94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

SB2197

Introduced 1/11/2006, by Sen. William R. Haine

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

705 ILCS 405/3-33

from Ch. 37, par. 803-33

Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that a comprehensive community based youth service organization shall certify that a minor has been referred by the regional superintendent or Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication to that agency for truancy intervention services. Provides that if the comprehensive community based youth service agency is incapable or unwilling to provide the certification, then this requirement of a certification is not applicable. Provides that the comprehensive community based youth service agency shall submit reports to the regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication within 30, 120, and 180 days of the minor's referral, or at any other time requested by a regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, which reports each shall certify the date of the minor's referral and the extent of the minor's progress and participation in truancy intervention services provided by the comprehensive community based youth service agency. Provides that if after referral by the regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, the minor declines or refuses to fully participate in truancy intervention services provided by the comprehensive community based youth service agency, then the agency shall immediately certify such facts to the regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication.

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AN ACT concerning courts.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 5 changing Section 3-33 as follows:

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(705 ILCS 405/3-33) (from Ch. 37, par. 803-33)

Sec. 3-33. Truant Minor in Need of Supervision.

(a) Definition. A minor who is reported by a regional 8 superintendent of schools, or in cities of over 500,000 9 inhabitants, by the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, as a 10 chronic truant may be subject to a petition for adjudication as 11 shall be adjudged a truant minor in need of supervision, 12 provided that prior to the filing of the petition, a 13 comprehensive community based youth service agency shall 14 15 certify that the minor has been referred by the regional superintendent or Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication to that 16 agency for truancy intervention services, and the regional 17 superintendent or Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication shall 18 19 certify that truancy intervention services have not resulted in the cessation of chronic truancy after referral for truancy 20 intervention services. If the comprehensive community based 21 youth service agency is incapable or unwilling to provide the 22 certification, then this requirement of a certification is not 23 applicable. The comprehensive community based youth service 24 25 agency shall submit reports to the regional superintendent or 26 the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication within 30, 120, and 180 days of the minor's referral, or at any other time 27 28 requested by a regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, which reports each shall certify the date 29 30 of the minor's referral and the extent of the minor's progress and participation in truancy intervention services provided by 31 32 the comprehensive community based youth service agency. In

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1 addition, if after referral by the regional superintendent or
2 the Office of Chronic Truant Adjudication, the minor declines
3 or refuses to fully participate in truancy intervention
4 services provided by the comprehensive community based youth
5 service agency, then the agency shall immediately certify such
6 facts to the regional superintendent or the Office of Chronic
7 Truant Adjudication.

8 (a-1) There is a rebuttable presumption that a chronic 9 truant is a truant minor in need of supervision.

10 (a-2) There is a rebuttable presumption that school records
11 of a minor's attendance at school are authentic.

12 (a-3) For purposes of this Section, "chronic truant" <u>means</u> 13 <u>a minor subject to compulsory school attendance and who is</u> 14 <u>absent without valid cause from such attendance for 10% or more</u> 15 <u>of the previous 180 regular attendance days, and</u> has the 16 meaning ascribed to it in Section 26-2a of the School Code.

17 <u>(a-4) For purposes of this Section, "truancy intervention</u> 18 <u>services" means services provided by a comprehensive community</u> 19 <u>based youth service agency that are designed to assist the</u> 20 <u>minor's return to an educational program, and includes</u> 21 <u>assessments, counseling, mental health services, shelter,</u> 22 <u>tutoring, and educational advocacy.</u>

(b) Kinds of dispositional orders. A minor <u>adjudicated</u>
 found to be a truant minor in need of supervision may be:

(1) committed to the appropriate regional
superintendent of schools for a multi-disciplinary case
staffing, individualized educational plan or service plan,
or referral to comprehensive community-based youth
services;

30 (2) required to comply with an individualized
31 educational plan or service plan as specifically provided
32 by the appropriate regional superintendent of schools;

33 (3) ordered to obtain counseling or other supportive 34 services;

35 (4) subject to a fine in an amount in excess of \$5, but
 36 not exceeding \$100, and each day of absence without valid

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cause as defined in Section 26-2a of The School Code is a
 separate offense;

3 (5) required to perform some reasonable public service 4 work such as, but not limited to, the picking up of litter 5 in public parks or along public highways or the maintenance 6 of public facilities; or

7 (6) subject to having his or her driver's license or
8 driving privilege suspended for a period of time as
9 determined by the court but only until he or she attains 18
10 years of age.

A dispositional order may include a fine, public service, or suspension of a driver's license or privilege only if the court has made an express written finding that a truancy prevention program has been offered by the school, regional superintendent of schools, or a <u>comprehensive</u> community <u>based</u> <u>youth</u> social service agency to the truant minor in need of supervision.

(c) Orders entered under this Section may be enforced bycontempt proceedings.

20 (Source: P.A. 90-143, eff. 7-23-97; 90-380, eff. 8-14-97;
21 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)