

# SB1747



## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

SB1747

Introduced 2/25/2005, by Sen. Dave Sullivan

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/1-1-2

from Ch. 24, par. 1-1-2

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning definitions.

LRB094 09394 AJO 39640 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning local government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by  
5 changing Section 1-1-2 as follows:

6 (65 ILCS 5/1-1-2) (from Ch. 24, par. 1-1-2)

7 Sec. 1-1-2. Definitions. In this Code:

8 (1) "Municipal" or "municipality" means a city, village, or  
9 incorporated town in the ~~the~~ State of Illinois, but, unless the  
10 context otherwise provides, "municipal" or "municipality" does  
11 not include a township, town when used as the equivalent of a  
12 township, incorporated town that has superseded a civil  
13 township, county, school district, park district, sanitary  
14 district, or any other similar governmental district. If  
15 "municipal" or "municipality" is given a different definition  
16 in any particular Division or Section of this Act, that  
17 definition shall control in that division or Section only.

18 (2) "Corporate authorities" means (a) the mayor and  
19 aldermen or similar body when the reference is to cities, (b)  
20 the president and trustees or similar body when the reference  
21 is to villages or incorporated towns, and (c) the council when  
22 the reference is to municipalities under the commission form of  
23 municipal government.

24 (3) "Electors" means persons qualified to vote for elective  
25 officers at municipal elections.

26 (4) "Person" means any individual, partnership,  
27 corporation, joint stock association, or the State of Illinois  
28 or any subdivision of the State; and includes any trustee,  
29 receiver, assignee, or personal representative of any of those  
30 entities.

31 (5) Except as otherwise provided by ordinance, "fiscal  
32 year" in all municipalities with fewer than 500,000

1 inhabitants, and "municipal year" in all municipalities, means  
2 the period elapsing (a) between general municipal elections in  
3 succeeding calendar years, or (b) if general municipal  
4 elections are held biennially, then between a general municipal  
5 election and the same day of the same month of the following  
6 calendar year, and between that day and the next succeeding  
7 general municipal election, or (c) if general municipal  
8 elections are held quadrennially, then between a general  
9 municipal election and the same day of the same month of the  
10 following calendar year, and between that day and the same day  
11 of the same month of the next following calendar year, and  
12 between the last mentioned day and the same day of the same  
13 month of the next following calendar year, and between the last  
14 mentioned day and the next succeeding general municipal  
15 election. The fiscal year of each municipality with 500,000 or  
16 more inhabitants shall commence on January 1.

17 (6) Where reference is made to a county within which a  
18 municipality, district, area, or territory is situated, the  
19 reference is to the county within which is situated the major  
20 part of the area of that municipality, district, area, or  
21 territory, in case the municipality, district, area, or  
22 territory is situated in 2 or more counties.

23 (7) Where reference is made for any purpose to any other  
24 Act, either specifically or generally, the reference shall be  
25 to that Act and to all amendments to that Act now in force or  
26 that may be hereafter enacted.

27 (8) Wherever the words "city council", "aldermen",  
28 "commissioners", or "mayor" occur, the provisions containing  
29 these words shall apply to the board of trustees, trustees, and  
30 president, respectively, of villages and incorporated towns  
31 and councilmen in cities, so far as those provisions are  
32 applicable to them.

33 (9) The terms "special charter" and "special Act" are  
34 synonymous.

35 (10) "General municipal election" means the biennial  
36 regularly scheduled election for the election of officers of

1 cities, villages, and incorporated towns, as prescribed by the  
2 general election law; in the case of municipalities that elect  
3 officers annually, "general municipal election" means each  
4 regularly scheduled election for the election of officers of  
5 cities, villages, and incorporated towns.

6 (Source: P.A. 87-1119.)