

Sen. Terry Link

Filed: 5/13/2005

09400SB0620sam001 LRB094 04349 BDD 46502 a AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 620 1 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 620 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: "Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing 4 Section 8h and by adding Sections 5.640, 6z-68, and 8.25g as 5 6 follows: 7 (30 ILCS 105/5.640 new) Sec. 5.640. The Conservation Initiatives Fund. 8 (30 ILCS 105/6z-68 new)9 Sec. 6z-68. The Conservation Initiatives Fund. 10 (a) The Conservation Initiatives Fund is created as a 11 special fund in the State treasury. At the beginning of each 12 13 fiscal quarter, or as soon thereafter as practical, the State Treasurer must transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the 14 15 Conservation Initiatives Fund an amount equal to 25% of the total amount of the credits received by all public utilities 16 17 under Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act during Fiscal Year 2005. 18 (b) Of the moneys in the Fund: 19 20 (1) 20% shall be available to the Department of Natural 21 Resources to be used, subject to appropriation, only for the operation of the Conservation 2000 program; 22 (2) 40% shall be available to the Department of Natural 23

| 1 | Resources to be used, subject to appropriation, only for |
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| 2 | the nonfederal cost share of Conservation Reserve |
| 3 | Enhancement Programs; |
| 4 | (3) 20% shall be available to the Department of Natural |
| 5 | Resources to be used, subject to appropriation, only for |
| 6 | personal services and related items necessary to retain |
| 7 | conservation personnel; and |
| 8 | (4) 20% shall be available to the Department of |
| 9 | Agriculture to be used, subject to appropriation, only for |
| 10 | grants to soil and water conservation districts to |
| 11 | implement agricultural resource enhancement programs for |
| 12 | Illinois' natural resources, including operation expenses. |
| 13 | (c) Moneys received for the purposes of this Section, |
| 14 | including, without limitation, appropriations, gifts, grants, |
| 15 | and awards from any public or private entity, must be deposited |
| 16 | into the Fund. Any interest earned on moneys in the Fund must |
| 17 | be deposited into the Fund. |
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| 18 | (30 ILCS 105/8.25g new) |
| 19 | Sec. 8.25g. Transfers to the Municipal Economic |
| 20 | Development Fund. At the beginning of each fiscal year, or as |
| 21 | soon thereafter as practical, the State Treasurer shall |
| 22 | transfer the sum of \$500,000 from the General Revenue Fund to |

26 (30 ILCS 105/8h)

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Sec. 8h. Transfers to General Revenue Fund.

of the Public Utilities Act.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, the Governor may, through June 30, 2007, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum from any fund held by the State Treasurer to the General Revenue Fund in order to

the Municipal Economic Development Fund. The moneys shall be

distributed as authorized by subsection (j) of Section 8-403.1

help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year. 1 2 The total transfer under this Section from any fund in any 3 fiscal year shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 8% of the 4 revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year or (ii) an amount that leaves a remaining fund balance of 25%5 of the July 1 fund balance of that fiscal year. In fiscal year 6 7 2005 only, prior to calculating the July 1, 2004 final 8 balances, the Governor may calculate and direct the State Treasurer with the Comptroller to transfer additional amounts 9 10 determined by applying the formula authorized in Public Act 93-839 to the funds balances on July 1, 2003. No transfer may 11 be made from a fund under this Section that would have the 12 effect of reducing the available balance in the fund to an 13 14 amount less than the amount remaining unexpended and unreserved 15 from the total appropriation from that fund estimated to be expended for that fiscal year. This Section does not apply to 16 any funds that are restricted by federal law to a specific use, 17 to any funds in the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Hospital Provider 18 19 the Medicaid Provider Relief Fund, the Conservation 20 Initiatives Fund, or the Reviewing Court Alternative Dispute 21 Resolution Fund, or to any funds to which subsection (f) of Section 20-40 of the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act 22 23 applies. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, 2.4 for fiscal year 2004, the total transfer under this Section 25 from the Road Fund or the State Construction Account Fund shall 26 not exceed the lesser of (i) 5% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year or (ii) 25% of the 27 28 beginning balance in the fund. For fiscal year 2005 through 29 fiscal year 2007, no amounts may be transferred under this Section from the Road Fund, the State Construction Account 30 31 Fund, the Criminal Justice Information Systems Trust Fund, the 32 Wireless Service Emergency Fund, or the Mandatory Arbitration 33 Fund.

In determining the available balance in a fund,

the

- 1 Governor may include receipts, transfers into the fund, and
- 2 other resources anticipated to be available in the fund in that
- 3 fiscal year.
- 4 The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the
- 5 amounts designated under this Section as soon as may be
- 6 practicable after receiving the direction to transfer from the
- 7 Governor.
- 8 (b) This Section does not apply to any fund established
- 9 under the Community Senior Services and Resources Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 6-20-03; 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-674,
- 11 eff. 6-10-04; 93-714, eff. 7-12-04; 93-801, eff. 7-22-04;
- 93-839, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1054, eff. 11-18-04; 93-1067, eff.
- 13 1-15-05.)
- 14 Section 10. The Electricity Excise Tax Law is amended by
- changing Sections 2-7 and 2-9 as follows:
- 16 (35 ILCS 640/2-7)
- 17 Sec. 2-7. Collection of electricity excise tax.
- 18 (a) Beginning with bills for electricity or electric
- 19 service issued on and after August 1, 1998, the tax imposed by
- 20 this Law shall be collected from the purchaser, other than a
- 21 self-assessing purchaser where the delivering supplier or
- 22 suppliers are notified by the Department that the purchaser has
- 23 been registered as a self-assessing purchaser for the accounts
- listed by the self-assessing purchaser as described in Section
- 25 2-10 of this Law, by any delivering supplier maintaining a
- 26 place of business in this State at the rates stated in Section
- 27 2-4 with respect to the electricity delivered by such
- 28 delivering supplier to or for the purchaser, and shall be
- 29 remitted to the Department as provided in Section 2-9 of this
- 30 Law. All sales to a purchaser are presumed subject to tax
- 31 collection unless the Department notifies the delivering
- 32 supplier that the purchaser has been registered as a

self-assessing purchaser for the accounts listed by the 1 2 self-assessing purchaser as described in Section 2-10 of this 3 Law. Upon receipt of notification by the Department, delivering supplier is relieved of all liability for the 4 5 collection and remittance of tax from the self-assessing purchaser for which notification was provided by 6 the 7 Department. The delivering supplier is relieved of liability for the collection of the tax from a self-assessing 8 purchaser until such time as the delivering supplier is 9 10 notified in writing by the Department that the purchaser's certification as a self-assessing purchaser is no longer in 11 effect. Delivering suppliers shall collect the tax from 12 purchasers by adding the tax to the amount of the purchase 13 14 price received from the purchaser for delivering electricity 15 for or to the purchaser. Where a delivering supplier does not 16 collect the tax from a purchaser, other than a self-assessing purchaser, as provided herein, such purchaser shall pay the tax 17 directly to the Department. 18

Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, through June 30, 2005, the The credit allowed to a public utility under Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act shall be allowed as a credit against the public utility's obligation to remit electricity excise tax described in Section 2-9. After June 30, 2005, the tax credit is allowed only for electricity generated by qualified solid waste energy facilities fueled by methane gas from landfills owned by forest preserve districts as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 8-1-98; 90-624, eff. 7-10-98;

31 (35 ILCS 640/2-9)

90-813, eff. 1-29-99.)

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- Sec. 2-9. Return and payment of tax by delivering supplier. 32
- 33 Each delivering supplier who is required or authorized to

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1 collect the tax imposed by this Law shall make a return to the Department on or before the 15th day of each month for the 2 3 preceding calendar month stating the following:

- (1) The delivering supplier's name.
- (2) The address of the delivering supplier's principal place of business and the address of the principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which the delivering supplier engaged in the business of delivering electricity in this State.
- (3) The total number of kilowatt-hours which the supplier delivered to or for purchasers during t.he preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed.
- (4) Amount of tax, computed upon Item (3) at the rates stated in Section 2-4.
- (5) An adjustment for uncollectible amounts of tax in prior period kilowatt-hour deliveries, determined in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Department.
- (5.5) Through June 30, 2005, the The amount of credits to which the taxpayer is entitled on account of purchases made under Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act and after June 30, 2005, the amount of credits to which the taxpayer is entitled on account of purchases made under Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act relating to purchases of electricity generated by qualified solid waste energy facilities fueled from methane gas from landfills that are owned by forest preserve districts as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th Gene<u>ral</u> Assembly.
- (6) Such other information as the Department reasonably may require.
- In making such return the delivering supplier may use any reasonable method to derive reportable "kilowatt-hours" from

the delivering supplier's records.

If the average monthly tax liability to the Department of the delivering supplier does not exceed \$2,500, the Department may authorize the delivering supplier's returns to be filed on a quarter-annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 30 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 31 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 31 of such year; and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31 of the following year.

If the average monthly tax liability to the Department of the delivering supplier does not exceed \$1,000, the Department may authorize the delivering supplier's returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 31 of the following year.

Such quarter-annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Law concerning the time within which a delivering supplier may file a return, any such delivering supplier who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes the person responsible for filing returns under this Law shall file a final return under this Law with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

Each delivering supplier whose average monthly liability to the Department under this Law was \$10,000 or more during the preceding calendar year, excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such calendar year, and who is not operated by a unit of local government, shall make estimated payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which tax liability to the Department is incurred in an amount not less

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than the lower of either 22.5% of such delivering supplier's actual tax liability for the month or 25% of such delivering supplier's actual tax liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter-monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of such delivering supplier's return for that month. An outstanding credit approved by the Department or a credit memorandum issued by the Department arising from such delivering supplier's overpayment of his or her final tax liability for any month may applied to reduce the amount of any subsequent quarter-monthly payment or credited against the final tax liability of such delivering supplier's return for subsequent month. If any quarter-monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, such delivering supplier shall be liable for penalty and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such payment actually and timely paid, except as such delivering supplier has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

If the Director finds that the information required for the making of an accurate return cannot reasonably be compiled by such delivering supplier within 15 days after the close of the calendar month for which a return is to be made, the Director may grant an extension of time for the filing of such return for a period not to exceed 31 calendar days. The granting of such an extension may be conditioned upon the deposit by such delivering supplier with the Department of an amount of money not exceeding the amount estimated by the Director to be due with the return so extended. All such deposits shall be credited against such delivering supplier's liabilities under this Law. If the deposit exceeds such delivering supplier's present and probable future liabilities under this Law, the Department shall issue to such delivering supplier a credit

1 memorandum, which may be assigned by such delivering supplier

2 to a similar person under this Law, in accordance with

reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the

4 Department.

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The delivering supplier making the return provided for in this Section shall, at the time of making such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Law.

Until October 1, 2002, a delivering supplier who has an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the delivering supplier's liabilities under this Law for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Any delivering supplier not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission Department. All delivering suppliers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer and any delivering suppliers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

Through June 30, 2004, each month the Department shall pay into the Public Utility Fund in the State treasury an amount determined by the Director to be equal to 3.0% of the funds received by the Department pursuant to this Section. Through June 30, 2004, the remainder of all moneys received by the Department under this Section shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury. Beginning on July 1, 2004, of the 3% of the funds received pursuant to this Section, each month the Department shall pay \$416,667 into the General

- Revenue Fund and the balance shall be paid into the Public 1
- Utility Fund in the State treasury. 2
- 3 (Source: P.A. 92-492, eff. 1-1-02; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04.)
- 4 Section 15. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
- Section 8-403.1 as follows: 5
- (220 ILCS 5/8-403.1) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-403.1) 6
- 7 Sec. 8-403.1. Electricity purchased from qualified solid
- waste energy facility; tax credit; distributions for economic 8
- 9 development.
- (a) It is hereby declared to be the policy of this State to 10
- encourage the development of alternate energy production 11
- 12 facilities in order to conserve our energy resources and to
- 13 provide for their most efficient use.
- (b) For the purpose of this Section and Section 9-215.1, 14
- "qualified solid waste energy facility" means a facility 15
- 16 determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission to qualify as
- 17 such under the Local Solid Waste Disposal Act, to use methane
- 18 gas generated from landfills as its primary fuel, and to
- 19 possess characteristics that would enable it to qualify as a
- cogeneration or small power production facility under federal 20
- 21 law.
- 22 (c) In furtherance of the policy declared in this Section,
- 23 the Illinois Commerce Commission shall require electric
- 24 utilities to enter into long-term contracts to purchase
- electricity from qualified solid waste energy facilities 25
- 26 located in the electric utility's service area, for a period
- 27 beginning on the date that the facility begins generating
- 28 electricity and having a duration of not less than 10 years in
- 29 the case of facilities fueled by landfill-generated methane, or
- 30 20 years in the case of facilities fueled by methane generated
- from a landfill owned by a forest preserve district. The 31
- purchase rate contained in such contracts shall be equal to the 32

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average amount per kilowatt-hour paid from time to time by the 1 unit or units of local government in which the electricity 2 3 generating facilities are located, excluding amounts paid for 4 street lighting and pumping service.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section or any other law to the contrary, an electric utility is not required to purchase electricity from any qualified solid waste energy facility after June 30, 2005, except for electricity generated from qualified solid waste energy facilities that are fueled by methane gas from landfills owned by forest preserve districts as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

Through June 30, 2005, whenever Whenever a public utility is required to purchase electricity pursuant to subsection (c) above, it shall be entitled to credits in respect of its obligations to remit to the State taxes it has collected under the Electricity Excise Tax Law equal to the amounts, if any, by which payments for such electricity exceed (i) the then current rate at which the utility must purchase the output of qualified facilities pursuant to the federal Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978, less (ii) any costs, expenses, losses, damages or other amounts incurred by the utility, or for which it becomes liable, arising out of its failure to obtain such electricity from such other sources. The amount of any such credit shall, in the first instance, be determined by the utility, which shall make a monthly report of such credits to the Illinois Commerce Commission and, on its monthly tax return, to the Illinois Department of Revenue. Under no circumstances shall a utility be required to purchase electricity from a qualified solid waste energy facility at the rate prescribed in subsection (c) of this Section if such purchase would result in estimated tax credits that exceed, on a monthly basis, the utility's estimated obligation to remit to the State taxes it has collected under the Electricity Excise

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Tax Law. The owner or operator shall negotiate facility operating conditions with the purchasing utility in accordance with that utility's posted standard terms and conditions for small power producers. If the Department of Revenue disputes the amount of any such credit, such dispute shall be decided by the Illinois Commerce Commission. Whenever a qualified solid waste energy facility has paid or otherwise satisfied in full the capital costs or indebtedness incurred in developing and implementing the qualified facility, the qualified facility shall reimburse the Public Utility Fund and the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury for the actual reduction in payments to those Funds caused by this subsection (d) in a manner to be determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission and based on the manner in which revenues for those Funds were reduced.

(e) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall not require an electric utility to purchase electricity from any qualified solid waste energy facility which is owned or operated by an entity that is primarily engaged in the business of producing or selling electricity, gas, or useful thermal energy from a source other than one or more qualified solid waste energy facilities.

The Illinois Commerce Commission shall not require an electric utility to purchase electricity from any qualified solid waste energy facility after June 30, 2005, except for electricity generated by a qualified solid waste energy facility fueled by methane gas from landfills owned by forest preserve districts as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

- (f) This Section does not require an electric utility to construct additional facilities unless those facilities are paid for by the owner or operator of the affected qualified solid waste energy facility.
- (g) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall require that: 33 (1) electric utilities use the electricity purchased from a 34

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- qualified solid waste energy facility to displace electricity
 generated from nuclear power or coal mined and purchased
 outside the boundaries of the State of Illinois before
 displacing electricity generated from coal mined and purchased
 within the State of Illinois, to the extent possible, and (2)
 electric utilities report annually to the Commission on the
 extent of such displacements.
 - (h) Nothing in this Section is intended to cause an electric utility that is required to purchase power hereunder to incur any economic loss as a result of its purchase. All amounts paid for power which a utility is required to purchase pursuant to subparagraph (c) shall be deemed to be costs prudently incurred for purposes of computing charges under rates authorized by Section 9-220 of this Act. Tax credits provided for herein shall be reflected in charges made pursuant to rates so authorized to the extent such credits are based upon a cost which is also reflected in such charges.
 - (i) Beginning in February 1999 and through January 2009, qualified solid waste energy facility that electricity to an electric utility at the purchase rate described in subsection (c) shall file with the Department of Revenue on or before the 15th of each month a form, prescribed by the Department of Revenue, that states the number of kilowatt hours of electricity for which payment was received at that purchase rate from electric utilities in Illinois during the immediately preceding month. This form shall be accompanied by a payment from the qualified solid waste energy facility in an amount equal to six-tenths of a mill (\$0.0006) per kilowatt hour of electricity stated on the form. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, a qualified solid waste energy facility must file the form required under this subsection (i) before the 15th of each month regardless of whether the facility received any payment in the previous month. Payments received by the Department of

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shall be deposited into the Municipal Economic Development Fund, a trust fund created outside the State treasury. The State Treasurer may invest the moneys in the Fund in any investment authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act, and investment income shall be deposited into and become part of the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used by the State Treasurer as provided in subsection (j). The obligation of a qualified solid waste energy facility to make payments into the Municipal Economic Development Fund shall terminate upon the first of the following to occur either: (1) expiration or termination of a facility's contract to sell electricity to an electric utility at the purchase rate described in subsection (c); er (2) entry of an enforceable, final, and non-appealable order by a court of competent jurisdiction that Public Act 89-448 is invalid; or (3) January 31, 2009. Payments by a qualified solid waste energy facility into the Municipal Economic Development Fund do not relieve the qualified solid waste energy facility of its obligation to reimburse the Public Utility Fund and the General Revenue Fund for the actual reduction in payments to those Funds as a result of credits received by electric utilities under subsection (d).

A qualified solid waste energy facility that fails to timely file the requisite form and payment as required by this subsection (i) shall be subject to penalties and interest in conformance with the provisions of the Illinois Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

Every qualified solid waste energy facility subject to the provisions of this subsection (i) shall keep and maintain records and books of its sales pursuant to subsection (c), including payments received from those sales the corresponding tax payments made in accordance with subsection (i), and for purposes of enforcement of this subsection (i) all such books and records shall be subject to inspection by the Department of Revenue or its duly authorized agents or employees.

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When a qualified solid waste energy facility fails to file the form or make the payment required under this subsection (i), the Department of Revenue, to the extent that it is practical, may enforce the payment obligation in a manner consistent with Section 5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and if necessary may impose and enforce a tax lien in a manner consistent with Sections 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, and 5i of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. No tax lien may be imposed or enforced, however, unless a qualified solid waste energy facility fails to make the payment required under subsection (i). Only to the extent necessary and for the purpose of enforcing this subsection (i), the Department of Revenue may secure necessary information from a qualified solid waste energy facility in a manner consistent with Section 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

All information received by the Department of Revenue in its administration and enforcement of this subsection (i) shall be confidential in a manner consistent with Section 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection (i).

For purposes of implementing the maximum aggregate distribution provisions in subsections (j) and (k), when a qualified solid waste energy facility makes a late payment to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Municipal Economic Development Fund, that payment and deposit shall be attributed to the month and corresponding quarter in which the payment should have been made, and the Treasurer shall make retroactive distributions or refunds, as the case may be, whenever such late payments so require.

(j) The State Treasurer, without appropriation, must make distributions immediately after January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of each year, up to maximum aggregate distributions of \$500,000 for the distributions made in the 4

quarters beginning with the April distribution and ending with 1 2 distribution, from the January Municipal Economic 3 Development Fund to each city, village, or incorporated town 4 that has within its boundaries an incinerator that: (1) uses 5 or, on the effective date of Public Act 90-813, used municipal waste as its primary fuel to generate electricity; (2) was 6 7 determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission to qualify as a qualified solid waste energy facility prior to the effective 8 date of Public Act 89-448; and (3) commenced operation prior to 9 10 January 1, 1998. Total distributions in the aggregate to all 11 qualified cities, villages, and incorporated towns in the 4 quarters beginning with the April distribution and ending with 12 the January distribution shall not exceed \$500,000. The amount 13 14 of each distribution shall be determined pro rata based on the 15 population of the city, village, or incorporated town compared 16 the total population of all cities, villages, 17 incorporated towns eligible to receive a distribution. 18 Distributions received by a city, village, or incorporated town 19 must be held in a separate account and may be used only to 20 promote and enhance industrial, commercial, residential, 21 service, transportation, and recreational activities and facilities within its boundaries, thereby enhancing the 22 employment opportunities, public health and general welfare, 23 2.4 and economic development within the community, including 25 administrative expenditures exclusively to further these 26 activities. These funds, however, shall not be used by the city, village, or incorporated town, directly or indirectly, to 27 28 purchase, lease, operate, or in any way subsidize the operation 29 of any incinerator, and these funds shall not be paid, directly or indirectly, by the city, village, or incorporated town to 30 31 the owner, operator, lessee, shareholder, or bondholder of any incinerator. Moreover, these funds shall not be used to pay 32 attorneys fees in any litigation relating to the validity of 33 Public Act 89-448. Nothing in this Section prevents a city, 34

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- village, or incorporated town from using other corporate funds for any legitimate purpose. For purposes of this subsection, the term "municipal waste" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- 4 Section 3.290 of the Environmental Protection Act.
 - (k) If maximum aggregate distributions of \$500,000 under subsection (j) have been made after the January distribution from the Municipal Economic Development Fund, then the balance in the Fund shall be refunded to the qualified solid waste energy facilities that made payments that were deposited into the Fund during the previous 12-month period. The refunds shall be prorated based upon the facility's payments in relation to total payments for that 12-month period.
- Beginning January 1, 2000, and each January 1 13 14 thereafter, each city, village, or incorporated town that 15 received distributions from the Municipal Economic Development Fund, continued to hold any of those distributions, or made 16 expenditures from those distributions during the immediately 17 18 preceding year shall submit to a financial and compliance and 19 program audit of those distributions performed by the Auditor 20 General at no cost to the city, village, or incorporated town 21 that received the distributions. The audit should be completed by June 30 or as soon thereafter as possible. The audit shall 22 23 be submitted to the State Treasurer and those officers 24 enumerated in Section 3-14 of the Illinois State Auditing Act. 25 If the Auditor General finds that distributions have been 26 expended in violation of this Section, the Auditor General shall refer the matter to the Attorney General. The Attorney 27 28 General may recover, in a civil action, 3 times the amount of 29 any distributions illegally expended. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "financial audit," "compliance audit", 30 31 and "program audit" have the meanings ascribed to them in Sections 1-13 and 1-15 of the Illinois State Auditing Act. 32
- 33 (Source: P.A. 91-901, eff. 1-1-01; 92-435, eff. 8-17-01;
- 34 92-574, eff. 6-26-02.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 2 2005.".