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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 3. The Health Care Worker Background Check Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 46/25)
- Sec. 25. Persons ineligible to be hired by health care employers and long-term care facilities.
- (a) After January 1, 1996, or January 1, 1997, or the 9 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General 10 Assembly, as applicable, no health care employer shall 11 knowingly hire, employ, or retain any individual in a position 12 with duties involving direct care for clients, patients, or 13 14 residents, and no long-term care facility shall knowingly hire, 15 employ, or retain any individual in a position with duties that involve or may involve contact with residents or access to the 16 17 living quarters or the financial, medical, or personal records of residents, who has been convicted of committing or 18 19 attempting to commit one or more of the offenses defined in 20 Sections 8-1.1, 8-1.2, 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.1, 9-3.2, 9-3.3, 10-1, 10-2, 10-3, 10-3.1, 10-4, 10-5, 10-7, 11-6, 21 11-9.1, 11-9.5, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.1, 22 12-3.2, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-4.4, 12-4.5, 12-4.6, 23 12-4.7, 12-7.4, 12-11, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 24 12-19, 12-21, 12-21.6, 12-32, 12-33, 16-1, 16-1.3, 16A-3, 17-3, 25 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 18-5, 19-1, 19-3, 19-4, 20-1, 20-1.1, 26 24-1, 24-1.2, 24-1.5, or 33A-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 27 28 those provided in Section 4 of the Wrongs to Children Act; those provided in Section 53 of the Criminal Jurisprudence Act; 29 30 those defined in Section 5, 5.1, 5.2, 7, or 9 of the Cannabis Control Act; those defined in the Methamphetamine Control and 31 32 Community Protection Act; or those defined in Sections 401,

1 401.1, 404, 405, 405.1, 407, or 407.1 of the Illinois 2 Controlled Substances Act, unless the applicant or employee 3 obtains a waiver pursuant to Section 40.

(a-1) After January 1, 2004, no health care employer shall knowingly hire any individual in a position with duties involving direct care for clients, patients, or residents, and no long-term care facility shall knowingly hire any individual in a position with duties that involve or may involve contact with residents or access to the living quarters or the financial, medical, or personal records of residents, who has (i) been convicted of committing or attempting to commit one or more of the offenses defined in Section 12-3.3, 12-4.2-5, 16-2, 16G-15, 16G-20, 18-5, 20-1.2, 24-1.1, 24-1.2-5, 24-1.6, 24-3.2, or 24-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961; Section 4, 5, 6, 8, or 17.02 of the Illinois Credit Card and Debit Card Act; or Section 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act; or (ii) violated Section 10-5 of the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act.

A UCIA criminal history record check need not be redone for health care employees who have been continuously employed by a health care employer since January 1, 2004, but nothing in this Section prohibits a health care employer from initiating a criminal history check for these employees.

A health care employer is not required to retain an individual in a position with duties involving direct care for clients, patients, or residents, and no long-term care facility is required to retain an individual in a position with duties that involve or may involve contact with residents or access to the living quarters or the financial, medical, or personal records of residents, who has been convicted of committing or attempting to commit one or more of the offenses enumerated in this subsection.

(b) A health care employer shall not hire, employ, or retain any individual in a position with duties involving direct care of clients, patients, or residents, and no long-term care facility shall knowingly hire, employ, or retain any individual in a position with duties that involve or may

1	involve contact with residents or access to the living quarters
2	or the financial, medical, or personal records of residents, if
3	the health care employer becomes aware that the individual has
4	been convicted in another state of committing or attempting to
5	commit an offense that has the same or similar elements as an
6	offense listed in subsection (a) or (a-1), as verified by court
7	records, records from a state agency, or an FBI criminal
8	history record check. This shall not be construed to mean that
9	a health care employer has an obligation to conduct a criminal
10	history records check in other states in which an employee has
11	resided.
12	(Source: P.A. 93-224, eff. 7-18-03; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05;
13	94-665, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-29-05.)
14	Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by adding
15	Section 11-9.5 as follows:
16	(720 ILCS 5/11-9.5 new)
17	Sec. 11-9.5. Sexual misconduct with a person with a
18	disability.
19	(a) Definitions. As used in this Section:
20	(1) "Person with a disability" means:
21	(i) a person who suffers from a permanent physical
22	or mental impairment resulting from disease, injury,
23	functional disorder, or congenital condition that
24	impairs the individual's mental or physical ability to
25	independently manage his or her property or financial
26	resources, or both; or
27	(ii) a person diagnosed with a developmental
28	disability as defined in Section 1-106 of the Mental
29	Health and Developmental Disabilities Code; or
30	(iii) a person diagnosed with a mental illness as
31	defined in Section 1-129 of the Mental Health and
32	<u>Developmental Disabilities Code.</u>
33	(2) "State-operated facility" means:

(i) a developmental disability facility as defined

1	in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
2	<pre>Code; or</pre>
3	(ii) a mental health facility as defined in the
4	Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.
5	(3) "Community agency" or "agency" means any community
6	entity or program providing mental health or developmental
7	disabilities services that is licensed, certified, or
8	funded by the Department of Human Services and not licensed
9	or certified by any other human service agency of the State
10	such as the Departments of Public Health, Healthcare and
11	Family Services, and Children and Family Services.
12	(4) "Care and custody" means admission to a
13	State-operated facility.
14	(5) "Employee" means:
15	(i) any person employed by the Illinois Department
16	of Human Services;
17	(ii) any person employed by a community agency
18	providing services at the direction of the owner or
19	operator of the agency on or off site; or
20	(iii) any person who is a contractual employee or
21	contractual agent of the Department of Human Services
22	or the community agency. This includes but is not
23	limited to payroll personnel, contractors,
24	subcontractors, and volunteers.
25	(6) "Sexual conduct" or "sexual penetration" means any
26	act of sexual conduct or sexual penetration as defined in
27	Section 12-12 of this Code.
28	(b) A person commits the offense of sexual misconduct with
29	a person with a disability when:
30	(1) he or she is an employee and knowingly engages in
31	sexual conduct or sexual penetration with a person with a
32	disability who is under the care and custody of the
33	Department of Human Services at a State-operated facility;
34	<u>or</u>
35	(2) he or she is an employee of a community agency
36	funded by the Department of Human Services and knowingly

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- (c) For purposes of this Section, the consent of a person with a disability in custody of the Department of Human Services residing at a State-operated facility or receiving services from a community agency shall not be a defense to a prosecution under this Section. A person is deemed incapable of consent, for purposes of this Section, when he or she is a person with a disability and is receiving services at a State-operated facility or is a person with a disability who is receiving services from a community agency funded by the Department of Human Services.
 - (d) This Section does not apply to:
 - (1) any State employee or any community agency employee who is lawfully married to a person with a disability in custody of the Department of Human Services or receiving services from a community agency if the marriage occurred before the date of custody or the initiation of services at a community agency; or
 - (2) any State employee or community agency employee who has no knowledge, and would have no reason to believe, that the person with whom he or she engaged in sexual misconduct was a person with a disability in custody of the Department of Human Services or was receiving services from a community agency.
- (e) Sentence. Sexual misconduct with a person with a 27 28 disability is a Class 3 felony.
- (f) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall 29 30 immediately forfeit his or her employment with the State or the 31 community agency.
- Section 10. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by 32 33 changing Section 2 as follows:

- (A) As used in this Article, "sex offender" means any person who is:
 - (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or
 - (e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
 - (f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
 - (2) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant

to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or

- (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act; or
- (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Article.

For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated". For the purposes of this Article, a person who is defined as a sex offender as a result of being adjudicated a juvenile delinquent under paragraph (5) of this subsection (A) upon attaining 17 years of age shall be considered as having committed the sex offense on or after the sex offender's 17th birthday. Registration of juveniles upon attaining 17 years of age shall not extend the original

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      registration of 10 years from the date of conviction.
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          (B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:
               (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the
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          Criminal Code of 1961:
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                  11-20.1 (child pornography),
                  11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
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                  11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
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                  11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
                  11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
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              disability),
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                  11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
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                  11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
                  11-17.1
                            (keeping a place of
1.3
                                                             juvenile
              prostitution),
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                  11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
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                  11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
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                  12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
                  12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
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                  12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
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              child),
                  12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),
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                  12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
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                  12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
                  An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
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               (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections of
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          the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person
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          under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the
          victim, and the offense was committed on or after January
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          1, 1996:
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                  10-1 (kidnapping),
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                  10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
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                  10-3 (unlawful restraint),
                  10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
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                  An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
               (1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the
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          Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under
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1	18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of
2	age at the time of the commission of the offense.
3	(1.7) (Blank).
4	(1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section
5	11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal
6	Code of 1961, and the offense was committed on or after
7	June 1, 1997.
8	(1.9) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of
9	subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961
10	committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the
11	age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or
12	dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful
13	custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and
14	the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998.
15	(1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
16	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
17	offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:
18	10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18
19	years of age),
20	11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),
21	11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim
22	is under 18 years of age),
23	11-16 (pandering, if the victim is under 18 years
24	of age),
25	11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim is
26	under 18 years of age),
27	11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years of
28	age).
29	(1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
30	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
31	offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002:
32	11-9 (public indecency for a third or subsequent
33	conviction).
34	(1.12) A violation or attempted violation of Section
35	5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act (permitting sexual abuse)

when the offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002.

- (2) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (B) of this Section.
- (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (B), (C), and (E) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person or a sexually violent person under any federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign country that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Article.
- (C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection (C-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 only if the person is incarcerated in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-977).
- (D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the municipalities in which the sex offender expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an unincorporated

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- area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state students attend school and where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise required to register.
- 5 (D-1) As used in this Article, "supervising officer" means 6 the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or 7 county probation officer.
- 8 (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any person who, after July 1, 1999, is:
 - (1) Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (E) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. Convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, if the conviction occurred after July 1, 1999:
- 18 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution),
- 20 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
- 21 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
- 22 11-20.1 (child pornography),
- 23 12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
- 24 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
- 25 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child),
- 27 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
- 28 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child); or
 - (2) convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense; or
 - (3) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister

state, or foreign country law; or

- (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which requires registration pursuant to this Act. The conviction for the second or subsequent offense must have occurred after July 1, 1999. For purposes of this paragraph (5), "convicted" shall include a conviction under any substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.
- (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.
- (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.
- (H) As used in this Article, "school" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.
- 32 (I) As used in this Article, "fixed residence" means any 33 and all places that a sex offender resides for an aggregate 34 period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 93-977, eff. 8-20-04; 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.