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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by
changing Section 7 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)

7 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

8 (1) The following shall be exempt from inspection and 9 copying:

10 (a) Information specifically prohibited from
11 disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations
12 adopted under federal or State law.

(b) Information that, if disclosed, would constitute a 13 14 clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless 15 the disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual subjects of the information. The disclosure of information 16 17 that bears on the public duties of public employees and 18 officials shall not be considered an invasion of personal 19 privacy. Information exempted under this subsection (b) shall include but is not limited to: 20

(i) files and personal information maintained with 21 respect to clients, patients, residents, students or 22 23 individuals receiving social, other medical, educational, vocational, financial, supervisory or 24 25 custodial care or services directly or indirectly from 26 federal agencies or public bodies;

(ii) personnel files and personal information maintained with respect to employees, appointees or elected officials of any public body or applicants for those positions;

31 (iii) files and personal information maintained32 with respect to any applicant, registrant or licensee

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by any public body cooperating with or engaged in professional or occupational registration, licensure or discipline;

(iv) information required of any taxpayer in 5 connection with the assessment or collection of any tax unless disclosure is otherwise required by State statute;

(v) information revealing the identity of persons 8 9 who file complaints with or provide information to 10 administrative, investigative, law enforcement or 11 penal agencies; provided, however, that identification 12 of witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident reports, and rescue reports may be provided by agencies 13 of local government, except in a case for which a 14 investigation is ongoing, 15 criminal without 16 constituting a clearly unwarranted per se invasion of 17 personal privacy under this subsection; and

(vi) the names, addresses, or other personal 18 information of participants and registrants in park 19 20 district, forest preserve district, and conservation district programs. 21

Records compiled by any public body 22 (C) for 23 administrative enforcement proceedings and any law enforcement or correctional agency for law enforcement 24 25 purposes or for internal matters of a public body, but only to the extent that disclosure would: 26

27 (i) interfere with pending or actually and 28 reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings conducted by any law enforcement or correctional 29 30 agency;

(ii) interfere with pending administrative enforcement proceedings conducted by any public body;

(iii) deprive a person of a fair trial or an 33 impartial hearing; 34

of 35 (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity a 36 confidential source or confidential information

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1 furnished only by the confidential source; (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative 2 3 techniques other than those generally used and known or disclose internal documents of correctional agencies 4 5 related to detection, observation or investigation of incidents of crime or misconduct; 6 (vi) constitute an invasion of personal privacy 7 under subsection (b) of this Section; 8 9 (vii) endanger the life or physical safety of law 10 enforcement personnel or any other person; or 11 (viii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation. 12 (d) Criminal history record information maintained by State or local criminal justice agencies, except the 13 following which shall be open for public inspection and 14 15 copying: 16 (i) chronologically maintained arrest information, 17 such as traditional arrest logs or blotters; (ii) the name of a person in the custody of a law 18 enforcement agency and the charges for which that 19 20 person is being held; (iii) court records that are public; 21 (iv) records that are otherwise available under 22 23 State or local law; or (v) records in which the requesting party is the 24 individual identified, except as provided under part 25 26 (vii) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this 27 Section. "Criminal history record information" means 28 data 29 identifiable to an individual and consisting of 30 descriptions or notations of arrests, detentions, 31 indictments, informations, pre-trial proceedings, trials, 32 or other formal events in the criminal justice system or descriptions or notations of criminal charges (including 33 criminal violations of local municipal ordinances) and the 34 35 nature of any disposition arising therefrom, including

sentencing, court or

correctional

supervision,

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rehabilitation and release. The term does not apply to statistical records and reports in which individuals are not identified and from which their identities are not ascertainable, or to information that is for criminal investigative or intelligence purposes.

(e) Records that relate to or affect the security of correctional institutions and detention facilities.

Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, 8 (f) 9 memoranda and other records in which opinions are expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except 10 11 that a specific record or relevant portion of a record shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and 12 identified by the head of the public body. The exemption 13 provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records 14 of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that 15 16 pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.

17 Trade secrets and commercial or financial (q) information obtained from a person or business where the 18 trade secrets or information are proprietary, privileged 19 20 or confidential, or where disclosure of the trade secrets 21 or information may cause competitive harm, including all information determined to be confidential under Section 22 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act. 23 Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be construed 24 to prevent a person or business from consenting to 25 26 disclosure.

27 (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or 28 agreement, including information which if it were 29 disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage 30 to any person proposing to enter into a contractor 31 agreement with the body, until an award or final selection 32 is made. Information prepared by or for the body in preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an 33 award or final selection is made. 34

35 (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems,
 36 designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by

1 any public body when disclosure could reasonably be 2 expected to produce private gain or public loss. The exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in 3 this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news 4 5 media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the 6 requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only purpose of the request is to access and disseminate 7 information regarding the health, safety, welfare, or 8 9 legal rights of the general public.

10 (j) Test questions, scoring keys and other examination 11 data used to administer an academic examination or 12 determined the qualifications of an applicant for a license 13 or employment.

Architects' plans, technical (k) engineers' 14 submissions, and other construction related technical 15 16 documents for projects not constructed or developed in 17 whole or in part with public funds and the same for projects constructed or developed with public funds, but 18 only to the extent that disclosure would compromise 19 20 security, including but not limited to water treatment facilities, airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention 21 centers, and all government owned, operated, or occupied 22 23 buildings.

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(1) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials.

(m) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the
public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the
public body makes the minutes available to the public under
Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.

30 (n) Communications between a public body and an 31 attorney or auditor representing the public body that would 32 not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials prepared or compiled by or for a public 33 body in anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative 34 proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the 35 public body, and materials prepared or compiled with 36

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respect to internal audits of public bodies.

(o) Information received by a primary or secondary school, college or university under its procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by their academic peers.

5 (p) Administrative or technical information associated 6 with automated data processing operations, including but 7 not limited to software, operating protocols, computer program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object 8 9 modules, load modules, user guides, documentation 10 pertaining to all logical and physical design of 11 computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other 12 information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security of the system or its data or the security of 13 materials exempt under this Section. 14

(q) Documents or materials relating to collective negotiating matters between public bodies and their employees or representatives, except that any final contract or agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.

20 (r) Drafts, notes, recommendations and memoranda 21 pertaining to the financing and marketing transactions of the public body. The records of ownership, registration, 22 23 transfer, and exchange of municipal debt obligations, and 24 of persons to whom payment with respect to these 25 obligations is made.

(s) The records, documents and information relating to 26 27 real estate purchase negotiations until those negotiations 28 have been completed or otherwise terminated. With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually and reasonably 29 30 contemplated eminent domain proceeding under Article VII 31 of the Code of Civil Procedure, records, documents and 32 information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the 33 Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents and 34 information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt 35 until a sale is consummated. 36

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(t) Any and all proprietary information and records related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk management association or self-insurance pool or jointly self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool.

5 (u) Information concerning a university's adjudication 6 of student or employee grievance or disciplinary cases, to 7 the extent that disclosure would reveal the identity of the 8 student or employee and information concerning any public 9 body's adjudication of student or employee grievances or 10 disciplinary cases, except for the final outcome of the 11 cases.

12 (v) Course materials or research materials used by13 faculty members.

14 (w) Information related solely to the internal15 personnel rules and practices of a public body.

16 (x) Information contained in or related to 17 examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible 18 the regulation or supervision of 19 for financial 20 institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is otherwise required by State law. 21

(y) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
 under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

(z) Manuals or instruction to staff that relate to
establishment or collection of liability for any State tax
or that relate to investigations by a public body to
determine violation of any criminal law.

(aa) Applications, related documents, and medical
records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records
prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
has received.

(bb) Insurance or self insurance (including any
 intergovernmental risk management association or self
 insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management

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information, records, data, advice or communications.

(cc) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.

(dd) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

(ee) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of
 the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying
 Qualifications Based Selection Act.

(ff) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.

20 (gg) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
21 and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid
22 Tuition Act.

(hh) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

(ii) Beginning July 1, 1999, information that would
disclose or might lead to the disclosure of secret or
confidential information, codes, algorithms, programs, or
private keys intended to be used to create electronic or
digital signatures under the Electronic Commerce Security
Act.

31 (jj) Information contained in a local emergency energy 32 plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local 33 emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under 34 Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

35 (kk) Information and data concerning the distribution
 36 of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless

carriers under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety
 Act.

(11) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and 3 response policies or plans that are designed to identify, 4 5 prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's population or systems, facilities, or installations, the 6 destruction or contamination of which would constitute a 7 clear and present danger to the health or safety of the 8 community, but only to the extent that disclosure could 9 10 reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of 11 the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement them or the public. Information exempt under this item may 12 13 include such things as details pertaining to the mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to 14 the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to 15 16 tactical operations.

17 (mm) Maps and other records regarding the location or 18 security of a utility's generation, transmission, 19 distribution, storage, gathering, treatment, or switching 20 facilities.

21 (nn) Law enforcement officer identification 22 information or driver identification information compiled 23 by a law enforcement agency or the Department of 24 Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois 25 Vehicle Code.

(oo) Records and information provided to a residential
health care facility resident sexual assault and death
review team or the Residential Health Care Facility
Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Teams Executive
Council under the Residential Health Care Facility
Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Team Act.

32 (pp) Defense budgets and petitions for certification 33 of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial 34 counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital 35 Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (pp) shall apply 36 until the conclusion of the trial and appeal of the case,

## <u>even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death</u> <u>penalty prior to trial or sentencing.</u>

3 (2) This Section does not authorize withholding of 4 information or limit the availability of records to the public, 5 except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this 6 Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-241, eff. 8-3-01; 92-281, 8 eff. 8-7-01; 92-645, eff. 7-11-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-43, 9 eff. 7-1-03; 93-209, eff. 7-18-03; 93-237, eff. 7-22-03; 10 93-325, eff. 7-23-03, 93-422, eff. 8-5-03; 93-577, eff. 11 8-21-03; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)

Section 10. The Capital Crimes Litigation Act is amended by changing Sections 10 and 15 as follows:

14 (725 ILCS 124/10)

Sec. 10. Court appointed trial counsel; compensation and expenses.

17 (a) This Section applies only to compensation and expenses 18 of trial counsel appointed by the court as set forth in Section 19 5, other than public defenders, for the period after arraignment and so long as the State's Attorney has not, at any 20 21 time, filed a certificate indicating he or she will not seek the death penalty or stated on the record in open court that 22 23 the death penalty will not be sought.

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(a-5) Litigation budget.

25 (1) In a case in which the State has filed a statement of intent to seek the death penalty, the court shall 26 require appointed counsel, including those appointed in 27 28 Cook County, after counsel has had adequate time to review 29 the case and prior to engaging trial assistance, to submit a proposed estimated litigation budget for court approval, 30 31 that will be subject to modification in light of facts and developments that emerge as the case proceeds. Case budgets 32 should be submitted ex parte and filed and maintained under 33 seal in order to protect the defendant's right to effective 34

1 assistance of counsel, right not to incriminate him or 2 herself and all applicable privileges. Case budgets shall be reviewed and approved by the judge assigned to try the 3 case. As provided under subsection (c) of this Section, 4 petitions for compensation shall be reviewed by both the 5 trial judge and the presiding judge or the presiding 6 judge's designee. 7 (2) The litigation budget shall serve purposes 8 comparable to those of private retainer agreements by 9 confirming both the court's and the attorney's 10 11 expectations regarding fees and expenses. Consideration should be given to employing an ex parte pretrial 12 13 conference in order to facilitate reaching agreement on a litigation budget at the earliest opportunity. 14 15 (3) The budget shall be incorporated into a sealed 16 initial pretrial order that reflects the understandings of the court and counsel regarding all matters affecting 17 counsel compensation and reimbursement and payments for 18 investigative, expert and other services, including but 19 20 not limited to the following matters: (A) The hourly rate at which counsel will be 21 22 compensated; hourly rate at which private 23 The (B) 24 investigators, other than investigators employed by 25 the Office of the State Appellate Defender, will be 26 compensated; and 27 (C) The best preliminary estimate that can be made 28 of the cost of all services, including, but not limited to, counsel, expert, and investigative services, that 29 30 are likely to be needed through the guilt and penalty 31 phases of the trial. The court shall have discretion to 32 require that budgets be prepared for shorter intervals 33 of time. (4) Appointed counsel may obtain, subject to later 34 review, investigative, expert or other services without 35 prior authorization if necessary for an adequate defense. 36

1 If such services are obtained, the presiding judge or the 2 presiding judge's designee shall consider in an ex parte proceeding that timely procurement of necessary services 3 could not await prior authorization. If an ex parte hearing 4 5 is requested by defense counsel or deemed necessary by the trial judge prior to modifying a budget, the ex parte 6 hearing shall be before the presiding judge or the 7 presiding judge's designee. The judge may then authorize 8 9 such services nunc pro tunc. If the presiding judge or the presiding judge's designee finds that the services were not 10 11 reasonable, payment may be denied.

12 (5) An approved budget shall guide counsel's use of time and resources by indicating the services for which 13 compensation is authorized. The case budget shall be 14 re-evaluated when justified by changed or unexpected 15 16 circumstances and shall be modified by the court when 17 reasonable and necessary for an adequate defense. If an ex parte hearing is requested by defense counsel or deemed 18 19 necessary by the trial judge prior to modifying a budget, 20 the ex parte hearing shall be before the presiding judge or the presiding judge's designee. 21

(b) Appointed trial counsel shall be compensated upon 22 23 presentment and certification by the circuit court of a claim for services detailing the date, activity, and time duration 24 25 for which compensation is sought. Compensation for appointed 26 trial counsel may be paid at a reasonable rate not to exceed 27 \$125 per hour. The court shall not authorize payment of bills that are not properly itemized. A request for payment shall be 28 presented under seal and reviewed ex parte with a court 29 30 reporter present.

Beginning in 2001, every January 20, the statutory rate prescribed in this subsection shall be automatically increased or decreased, as applicable, by a percentage equal to the percentage change in the consumer price index-u during the preceding 12-month calendar year. "Consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of

the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84=100. The new rate resulting from each annual adjustment shall be determined by the State Treasurer and made available to the chief judge of each judicial circuit.

7 (c) Appointed trial counsel may also petition the court for 8 certification of expenses for reasonable and necessary capital 9 litigation expenses including, but not limited to, 10 investigatory and other assistance, expert, forensic, and 11 other witnesses, and mitigation specialists. Counsel may not 12 petition for certification of expenses that may have been 13 provided or compensated by the State Appellate Defender under item (c)(5) of Section 10 of the State Appellate Defender Act. 14 15 The petitions shall be filed under seal and considered ex parte 16 but with a court reporter present for all ex parte conferences. 17 If the requests are submitted after services have been rendered, the requests shall be supported by an invoice 18 describing the services rendered, the dates the services were 19 20 performed and the amount of time spent. These petitions shall be reviewed by both the trial judge and the presiding judge of 21 the circuit court or the presiding judge's designee. The 22 23 petitions and orders shall be kept under seal and shall be exempt from Freedom of Information requests until the 24 conclusion of the trial, even if the prosecution chooses not to 25 pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing. If an ex 26 27 parte hearing is requested by defense counsel or deemed necessary by the trial judge, the hearing shall be before the 28 presiding judge or the presiding judge's designee. 29

30 (d) Appointed trial counsel shall petition the court for 31 certification of compensation and expenses under this Section 32 periodically during the course of counsel's representation. 33 <u>The petitions shall be supported by itemized bills showing the</u> 34 <u>date, the amount of time spent, the work done and the total</u> 35 <u>being charged for each entry. The court shall not authorize</u> 36 <u>payment of bills that are not properly itemized. The petitions</u>

1 shall be filed under seal and considered ex parte but with a 2 court reporter present for all ex parte conferences. The petitions shall be reviewed by both the trial judge and the 3 presiding judge of the circuit court or the presiding judge's 4 5 designee. If an ex parte hearing is requested by defense counsel or deemed necessary by the trial judge, the ex parte 6 hearing shall be before the presiding judge or the presiding 7 judge's designee. If the court determines that the compensation 8 9 and expenses should be paid from the Capital Litigation Trust Fund, the court shall certify, on a form created by the State 10 11 Treasurer, that all or a designated portion of the amount 12 requested is reasonable, necessary, and appropriate for 13 payment from the Trust Fund. Certification of compensation and expenses by a court in any county other than Cook County shall 14 15 be delivered by the court to the State Treasurer and paid by 16 the State Treasurer directly from the Capital Litigation Trust Fund if there are sufficient moneys in the Trust Fund to pay 17 the compensation and expenses. The petitions and orders shall 18 be kept under seal and shall be exempt from Freedom of 19 20 Information requests until the conclusion of the trial and appeal of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to 21 pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing. 22 23 Certification of compensation and expenses by a court in Cook County shall be delivered by the court to the county treasurer 24 and paid by the county treasurer from moneys granted to the 25 26 county from the Capital Litigation Trust Fund.

- 27 (Source: P.A. 91-589, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 28 (725 ILCS 124/15)

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Sec. 15. Capital Litigation Trust Fund.

30 The Capital Litigation Trust Fund is created as a (a) 31 special fund in the State Treasury. The Trust Fund shall be administered by the State Treasurer to provide moneys for the 32 33 appropriations to be made, grants to be awarded, and compensation and expenses to be paid under this Act. All 34 interest earned from the investment or deposit of moneys 35

accumulated in the Trust Fund shall, under Section 4.1 of the
 State Finance Act, be deposited into the Trust Fund.

3 (b) Moneys deposited into the Trust Fund shall not be4 considered general revenue of the State of Illinois.

5 (c) Moneys deposited into the Trust Fund shall be used 6 exclusively for the purposes of providing funding for the prosecution and defense of capital cases and for providing 7 8 funding for post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and in 9 relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the Code of 10 11 Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases as provided in 12 this Act and shall not be appropriated, loaned, or in any 13 manner transferred to the General Revenue Fund of the State of Illinois. 14

15 (d) Every fiscal year the State Treasurer shall transfer 16 from the General Revenue Fund to the Capital Litigation Trust 17 Fund an amount equal to the full amount of moneys appropriated by the General Assembly (both by original and supplemental 18 19 appropriation), less any unexpended balance from the previous 20 fiscal year, from the Capital Litigation Trust Fund for the making funding available 21 specific purpose of for the 22 prosecution and defense of capital cases and for the litigation 23 expenses associated with post-conviction proceedings in 24 capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal 25 Procedure of 1963 and in relation to petitions filed under 26 Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to 27 capital cases. The Public Defender and State's Attorney in Cook 28 County, the State Appellate Defender, the State's Attorneys 29 Appellate Prosecutor, and the Attorney General shall make 30 annual requests for appropriations from the Trust Fund.

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(1) The Public Defender in Cook County shall request appropriations to the State Treasurer for expenses incurred by the Public Defender and for funding for private appointed defense counsel in Cook County.

35 (2) The State's Attorney in Cook County shall request36 an appropriation to the State Treasurer for expenses

incurred by the State's Attorney.

2 (3) The State Appellate Defender shall request a direct 3 appropriation from the Trust Fund for expenses incurred by the State Appellate Defender in providing assistance to 4 5 trial attorneys under item (c)(5) of Section 10 of the 6 State Appellate Defender Act and for expenses incurred by the State Appellate Defender in representing petitioners 7 in capital cases in post-conviction proceedings under 8 9 Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the 10 11 Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases and 12 for the representation of those petitioners by attorneys approved by or contracted with the State Appellate Defender 13 and an appropriation to the State Treasurer for payments 14 from the Trust Fund for the defense of cases in counties 15 16 other than Cook County.

(4) The State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor shall
request a direct appropriation from the Trust Fund to pay
expenses incurred by the State's Attorneys Appellate
Prosecutor and an appropriation to the State Treasurer for
payments from the Trust Fund for expenses incurred by
State's Attorneys in counties other than Cook County.

(5) The Attorney General shall request a direct 23 appropriation from the Trust Fund to pay expenses incurred 24 25 by the Attorney General in assisting the State's Attorneys in counties other than Cook County and to pay for expenses 26 27 incurred by the Attorney General when the Attorney General 28 is ordered by the presiding judge of the Criminal Division of the Circuit Court of Cook County to prosecute or 29 30 supervise the prosecution of Cook County cases and for 31 expenses incurred by the Attorney General in representing 32 the State in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 33 and in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of 34 the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases. 35 The Public Defender and State's Attorney in Cook County, 36

the State Appellate Defender, the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor, and the Attorney General may each request supplemental appropriations from the Trust Fund during the fiscal year.

5 (e) Moneys in the Trust Fund shall be expended only as 6 follows:

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(1) To pay the State Treasurer's costs to administer the Trust Fund. The amount for this purpose may not exceed 5% in any one fiscal year of the amount otherwise appropriated from the Trust Fund in the same fiscal year.

11 (2) To pay the capital litigation expenses of trial 12 defense and post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 13 and in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of 14 the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases 15 16 including, but not limited to, DNA testing, including DNA 17 testing under Section 116-3 of the Code of Criminal 1963, analysis, and expert testimony, 18 Procedure of investigatory and other assistance, expert, forensic, and 19 20 other witnesses, and mitigation specialists, and grants and aid provided to public defenders, appellate defenders, 21 and any attorney approved by or contracted with the State 22 23 Appellate Defender representing petitioners in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 24 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and in 25 relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the 26 27 Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases or 28 assistance to attorneys who have been appointed by the court to represent defendants who are charged with capital 29 30 crimes.

(3) To pay the compensation of trial attorneys, other than public defenders or appellate defenders, who have been appointed by the court to represent defendants who are charged with capital crimes or attorneys approved by or contracted with the State Appellate Defender to represent petitioners in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
 of 1963 and in relation to petitions filed under Section
 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to
 capital cases.

5 (4) To provide State's Attorneys with funding for 6 capital litigation expenses for and expenses of 7 representing the State in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal 8 9 Procedure of 1963 and in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation 10 11 to capital cases including, but not limited to, 12 investigatory and other assistance and expert, forensic, and other witnesses necessary to prosecute capital cases. 13 State's Attorneys in any county other than Cook County 14 seeking funding for capital litigation expenses and for 15 16 expenses of representing the State in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code 17 of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and in relation to petitions 18 filed under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure 19 20 in relation to capital cases including, but not limited to, 21 investigatory and other assistance and expert, forensic, or other witnesses under this Section may request that the 22 23 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor or the Attorney General, as the case may be, certify the expenses as 24 25 reasonable, necessary, and appropriate for payment from the Trust Fund, on a form created by the State Treasurer. 26 27 Upon certification of the expenses and delivery of the 28 certification to the State Treasurer, the Treasurer shall pay the expenses directly from the Capital Litigation Trust 29 30 Fund if there are sufficient moneys in the Trust Fund to 31 pay the expenses.

32 (5) To provide financial support through the Attorney
33 General pursuant to the Attorney General Act for the
34 several county State's Attorneys outside of Cook County,
35 but shall not be used to increase personnel for the
36 Attorney General's Office, except when the Attorney

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General is ordered by the presiding judge of the Criminal Division of the Circuit Court of Cook County to prosecute or supervise the prosecution of Cook County cases.

4 (6) To provide financial support through the State's
5 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor pursuant to the State's
6 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act for the several
7 county State's Attorneys outside of Cook County, but shall
8 not be used to increase personnel for the State's Attorneys
9 Appellate Prosecutor.

10(7) To provide financial support to the State Appellate11Defender pursuant to the State Appellate Defender Act.

Moneys expended from the Trust Fund shall be in addition to county funding for Public Defenders and State's Attorneys, and shall not be used to supplant or reduce ordinary and customary county funding.

16 (f) Moneys in the Trust Fund shall be appropriated to the 17 State Appellate Defender, the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor, the Attorney General, and the State Treasurer. The 18 19 State Appellate Defender shall receive an appropriation from 20 the Trust Fund to enable it to provide assistance to appointed defense counsel and attorneys approved by or contracted with 21 the State Appellate Defender to represent petitioners in 22 23 post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 and in relation to 24 petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil 25 26 Procedure in relation to capital cases throughout the State and 27 to Public Defenders in counties other than Cook. The State's 28 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor and the Attorney General shall 29 receive appropriations from the Trust Fund to enable them to 30 provide assistance to State's Attorneys in counties other than 31 Cook County and when the Attorney General is ordered by the 32 presiding judge of the Criminal Division of the Circuit Court of Cook County to prosecute or supervise the prosecution of 33 34 Cook County cases. Moneys shall be appropriated to the State 35 Treasurer to enable the Treasurer (i) to make grants to Cook County, (ii) to pay the expenses of Public Defenders, the State 36

Appellate Defender, the Attorney General, the Office of the 1 2 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor, and State's Attorneys 3 in counties other than Cook County, (iii) to pay the expenses and compensation of appointed defense counsel and attorneys 4 5 approved by or contracted with the State Appellate Defender to 6 represent petitioners in post-conviction proceedings in capital cases under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal 7 Procedure of 1963 and in relation to petitions filed under 8 9 Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to 10 capital cases in counties other than Cook County, and (iv) to 11 pay the costs of administering the Trust Fund. All expenditures 12 and grants made from the Trust Fund shall be subject to audit by the Auditor General. 13

14 (g) For Cook County, grants from the Trust Fund shall be 15 made and administered as follows:

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(1) For each State fiscal year, the State's Attorney and Public Defender must each make a separate application to the State Treasurer for capital litigation grants.

(2) The State Treasurer shall establish rules and 19 20 procedures for grant applications. The rules shall require 21 the Cook County Treasurer as the grant recipient to report on a periodic basis to the State Treasurer how much of the 22 grant has been expended, how much of the grant is 23 remaining, and the purposes for which the grant has been 24 25 used. The rules may also require the Cook County Treasurer 26 to certify on a periodic basis that expenditures of the 27 funds have been made for expenses that are reasonable, 28 necessary, and appropriate for payment from the Trust Fund.

(3) The State Treasurer shall make the grants to the
Cook County Treasurer as soon as possible after the
beginning of the State fiscal year.

(4) The State's Attorney or Public Defender may apply for supplemental grants during the fiscal year.

Grant moneys shall be paid to the Cook County
 Treasurer in block grants and held in separate accounts for
 the State's Attorney, the Public Defender, and court

appointed defense counsel other than the Cook County Public Defender, respectively, for the designated fiscal year, and are not subject to county appropriation.

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(6) Expenditure of grant moneys under this subsection(g) is subject to audit by the Auditor General.

6 (7) The Cook County Treasurer shall immediately make 7 payment from the appropriate separate account in the county 8 treasury for capital litigation expenses to the State's 9 Attorney, Public Defender, or court appointed defense 10 counsel other than the Public Defender, as the case may be, 11 upon order of the State's Attorney, Public Defender or the 12 court, respectively.

13 (h) If a defendant in a capital case in Cook County is represented by court appointed counsel other than the Cook 14 15 County Public Defender, the appointed counsel shall petition 16 the court for an order directing the Cook County Treasurer to 17 pay the court appointed counsel's reasonable and necessary compensation and capital litigation expenses from grant moneys 18 19 provided from the Trust Fund. The petitions shall be supported 20 by itemized bills showing the date, the amount of time spent, the work done and the total being charged for each entry. The 21 court shall not authorize payment of bills that are not 22 23 properly itemized. The petitions shall be filed under seal and considered ex parte but with a court reporter present for all 24 ex parte conferences. The petitions shall be reviewed by both 25 the trial judge and the presiding judge of the circuit court or 26 27 the presiding judge's designee. The petitions and orders shall be kept under seal and shall be exempt from Freedom of 28 Information requests until the conclusion of the trial and 29 appeal of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to 30 31 pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing. These petitions shall be considered in camera. Orders denying 32 petitions for compensation or expenses are final. Counsel may 33 34 not petition for expenses that may have been provided or 35 compensated by the State Appellate Defender under item (c)(5) 36 of Section 10 of the State Appellate Defender Act.

1 (i) In counties other than Cook County, and when the 2 Attorney General is ordered by the presiding judge of the 3 Criminal Division of the Circuit Court of Cook County to 4 prosecute or supervise the prosecution of Cook County cases, 5 and excluding capital litigation expenses or services that may 6 have been provided by the State Appellate Defender under item 7 (c) (5) of Section 10 of the State Appellate Defender Act:

(1) Upon certification by the circuit court, on a form 8 9 created by the State Treasurer, that all or a portion of 10 the expenses are reasonable, necessary, and appropriate 11 for payment from the Trust Fund and the court's delivery of 12 the certification to the Treasurer, the Treasurer shall pay the certified expenses of Public Defenders and the State 13 Appellate Defender from the money appropriated to the 14 Treasurer for capital litigation expenses of Public 15 16 Defenders and post-conviction proceeding expenses in 17 capital cases of the State Appellate Defender and expenses in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of the 18 Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases in any 19 20 county other than Cook County, if there are sufficient moneys in the Trust Fund to pay the expenses. 21

(2) If a defendant in a capital case is represented by 22 court appointed counsel other than the Public Defender, the 23 appointed counsel shall petition the court to certify 24 25 compensation and capital litigation expenses including, but not limited to, investigatory and other assistance, 26 27 expert, forensic, and other witnesses, and mitigation 28 specialists as reasonable, necessary, and appropriate for 29 payment from the Trust Fund. If a petitioner in a capital 30 case who has filed a petition for post-conviction relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 31 32 or a petition under Section 2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases is represented by an 33 attorney approved by or contracted with the State Appellate 34 35 Defender other than the State Appellate Defender, that attorney shall petition the court to certify compensation 36

1 and litigation expenses of post-conviction proceedings under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 2 or in relation to petitions filed under Section 2-1401 of 3 the Code of Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases. 4 5 Upon certification on a form created by the State Treasurer 6 of all or a portion of the compensation and expenses 7 certified as reasonable, necessary, and appropriate for payment from the Trust Fund and the court's delivery of the 8 9 certification to the Treasurer, the State Treasurer shall 10 pay the certified compensation and expenses from the money 11 appropriated to the Treasurer for that purpose, if there 12 are sufficient moneys in the Trust Fund to make those 13 payments.

(3) A petition for capital litigation expenses or
post-conviction proceeding expenses or expenses incurred
in filing a petition under Section 2-1401 of the Code of
Civil Procedure in relation to capital cases under this
subsection shall be considered <u>under seal and reviewed ex</u>
<u>parte with a court reporter present</u> in <u>camera</u>. Orders
denying petitions for compensation or expenses are final.

(j) If the Trust Fund is discontinued or dissolved by an Act of the General Assembly or by operation of law, any balance remaining in the Trust Fund shall be returned to the General Revenue Fund after deduction of administrative costs, any other provision of this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

26 (Source: P.A. 93-127, eff. 1-1-04; 93-605, eff. 11-19-03; 27 93-972, eff. 8-20-04.)