

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB1712

Introduced 2/25/2005, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

735 ILCS 5/12-803 from Ch. 110, par. 12-803 735 ILCS 5/12-808 from Ch. 110, par. 12-808

Amends the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that wages, salary, commissions and bonuses subject to collection under a deduction order, for any work week shall be the lesser of the listed amounts (instead of the maximum wages, salary, commission and bonuses subject to collection shall not exceed the lesser of the listed amounts). Provides that an order shall be entered compelling the employer to deduct from wages of the judgment debtor subject to collection under a deduction order an amount which is (instead of an amount not to exceed) the lesser of the listed amounts.

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1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Sections 12-803 and 12-808 as follows:

6 (735 ILCS 5/12-803) (from Ch. 110, par. 12-803)

Sec. 12-803. Wages Maximum wages subject to collection. The maximum wages, salary, commissions and bonuses subject to collection under a deduction order, for any work week shall be not exceed the lesser of (1) 15% of such gross amount paid for that week or (2) the amount by which disposable earnings for a week exceed 45 times the Federal Minimum Hourly Wage prescribed by Section 206(a)(1) of Title 29 of the United States Code, as amended, in effect at the time the amounts are payable. This provision (and no other) applies irrespective of the place where the compensation was earned or payable and the State where the employee resides. No amounts required by law to be withheld may be taken from the amount collected by the creditor. The term "disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amounts required by law to be withheld.

22 (Source: P.A. 87-569.)

23 (735 ILCS 5/12-808) (from Ch. 110, par. 12-808)

Sec. 12-808. Duty of employer.

- 25 (a) An employer served as herein provided shall pay the 26 employee the amount of his or her exempt wages.
- 27 (b) To the extent of the amount due upon the judgment and 28 costs, the employer shall hold, subject to order of court, any 29 non-exempt wages due or which subsequently come due. The 30 judgment or balance due thereon is a lien on wages due at the 31 time of the service of summons, and such lien shall continue as

to subsequent earnings until the total amount due upon the judgment and costs is paid, except that such lien on subsequent earnings shall terminate sooner if the employment relationship is terminated or if the underlying judgment is vacated or modified.

(b-5) If the employer is a federal agency employer and the creditor is represented by an attorney, then the employer, upon service of summons and to the extent of the amount due upon the judgment and costs, shall commence to pay over to the attorney for the judgment creditor any non-exempt wages due or that subsequently come due. The attorney for the judgment creditor shall thereafter hold the deducted wages subject to further order of the court and shall make answer to the court regarding amounts received from the federal agency employer. The federal agency employer's periodic payments shall be considered a sufficient answer to the interrogatories.

(c) Except as provided in subsection (b-5), the employer shall file, on or before the return date or within the further time that the court for cause may allow, a written answer under oath to the interrogatories, setting forth the amount due as wages to the judgment debtor for the payroll periods ending immediately prior to the service of the summons and a summary of the computation used to determine the amount of non-exempt wages. Except as provided in subsection (b-5), the employer shall mail by first class mail or hand deliver a copy of the answer to the judgment debtor at the address specified in the affidavit filed under Section 12-805 of this Act, or at any other address or location of the judgment debtor known to the employer.

A lien obtained hereunder shall have priority over any subsequent lien obtained hereunder, except that liens for the support of a spouse or dependent children shall have priority over all other liens obtained hereunder. Subsequent summonses shall be effective in the order in which they are served.

(d) The Illinois Supreme Court may by rule allow an employer to file answers to interrogatories by facsimile

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transmission.

2 (e) Pursuant to answer under oath to the interrogatories by 3 the employer, an order shall be entered compelling the employer to deduct from wages of the judgment debtor subject to 4 5 collection under a deduction order an amount which is not to exceed the lesser of (i) 15% of the gross amount of the wages 6 or (ii) the amount by which disposable earnings for a week 7 exceed 45 times the Federal Minimum Hourly Wage prescribed by Section 206(a)(1) of Title 29 of the United States Code, as 9 amended, in effect at the time the amounts are payable, for 10 each pay period in which statutory exemptions under Section 12 12-804 and child support garnishments, if any, leave funds to 13 be remitted. The order shall further provide that deducted wages shall be remitted to the creditor or creditor's attorney 14 15 on a monthly basis.

(Source: P.A. 89-28, eff. 6-23-95; 90-677, eff. 1-1-99.) 16