1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing

  Section 12-7.3 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/12-7.3) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-7.3)
- 7 Sec. 12-7.3. Stalking.
- 8 (a) A person commits stalking when he or she, knowingly and 9 without lawful justification, on at least 2 separate occasions 10 follows another person or places the person under surveillance
- or any combination thereof and:
- 12 (1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or
  13 future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or
  14 restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or
  15 a family member of that person; or
- 16 (2) places that person in reasonable apprehension of
  17 immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault,
  18 confinement or restraint; or
- 19 (3) places that person in reasonable apprehension that
  20 a family member will receive immediate or future bodily
  21 harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint.
- 22 (a-5) A person commits stalking when he or she has 23 previously been convicted of stalking another person and

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion: 1
- 2 (1) follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and 3
  - (2) transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint; and
  - (3) the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person.
  - (b) Sentence. Stalking is a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent conviction for stalking is a Class 3 felony.
  - (b-5) The incarceration of a person in a penal institution who transmits a threat is not a bar to prosecution under this Section.
  - (c) Exemption. This Section does not apply to picketing occurring at the workplace that is otherwise lawful and arises out of a bona fide labor dispute, or any exercise of the right of free speech or assembly that is otherwise lawful.
  - (d) For the purpose of this Section, a defendant "places a person under surveillance" by: (1) remaining present outside the person's school, place of employment, vehicle, other place occupied by the person, or residence other than the residence of the defendant; or (2) placing an electronic tracking device on the person or the person's property.
  - (e) For the purpose of this Section, "follows another person" means (i) to move in relative proximity to a person as that person moves from place to place or (ii) to remain in relative proximity to a person who is stationary or whose

- 1 movements are confined to a small area. "Follows another
- 2 person" does not include a following within the residence of
- 3 the defendant.
- 4 (f) For the purposes of this Section and Section 12-7.4,
- 5 "bona fide labor dispute" means any controversy concerning
- 6 wages, salaries, hours, working conditions, or benefits,
- 7 including health and welfare, sick leave, insurance, and
- 8 pension or retirement provisions, the making or maintaining of
- 9 collective bargaining agreements, and the terms to be included
- in those agreements.
- 11 (g) For the purposes of this Section, "transmits a threat"
- 12 means a verbal or written threat or a threat implied by a
- 13 pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal or written
- 14 statements or conduct.
- 15 (h) For the purposes of this Section, "family member" means
- 16 a parent, grandparent, brother, sister, or child, whether by
- 17 whole blood, half-blood, or adoption and includes a
- 18 step-grandparent, step-parent, step-brother, step-sister or
- 19 step-child. "Family member" also means any other person who
- 20 regularly resides in the household, or who, within the prior 6
- 21 months, regularly resided in the household.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 91-640, eff. 8-20-99; 92-827, eff. 8-22-02.)