

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

SB2180

Introduced 1/4/2006, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein - Terry Link

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

235 ILCS	5 5/1-3.28	from C	h.	43,	par.	95.28
235 ILCS	5 5/2-1	from C	h.	43,	par.	96
235 ILCS	5 5/5-1	from C	h.	43,	par.	115
235 ILCS	5 5/5-3	from C	h.	43,	par.	118
235 ILCS	5 5/6-4	from C	h.	43,	par.	121
235 ILCS	5 5/6-29.1					
235 ILCS	5 5/6-29 rep.					

Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Provides that the holder of a wine-maker's premises license may sell or offer for sale at retail in the wine-maker's licensed premises (now, in the premises specified in the license) the wine-maker's wine. Requires sales at retail to be in person. Defines "in person". Provides that, after the first retail sale in person, the licensee may sell and ship not more than 2 cases per year of the licensee's wine to that purchaser if certain requirements are met. Provides penalties for the violation of those requirements. Creates a wine-maker's tasting room license that permits a licensee concurrently holding a wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail the licensee's wine at up to 2 locations and requires the sales to be in person. Creates a non-resident wine-maker's license that permits a manufacturer of up to 100,000 gallons of wine per year that is licensed in another state to store and sell the wine in Illinois. Provides that a non-resident wine-maker licensee may sell and ship its wine at retail to residents of Illinois in the same manner as a wine maker's premises licensee. Requires non-resident wine-maker licensees to pay the same State liquor gallonage tax and State retail sales tax as a wine-maker's premises licensee. Sets license fees for wine-maker's tasting room licenses and non-resident wine-maker's licenses. Provides that a limited wine manufacturer licensee may sell wine at retail at the limited wine manufacturer's licensed premises (now, at its manufacturing site) and requires sales to be in person, except that after the first retail purchase in person the limited wine manufacturer may sell and ship wine to that purchaser without an in person purchase. Requires wine-maker premises licensees, non-resident wine-maker licensees, and limited wine manufacturer licensees to secure liquor liability insurance. Repeals a provision allowing interstate reciprocal wine shipments and deletes references to that provision. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1

AN ACT concerning liquor.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
changing Sections 1-3.28, 2-1, 5-1, 5-3, 6-4, and 6-29.1 as
follows:

7 (235 ILCS 5/1-3.28) (from Ch. 43, par. 95.28)

Sec. 1-3.28. "Broker" means (i) a person who solicits 8 orders for or offers to sell or supply alcoholic liquors to 9 retailers for a fee or commission, for or on behalf of a person 10 authorized to manufacture or sell at wholesale alcoholic 11 liquors within or without the State or (ii) a person within 12 this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or 13 14 commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for 15 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside 16 17 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who 18 19 promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act. 20

21 (Source: P.A. 90-739, eff. 8-13-98.)

22 (235 ILCS 5/2-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 96)

Sec. 2-1. No person shall manufacture, bottle, blend, sell, 23 24 barter, transport, transfer into this State from a point 25 outside this State, deliver, furnish or possess any alcoholic 26 liquor for beverage purposes, unless such person has been 27 issued a license by the Commission or except as permitted by Section 6-29 of this Act or except as otherwise specifically 28 29 provided in this Act; provided, however, nothing herein contained shall prevent the possession and transportation of 30 alcoholic liquor by the possessor for the personal use of the 31

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1 possessor, his family and guests, nor prevent the making of 2 wine, cider or other alcoholic liquor by a person from fruits, 3 vegetables or grains, or the products thereof, by simple fermentation and without distillation, if it is made solely for 4 5 the use of the maker, his family and his guests; and provided 6 further that nothing herein contained shall prevent any duly licensed practicing physician or dentist from possessing or 7 using alcoholic liquor in the strict practice of 8 his profession, or any hospital or other institution caring for 9 10 sick and diseased persons, from possessing and using alcoholic 11 liquor for the treatment of bona fide patients of such hospital 12 or other institution; and provided further that any drug store 13 employing a licensed pharmacist may possess and use alcoholic liquors in the concoction of prescriptions of duly licensed 14 15 physicians; and provided further, that the possession and 16 dispensation of wine by an authorized representative of any 17 church for the purpose of conducting any bona fide rite or religious ceremony conducted by such church shall not be 18 19 prohibited by this Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 90-739, eff. 8-13-98.)

21

(235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115)

22 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control 23 Commission shall be of the following classes:

(a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.
First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
8. Limited Wine Manufacturer,

- 29
- (b) Distributor's license,
- 30 (c) Importing Distributor's license,

31 (d) Retailer's license,

32 (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit),

33 (f) Railroad license,

34 (g) Boat license,

35 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,

1 (:) Wine-maker's premises license,
2 (j) Airplane license,
3 (1	x) Foreign importer's license,
4 (1) Broker's license,
5 (r	n) Non-resident dealer's license,
6 (1	n) Brew Pub license,
7 (0) Auction liquor license,
8 (1) Caterer retailer license,
9 (0	q) Special use permit license <u>,</u> .

10 (r) Wine-maker's tasting room license,

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(s) Non-resident wine-maker's license.

No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a wine manufacturer's license.

(a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale of
alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be
permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows:

20 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of 21 alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing 22 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no 23 other licensees.

Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.

Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees, and to retailers provided the brewer obtains an importing distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors, and to no other licensees.

1 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales 2 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to 3 manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to 4 no other licensees.

5 Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the 6 manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and 7 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A 8 9 first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the sale of no 10 more than 5,000 gallons of the licensee's wine to retailers. 11 The State Commission shall issue only one first-class 12 wine-maker's license to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that is engaged in 13 the making of less than 50,000 gallons of wine annually that 14 applies for a first-class wine-maker's license. No subsidiary 15 16 or affiliate thereof, nor any officer, associate, member, 17 partner, representative, employee, agent, or shareholder may be issued an additional wine-maker's license by the State 18 19 Commission.

Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow 20 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 100,000 gallons of wine 21 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors 22 23 in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A second-class wine-maker's license shall 24 allow the sale of no more than 10,000 gallons of the licensee's 25 wine directly to retailers. The State Commission shall issue 26 only one second-class wine-maker's license to any person, firm, 27 28 partnership, corporation, or other legal business entity that 29 is engaged in the making of less than 100,000 gallons of wine 30 annually that applies for a second-class wine-maker's license. 31 No subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, 32 member, partner, representative, employee, agent, or shareholder may be issued an additional wine-maker's license by 33 34 the State Commission.

35 Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and 36 deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to - 5 - LRB094 16904 LJB 52183 b

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1 distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the 2 provisions of this Act.

3 (a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to 4 make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor and which enlists 5 agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf 6 who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis 7 in this State must register those agents, representatives, or 8 persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting 9 10 on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form 11 to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the 12 Commission and shall include the name and address of the applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she 13 represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or 14 15 discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other 16 questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in 17 the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material 18 19 fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B 20 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements, misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material 21 22 facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for 23 suspension or revocation of the registration.

(b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale
purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic
liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the
State, as may be permitted by law.

(c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and 28 29 held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the 30 filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with 31 the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of 32 any fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's 33 license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point 34 35 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and 36

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1 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof, 2 but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed, labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all 3 provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in 4 5 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors. The importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 6 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident 7 dealers and foreign importers only. 8

9 (d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in 10 11 the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form: Provided that any retail license issued 12 to a manufacturer shall only permit the manufacturer to sell 13 beer at retail on the premises actually occupied by the 14 15 manufacturer. For the purpose of further describing the type of 16 business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's 17 licensee may be designated by the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer, (ii) an off premise sale 18 19 retailer, or (iii) a combined on premise consumption and off 20 premise sale retailer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) 25 26 shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an 27 Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases 28 less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in 29 which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from 30 a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and 31 offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or 32 consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special 33 34 event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer 35 license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 36

Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 1 2 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid 3 exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the 4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the 5 Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a 6 tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation 7 8 Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption 9 10 number under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, 11 in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special 12 event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) 13 submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State 14 Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability 15 insurance in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof 16 satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has 17 obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import 18 19 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United 20 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 21 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors 22 and importing distributors from within or outside this State; 23 24 and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 25 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 26 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 27 sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car 28 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; 29 and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the 30 above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII 31 of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad 32 license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car 33 operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly 34 35 operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any 36

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licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for
 each car in which such sales are made.

(g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.

(h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee 9 10 to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or 11 importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon 12 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such 13 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 14 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses 15 16 shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, 17 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of alcoholic liquor as follows: 18

19	Class 1,	not to exceed	 500 gallons
20	Class 2,	not to exceed	 1,000 gallons
21	Class 3,	not to exceed	 5,000 gallons
22	Class 4,	not to exceed	 10,000 gallons
23	Class 5,	not to exceed	 50,000 gallons

(i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 24 25 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the <u>first-class</u> 26 27 wine-maker's licensed premises specified in such license not 28 more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's licensed premises 29 30 per year for use or consumption, but not for resale in any 31 form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 32 who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the second-class 33 wine-maker's licensed premises specified in such license up to 34 100,000 gallons of the second-class wine-maker's wine that is 35 made at the second-class wine-maker's licensed premises per 36

year for use or consumption but not for resale in any form. A 1 2 wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license or a 3 second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at 4 5 retail at the <u>first-class</u> or <u>second-class</u> wine-maker's 6 <u>licensed</u> premises specified in the wine maker's premises 7 license, for use or consumption but not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits purchased from a licensed 8 9 distributor. All sales at retail must be in person, except as otherwise provided in this subsection (i). For the purposes of 10 11 this subsection (i), the term "in person" means that the 12 purchaser of the wine-maker's wine must be in the same physical location as the wine-maker at the time of the sale. A 13 wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability 14 insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum 15 16 liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 17 of this Act. Upon approval from the State Commission, wine maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell 18 and offer for sale at (i) the wine maker's licensed premises 19 and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for 20 consumption and not for resale. Each location shall require 21 additional licensing per location as specified in Section 5-3 22 23 of this Act. After the first retail purchase in person by a purchaser, a 24 business relationship is considered established and a 25 wine-maker's premises licensee may sell and ship, without an in 26 27 person purchase, not more than 2 cases of the wine maker's wine (each case not containing more than 9 liters) per year to that 28 purchaser pursuant to the following requirements: 29 (1) The wine-maker's premises licensee must submit 30 31 proof to the State Commission that the purchaser previously purchased the wine-maker's wine on a form prescribed by the 32 State Commission that contains the following: 33 34 (A) the business name and address of the licensee; 35 (B) the date of the sale; (C) the type, brand, and amount of wine purchased; 36

1	(D) the printed name and signature of the person
2	purchasing the wine;
3	(E) the printed name and signature of the agent,
4	employee, or representative of the licensee; and
5	(F) any other information required by the State
6	Commission.
7	(2) The shipping container of any wine shipped under
8	this subsection (i) must be clearly labeled to indicate (A)
9	that the package contains wine and cannot be delivered to a
10	person under 21 years of age and (B) that the package
11	requires the signature of a person 21 years of age or older
12	at the time of delivery. All packages must include a
13	non-negotiable bill of lading with special instructions
14	that the package contains wine and that the consignee must
15	be 21 years of age or older. Following the delivery of the
16	wine, the licensee, consignee, and State Commission shall
17	receive a copy of the non-negotiable bill of lading from
18	the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier.
19	The express company, common carrier, or contract carrier
20	may submit the non-negotiable bill of lading
21	electronically to the licensee, consignee, or State
22	Commission. In accordance with Section 6-10 of this Act,
23	the licensee shall keep a copy of the non-negotiable bill
24	of lading along with a copy of the relevant invoice of the
25	shipment.
26	(3) A licensee shipping wine pursuant to the provisions
27	of this subsection (i) shall ship only to residential
28	addresses.
29	The State Commission, upon determining after an
30	investigation that a licensee has violated paragraphs (1), (2),
31	or (3) of this subsection (i), shall proceed with disciplinary
32	action against the licensee in accordance with Section 3-12 of
33	this Act.
34	The State Commission, upon determining after an
35	investigation that any person has shipped alcoholic liquor in
36	violation of this Section, shall give notice to the person by

certified mail to cease and desist all shipments of alcoholic liquor in this State and to withdraw all shipments of alcoholic liquor then in transit in this State within 5 working days after receipt of the notice.

5 <u>Whenever the State Commission has reason to believe that a</u> 6 <u>person has failed to comply with a notice provided under this</u> 7 <u>subsection (i), it shall notify the Department of Revenue and</u> 8 <u>file a complaint with the State's Attorney of the county where</u> 9 <u>the alcoholic liquor was delivered or with appropriate law</u> 10 enforcement officials.

Failure to comply with any notice issued under this subsection (i) constitutes a business offense for which the person shall be fined not more than \$1,000 for a first offense, not more than \$5,000 for a second offense, and not more than \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. Each shipment of alcoholic liquor delivered in violation of a cease and desist notice shall constitute a separate offense.

(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import 18 19 alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United 20 States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors 21 directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors 22 23 and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided 24 25 that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with 26 the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be 27 sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that 28 airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject 29 to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to 30 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit 31 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger 32 airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic 33 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane 34 35 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual 36

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fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

(k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee 2 3 alcoholic liquor from Illinois to purchase licensed non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other 4 5 than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to 6 sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that the 7 foreign importer registers with the State Commission every 8 9 brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period and provided further that 10 11 the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of 12 Section 6-9 of this Act with respect to registration of such 13 Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale. 14

(1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons 15 16 who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who 17 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make 18 19 contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers 20 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, 21 importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such 22 23 solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the State of Illinois. 24

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

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(ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person

1 within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee 2 or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for 3 alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside 4 5 of this State by an express company, common carrier, or 6 contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically 7 authorized in Section 6 29 of this Act. 8

9 A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not 10 entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his 11 own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic 12 liquors.

This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors, employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to its registrants thereunder.

Any agent, representative, or person subject to registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall not be eligible to receive a broker's license.

(m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such 22 23 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such 24 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and 25 26 importing distributors and to no one else in this State; 27 provided that said non-resident dealer shall register with the 28 Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of 29 alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois 30 licensees during the license period; and further provided that it shall comply with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 31 32 hereof with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale. 33

(n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee to
manufacture beer only on the premises specified in the license,
to make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises to

importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, to store the beer upon the premises, and to sell and offer for sale at retail from the licensed premises, provided that a brew pub licensee shall not sell for off-premises consumption more than 50,000 gallons per year.

6 (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to 7 serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service 8 that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks 9 as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or 10 unlicensed.

(p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to 11 12 sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or 13 consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor 14 15 license will be issued to a person and it will permit the 16 auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the 17 State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date. 18

19 (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois 20 licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises 21 22 specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer 23 for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for 24 use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special 25 26 use permit license may be granted for the following time 27 periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days 28 per location in any 12 month period. An applicant for the use permit license must also 29 special submit with the 30 application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the 31 applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the 32 maximum limits and have local authority approval.

33 (r) A wine-maker's tasting room license shall allow the 34 licensee that concurrently holds a first-class or second-class 35 wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale the 36 wine-maker's wine at retail on the premises of up to 2 - 15 - LRB094 16904 LJB 52183 b

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locations for use and consumption but not for resale. All sales
 at retail shall be in person, as defined in subsection (i) of
 this Section. Each location shall require a separate license.

(s) A non-resident wine-maker's license shall allow the 4 5 manufacturer of up to 100,000 gallons of wine per year that is licensed in another state to store and sell the licensee's wine 6 to distributors in this State, as may be permitted by law. A 7 non-resident wine-maker license holder that meets the 8 qualifications for licensure as a wine-maker's premises 9 licensee under this Act, other than the requirement that the 10 11 licensee be located in Illinois, may sell and ship wine at 12 retail to residents of this State in the same manner as a 13 wine-maker's premises licensee as provided in subsection (i) of this Section. A non-resident wine-maker licensee shall secure 14 liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal 15 16 to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act. A non-resident wine-maker licensee 17 shall pay to the Department of Revenue the same State liquor 18 gallonage tax and State retail sales tax that a wine-maker's 19 20 premises licensee is required to pay for all retail sales of the non-resident wine-maker's wine that are shipped into this 21 22 State.

23 (Source: P.A. 92-105, eff. 1-1-02; 92-378, eff. 8-16-01;
24 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-672, eff. 7-16-02; 93-923, eff.
25 8-12-04; 93-1057, eff. 12-2-04; revised 12-6-04.)

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(235 ILCS 5/5-3) (from Ch. 43, par. 118)

27 Sec. 5-3. License fees. Except as otherwise provided 28 herein, at the time application is made to the State Commission 29 for a license of any class, the applicant shall pay to the 30 State Commission the fee hereinafter provided for the kind of 31 license applied for.

32 The fee for licenses issued by the State Commission shall 33 be as follows:

34For a manufacturer's license:35Class 1. Distiller\$3,600

1	Class 2. Rectifier	3,600
2	Class 3. Brewer	900
3	Class 4. First-class Wine Manufacturer	600
4	Class 5. Second-class	
5	Wine Manufacturer	1,200
6	Class 6. First-class wine-maker	600
7	Class 7. Second-class wine-maker	1200
8	Class 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer	120
9	For a Brew Pub License	1,050
10	For a caterer retailer's license	200
11	For a foreign importer's license	25
12	For an importing distributor's license	25
13	For a distributor's license	270
14	For a non-resident dealer's license	
15	(500,000 gallons or over)	270
16	For a non-resident dealer's license	
17	(under 500,000 gallons)	90
18	For a wine-maker's premises license	100
19	For a wine maker's tasting room license	<u>350</u>
20	For a wine maker's tasting room license,	
21	second location	350
22	For a non-resident wine-maker's license	100
23	For a wine-maker's premises license,	
24	second location	350
25	For a wine-maker's premises license,	
26	third location	350
27	For a retailer's license	500
28	For a special event retailer's license,	
29	(not-for-profit)	25
30	For a special use permit license,	
31	one day only	50
32	2 days or more	100
33	For a railroad license	60
34	For a boat license	180
35	For an airplane license, times the	
36	licensee's maximum number of aircraft	

1	in flight, serving liquor over the	
2	State at any given time, which either	
3	originate, terminate, or make	
4	an intermediate stop in the State	60
5	For a non-beverage user's license:	
6	Class 1	24
7	Class 2	60
8	Class 3	120
9	Class 4	240
10	Class 5	600
11	For a broker's license	600
12	For an auction liquor license	50

13 Fees collected under this Section shall be paid into the Dram Shop Fund. On and after July 1, 2003, of the funds 14 15 received for a retailer's license, in addition to the first 16 \$175, an additional \$75 shall be paid into the Dram Shop Fund, 17 and \$250 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Beginning June 30, 1990 and on June 30 of each subsequent year through 18 June 29, 2003, any balance over \$5,000,000 remaining in the 19 20 Dram Shop Fund shall be credited to State liquor licensees and 21 applied against their fees for State liquor licenses for the 22 following year. The amount credited to each licensee shall be a 23 proportion of the balance in the Dram Fund that is the same as 24 the proportion of the license fee paid by the licensee under 25 this Section for the period in which the balance was 26 accumulated to the aggregate fees paid by all licensees during 27 that period.

No fee shall be paid for licenses issued by the State Commission to the following non-beverage users:

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(a) Hospitals, sanitariums, or clinics when their use of alcoholic liquor is exclusively medicinal, mechanical or scientific.

33 (b) Universities, colleges of learning or schools when
34 their use of alcoholic liquor is exclusively medicinal,
35 mechanical or scientific.

(c) Laboratories when their use is exclusively for the

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purpose of scientific research.

2 (Source: P.A. 92-378, eff. 8-16-01; 93-22, eff. 6-20-03.)

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(235 ILCS 5/6-4) (from Ch. 43, par. 121)

4 Sec. 6-4. (a) No person licensed by any licensing authority 5 as a distiller, or a wine manufacturer, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, member, partner, 6 7 representative, employee, agent or shareholder owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of such person shall be 8 issued an importing distributor's or distributor's license, 9 10 nor shall any person licensed by any licensing authority as an 11 importing distributor, distributor or retailer, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer or associate, 12 member, 13 partner, representative, employee, agent or 14 shareholder owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of 15 such person be issued a distiller's license or a wine 16 manufacturer's license; and no person or persons licensed as a distiller by any licensing authority shall have any interest, 17 18 directly or indirectly, with such distributor or importing 19 distributor.

However, an importing distributor or distributor, which on 20 January 1, 1985 is owned by a brewer, or any subsidiary or 21 22 affiliate thereof or any officer, associate, member, partner, 23 representative, employee, agent or shareholder owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of the importing distributor 24 or distributor referred to in this paragraph, may own or 25 26 acquire an ownership interest of more than 5% of the 27 outstanding shares of a wine manufacturer and be issued a wine 28 manufacturer's license by any licensing authority.

(b) The foregoing provisions shall not apply to any person licensed by any licensing authority as a distiller or wine manufacturer, or to any subsidiary or affiliate of any distiller or wine manufacturer who shall have been heretofore licensed by the State Commission as either an importing distributor or distributor during the annual licensing period expiring June 30, 1947, and shall actually have made sales

1 regularly to retailers.

2 (c) Provided, however, that in such instances where a 3 distributor's or importing distributor's license has been 4 issued to any distiller or wine manufacturer or to any 5 subsidiary or affiliate of any distiller or wine manufacturer 6 who has, during the licensing period ending June 30, 1947, sold or distributed as such licensed distributor or importing 7 8 distributor alcoholic liquors and wines to retailers, such distiller or wine manufacturer or any subsidiary or affiliate 9 10 of any distiller or wine manufacturer holding such 11 distributor's or importing distributor's license may continue 12 to sell or distribute to retailers such alcoholic liquors and 13 wines which are manufactured, distilled, processed or marketed 14 by distillers and wine manufacturers whose products it sold or 15 distributed to retailers during the whole or any part of its 16 licensing periods; and such additional brands and additional 17 products may be added to the line of such distributor or importing distributor, provided, that such brands and such 18 19 products were not sold or distributed by any distributor or 20 importing distributor licensed by the State Commission during the licensing period ending June 30, 1947, but can not sell or 21 22 distribute to retailers any other alcoholic liquors or wines.

23 (d) It shall be unlawful for any distiller licensed 24 anywhere to have any stock ownership or interest in any 25 distributor's or importing distributor's license wherein any 26 other person has an interest therein who is not a distiller and 27 does not own more than 5% of any stock in any distillery. 28 Nothing herein contained shall apply to such distillers or 29 their subsidiaries or affiliates, who had a distributor's or 30 importing distributor's license during the licensing period ending June 30, 1947, which license was owned in whole by such 31 32 distiller, or subsidiaries or affiliates of such distiller.

33 (e) Any person having been licensed as a manufacturer shall 34 be permitted to receive one retailer's license for the premises 35 in which he actually conducts such business, permitting the 36 sale of beer only on such premises, but no such person shall be

1 entitled to more than one retailer's license in any event, and, 2 other than a manufacturer of beer as stated above, no 3 manufacturer or distributor or importing distributor, 4 excluding airplane licensees exercising powers provided in 5 paragraph (i) of Section 5-1 of this Act, or any subsidiary or 6 affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, member, partner, representative, employee or agent, or shareholder shall be 7 8 issued a retailer's license, nor shall any person having a 9 retailer's license, excluding airplane licensees exercising 10 powers provided in paragraph (i) of Section 5-1 of this Act, or 11 any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, or any officer, associate, 12 member, partner, representative or agent, or shareholder be 13 issued a manufacturer's license, importing distributor's license. 14

(f) However, the foregoing prohibitions against any person licensed as a distiller or wine manufacturer being issued a retailer's license shall not apply:

(i) to any hotel, motel or restaurant whose principal 18 19 business is not the sale of alcoholic liquors if said 20 retailer's sales of any alcoholic liquors manufactured, sold, distributed or controlled, directly or indirectly, by any 21 affiliate, subsidiary, officer, associate, member, partner, 22 23 representative, employee, agent or shareholder owning more than 5% of the outstanding shares of such person does not 24 25 exceed 10% of the total alcoholic liquor sales of said retail 26 licensee; and

(ii) where the Commission determines, having considered the public welfare, the economic impact upon the State and the entirety of the facts and circumstances involved, that the purpose and intent of this Section would not be violated by granting an exemption.

32 (g) Notwithstanding any of the foregoing prohibitions, a 33 limited wine manufacturer may sell at retail at <u>the limited</u> 34 <u>wine manufacturer's licensed premises for use or</u> its 35 <u>manufacturing site for on or off premises</u> consumption and may 36 sell to distributors. <u>A limited wine manufacturer licensee</u>

1 shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount 2 at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act. All sales at retail 3 must be in person, except that after the first retail purchase 4 5 in person by a purchaser, a business relationship is considered established and a limited wine manufacturer licensee may sell 6 and ship, without an in person purchase, the wine 7 manufacturer's wine to that purchaser in the same manner and 8 9 under the same requirements and penalties as a wine-maker's premises licensee as provided in subsection (i) of Section 5-1 10 11 of this Act. For the purposes of this subsection (g), the term 12 "in person" means that the purchaser of the limited wine manufacturer's wine must be in the same physical location as 13 the limited wine manufacturer at the time of the sale. 14 (Source: P.A. 86-858.) 15

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(235 ILCS 5/6-29.1)

Sec. 6-29.1. Direct shipments of alcoholic liquor. 17 18 Pursuant to the Twenty-First Amendment of the United States 19 Constitution allowing states to regulate the distribution and alcoholic liquor and pursuant to 20 sale of the federal Webb-Kenyon Act declaring that alcoholic liquor shipped in 21 22 interstate commerce must comply with state laws, the General 23 Assembly hereby finds and declares that selling alcoholic 24 liquor from a point outside this State through various direct 25 marketing means, such as catalogs, newspapers, mailers, and the 26 Internet, directly to residents of this State poses a serious 27 threat to the State's efforts to prevent youths from accessing alcoholic liquor; to State revenue collections; and to the 28 29 economy of this State.

Any person manufacturing, distributing, or selling alcoholic liquor who knowingly ships or transports or causes the shipping or transportation of any alcoholic liquor from a point outside this State to a person in this State who does not hold a manufacturer's, distributor's, importing distributor's, or non-resident dealer's license issued by the Liquor Control

Commission, other than a shipment of sacramental wine to a bona fide religious organization, a shipment authorized by Section 6-29, or any other shipment authorized by this Act, is in violation of this Act.

5 The Commission, upon determining, after investigation, 6 that a person has violated this Section, shall give notice to 7 the person by certified mail to cease and desist all shipments 8 of alcoholic liquor into this State and to withdraw from this 9 State within 5 working days after receipt of the notice all 10 shipments of alcoholic liquor then in transit.

11 Whenever the Commission has reason to believe that a person 12 has failed to comply with the Commission notice under this 13 Section, it shall notify the Department of Revenue and file a 14 complaint with the State's Attorney of the county where the 15 alcoholic liquor was delivered or with appropriate law 16 enforcement officials.

Failure to comply with the notice issued by the Commission under this Section constitutes a business offense for which the person shall be fined not more than \$1,000 for a first offense, not more than \$5,000 for a second offense, and not more than \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. Each shipment of alcoholic liquor delivered in violation of the cease and desist notice shall constitute a separate offense.

24 (Source: P.A. 90-739, eff. 8-13-98.)

25 (235 ILCS 5/6-29 rep.)

Section 10. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by repealing Section 6-29.

28 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 29 becoming law.