 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
19 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
20 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
21 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
22 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
23 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
26 during, and immediately after World War II, including,

1 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
2 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
5 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
6 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
7 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
8 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
9 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
10 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
11 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
12 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
13 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
14 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
15 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
16 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
17 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
18 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
19 of Section 250;

20 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
21 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
22 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
23 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
24 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
25 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys

1 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
2 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
3 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
4 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
5 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
6 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
7 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
9 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This
10 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
14 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
15 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
17 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

18 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
19 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
21 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
22 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
23 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
24 the bonus depreciation deduction;

25 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
26 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30

1 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (3) for taxable years ending after December
4 31, 2005:

5 (i) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (ii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 1.0.

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
19 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
20 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
26 an amount equal to that addition modification.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which the
3 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
4 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
9 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
10 piece of property.

11 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
14 other than salary, received by a driver in a
15 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

16 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
19 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

1 is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
5 addition modification;

6 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
13 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

18 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
19 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
20 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
4 person.

5 (b) Corporations.

6 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
8 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

9 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
10 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
11 of the following amounts:

12 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
13 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
14 received from regulated investment companies during
15 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
16 income in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
19 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

20 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
21 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
22 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
23 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
24 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section

1 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
3 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
4 law and is not a new enactment);

5 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
6 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
7 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

9 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
10 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
11 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
12 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
13 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
14 the amount by which addition modifications other than
15 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
16 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
17 year, with the following limitations applied in the
18 order that they are listed:

19 (i) the addition modification relating to the
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
23 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
24 which related to that net operating loss and which
25 was taken into account in calculating the base
26 income of an earlier taxable year, and

1 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
2 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
3 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
4 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
5 such carryback or carryforward;

6 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
7 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
8 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
9 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
10 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
11 independently under the preceding provisions of this
12 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

13 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
14 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
15 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
16 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
17 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

18 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and

23 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then

1 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
2 deductions taken in all taxable years under
3 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which the
6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
8 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
9 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
12 modification under this subparagraph only once with
13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (E-12) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount
16 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base
17 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred,
18 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would
19 be a member of the same unitary business group but for
20 the fact the foreign person's business activity
21 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
22 person's total business activity. The addition
23 modification required by this subparagraph shall be
24 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in
25 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable
26 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
11 person who is subject in a foreign country or
12 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
13 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
14 income with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
17 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the foreign person, during the same
21 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 interest to a person that is not a related
23 member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 foreign person did not have as a principal

1 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
2 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
3 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
4 and terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
8 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
9 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
10 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
13 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
14 convincing evidence that the adjustments are
15 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
16 agree in writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
22 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
23 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
25 and such regulations provide methods and standards
26 by which the Department will utilize its authority

1 under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (E-13) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of
4 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
5 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
6 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
7 foreign person who would be a member of the same
8 unitary business group but for the fact that the
9 foreign person's business activity outside the United
10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
11 activity. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
2 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
3 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
4 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
5 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
7 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
8 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
9 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
10 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
11 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
12 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
13 similar types of intangible assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
18 person who is subject in a foreign country or
19 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
20 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
21 income with respect to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the foreign person during the same
2 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
8 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
15 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
16 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
17 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
18 agree in writing to the application or use of an
19 alternative method of apportionment under Section
20 304(f);

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
24 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
25 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
26 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department

1 and such regulations provide methods and standards
2 by which the Department will utilize its authority
3 under Section 404 of this Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
5 following amounts:

6 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
7 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
8 and included in such total for the taxable year;

9 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
10 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
12 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
13 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
14 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
15 for the taxable year;

16 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
20 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all
22 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a) (1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and
25 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13,
26 1999, Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and

1 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
2 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
5 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
6 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
7 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
8 United States; provided that, in the case of any
9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
12 of bond premium amortization;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
16 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
17 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
18 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
19 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
20 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
21 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

1 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (L);

6 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
7 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
8 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
9 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
10 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
11 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone
12 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
13 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
14 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
15 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the
16 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
17 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
18 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit
19 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
20 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
21 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise
22 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The
23 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any
24 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
25 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
26 such loan attributable to the eligible property as

1 calculated under the previous sentence. This
2 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
5 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
6 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
7 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
8 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
9 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
10 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
11 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
12 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
13 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
14 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
15 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
16 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
17 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
18 date that it was placed in service in a federally
19 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
20 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
21 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
22 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
23 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
24 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
25 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
26 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to

1 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
2 calculated under the previous sentence;

3 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
4 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
5 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
6 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
7 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
8 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
9 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
10 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
11 Section 10-10 of the ~~Illinois~~ River Edge Redevelopment
12 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
15 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
16 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
17 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
18 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
19 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
20 and received from a corporation that is not created or
21 organized under the laws of the United States or any
22 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
24 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
25 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification

1 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
2 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends;
3 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
4 included in taxable income and received, including,
5 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
6 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
7 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in
9 clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section
10 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as
11 a member of the affiliated group which includes the
12 dividend recipient, exceed the amount of the
13 modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
14 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
15 to such dividends;

16 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
18 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

24 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
25 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
26 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under

1 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
2 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
3 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
4 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
5 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
6 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
7 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
8 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
9 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
13 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
14 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
15 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
16 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
17 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
18 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
22 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
23 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
24 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
26 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

1 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
2 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
4 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
5 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
6 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
7 the bonus depreciation deduction;

8 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
9 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
10 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (3) for taxable years ending after December
13 31, 2005:

14 (i) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
18 0.429); and

19 (ii) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 1.0.

23 The aggregate amount deducted under this
24 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
25 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
26 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
2 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
3 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250;

5 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
6 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which the
12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
14 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
15 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
16 equal to that addition modification.

17 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
18 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
19 piece of property.

20 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
23 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
24 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
25 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
26 modification with respect to such transaction under

1 Section 203(a) (2) (D-17), 203(b) (2) (E-12),
2 203(c) (2) (G-12), or 203(d) (2) (D-7), but not to exceed
3 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
4 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
6 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
7 is required to make an addition modification with
8 respect to such transaction under Section
9 203(a) (2) (D-18), 203(b) (2) (E-13), 203(c) (2) (G-13), or
10 203(d) (2) (D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
11 addition modification;

12 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
13 into account for the taxable year (net of the
14 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
19 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

24 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
26 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
5 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person.

11 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
12 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
13 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
14 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

15 (c) Trusts and estates.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
20 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
21 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
24 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
25 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income

1 in the computation of taxable income;

2 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
3 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
4 required to distribute all of its income currently,
5 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
6 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
7 the computation of taxable income;

8 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
10 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

11 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
12 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
13 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
14 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

15 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
16 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
17 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
18 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
20 the amount by which addition modifications other than
21 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
22 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
23 the following limitations applied in the order that
24 they are listed:

25 (i) the addition modification relating to the
26 net operating loss carried back or forward to the

1 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
3 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
4 which related to that net operating loss and which
5 was taken into account in calculating the base
6 income of an earlier taxable year, and

7 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
8 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
9 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
10 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
11 such carryback or carryforward;

12 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
13 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
14 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
15 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
16 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
17 independently under the preceding provisions of this
18 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

19 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
20 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
21 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
22 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
23 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
24 Act;

25 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
26 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of taxable income;

3 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
5 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
6 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
7 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code; and

13 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (G-12) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount
6 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base
7 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred,
8 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would
9 be a member of the same unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity. The addition
13 modification required by this subparagraph shall be
14 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in
15 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable
16 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
17 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
18 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
19 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
20 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
22 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
23 incurred.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign

1 person who is subject in a foreign country or
2 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
3 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
4 income with respect to such interest; or

5 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
7 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the foreign person, during the same
11 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
12 interest to a person that is not a related
13 member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 foreign person did not have as a principal
17 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
18 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
19 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
20 and terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
24 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
25 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
26 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

1 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
3 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
4 convincing evidence that the adjustments are
5 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
6 agree in writing to the application or use of an
7 alternative method of apportionment under Section
8 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (G-13) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of
20 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
21 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
22 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
23 foreign person who would be a member of the same
24 unitary business group but for the fact that the
25 foreign person's business activity outside the United
26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity. The addition modification required by this
2 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
3 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
4 group for the same taxable year and received by the
5 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
6 business group (including amounts included in gross
7 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
9 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
10 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
11 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
12 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
13 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
14 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
15 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
16 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
17 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
18 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
19 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
20 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
21 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
23 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
24 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
25 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
26 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"

1 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
2 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
3 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

4 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
8 person who is subject in a foreign country or
9 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
10 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
11 income with respect to such item; or

12 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the foreign person during the same
18 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 intangible expense or cost between the
23 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
24 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1 or

2 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
5 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
6 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
7 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
8 agree in writing to the application or use of an
9 alternative method of apportionment under Section
10 304(f);

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
12 Director from making any other adjustment
13 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
14 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
15 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
16 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
17 and such regulations provide methods and standards
18 by which the Department will utilize its authority
19 under Section 404 of this Act;

20 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
21 following amounts:

22 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
13 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
14 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
15 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
16 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
17 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
18 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
19 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
20 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
21 amortization;

22 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
23 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
24 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
25 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of

1 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
2 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
3 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
4 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
5 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of
6 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
7 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
8 250;

9 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
12 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
13 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
14 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
15 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
16 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
17 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
20 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
21 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

22 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total that were paid by a corporation that
24 conducts business operations in a federally designated
25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
26 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

1 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
2 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
3 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
4 this subparagraph (O);

5 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
6 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
7 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
8 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

10 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
11 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
12 extent includible in gross income for federal income
13 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
14 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
15 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
16 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
17 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
18 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
19 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
20 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
21 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
22 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
23 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
24 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
25 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi

1 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
2 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
3 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
4 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
5 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
6 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
7 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
8 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
11 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
12 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
13 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
14 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
15 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
16 of Section 250;

17 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
18 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
19 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
20 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
22 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

23 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
24 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
26 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was

1 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
2 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
3 the bonus depreciation deduction;

4 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
5 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
6 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (3) for taxable years ending after December
9 31, 2005:

10 (i) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14 0.429); and

15 (ii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 1.0.

19 The aggregate amount deducted under this
20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
21 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
25 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
2 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
14 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
15 piece of property.

16 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
19 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
20 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
21 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
22 modification with respect to such transaction under
23 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
24 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
25 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
26 income from intangible property (net of the deductions

1 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
3 is required to make an addition modification with
4 respect to such transaction under Section
5 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
6 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
7 addition modification;

8 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
9 into account for the taxable year (net of the
10 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

20 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
21 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
22 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
25 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of that

1 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
4 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
6 person.

7 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
8 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
9 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
10 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
11 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
12 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
13 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

14 (d) Partnerships.

15 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
17 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

18 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
19 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
20 of the following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
23 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
24 in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
2 the taxable year;

3 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
4 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

6 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
7 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
8 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
9 computation of taxable income;

10 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code;

15 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
20 deductions taken in all taxable years under
21 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

1 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
2 equal to that subtraction modification.

3 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
4 modification under this subparagraph only once with
5 respect to any one piece of property;

6 (D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member
11 of the same unitary business group but for the fact the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total
14 business activity. The addition modification required
15 by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent
16 that dividends were included in base income of the
17 unitary group for the same taxable year and received by
18 the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
24 the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
2 person who is subject in a foreign country or
3 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
4 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
5 income with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
8 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the foreign person, during the same
12 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 interest to a person that is not a related
14 member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 foreign person did not have as a principal
18 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
19 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
20 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
21 and terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
25 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
26 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is

1 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
2 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
4 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
5 convincing evidence that the adjustments are
6 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
7 agree in writing to the application or use of an
8 alternative method of apportionment under Section
9 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
13 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
14 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
15 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
16 and such regulations provide methods and standards
17 by which the Department will utilize its authority
18 under Section 404 of this Act; and

19 (D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible
21 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
22 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the foreign person's
26 business activity outside the United States is 80% or

1 more of that person's total business activity. The
2 addition modification required by this subparagraph
3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
4 included in base income of the unitary group for the
5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
7 (including amounts included in gross income pursuant
8 to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue
9 Code and amounts included in gross income under Section
10 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
11 stock of the same person to whom the intangible
12 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
13 incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not
14 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
15 reduction to the addition modification required under
16 Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this
17 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
18 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
19 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
20 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
21 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
22 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
23 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
24 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
25 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
26 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible

1 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
2 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
3 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
4 assets;

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
9 person who is subject in a foreign country or
10 state, other than a state which requires mandatory
11 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
12 income with respect to such item; or

13 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
16 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the foreign person during the same
19 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
20 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
21 not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 intangible expense or cost between the
24 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
25 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
26 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

1 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

2 or

3 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
6 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
7 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
8 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
9 agree in writing to the application or use of an
10 alternative method of apportionment under Section
11 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
22 amounts:

23 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
3 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
4 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
5 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
6 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (H) Any income of the partnership which
12 constitutes personal service income as defined in
13 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
14 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
15 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
16 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

17 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
18 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
19 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
20 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
21 including amounts distributable to organizations
22 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
23 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
2 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
3 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
4 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
7 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
9 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
10 250;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total which were paid by a corporation which
13 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
14 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
15 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
18 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or
19 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This
20 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Real
24 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
3 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (M);

8 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

13 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
25 the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0.

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
10 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
11 piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification;

4 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
5 into account for the taxable year (net of the
6 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
11 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 the same foreign person; and

16 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
17 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
18 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
21 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the
24 addition modification required to be made for the same
25 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
26 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
2 person.

3 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

4 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
5 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
6 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
7 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
8 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
9 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
10 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
11 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
12 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
14 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
15 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
16 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
17 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
18 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
19 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
20 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
21 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
23 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
24 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
25 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph

1 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
2 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
3 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
4 addition modification must be made under those
5 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
6 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
7 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
8 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code.

11 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
12 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
13 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

14 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
15 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
16 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
17 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
18 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
19 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
20 Internal Revenue Code;

21 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
22 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
23 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 insurance company taxable income;

25 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
26 a regulated investment company subject to the tax

1 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 investment company taxable income;

3 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
4 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
5 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
6 estate investment trust taxable income;

7 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
8 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
9 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
10 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
11 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
12 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
13 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
14 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
15 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
16 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
17 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code had been in effect for all such years;

19 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
20 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
21 organization determined in accordance with the
22 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code;

24 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
25 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
26 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
2 corporation determined in accordance with Section
3 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
4 taxable income shall take into account those items
5 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
8 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
9 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
10 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
11 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
12 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
13 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

14 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
15 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
16 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
17 income shall take into account those items which are
18 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
19 but which would be taken into account by an individual
20 in calculating his taxable income.

21 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
22 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
23 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
24 business has been classified as business income and in a
25 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
26 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later

1 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
2 related to that asset or business that generated the
3 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
4 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
5 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
6 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
7 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
8 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
9 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
10 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
11 taxable years.

12 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

13 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
14 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
15 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

16 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
17 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
18 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
20 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

21 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
22 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
23 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
24 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
25 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
26 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of

1 such gain included in the amount determined under
2 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

3 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

4 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
5 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
6 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
7 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
8 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
9 determining gain) for such property on that date
10 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
11 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
12 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
13 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
14 such property.

15 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
16 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
17 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
18 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
19 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
20 property for federal income tax purposes for the
21 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
22 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
23 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
24 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
25 period for the property.

26 (C) The Department shall prescribe such

1 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
2 purposes of this paragraph.

3 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
4 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
5 to be deducted more than once.

6 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
7 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
8 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
9 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
10 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
11 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
12 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
13 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
14 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

15 (Source: P.A. 93-812, eff. 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04;
16 94-776, eff. 5-19-06; 94-789, eff. 5-19-06; 94-1021, eff.
17 7-12-06; 94-1074, eff. 12-26-06; revised 1-2-07.)

18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
19 becoming law.