

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB1454

Introduced 2/23/2005, by Sen. Jeffrey M. Schoenberg

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/9-100

35 ILCS 200/9-155

35 ILCS 200/12-25

35 ILCS 200/12-65

35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Deletes provisions requiring lists and publications of property assessments to separately state the value of improvements on the property and makes corresponding changes. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOUSING
AFFORDABILITY
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT in relation to taxation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Sections 9-100, 9-155, 12-25, 12-65, and 15-172 as follows:

(35 ILCS 200/9-100)

Sec. 9-100. Assessment list; Delivery of books. Before January 1 in each year of the general assessment, as provided in Sections 9-215 through 9-225, each county clerk shall make up the list of property to be assessed for taxes for the townships or taxing districts in the county, in books for that purpose. Annually, before January 1, he or she shall make up lists of properties which are taxable, or which become taxable for the first time, and which are not already listed, and make up lists of properties which have been subdivided and not listed by the proper description. The county clerk shall enter in the proper column, opposite the respective parcels, the name of the owner, or other such persons, so far as he is able to ascertain the names. The lists shall contain columns to show the number of acres or any other land unit of comparison lots improved, the total assessed value, and the assessed value; the assessed value of improvements; the total value; and other information as may be required. The county clerk shall also have prepared and ready for delivery all blanks necessary in the assessment of property, and shall deliver those blanks to the assessors along with the assessment books or lists. The books or lists may be completed and delivered by townships or taxing districts without waiting for the completion of all the books or lists, but all assessment books or lists shall be delivered by the county clerk to the chief county assessment officer on or before January 1. The books or lists shall be made in duplicate.

1 (Source: P.A. 86-1481; 88-455.)

2 (35 ILCS 200/9-155)

Sec. 9-155. Valuation in general assessment years. On or 3 4 before June 1 in each general assessment year in all counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, and as soon as he or she reasonably can in each general assessment year in counties with 6 7 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, or if any such county is divided into assessment districts as provided in Sections 9-215 through 8 9 9-225, as soon as he or she reasonably can in each general 10 assessment year in those districts, the assessor, in person or 11 by deputy, shall actually view and determine as near as practicable the value of each property listed for taxation as 12 of January 1 of that year, or as provided in Section 9-180, and 13 14 assess the property at 33 1/3% of its fair cash value, or in 15 accordance with Sections 10-110 through 10-140 and 10-170 16 through 10-200, or in accordance with a county ordinance adopted under Section 4 of Article IX of the Constitution of 17 18 Illinois. The assessor or deputy shall set down, in the books 19 furnished for that purpose the <u>number of acres or any other</u> land unit of comparison and assessed valuation of properties in 20 one column, the assessed value of improvements in another, and 21 22 the total valuation in a separate column.

23 (Source: P.A. 86-1481; 87-1189; 88-455.)

24 (35 ILCS 200/12-25)

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Sec. 12-25. Contents of assessment list publication; payment. In all counties, the expense of printing and publication of assessment lists shall be paid out of the county treasury. The publication of the assessments shall include the name of the owner or of the person who last paid the taxes on each property, and the total amount of its assessment and how much of the assessment is attributable to the improvements on the property. When any property so assessed is susceptible of description or identification by street name and street or house number, or by a property index number, the publication of

- 1 the street name and street or house number, or property index
- 2 number shall constitute a sufficient description of the
- 3 property for the purposes of publication required by this Code.
- 4 (Source: Laws 1939, p. 886; P.A. 88-455.)
- 5 (35 ILCS 200/12-65)
- 6 Sec. 12-65. Publication fee. Any newspaper publishing the
- 7 list of Board of Review changes shall be paid a fee according
- 8 to the following schedule:
- 9 (a) For a parcel listing including the name of the property
- 10 owner, a property index number, the previous total assessment
- and the new total assessment, \$1.20 per parcel;
- 12 (b) For a parcel listing including the name of the property
- owner, a property index number, the previous assessed value of
- 14 improvements, the previous total assessment, the new assessed
- 15 value of improvements and the new total assessment, \$1.50 per
- 16 <del>parcel;</del>
- (b) <del>(c)</del> For a parcel listing including the name of the
- 18 property owner, a legal description of the property, the
- 19 previous total assessment and the new total assessment, \$2 per
- 20 parcel;
- 21 (c) <del>(d)</del> For a parcel listing including the name of the
- 22 property owner, a property index number, a legal description,
- 23 the previous total assessment and the new total assessment,
- 24 \$2.40 per parcel; and
- 25 (e) For a parcel listing including the name of the property
- 26 owner, a legal description, the previous assessed value of
- 27 improvements, the new assessed value of improvements, the
- 28 previous total assessment and the new total assessment, \$2.80
- 29 per parcel;
- 30 (f) For a parcel listing including the name of the property
- 31 owner, a property index number, a legal description, the
- 32 previous assessed value of improvements, the new assessed value
- of improvements, the previous total assessment and the new
- 34 total assessment, \$3 per parcel; and
- 35  $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  For the preamble, headings, and any other

- 1 explanatory matter either required by law, or requested by the
- 2 board of review, the newspaper's published rate for such
- 3 advertising.
- (Source: P.A. 85-696; 88-455.) 4
- (35 ILCS 200/15-172) 5
- Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead 6
- 7 Exemption.

- 8 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens
- 9 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.
- 10 (b) As used in this Section:
- 11 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an
- application under this Section. 12
- "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value 13
- 14 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed value
- 15 of any added improvements which increased the assessed value of
- 16 the residence after the base year.
- "Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable 17
- 18 year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for
- 19 the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the
- property was improved with a permanent structure that was 20
- occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for 21
- 22 paying real property taxes on the property and who was either
- 23 (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or
- equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written 24
- 25 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a
- 26 lessee in the parcel of property that was single family
- 27 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the
- 28 applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the equalized
- assessed value of the residence is less than the equalized 29
- 30 assessed value in the existing base year (provided that such
- 31 equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed value that
- results from a temporary irregularity in the property that
- 33 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years), then
- that subsequent taxable year shall become the base year until a 34
- 35 new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph.

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1 For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief County Assessment Officer 2 shall review (i) all taxable years for which the applicant 3 applied and qualified for the exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base 4 5 year the year with the lowest equalized assessed value. An 6 equalized assessed value that is based on an assessed value that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that 7 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years shall 8 9 not be considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The 10 selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and 11 thereafter until a new base year is established under the terms 12 of this paragraph.

"Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which the property is located.

"Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

"Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the applicant, and all persons using the residence of the applicant as their principal place of residence.

"Household income" means the combined income of the members of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable year.

"Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, except that, beginning in assessment year 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

"Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year preceding the taxable year.

"Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities Act.

36 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and

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appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer has established a specific legal description for a portion of property constituting the residence, then that portion of property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of this Section.

"Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are levied.

(c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real property that is improved with a permanent structure that is occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income of \$35,000 or less prior to taxable year 1999, \$40,000 or less in taxable years 1999 through 2003, and \$45,000 or less in taxable year 2004 and thereafter, (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a permanent structure that is a single family residence that is occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income of \$35,000 or less prior to taxable year 1999, \$40,000 or less in taxable years 1999 through 2003, and \$45,000 or less in taxable year 2004 and thereafter, (iii) has a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property taxes on that property.

The amount of this exemption shall be the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount.

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When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption under this Section has been granted, the base year and base amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for the prior year.

Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall give to the County Clerk a list of increased total assessed value attributable to added improvements for of the assessed values of improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property.

In the case of land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income of \$35,000 or less prior to taxable year 1999, \$40,000 or less in taxable years 1999 through 2003, and \$45,000 or less in taxable year 2004 and thereafter, (iii) who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the exemption is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

When a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, the exemption shall

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be granted in subsequent years so long as the residence (i)

continues to be occupied by the qualified applicant's spouse or

(ii) if remaining unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified

applicant for the homestead exemption.

Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that, except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those years.

When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only one of such persons and for only one residence.

For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located during such period as may be specified by the Chief County Assessment Officer. The Chief County Assessment Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application period by mail or having publication. In counties less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of applications that is different than July 1. The applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's

total household income, age, marital status (and if married the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications for the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, applicant fails to file the application required by this Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant regains the capability to file the application, but in no case may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's physician stating the nature and extent of the condition, that, in the physician's opinion, the condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and the date on which the applicant regained the capability to file the application.

Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County

Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's physician stating the nature and extent of the condition, and that, in the physician's opinion, the condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the

application in a timely manner.

In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption

For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence.

erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so credited that exemption.

Except as provided in this Section, all information received by the chief county assessment officer or the

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Department from applications filed under this Section, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such

9 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or making available reasonable statistics concerning the operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a way that information contained in any individual claim shall not be disclosed.

information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper

(d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. The notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in the county.

Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

28 (Source: P.A. 93-715, eff. 7-12-04.)

29 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 30 becoming law.