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AN ACT concerning employment.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Safety Inspection and Education Act is 5 amended by changing Section 0.2, changing and resectioning 6 Section 2, and adding Sections 2.2, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, and 2.9 as 7 follows:

8 (820 ILCS 220/.02) (from Ch. 48, par. 59.02)

- 9 Sec. .02. <u>Definitions.</u> As used in this Act:
- 10 "Department" means the Department of Labor.
- 11 "Director" means the Director of Labor.

12"Division" means the Division of Safety Inspection and13Education of the Department of Labor.

14 (Source: P.A. 87-245.)

15 (820 ILCS 220/2) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part)

16 Sec. 2. <u>Powers and duties; inspections.</u>

(a) The Director of Labor shall enforce the occupational safety and health standards and rules promulgated under the Health and Safety Act and any occupational health and safety laws relating to inspection of places of employment, and shall visit and inspect, as often as practicable, the places of employment covered by this Act.

(b) The Director of Labor or his or her authorized representatives upon presenting appropriate credentials to the owner, operator or agent in charge is authorized to have the right of entry and inspections of all places of all employment in the State as follows:

(1) 1. To enter without delay and at reasonable times
 any factory, plant, establishment, construction site, or
 other area, workplace or environment where work is
 performed by an employee of <u>a public</u> an employer in order

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to enforce such occupational safety and health standards.

(2) If the public employer refuses entry upon being presented proper credentials or allows entry but then 3 refuses to permit or hinders the inspection in some way, 5 the inspector shall leave the premises and immediately report the refusal to authorized management. Authorized 6 management shall notify the Director of Labor to initiate the compulsory legal process or obtain a warrant for entry, or both.

10 (3) 2. To inspect and investigate during regular 11 working hours and at other reasonable times, and within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, any such 12 13 place of employment and all pertinent conditions, structures, machines, apparatus, devices, equipment, and 14 15 materials therein, and to question privately any such 16 employer, owner, operator, agent or employee.

17 (4) 3. The owner, operator, manager or lessees of any place affected by the provisions of this Act and his or her 18 agent, superintendent, subordinate or employee, and any 19 20 employer affected by such provisions shall when requested by the Division of Safety Inspection and Education, or any 21 duly authorized agent thereof, furnish any information in 22 his or her possession or under his control which the 23 Department of Labor is authorized to require, and shall 24 25 answer truthfully all questions required to be put to him, 26 and shall cooperate in the making of a proper inspection.

(5) A person who gives advance notice of an inspection to be conducted under the authority of this Act without authority from the Director of Labor, or his or her authorized representative, commits a Class <u>B misdemea</u>nor.

31 (6) 4. Subject to regulations issued by the Director of 32 Labor, а representative of the employer and а representative authorized by his or her employees shall be 33 given an opportunity to accompany the Director of Labor or 34 his or her authorized representative during the physical 35 inspection of any workplace under this Section for the 36

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1 purpose of aiding such inspection. Where there is no 2 authorized employee representative the Director of Labor 3 or his or her authorized agent shall consult with a reasonable number of employees concerning matters of 5 health and safety in the workplace.

(7) (A) Whenever and as soon as an inspector concludes that an imminent danger exists in any place of employment, the inspector shall inform the affected employees or their authorized representatives and employers of the danger and that the inspector is recommending to the Director of Labor that relief be sought.

(B) Whenever the Director is of the opinion that 12 13 imminent danger exists in the working conditions of any public employee in this State, which condition may 14 reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical 15 16 harm, the Director may file a complaint in the circuit 17 court for appropriate relief against an employer and 18 employee, including an order directing the employer or employee to cease and desist from the practice creating the 19 20 imminent danger and to obtain immediate abatement of the hazard. 21

If the Director of Labor arbitrarily or 22 (C) capriciously fails to seek relief under this Section, any 23 24 employee who may be injured by reason of such failure, or the representative of the employee, may bring an action 25 against the Director of Labor in the circuit court for the 26 27 circuit in which the imminent danger is alleged to exist or 28 the employer has his or her principal office, for relief by mandamus to compel the Director of Labor to seek such an 29 order and for such further relief as may be appropriate. 30

31 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.)

(820 ILCS 220/2.1 new) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part) 32 33 Sec. 2.1. Complaint inspection procedures. (a) 5. Any employees or representatives of employees who 34 35 believe that a violation of a safety or health standard exists SB1267 Engrossed - 4 - LRB094 04933 WGH 34962 b

or that an imminent danger exists, may request an inspection by submitting a written complaint to the Director of Labor or his or her authorized representative setting forth with reasonable particularity the grounds for the complaint, and signed by the employees or representative of employees.

6 <u>(b) If the Director of Labor or the Director's authorized</u> 7 <u>representative determines there are no reasonable grounds to</u> 8 <u>believe that a violation or danger exists, he or she shall</u> 9 <u>notify the employees or representatives of the employees in</u> 10 <u>writing of such determination.</u>

11 (c) If, upon receipt of such complaint, the Director of 12 Labor or his or her authorized representative determines there 13 are reasonable grounds to believe that such violation or danger 14 exists, he or she shall make a special inspection of the 15 workplace in accordance with the provisions of this Act as soon 16 as practicable, to determine if such violation or danger 17 exists.

(d) A copy of the complaint shall be provided the employer 18 19 or his or her agent by the Director of Labor or his or her 20 authorized representative at the time of inspection, except that, upon the request of the person making such complaint, his 21 name and the name of individual employees referred to therein, 22 23 shall not appear in such copy or on any record published, released, or made available by the Director of Labor or his or 24 25 her authorized representative.

(e) Nonformal complaints shall be handled by an authorized 26 27 representative of the Director of Labor and, based upon the severity and legitimacy of the complaint, the authorized 28 representative of the Director of Labor shall either schedule a 29 complaint inspection or issue a letter to the public employer 30 31 stating the concern. If upon receipt of such complaint, the Director of Labor or his or her authorized representative 32 determines there are reasonable grounds to believe that such 33 olation or danger exists, he or she shall make special 34 spection of the workplace in accordance with the 35 36 as soon as practicable, to determine this Act such

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1 violation or danger exists. If the Director of Labor or his or 2 her authorized representative determines there are no 3 reasonable grounds to believe that a violation or danger 4 exists, he or she shall notify the employees or representatives 5 of the employees in writing of such determination.

6 (c) Any person who shall give advance notice of any
7 inspection to be conducted under the authority of this Act
8 without authority from the Director of Labor, or his or her
9 authorized representative, upon conviction, shall be guilty of
10 a Class B misdemeanor.

11 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.)

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(820 ILCS 220/2.2 new)

13 Sec. 2.2. Discrimination prohibited.

(a) A person may not discharge or in any way discriminate 14 15 against any employee because the employee has filed a complaint 16 or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to this Act or the Health and Safety Act or has 17 testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding or 18 19 because of the exercise by the employee on behalf of himself or herself or others of any right afforded by this Act or the 20 Health and Safety Act. 21

(b) Any employee who believes that he or she has been 22 discharged or otherwise discriminated against by any person in 23 violation of this Section may, within 30 calendar days after 24 25 the violation occurs, file a complaint with the Director of 26 Labor alleging the discrimination. Upon request, the Director of Labor shall withhold the name of the complainant from the 27 employer. Upon receipt of the complaint, the Director of Labor 28 29 shall cause such investigation to be made as the Director deems 30 appropriate. If, after the investigation, the Director of Labor determines that the provisions of this Section have been 31 violated, the Director shall, within 120 days after receipt of 32 the complaint, bring an action in the circuit court for 33 appropriate relief, including rehiring or reinstatement of the 34 employee to his or her former position with back pay, after 35

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taking into account any interim earnings of the employee.

2 (c) Within 90 days of the receipt of a complaint filed under this Section, the Director of Labor shall notify the 3 complainant of the Director's determination under subsection 4 (b) of this Section. 5

(820 ILCS 220/2.3 new) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part) 6

Sec. 2.3. Methods of compelling compliance.

(a) Citations. (d) 1. 8

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9 (1) If, upon inspection or investigation, the Director 10 of Labor or his or her authorized representative believes that an employer has violated a requirement of Section 3 of 11 the Health and Safety Act, or a standard, rule, regulation 12 or order promulgated pursuant to this Act or the Health and 13 Safety Act, he or she shall with reasonable promptness 14 15 issue a citation to the employer. Each citation shall be in writing; describe with particularity the nature of the 16 violation and include a reference to the provision of the 17 Act, standard, rule, regulation, or order alleged to have 18 19 been violated; and fix a reasonable time for the abatement 20 of the violation.

(2) The Director of Labor may prescribe procedures for the issuance of a notice of de minimis violations which have no direct or immediate relationship to safety or health.

(3) Each citation issued under this Section, or a copy or copies thereof, shall be prominently posted as prescribed in regulations issued by the Director of Labor at or near the place at which the violation occurred.

(4) 2. Citations shall be served on the employer, owner, operator, manager, or agent by delivering an exact copy to the person upon whom the service is to be had, or by leaving a copy at his or her usual place of business or abode, or by sending a copy thereof by registered mail to 33 his place of business.

> 3. Each citation issued under this Section, copy

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or copies thereof, shall be prominently posted as prescribed in regulations issued by the Director of Labor at or near the place the violation occurred.

(5) 4. No citation may be issued under this Section after the expiration of 6 months following the occurrence of any violation.

(6) 5. If, after an inspection, the Director of Labor issues a citation, he or she shall within 5 days after the issuance of the citation, notify the employer by certified mail of the penalty, if any, proposed to be assessed for the violation set forth in the citation.

12 <u>(7)</u> 6. If the Director of Labor has reason to believe 13 that an employer has failed to correct a violation for 14 which a citation has been issued within the period 15 permitted for its correction, the Director of Labor shall 16 notify the employer by certified mail of such failure and 17 of the <u>monetary</u> penalty proposed to be assessed by reason 18 of such failure.

(8) The public entity may submit in writing data relating to the abatement of a hazard to be considered by an authorized representative of the Director of Labor. The authorized representative of the Director of Labor shall notify the interested parties if such data will be used to modify an abatement order.

25 (b) Proposed violations.

(1) Civil penalties. 7. Civil penalties under subparagraphs (A) through (E) paragraphs A., B., C. and D. may be assessed by the Director of Labor as part of the citation procedure as follows:

(A) Any public employer who repeatedly violates the requirements of the Health and Safety Act or any standard, or rule, or order pursuant to that Act and this Act may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.

35A. Any employer who has received a citation for36violations of any standard, or rule, or order not of a

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serious nature may be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each such violation.

(B) B. Any employer who has received a citation for a serious violation of the requirements of Section 3 of the Health and Safety Act or any standard, or rule, or order pursuant to that Act and this Act shall be assessed a civil penalty up to \$1,000 for each such violation.

For purposes of this Section, a serious violation 9 shall be deemed to exist in a place of employment if 10 11 there is a substantial probability that death or 12 serious physical harm could result from a condition which exists, or from one or more practices, means, 13 methods, operations, or processes which have been 14 adopted or are in use in such place of employment 15 16 unless the employer did not know and could not, with 17 the exercise of reasonable diligence, have known of the presence of the violation as specifically determined. 18

(C) Any public employer who has received a citation for violations of any standard, or rule, or order not of a serious nature may be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each such violation.

(D) C. Any public employer who fails to correct a violation for which a citation has been issued within the period permitted may be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day the violation continues.

27 <u>(E) Any public employer who intentionally violates</u> 28 <u>the requirements of the Health and Safety Act or any</u> 29 <u>standard, or rule, or order pursuant to this Act or</u> 30 <u>demonstrates plain indifference to its requirements</u> 31 <u>shall be issued a willful violation and may be assessed</u> 32 <u>a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.</u>

33 (2) Criminal penalty. Any public employer who
 34 willfully violates any standard, rule, or order is guilty
 35 of a Class 4 felony if that violation causes death to any
 36 employee.

1 (3) Assessment and reduction of penalties. Any penalty 2 may be reduced by the Director of Labor or the Director's authorized representative by as much as 95% depending upon 3 the public employer's "good faith", "size of business", and 4 5 "history of previous violations". Up to 60% reduction is permitted for size, up to 25% reduction is permitted for 6 good faith, and up to 10% reduction is permitted for 7 8 history.

9 D. Any employer who willfully or repeatedly violates the 10 requirements of Section 3 of the Health and Safety Act or any 11 standard, or rule, or order pursuant to that Act and this Act 12 may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.

For purposes of this Section, a serious violation shall be 13 deemed to exist in a place of employment if there is a 14 substantial probability that death or serious physical harm 15 16 could result from a condition which exists, or from one or more 17 practices, means, methods, operations, or processes which have been adopted or are in use in such place of employment unless 18 the employer did not know and could not, with the exercise of 19 of reasonable diligence, have known of the presence 20 the violation as specifically determined. 21

22 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.)

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(820 ILCS 220/2.4 new) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part)

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Sec. 2.4. Contested cases.

25 (a) 8. An employer, firm or corporation, or an agent, 26 manager or superintendent or a person for himself or herself or 27 for other such person, firm or corporation, after receiving a citation, a proposed assessment of penalty, or a notification 28 29 of failure to correct violation from the Director of Labor or his or her authorized agent that he or she is in violation of 30 31 this Act, or of any occupational safety or health standard or rule, may within 15 working days from receipt of the notice of 32 citation or penalty request in writing a hearing before the 33 Director for an appeal from the citation order, notice of 34 35 penalty, or abatement period.

1 (b) Any employee or representative of an employee may 2 within 15 working days of the issuance of a citation file a 3 request in writing for a hearing before the Director for an 4 appeal from the citation on the ground that the period of time 5 fixed in the citation for the abatement of the violation is 6 unreasonable.

7 <u>(c)(1)</u> The Director shall schedule a hearing within 15 8 calendar days after receipt of such request for an appeal from 9 the citation order and shall notify all interested parties of 10 such hearing. Such hearing shall be held no later than 45 11 calendar days after the date of receipt of such appeal request.

12 (2) The Director shall afford a hearing to the employer or 13 his or her representatives, at which hearing the employer shall state his or her objections to such citation and provide 14 15 evidence why such citation shall not stand as entered. The 16 Director of Labor or his or her representative shall be given 17 the opportunity to state his or her reasons for entering such violation citation. Affected employees shall be provided an 18 19 opportunity to participate as parties to hearings under the 20 rules of procedure prescribed by the Director.

21 <u>(3)</u> The Director, in consideration of the evidence 22 presented at the <u>formal</u> hearing, shall in accordance with his 23 rules enter a final decision and order no later than 15 24 calendar days after such hearing affirming, modifying or 25 vacating the Director's citation or proposed penalty, or 26 directing other appropriate relief.

27 (4) An informal review may be conducted by an authorized representative of the Director of Labor who is authorized to 28 change abatement dates, to reclassify violations (such as 29 willful to serious, serious to other-than-serious), and to 30 31 modify or withdraw a penalty, a citation, or a citation item if the employer presents evidence during the informal conference 32 which convinces the authorized representative of the Director 33 of Labor that the changes are justified. 34

- 35 <u>(5)</u> Appeal.
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(A) Any party adversely affected by a final violation

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1 order or determination of the Director may obtain judicial 2 review by filing a complaint for review within 35 days 3 after the entry of the order or other final action complained of, pursuant to the provisions of 4 the all 5 Administrative Review Law, amendments and 6 modifications thereof, and the rules adopted pursuant 7 thereto. 8

(B) If no appeal is taken within 35 days the order of the Director shall become final.

10 (C) Judicial reviews filed under this Section shall be 11 heard expeditiously.

(6) The Director of Labor has the power:

(A) To issue subpoenas for and compel the attendance of
 witnesses and the production of pertinent books, papers,
 documents or other evidence.

16 <u>(B) To hear testimony and receive evidence and to take</u> 17 <u>or cause to be taken, depositions of witnesses residing</u> 18 <u>within or without this State in the manner prescribed by</u> 19 <u>law for depositions in civil cases in the circuit court.</u> 20 <u>Subpoenas and commissions to take testimony shall be under</u> 21 seal of the Director of Labor.

Service of subpoenas may be made by any sheriff or any 22 23 other person. The circuit court for the county where any hearing is pending, upon application of the Director of Labor, 24 may, in the court's discretion, compel the attendance of 25 witnesses, the production of pertinent books, papers, records, 26 27 or documents and the giving of testimony before the Director of Labor by an attachment proceeding, as for contempt, in the same 28 manner as the production of evidence may be compelled before 29 30 the court.

31 9. A. No person shall discharge or in any way discriminate 32 against any employee because such employee has filed a 33 complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any 34 proceeding under or related to this Act or the Health and 35 Safety Act or has testified or is about to testify in any such 36 proceeding or because of the exercise by such employee on SB1267 Engrossed - 12 - LRB094 04933 WGH 34962 b

behalf of himself or herself or others of any right afforded by
 this Act or the Health and Safety Act.

B. Any employee who believes that he or she has been 3 4 discharged or otherwise discriminated against by any person in 5 violation of this Section may, within 30 calendar days after 6 such violation occurs, file a complaint with the Director of Labor alleging such discrimination. Upon request, the Director 7 of Labor shall withhold the name of the complainant from the 8 employer. Upon receipt of such complaint, the Director of Labor 9 shall cause such investigation to be made as he or she deems 10 appropriate. If after such investigation, the Director of Labor 11 determines that the provisions of this Section have been 12 violated, he or she shall, within 120 days after receipt of the 13 complaint, bring an action in the circuit court for appropriate 14 relief, including rehiring, or reinstatement of the employee to 15 16 his or her former position with back pay, after taking into 17 account any interim earnings of the employee.

18 C. Within 90 days of the receipt of a complaint filed under 19 this Section the Director of Labor shall notify the complainant 20 of his or her determination under subparagraph 9B. of this 21 Section.

(e) Whenever the Director is of the opinion that imminent 22 23 danger exists in the working conditions of any employee in this State, which condition can reasonably be expected to cause 24 death or serious physical harm, the Director may file a 25 complaint in the circuit court for appropriate relief against 26 27 an employer and employee, including an order directing the 28 employer or employee to cease and desist from the practice creating the imminent danger. 29

Whenever and as soon as an inspector concludes that an imminent danger exists in any place of employment, he or she shall inform the affected employees or their authorized representatives and employers of the danger and that he or she is recommending to the Director of Labor that relief be sought. If the Director of Labor arbitrarily or capriciously fails to seek relief under this Section, any employee who may be SB1267 Engrossed - 13 - LRB094 04933 WGH 34962 b

injured by reason of such failure, or the representative 1 2 such employees, may bring an action against the Director Labor in the circuit court for the circuit in which the 3 imminent danger is alleged to exist or the employer has 4 5 -principal office, for relief by mandamus to compel 6 Labor to seek such an order and for such 7 relief as may be appropriate. (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.) 8 9 (820 ILCS 220/2.5 new) 10 Sec. 2.5. Employee access to information. 11 (a) The Director of Labor shall issue regulations requiring employers to maintain accurate records of employee exposures to 12 potentially toxic materials or harmful physical agents which 13 are required to be monitored or measured under the Health and 14 15 Safety Act. 16 (1) The regulations shall provide employees or their representatives with an opportunity to observe such 17 monitoring or measuring, and to have access to the records 18 19 thereof. (2) The regulations shall also make appropriate 20 provisions for each employee or former employee to have 21 access to such records as will indicate his or her own 22 exposure to toxic materials or harmful physical agents. 23 (3) Each employer shall promptly notify any employee 24 who has been or is being exposed to toxic materials or 25 26 harmful physical agents in concentrations or at levels which exceed those prescribed by an occupational safety and 27 health standard and shall inform any employee who is being 28 29 thus exposed of the corrective action being taken. 30 (b) The Director of Labor shall also issue regulations requiring that employers, through posting of notices or other 31 appropriate means, keep their employees informed of their 32 protections and obligations under these Acts, including the 33 provisions of applicable standards. 34

(820 ILCS 220/2.6 new)
Sec. 2.6. Other prohibited actions and sanctions.
(a) Advance notice. A person who gives advance notice of
any inspection to be conducted under the authority of this Act
without authority from the Director of Labor, or his or her
authorized representative, commits a Class B misdemeanor.
(b) False statements. A person who knowingly makes a false
statement, representation, or certification in any
application, record, report, plan, or other document required
pursuant to this Act commits a Class 4 felony.
(c) Violation of posting requirements. A public employer
who violates any of the required posting requirements is
subject to the following citations and proposed penalty
structure:
(1) Job Safety & Health Poster: an other-than-serious
citation with a proposed penalty of \$1,000.
(2) Annual Summary of Injuries/Illnesses: an
other-than-serious citation and a proposed penalty of
\$1,000 even if there are no recordable injuries or
illnesses.
(3) Citation: an other-than-serious citation and a
proposed penalty of \$1,000.
(d) All information reported to or otherwise obtained by
the Director of Labor or the Director's authorized
representative in connection with any inspection or proceeding
under this Act or the Health and Safety Act which contains or
might reveal a trade secret shall be considered confidential,
except that such information may be disclosed confidentially to
other officers or employees concerned with carrying out this
Act or the Health and Safety Act or when relevant to any
proceeding under this Act. In any such proceeding, the Director
of Labor or the court shall issue such orders as may be
appropriate, including the impoundment of files or portions of
files, to protect the confidentiality of trade secrets. A
person who violates the confidentiality of trade secrets
commits a Class B misdemeanor.

1	(820 ILCS 220/2.7 new)
2	Sec. 2.7. Inspection scheduling system.
3	(a) In general, the priority of accomplishment and
4	assignment of staff resources for inspection categories shall
5	<u>be as follows:</u>
6	(1) Imminent Danger.
7	(2) Fatality/Catastrophe Investigations.
8	(3) Complaints/Referrals Investigation.
9	<u>(4) Programmed Inspections - general, advisory,</u>
10	monitoring and follow-up.
11	(b) The priority for assignment of staff resources for
12	hazard categories shall be the responsibility of an authorized
13	representative of the Director of Labor based upon the
14	inspection category, the type of hazard, the perceived severity
15	of hazard, and the availability of resources.
16	(820 ILCS 220/2.8 new) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part)
17	Sec. 2.8. Voluntary compliance program.
18	(f) The Department through the employees of the Division
19	shall foster and promote safety practices.
20	<u>(a)</u> (g) The Department shall encourage employers and
21	organizations and groups of employees to institute and maintain
22	safety education programs for employees and promote the
23	observation of safety practices.
24	(b) The Department shall provide and conduct qualified and
25	quality educational programs specifically designed to meet the
26	regulatory requirements and the needs of the public employer.
27	(c) The educational programs and advisory inspections
28	shall be scheduled secondary to the unprogrammed inspections by
29	priority.
30	(d) Regular public information programs shall be conducted
31	to inform the public employers of changes to the regulations or
32	updates as necessary.
33	(e) The Department shall provide support services for any
34	public employer who needs assistance with the public employer's

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self-inspection programs. The Department may furnish safety 1 education material and literature and may advise and cooperate 2 with employers and organizations and groups of employees in the 3 conduct of safety education programs and in the observation of 4 5 safety practices. The Department shall through the Division 6 enforce the provisions of this Act, and any other law relating to the inspection of places of employment in the State. 7 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.) 8

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(820 ILCS 220/2.9 new)

Sec. 2.9. Laboratory services. The Department shall enlist the services of certified laboratories to provide analysis and interpretation of results via contractual services.

13 (820 ILCS 220/2.10 new) (from 820 ILCS 220/2, in part)

14 <u>Sec. 2.10. Adoption of rules; designation of personnel to</u>
 15 <u>hear evidence in disputed matters.</u>

16 <u>(a)</u> The Director of Labor shall adopt such rules and 17 regulations as he or she may deem necessary to implement the 18 provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, rules 19 and regulations dealing with: (1) the inspection of an 20 employer's establishment and (2) the designation of proper 21 parties, pleadings, notice, discovery, the issuance of 22 subpoenas, transcripts, and oral argument.

23 All information reported to or otherwise obtained by the 24 Director of Labor or his or her authorized representative in 25 connection with any inspection or proceeding under this Act or 26 the Health and Safety Act, which contains or might reveal trade secret shall be considered confidential, except that 27 such 28 information may be disclosed confidentially to other officers 29 or employees concerned with carrying out this Act or the Health 30 and Safety Act or when relevant to any proceeding under this Act. In any such proceeding, the Director of Labor or the court 31 shall issue such orders as may be appropriate, including the 32 impoundment of files, or portions of files, to protect 33 tho 34 confidentiality of trade secrets.

Any person who shall violate the confidentiality of trade
 secrets shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

3 (b) The Director of Labor may designate personnel to hear 4 evidence in disputed matters.

5 (h) Any employer who willfully violates any standard, rule
6 or order, if that violation caused death to any employee, shall
7 be guilty of a Class 4 felony.

8 (i) Whoever knowingly makes a false statement, 9 representation, or certification in any application, record, 10 report, plan or other document required pursuant to this Act, 11 shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.

12 (j) The Director of Labor shall also issue regulations 13 requiring that employers, through posting of notices or other 14 appropriate means, keep their employees informed of their 15 protections and obligations under these Acts, including the 16 provisions of applicable standards.

17 (k) The Director of Labor shall issue regulations requiring employers to maintain accurate records of employee exposures to 18 19 potentially toxic material or harmful physical agents which are required to be monitored or measured under the Health and 20 Safety Act. Such regulations shall provide employees or their 21 representatives with an opportunity to observe such monitoring 22 23 or measuring, and to have access to the records thereof. Such regulations shall also make appropriate provisions for each 24 employee or former employee to have access to such records as 25 will indicate his or her own exposure to toxic materials or 26 27 harmful physical agents. Each employer shall promptly notify 28 any employee who has been or is being exposed to toxic materials or harmful physical agents in concentrations or at 29 30 levels which exceed those prescribed by an Illinois occupational safety and health standard and shall inform any 31 employee who is being thus exposed of the corrective action 32 being taken. 33

34 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 87-245.)

Section 10. The Health and Safety Act is amended by

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Sec. 2.

1 changing Section 2 and changing and resectioning Section 4 as 2 follows:

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3 (820 ILCS 225/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 137.2)
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This Act shall apply to all <u>public</u> employers engaged in any 5 occupation, business or enterprise in this State, and their 6 7 employees, including the State of Illinois and its employees and all political subdivisions and its employees, except that 8 9 nothing in this Act shall apply to working conditions of 10 employees with respect to which Federal agencies, and State 11 agencies acting under Section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2021), exercise statutory authority 12 to prescribe or enforce standards or regulations affecting 13 14 occupational safety and health. Any regulations in excess of 15 applicable Federal standards shall, before being promulgated, 16 be the subject of hearings as required by this Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 78-867.)

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(820 ILCS 225/4) (from 820 ILCS 225/4, in part)

Sec. 4. <u>Records and reports; work-related deaths</u>, injuries, and illnesses.

21 (a) The Director shall prescribe rules requiring employers 22 to maintain accurate records of, and to make reports on, work-related deaths, injuries and illnesses, other than minor 23 24 injuries requiring only first aid treatment which do not 25 involve medical treatment, loss of consciousness, restriction 26 of work or motion, or transfer to another job. Such rules shall specifically include all of the reporting provisions of Section 27 28 6 of the Workers' Compensation Act and Section 6 of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act. 29

30 (b) Such records shall be available to any State agency 31 requiring such information.

32 (c) All reports filed hereunder shall be confidential and 33 any person having access to such records filed with the 34 Director as herein required, who shall release any information

therein contained including the names or otherwise identify any 1 2 persons sustaining injuries or disabilities, or give access to 3 such information to any unauthorized person, shall be subject to discipline or discharge, and in addition shall be guilty of 4 5 a Class B misdemeanor.

(Source: P.A. 87-245.) 6

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(820 ILCS 225/4.1 new) (from 820 ILCS 225/4, in part)

Sec. 4.1. Adoption of federal safety and health standards 8 9 as rules.

10 (a) (d) All federal occupational safety and health 11 standards which the United States Secretary of Labor has heretofore promulgated, modified or revoked in accordance with 12 the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, shall 13 be and are hereby made rules of the Director unless the 14 15 Director shall make, promulgate, and publish an alternate rule 16 least effective in providing safe and healthful at as employment and places of employment as a federal standard. 17 Prior to the development and promulgation of alternate 18 19 standards or the modification or revocation of existing standards, the Director must consider factual information 20 21 including:

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(1) Expert technical knowledge.

(2) Input from interested persons including employers, employees, recognized standards-producing organizations, 25 and the public.

26 (b) All federal occupational safety and health standards 27 which the United States Secretary of Labor shall hereafter promulgate, modify or revoke in accordance with the Federal 28 29 Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 shall become the 30 rules of the Department <u>6 months</u> 60 days after their federal 31 effective date, unless there shall have been in effect in this State at the time of the promulgation, modification or 32 33 revocation of such rule an alternate State rule at least as effective in providing safe and healthful employment and places 34 of employment as a federal standard. However, such rule shall 35

1 not become effective until the following requirements have been 2 met:

(1) The Department shall within 45 days after the 3 federal effective date of such rule, publish in 4 the 5 "Illinois Occupational Safety and Health Bulletin" the 6 provisions of such rule and in addition thereto shall file with the office of the Secretary of State in Springfield, 7 Illinois, a certified copy of such rule as provided in "The 8 9 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act", approved August 10 22, 1975, as amended; or

11 (2) In the event of the Department's failure to publish 12 or file a certified copy with the Secretary of State, any resident of the State of Illinois may upon 5 days written 13 notice to the Director publish such rule in one or more 14 newspapers of general circulation and file a certified copy 15 16 thereof with the office of the Secretary of State in 17 Springfield, Illinois, whereupon such rule shall become effective provided that in no event shall such effective 18 19 date be less than 60 days after the federal effective date.

20 <u>(c) The Director of Labor may promulgate emergency</u> 21 <u>temporary standards or rules to take effect immediately by</u> 22 <u>filing such rule or rules with the Illinois Secretary of State</u> 23 <u>providing that the Director of Labor shall first expressly</u> 24 <u>determine:</u>

(1) that the employees are exposed to grave danger from
 exposure to substances or agents determined to be toxic or
 physically harmful or from new hazards; and

28 (2) that such emergency standard is necessary to
 29 protect employees from such danger.

30 <u>The Director of Labor shall adopt emergency temporary</u> 31 <u>standards promulgated by the federal Occupational Safety and</u> 32 <u>Health Administration within 30 days of federal notice. Such</u> 33 <u>temporary emergency standards shall be effective until</u> 34 <u>superseded by a permanent standard but in no event for more</u> 35 <u>than 6 months from the date of its publication. The publication</u> 36 <u>of such temporary emergency standards shall be deemed to be a</u> SB1267 Engrossed - 21 - LRB094 04933 WGH 34962 b

petition to the Director of Labor for the promulgation of a
permanent standard and shall be deemed to be filed with the
Director of Labor on the date of its publication and the
proceeding for the permanent promulgation of the rule shall be
pursued in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

6 <u>(d)(1) Any standard promulgated under this Act shall</u> 7 prescribe the use of labels or other appropriate forms of 8 warning as are necessary to ensure that employees are apprised 9 of all hazards to which they are exposed, relevant symptoms and 10 appropriate emergency treatment, and proper conditions and 11 precautions of safe use or exposure.

12 (2) Where appropriate, such standard shall also prescribe 13 suitable protective equipment and control or technological 14 procedures to be used in connection with such hazards and shall 15 provide for monitoring or measuring employee exposure at such 16 locations and intervals, and in such manner as may be necessary 17 for the protection of employees.

(3) In addition, where appropriate, any such standard shall 18 prescribe the type and frequency of medical examinations or 19 20 other tests which shall be made available, by the employer or at the employer's cost, to employees exposed to such hazards in 21 order to most effectively determine whether the health of such 22 23 employees is adversely affected by such exposure. The results of such examinations or tests shall be furnished by the 24 employer only to the Department of Labor, or at the direction 25 of the Department to authorized medical personnel and at the 26 27 request of the employee to the employee's physician.

(4) The Director of Labor, in promulgating standards 28 dealing with toxic materials or harmful physical agents under 29 30 this subsection, shall set the standard which most adequately 31 ensures, to the extent feasible, on the basis of the best available evidence, that no employee will suffer material 32 impairment of health or functional capacity even if such 33 employee has regular exposure to the hazard dealt with by such 34 standard for the period of the employee's working life. 35 (5) Development of standards under this subsection shall be 36

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1 based upon research, demonstrations, experiments, and such 2 other information as may be appropriate. In addition to the attainment of the highest degree of health and safety 3 protection for the employee, other considerations shall be the 4 5 latest available scientific data in the field, the feasibility of the standards, and experience gained under this and other 6 health and safety laws. Whenever practicable, the standard 7 promulgated shall be expressed in terms of objective criteria 8 and of the performance desired. 9 (Source: P.A. 87-245.) 10

11 (820 ILCS 225/4.2 new) (from 820 ILCS 225/4, in part)

12 Sec. 4.2. Variances.

13 <u>(a) The Director of Labor has the authority to grant either</u> 14 <u>temporary or permanent variances from any of the State</u> 15 <u>standards upon application by a public employer. Any variance</u> 16 <u>from a State health and safety standard may have only future</u> 17 <u>effect.</u>

(b) (e) Any public employer may apply to the Director of
 Labor for a temporary order granting a variance from a standard
 or any provision thereof promulgated under this Act.

21 <u>(1)</u> Such temporary order shall be granted only if the 22 employer files an application which meets the requirements 23 of paragraph (1) of this subsection <u>(b)</u> (c) and 24 establishes<u>:</u>

(A) that he is unable to comply with a standard by 25 26 its effective date because of unavailability of 27 professional or technical personnel or of materials and equipment needed to come into compliance with the 28 29 standard or because necessary construction or 30 alteration of facilities cannot be completed by the 31 effective date;

32 <u>(B)</u> that he is taking all available steps to 33 safeguard his employees against the hazards covered by 34 the standard; and

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(C) that he has an effective program for coming

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into compliance with a standard as quickly as practicable.

Any temporary order issued under this Section shall prescribe the practices, means, methods, operations and processes which the employer must adopt and use while the order is in effect and state in detail his program for coming into compliance with the standard.

8 (2) Such a temporary order may be granted only after 9 notice to employees and an opportunity for a hearing. 10 However, in cases involving only documentary evidence in 11 support of the application for a temporary variance and in 12 which no objection is made or hearing requested by the 13 employees or their representative, the Director of Labor 14 may issue a temporary variance in accordance with this Act.

15 <u>(3)</u> In the event the application is contested or a 16 hearing requested, the application shall be heard and 17 determined by the Director.

(4) No order for a temporary variance may be in effect 18 for longer than the period needed by the employer to 19 20 achieve compliance with the standard or one year, whichever is shorter, except that such an order may be renewed not 21 more than twice, so long as the requirements of this 22 23 paragraph are met and if an application for renewal is filed at least 90 days prior to the expiration date of the 24 order. No interim renewal of an order may remain in effect 25 for longer than 180 days. 26

27 (5) (1) An application for a temporary order as herein
 28 provided shall contain:

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(A) a. a specification of the standard or portion thereof from which the employer seeks a variance;

31 <u>(B)</u> b. a representation by the employer, supported 32 by representations from qualified persons having 33 first-hand knowledge of the facts represented, that he 34 is unable to comply with a standard or portion thereof 35 and a detailed statement of the reasons therefor;

<u>(C)</u> c. a statement of the steps he has taken and

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will take (with specific dates) to protect employees against a hazard covered by the standard;

(D) a statement of when d. the date by which he expects to <u>be able to</u> comply with the standard and what steps he has taken and will take (with dates specified) to comply with the standard; and

(E) e. a certification that he has informed his 7 employees of the application by giving a copy thereof 8 9 their authorized representatives, to posting a 10 statement summarizing the application and specifying 11 where employees may examine a copy of such application. 12 A description of how employees have been informed shall 13 be contained in the certification. The information to employees shall also inform them of their right to petition 14 15 the Director for a hearing.

(6) (2) The Director of Labor is authorized to grant a 16 17 variance from any standard or portion thereof whenever the Director of Labor determines that such variance 18 is 19 necessary to permit an employer to participate in an 20 experiment approved by the Director of Labor designed to 21 demonstrate or validate new and improved techniques to 22 safeguard the health or safety of workers.

23 (c) (f) Any affected employer may apply to the Director of 24 Labor for a rule or order for a permanent variance other than a 25 temporary variance from a standard promulgated under this Act. 26 Affected employees shall be given notice of each such 27 application and an opportunity to participate in a hearing. The 28 Director of Labor shall issue such rule or order if he determines on the record, after opportunity for an inspection 29 30 where appropriate and a hearing, that the proponent of the variance has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence 31 32 that the conditions, practices, means, methods, operations or processes used or proposed to be used by an employer will 33 provide employment and places of employment to his employees 34 35 which are as safe and healthful as those which would prevail if he complied with the standard. The rule or order so issued 36

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1 shall prescribe the conditions the employer must maintain, and 2 the practices, means, methods, operations, and processes which 3 he must adopt and utilize to the extent they differ from the 4 standard in question. Such a rule or order may be modified or 5 revoked upon application by an employer, or employees, or by 6 the Director of Labor on his own motion, in the manner 7 prescribed for its issuance under this Section at any time 8 after 6 months from its issuance.

(g) The Director of Labor may promulgate emergency 9 temporary standards or rules to take effect immediately by 10 filing such rule or rules with the Illinois Secretary of State 11 and publishing them in the "Illinois Occupational Safety and 12 Health Bulletin" or if that is not available, in one or more 13 newspapers of general circulation providing that the Director 14 of Labor shall first expressly determine (1) that the employees 15 16 are exposed to grave danger from exposure to substances or 17 agents determined to be toxic or physically harmful or from hazards, and (2) that such emergency standard is necessary to 18 protect employees from such danger. 19

20 Such temporary emergency standard shall be effective until 21 superseded by a permanent standard but in no event for more 22 than 6 months from the date of its publication.

The publication of such temporary emergency standard shall be deemed to be a petition to the Director of Labor for the promulgation of a permanent standard and shall be deemed to be filed with the Director of Labor on the date of its publication and the proceeding for the permanent promulgation of the rule shall be pursued in accordance with the provisions of Section 7 of this Act.

30 (h) Any standard promulgated under this Act shall prescribe 31 the use of labels or other appropriate forms of warning as are 32 necessary to insure that employees are apprised of all hazards 33 to which they are exposed, relevant symptoms and appropriate 34 emergency treatment, and proper conditions and precautions of 35 safe use or exposure. Where appropriate, such standard shall 36 also prescribe suitable protective equipment and control or SB1267 Engrossed - 26 - LRB094 04933 WGH 34962 b

technological procedures to be used in connection with such 1 2 hazards and shall provide for a monitoring or measuring employee exposure at such locations and intervals, and in such 3 manner as may be necessary for the protection of employees. In 4 5 addition, where appropriate, any such standard shall prescribe 6 the type and frequency of medical examinations or other tests 7 which shall be made available, by the employer or at his cost, 8 to employees exposed to such hazards in order to most effectively determine whether the health of such employees is 9 adversely affected by such exposure. The results of such 10 examinations or tests shall be furnished by the employer only 11 to the Department of Labor, or at the direction of the 12 Department to authorized medical personnel and at the request 13 of the employee to his physician. The Director of Labor, in 14 promulgating standards dealing with toxic materials or harmful 15 16 physical agents under this subsection, shall set the standard which most adequately assures, to the extent feasible, on the 17 basis of the best available evidence, that no employee will 18 suffer material impairment of health or functional capacity 19 even if such employee has regular exposure to the hazard dealt 20 with by such standard for the period of his working life. 21 Development of standards under this subsection shall be based 22 23 upon research, demonstrations, experiments, and such other information as may be appropriate. In addition to + ho 24 attainment of the highest degree of health and safety 25 protection for the employee, other considerations shall be the 26 27 latest available scientific data in the field, the feasibility 28 of the standards, and experience gained under this and other health and safety laws. Whenever practicable, the standard 29 promulgated shall be expressed in terms of objective criteria 30 and of the performance desired. 31 (Source: P.A. 87-245.) 32