

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB0461

Introduced 2/16/2005, by Sen. Richard J. Winkel, Jr.

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

40 ILCS	5/15-112	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-112
40 ILCS	5/15-113.6	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-113.6
40 ILCS	5/15-113.7	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-113.7
40 ILCS	5/15-136	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-136
40 ILCS	5/15-139	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-139
40 ILCS	5/15-154	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-154
40 ILCS	5/15-158.2						
40 ILCS	5/15-187	${\tt from}$	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-187
40 ILCS	5/15-190	from	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-190
40 ILCS	5/15-191	${\tt from}$	Ch.	108	1/2,	par.	15-191

Amends the State Universities Article of the Illinois Pension Code. Provides that, for an employee whose final rate of earnings period includes March 2005, the final rate of earnings means the average annual earnings during the 48 consecutive calendar month period ending with the last day of final termination of employment or the 4 consecutive academic years service in which the employee's earnings were the highest, whichever is greater. In provisions concerning service for employment in public schools and service for other public employment, removes references to payment of 50% of the actuarial value of the increase in the retirement annuity provided by the service. In provisions concerning retirement annuities, provides that any retirement benefit accrued but unpaid on the death of an annuitant shall be paid to the annuitant's beneficiary. Makes changes concerning annuitants who return to employment for an employer. Provides that the 5 or more years of service after which a participant shall also be entitled to a distribution of employer contributions in a specified amount may include service for unused sick leave or reciprocal service from the participant's election to retire and apply the reciprocal provisions  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ contained in the Code. Provides that certain military service shall be counted in determining when a self-managed plan becomes vested. Removes the requirement that, with respect to payment of benefits to persons under legal disability or minors, the receipt of payment be written for the purpose of the absolute discharge of the system's liability. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB094 10644 AMC 40998 b

PENSION IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 15-112, 15-113.6, 15-113.7, 15-136, 15-139, 15-154,
- 15-158.2, 15-187, 15-190, and 15-191 as follows: 6
- 7 (40 ILCS 5/15-112) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-112)

Sec. 15-112. Final rate of earnings. "Final rate of earnings": For an employee who is paid on an hourly basis or who receives an annual salary in installments during 12 months of each academic year or whose final rate of earnings period includes March 1, 2005, the average annual earnings during the 48 consecutive calendar month period ending with the last day of final termination of employment or the 4 consecutive academic years of service in which the employee's earnings were the highest, whichever is greater. For any other employee, the average annual earnings during the 4 consecutive academic years of service in which his or her earnings were the highest. For an employee with less than 48 months or 4 consecutive academic years of service, the average earnings during his or her entire period of service. The earnings of an employee with more than 36 months of service prior to the date of becoming a 23 participant are, for such period, considered equal to the average earnings during the last 36 months of such service. For an employee on leave of absence with pay, or on leave of absence without pay who makes contributions during such leave, earnings are assumed to be equal to the basic compensation on the date the leave began. For an employee on disability leave, earnings are assumed to be equal to the basic compensation on the date disability occurs or the average earnings during the 24 months immediately preceding the month in which disability occurs, whichever is greater.

For a participant who retires on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 with at least 20 years of service as a firefighter or police officer under this Article, the final rate of earnings shall be the annual rate of earnings received by the participant on his or her last day as a firefighter or police officer under this Article, if that is greater than the final rate of earnings as calculated under the other provisions of this Section.

If a participant is an employee for at least 6 months during the academic year in which his or her employment is terminated, the annual final rate of earnings shall be 25% of the sum of (1) the annual basic compensation for that year, and (2) the amount earned during the 36 months immediately preceding that year, if this is greater than the final rate of earnings as calculated under the other provisions of this Section.

In the determination of the final rate of earnings for an employee, that part of an employee's earnings for any academic year beginning after June 30, 1997, which exceeds the employee's earnings with that employer for the preceding year by more than 20 percent shall be excluded; in the event that an employee has more than one employer this limitation shall be calculated separately for the earnings with each employer. In making such calculation, only the basic compensation of employees shall be considered, without regard to vacation or overtime or to contracts for summer employment.

The following are not considered as earnings in determining final rate of earnings: (1) severance or separation pay, (2) retirement pay, (3) payment for unused sick leave, and (4) payments from an employer for the period used in determining final rate of earnings for any purpose other than (i) services rendered, (ii) leave of absence or vacation granted during that period, and (iii) vacation of up to 56 work days allowed upon termination of employment; except that, if the benefit has been collectively bargained between the employer and the recognized collective bargaining agent pursuant to the Illinois

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Educational Labor Relations Act, payment received during a 2 period of up to 2 academic years for unused sick leave may be 3 considered as earnings in accordance with the applicable 4 collective bargaining agreement, subject to the 20% increase

5 limitation of this Section. Any unused sick leave considered as

earnings under this Section shall not be taken into account in

calculating service credit under Section 15-113.4.

8 Intermittent periods of service shall be considered as 9 consecutive in determining final rate of earnings.

(Source: P.A. 92-599, eff. 6-28-02; 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.) 10

(40 ILCS 5/15-113.6) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-113.6) 11

Sec. 15-113.6. Service for employment in public schools. "Service for employment in public schools": Includes those periods not exceeding the lesser of 10 years or 2/3 of the service granted under other Sections of this Article dealing with service credit, during which a person who entered the system after September 1, 1974 was employed full time by a public common school, public college and public university, or by an agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing, of any state, territory, dependency or possession of the United States of America, including the Philippine Islands, or a school operated by or under the auspices of any agency or department of any other state, if the person (1) cannot qualify for a retirement pension or other benefit based upon employer contributions from another retirement system, exclusive of federal social security, based in whole or in part upon this employment, and (2) pays the lesser of (A) an amount equal to 8% of his or her annual basic compensation on the date of becoming a participating employee subsequent to this service multiplied by the number of years of such service, together with compound interest from the date participation begins to the date payment is received by the board at the rate of 6% per annum through August 31, 1982, and at the effective rates after that date, and (B) 50% of the actuarial value of the in the retirement annuity provided by this service, and (3)

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contributes for at least 5 years subsequent to this employment to one or more of the following systems: the State Universities

3 Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of the State

4 of Illinois, and the Public School Teachers' Pension and

5 Retirement Fund of Chicago.

The service granted under this Section shall not be considered in determining whether the person has the minimum of 8 years of service required to qualify for a retirement annuity at age 55 or the 5 years of service required to qualify for a retirement annuity at age 62, as provided in Section 15-135. The maximum allowable service of 10 years for this governmental employment shall be reduced by the service credit which is validated under paragraph (3) of Section 16-127 and paragraph 1 of Section 17-133.

15 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

16 (40 ILCS 5/15-113.7) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-113.7)

15-113.7. Service for other public employment. "Service for other public employment": Includes those periods not exceeding the lesser of 10 years or 2/3 of the service granted under other Sections of this Article dealing with service credit, during which a person was employed full time by the United States government, or by the government of a state, or by a political subdivision of a state, or by an agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing, if the person (1) cannot qualify for a retirement pension or other benefit based upon employer contributions from another retirement system, exclusive of federal social security, based in whole or in part upon this employment, and (2) pays the lesser of (A) an amount equal to 8% of his or her annual basic compensation on the date of becoming a participating employee subsequent to this service multiplied by the number of years of such service, together with compound interest from the date participation begins to the date payment is received by the board at the rate of 6% per annum through August 31, 1982, and at the effective rates after that date, and (B) 50% of the actuarial value of the increase

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1 in the retirement annuity provided by this service, and (3) contributes for at least 5 years subsequent to this employment 2 3 to one or more of the following systems: the State Universities Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of the State 4 5 of Illinois, and the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago. If a function of a governmental 6 unit as defined by Section 20-107 is transferred by law, in 7 whole or in part to an employer, and an employee transfers 8 9 employment from this governmental unit to such employer within 6 months of the transfer of the function, the payment for 10 11 service authorized under this Section shall not exceed the 12 amount which would have been payable for this service to the retirement system covering the governmental unit from which the 13 function was transferred. 14

The service granted under this Section shall not be considered in determining whether the person has the minimum of 8 years of service required to qualify for a retirement annuity at age 55 or the 5 years of service required to qualify for a retirement annuity at age 62, as provided in Section 15-135. The maximum allowable service of 10 years for this governmental employment shall be reduced by the service credit which is validated under paragraph (3) of Section 16-127 and paragraph one of Section 17-133.

Except as hereinafter provided, this Section shall not apply to persons who become participants in the system after September 1, 1974.

27 (Source: P.A. 90-65, eff. 7-7-97; 90-511, eff. 8-22-97.)

28 (40 ILCS 5/15-136) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-136)

Sec. 15-136. Retirement annuities - Amount. The provisions of this Section 15-136 apply only to those participants who are participating in the traditional benefit package or the portable benefit package and do not apply to participants who are participating in the self-managed plan.

(a) The amount of a participant's retirement annuity, expressed in the form of a single-life annuity, shall be

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determined by whichever of the following rules is applicable and provides the largest annuity:

Rule 1: The retirement annuity shall be 1.67% of final rate of earnings for each of the first 10 years of service, 1.90% for each of the next 10 years of service, 2.10% for each year of service in excess of 20 but not exceeding 30, and 2.30% for each year in excess of 30; or for persons who retire on or after January 1, 1998, 2.2% of the final rate of earnings for each year of service.

- Rule 2: The retirement annuity shall be the sum of the following, determined from amounts credited to the participant in accordance with the actuarial tables and the prescribed rate of interest in effect at the time the retirement annuity begins:
  - (i) the normal annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by the accumulated normal contributions as of the date the annuity begins;
  - (ii) an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the accumulated normal contributions made by the participant under Section 15-113.6 and Section 15-113.7 plus 1.4 times all other accumulated normal contributions made by the participant; and
  - (iii) the annuity that can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the entire contribution made by the participant under Section 15-113.3.
- With respect to a police officer or firefighter who retires on or after August 14, 1998, the accumulated normal contributions taken into account under clauses (i) and (ii) of this Rule 2 shall include the additional normal contributions made by the police officer or firefighter under Section 15-157(a).
- The amount of a retirement annuity calculated under this
  Rule 2 shall be computed solely on the basis of the
  participant's accumulated normal contributions, as specified

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in this Rule and defined in Section 15-116. Neither an employee or employer contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2 nor any other employer contribution shall be used in the calculation of the amount of a retirement annuity under this Rule 2.

This amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly is a clarification of existing law and applies to every participant and annuitant without regard to whether status as an employee terminates before the effective date of this amendatory Act.

Rule 3: The retirement annuity of a participant who is employed at least one-half time during the period on which his or her final rate of earnings is based, shall be equal to the participant's years of service not to exceed 30, multiplied by (1) \$96 if the participant's final rate of earnings is less than \$3,500, (2) \$108 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$3,500 but less than \$4,500, (3) \$120 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$4,500 but less than \$5,500, (4) \$132 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$5,500 but less than \$6,500, (5) \$144 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$6,500 but less than \$7,500, (6) \$156 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$7,500 but less than \$8,500, (7) \$168 if the final rate of earnings is at least \$8,500 but less than \$9,500, and (8) \$180 if the final rate of earnings is \$9,500 or more, except that the annuity for those persons having made an election under Section 15-154(a-1) shall be calculated and payable under the portable retirement benefit program pursuant to the provisions of Section 15-136.4.

Rule 4: A participant who is at least age 50 and has 25 or more years of service as a police officer or firefighter, and a participant who is age 55 or over and has at least 20 but less than 25 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, shall be entitled to a retirement annuity of 2 1/4% of the final rate of earnings for each of the first 10 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, 2 1/2% for each of the next 10 years of service as a police officer or firefighter, and 2 3/4% for each year of service as a police

officer or firefighter in excess of 20. The retirement annuity for all other service shall be computed under Rule 1.

For purposes of this Rule 4, a participant's service as a firefighter shall also include the following:

- (i) service that is performed while the person is an employee under subsection (h) of Section 15-107; and
- (ii) in the case of an individual who was a participating employee employed in the fire department of the University of Illinois's Champaign-Urbana campus immediately prior to the elimination of that fire department and who immediately after the elimination of that fire department transferred to another job with the University of Illinois, service performed as an employee of the University of Illinois in a position other than police officer or firefighter, from the date of that transfer until the employee's next termination of service with the University of Illinois.

Rule 5: The retirement annuity of a participant who elected early retirement under the provisions of Section 15-136.2 and who, on or before February 16, 1995, brought administrative proceedings pursuant to the administrative rules adopted by the System to challenge the calculation of his or her retirement annuity shall be the sum of the following, determined from amounts credited to the participant in accordance with the actuarial tables and the prescribed rate of interest in effect at the time the retirement annuity begins:

- (i) the normal annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by the accumulated normal contributions as of the date the annuity begins; and
- (ii) an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the accumulated normal contributions made by the participant under Section 15-113.6 and Section 15-113.7 plus 1.4 times all other accumulated normal contributions made by the participant; and

(iii) an annuity which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the employee contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2, and an annuity from employer contributions of an amount equal to that which can be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis from the employee contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2.

In no event shall a retirement annuity under this Rule 5 be lower than the amount obtained by adding (1) the monthly amount obtained by dividing the combined employee and employer contributions made under Section 15-136.2 by the System's annuity factor for the age of the participant at the beginning of the annuity payment period and (2) the amount equal to the participant's annuity if calculated under Rule 1, reduced under Section 15-136(b) as if no contributions had been made under Section 15-136.2.

With respect to a participant who is qualified for a retirement annuity under this Rule 5 whose retirement annuity began before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, and for whom an employee contribution was made under Section 15-136.2, the System shall recalculate the retirement annuity under this Rule 5 and shall pay any additional amounts due in the manner provided in Section 15-186.1 for benefits mistakenly set too low.

The amount of a retirement annuity calculated under this Rule 5 shall be computed solely on the basis of those contributions specifically set forth in this Rule 5. Except as provided in clause (iii) of this Rule 5, neither an employee nor employer contribution for early retirement under Section 15-136.2, nor any other employer contribution, shall be used in the calculation of the amount of a retirement annuity under this Rule 5.

The General Assembly has adopted the changes set forth in Section 25 of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in recognition that the decision of the Appellate Court for the Fourth District in Mattis v. State Universities Retirement

- 1 System et al. might be deemed to give some right to the
- 2 plaintiff in that case. The changes made by Section 25 of this
- 3 amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly are a legislative
- 4 implementation of the decision of the Appellate Court for the
- 5 Fourth District in Mattis v. State Universities Retirement
- 6 System et al. with respect to that plaintiff.
- 7 The changes made by Section 25 of this amendatory Act of
- 8 the 91st General Assembly apply without regard to whether the
- 9 person is in service as an employee on or after its effective
- 10 date.
- 11 (b) The retirement annuity provided under Rules 1 and 3
- above shall be reduced by 1/2 of 1% for each month the
- participant is under age 60 at the time of retirement. However,
- this reduction shall not apply in the following cases:
- 15 (1) For a disabled participant whose disability
- 16 benefits have been discontinued because he or she has
- 17 exhausted eligibility for disability benefits under clause
- 18 (6) of Section 15-152;
- 19 (2) For a participant who has at least the number of
- 20 years of service required to retire at any age under
- 21 subsection (a) of Section 15-135; or
- 22 (3) For that portion of a retirement annuity which has
- 23 been provided on account of service of the participant
- 24 during periods when he or she performed the duties of a
- 25 police officer or firefighter, if these duties were
- 26 performed for at least 5 years immediately preceding the
- 27 date the retirement annuity is to begin.
- 28 (c) The maximum retirement annuity provided under Rules 1,
- 29 2, 4, and 5 shall be the lesser of (1) the annual limit of
- 30 benefits as specified in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue
- 31 Code of 1986, as such Section may be amended from time to time
- 32 and as such benefit limits shall be adjusted by the
- 33 Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and (2) 80% of final rate of
- 34 earnings.
- 35 (d) An annuitant whose status as an employee terminates
- 36 after August 14, 1969 shall receive automatic increases in his

or her retirement annuity as follows:

Effective January 1 immediately following the date the retirement annuity begins, the annuitant shall receive an increase in his or her monthly retirement annuity of 0.125% of the monthly retirement annuity provided under Rule 1, Rule 2, Rule 3, Rule 4, or Rule 5, contained in this Section, multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from the date the retirement annuity payments began to January 1, 1972, plus 0.1667% of such annuity, multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from January 1, 1972, or the date the retirement annuity payments began, whichever is later, to January 1, 1978, plus 0.25% of such annuity multiplied by the number of full months which elapsed from January 1, 1978, or the date the retirement annuity payments began, whichever is later, to the effective date of the increase.

The annuitant shall receive an increase in his or her monthly retirement annuity on each January 1 thereafter during the annuitant's life of 3% of the monthly annuity provided under Rule 1, Rule 2, Rule 3, Rule 4, or Rule 5 contained in this Section. The change made under this subsection by P.A. 81-970 is effective January 1, 1980 and applies to each annuitant whose status as an employee terminates before or after that date.

Beginning January 1, 1990, all automatic annual increases payable under this Section shall be calculated as a percentage of the total annuity payable at the time of the increase, including all increases previously granted under this Article.

The change made in this subsection by P.A. 85-1008 is effective January 26, 1988, and is applicable without regard to whether status as an employee terminated before that date.

(e) If, on January 1, 1987, or the date the retirement annuity payment period begins, whichever is later, the sum of the retirement annuity provided under Rule 1 or Rule 2 of this Section and the automatic annual increases provided under the preceding subsection or Section 15-136.1, amounts to less than the retirement annuity which would be provided by Rule 3, the

retirement annuity shall be increased as of January 1, 1987, or the date the retirement annuity payment period begins, whichever is later, to the amount which would be provided by Rule 3 of this Section. Such increased amount shall be considered as the retirement annuity in determining benefits provided under other Sections of this Article. This paragraph applies without regard to whether status as an employee terminated before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987, provided that the annuitant was employed at least one-half time during the period on which the final rate of earnings was based.

- (f) A participant is entitled to such additional annuity as may be provided on an actuarially equivalent basis, by any accumulated additional contributions to his or her credit. However, the additional contributions made by the participant toward the automatic increases in annuity provided under this Section shall not be taken into account in determining the amount of such additional annuity.
- (g) If, (1) by law, a function of a governmental unit, as defined by Section 20-107 of this Code, is transferred in whole or in part to an employer, and (2) a participant transfers employment from such governmental unit to such employer within 6 months after the transfer of the function, and (3) the sum of (A) the annuity payable to the participant under Rule 1, 2, or 3 of this Section (B) all proportional annuities payable to the participant by all other retirement systems covered by Article 20, and (C) the initial primary insurance amount to which the participant is entitled under the Social Security Act, is less than the retirement annuity which would have been payable if all of the participant's pension credits validated under Section 20-109 had been validated under this system, a supplemental annuity equal to the difference in such amounts shall be payable to the participant.
- (h) On January 1, 1981, an annuitant who was receiving a retirement annuity on or before January 1, 1971 shall have his or her retirement annuity then being paid increased \$1 per

- 1 month for each year of creditable service. On January 1, 1982,
- 2 an annuitant whose retirement annuity began on or before
- 3 January 1, 1977, shall have his or her retirement annuity then
- 4 being paid increased \$1 per month for each year of creditable
- 5 service.
- 6 (i) On January 1, 1987, any annuitant whose retirement
- 7 annuity began on or before January 1, 1977, shall have the
- 8 monthly retirement annuity increased by an amount equal to 8¢
- 9 per year of creditable service times the number of years that
- 10 have elapsed since the annuity began.
- 11 (j) Any retirement benefit accrued but unpaid on the death
- of an annuitant shall be paid to the annuitant's beneficiary.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)
- 14 (40 ILCS 5/15-139) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-139)
- 15 Sec. 15-139. Retirement annuities; cancellation; suspended
- 16 during employment.
- 17 (a) If an annuitant returns to employment for an employer
- within 2 months 60 days after the beginning of the retirement
- 19 annuity payment period, the retirement annuity shall be
- 20 cancelled, and the annuitant shall refund to the System the
- 21 total amount of the retirement annuity payments which he or she
- 22 received. If the retirement annuity is cancelled, the
- 23 participant shall continue to participate in the System.
- 24 (b) If an annuitant retires prior to age 60 and receives or
- 25 becomes entitled to receive during any month compensation in
- 26 excess of the monthly retirement annuity (including any
- 27 automatic annual increases) for services performed after the
- 28 date of retirement for any employer under this System, that
- 29 portion of the monthly retirement annuity provided by employer
- 30 contributions shall not be payable.
- If an annuitant retires at age 60 or over and receives or
- 32 becomes entitled to receive during any academic year
- 33 compensation in excess of the difference between his or her
- 34 highest annual earnings prior to retirement and his or her
- 35 annual retirement annuity computed under Rule 1, Rule 2, Rule

such difference.

3, Rule 4, or Rule 5 of Section 15-136, or under Section 15-136.4, for services performed after the date of retirement for any employer under this System, that portion of the monthly retirement annuity provided by employer contributions shall be reduced by an amount equal to the compensation that exceeds

However, any remuneration received for serving as a member of the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board shall be excluded from "compensation" for the purposes of this subsection (b), and serving as a member of the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board shall not be deemed to be a return to employment for the purposes of this Section. This provision applies without regard to whether service was terminated prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991.

(c) If an employer certifies that an annuitant has been reemployed on a permanent and continuous basis or in a position in which the annuitant is expected to serve for at least 9 months, the annuitant shall resume his or her status as a participating employee and shall be entitled to all rights applicable to participating employees upon filing with the board an election to forego all annuity payments during the period of reemployment. Upon subsequent retirement, the retirement annuity shall consist of the annuity which was terminated by the reemployment, plus the additional retirement annuity based upon service granted during the period of reemployment, but the combined retirement annuity shall not exceed the maximum annuity applicable on the date of the last retirement.

The total service and earnings credited before and after the initial date of retirement shall be considered in determining eligibility of the employee or the employee's beneficiary to benefits under this Article, and in calculating final rate of earnings.

In determining the death benefit payable to a beneficiary of an annuitant who again becomes a participating employee

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1 this Section, accumulated normal and under additional 2 contributions shall be considered as the sum of the accumulated normal and additional contributions at the date of initial 3 accumulated normal 4 retirement and the and additional 5 contributions credited after that date, less the sum of the 6 annuity payments received by the annuitant.

The survivors insurance benefits provided under Section 15-145 shall not be applicable to an annuitant who resumes his or her status as a participating employee, unless the annuitant, at the time of initial retirement, either: (1) has a survivors insurance beneficiary who could qualify for such benefits; or (2) elected not to receive a refund of survivors insurance contributions. A portable benefit package lump-sum retirement benefit recipient may elect to receive an optional form of retirement annuity pursuant to the provisions of subsection (h) of Section 15-136.4, but only with respect to the additional retirement annuity earned during the period of reemployment.

If the annuitant's employment is terminated because of circumstances other than death before 9 months from the date of reemployment, the provisions of this Section regarding resumption of status as a participating employee shall not apply. The normal and survivors insurance contributions which are deducted during this period shall be refunded to the annuitant without interest, and subsequent benefits under this Article shall be the same as those which were applicable prior to the date the annuitant resumed employment.

The amendments made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly apply without regard to whether the annuitant was in service on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act.

32 (Source: P.A. 91-887 (Sections 10 and 25), eff. 7-6-00; 92-16, 33 eff. 6-28-01.)

34 (40 ILCS 5/15-154) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-154)

35 Sec. 15-154. Refunds.

(a) A participant whose status as an employee is terminated, regardless of cause, or who has been on lay off status for more than 120 days, and who is not on leave of absence, is entitled to a refund of contributions upon application; except that not more than one such refund application may be made during any academic year.

Except as set forth in subsections (a-1) and (a-2), the refund shall be the sum of the accumulated normal, additional, and survivors insurance contributions, plus the entire contribution made by the participant under Section 15-113.3, less the amount of interest credited on these contributions each year in excess of  $4\ 1/2\%$  of the amount on which interest was calculated.

- (a-1) A person who elects, in accordance with the requirements of Section 15-134.5, to participate in the portable benefit package and who becomes a participating employee under that retirement program upon the conclusion of the one-year waiting period applicable to the portable benefit package election shall have his or her refund calculated in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a-2).
- (a-2) The refund payable to a participant described in subsection (a-1) shall be the sum of the participant's accumulated normal and additional contributions, as defined in Sections 15-116 and 15-117, plus the entire contribution made by the participant under Section 15-113.3. If the participant terminates with 5 or more years of service from one or more of: (1) for employment as defined in Section 15-113.1, (2) service creditable under Section 15-113.4, or (3) reciprocal service from the participant's election to retire and apply the reciprocal provisions of Article 20 of this Code, then he or she shall also be entitled to a distribution of employer contributions in an amount equal to the sum of the accumulated normal and additional contributions, as defined in Sections 15-116 and 15-117.
- 35 (b) Upon acceptance of a refund, the participant forfeits 36 all accrued rights and credits in the System, and if

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subsequently reemployed, the participant shall be considered a new employee subject to all the qualifying conditions for participation and eligibility for benefits applicable to new employees. If such person again becomes a participating employee and continues as such for 2 years, or is employed by an employer and participates for at least 2 years in the Federal Civil Service Retirement System, all such rights, credits, and previous status as a participant shall be restored upon repayment of the amount of the refund, together with compound interest thereon from the date the refund was received to the date of repayment at the rate of 6% per annum through August 31, 1982, and at the effective rates after that date. When a participant in the portable benefit package who received which included refund a distribution of employer contributions repays a refund pursuant to this Section, one-half of the amount repaid shall be deemed the member's reinstated accumulated normal and additional contributions and the other half shall be allocated as an employer contribution to the System, except that any amount repaid for previously purchased military service credit under Section 15-113.3 shall be accounted for as such.

- (c) If a participant covered under the traditional benefit package has made survivors insurance contributions, but has no survivors insurance beneficiary upon retirement, he or she shall be entitled to elect a refund of the accumulated survivors insurance contributions, or to elect an additional annuity the value of which is equal to the accumulated survivors insurance contributions. This election must be made prior to the date the person's retirement annuity is approved by the System.
- (d) A participant, upon application, is entitled to a refund of his or her accumulated additional contributions attributable to the additional contributions described in the last sentence of subsection (c) of Section 15-157. Upon the acceptance of such a refund of accumulated additional contributions, the participant forfeits all rights and credits

which may have accrued because of such contributions.

- (e) A participant who terminates his or her employee status and elects to waive service credit under Section 15-154.2, is entitled to a refund of the accumulated normal, additional and survivors insurance contributions, if any, which were credited the participant for this service, or to an additional annuity the value of which is equal to the accumulated normal, additional and survivors insurance contributions, if any; except that not more than one such refund application may be made during any academic year. Upon acceptance of this refund, the participant forfeits all rights and credits accrued because of this service.
  - (f) If a police officer or firefighter receives a retirement annuity under Rule 1 or 3 of Section 15-136, he or she shall be entitled at retirement to a refund of the difference between his or her accumulated normal contributions and the normal contributions which would have accumulated had such person filed a waiver of the retirement formula provided by Rule 4 of Section 15-136.
- (g) If, at the time of retirement, a participant would be entitled to a retirement annuity under Rule 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 of Section 15-136, or under Section 15-136.4, that exceeds the maximum specified in clause (1) of subsection (c) of Section 15-136, he or she shall be entitled to a refund of the employee contributions, if any, paid under Section 15-157 after the date upon which continuance of such contributions would have otherwise caused the retirement annuity to exceed this maximum, plus compound interest at the effective rates.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-424, eff. 8-17-01; 30 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)
- 31 (40 ILCS 5/15-158.2)
- 32 Sec. 15-158.2. Self-managed plan.
- 33 (a) Purpose. The General Assembly finds that it is 34 important for colleges and universities to be able to attract 35 and retain the most qualified employees and that in order to

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attract and retain these employees, colleges and universities should have the flexibility to provide a defined contribution plan as an alternative for eligible employees who elect not to participate in a defined benefit retirement program provided under this Article. Accordingly, the State Universities Retirement System is hereby authorized to establish and administer а self-managed plan, which shall participating employees the opportunity to accumulate assets for retirement through a combination of employee and employer contributions that may be invested in mutual funds, collective investment funds, or other investment products and used to purchase annuity contracts, either fixed or variable or a combination thereof. The plan must be qualified under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(b) Adoption by employers. Each employer subject to this Article may elect to adopt the self-managed plan established under this Section; this election is irrevocable. An employer's election to adopt the self-managed plan makes available to the eligible employees of that employer the elections described in Section 15-134.5.

The State Universities Retirement System shall be the plan sponsor for the self-managed plan and shall prepare a plan document and prescribe such rules and procedures as are considered necessary or desirable for the administration of the self-managed plan. Consistent with its fiduciary duty to the participants and beneficiaries of the self-managed plan, the Board of Trustees of the System may delegate aspects of plan administration as it sees fit to companies authorized to do business in this State, to the employers, or to a combination of both.

(c) Selection of service providers and funding vehicles. The System, in consultation with the employers, shall solicit proposals to provide administrative services and funding vehicles for the self-managed plan from insurance and annuity companies and mutual fund companies, banks, trust companies, or other financial institutions authorized to do business in this

- 1 State. In reviewing the proposals received and approving and
- 2 contracting with no fewer than 2 and no more than 7 companies,
- 3 the Board of Trustees of the System shall consider, among other
- 4 things, the following criteria:
  - (1) the nature and extent of the benefits that would be provided to the participants;
    - (2) the reasonableness of the benefits in relation to the premium charged;
    - (3) the suitability of the benefits to the needs and interests of the participating employees and the employer;
    - (4) the ability of the company to provide benefits under the contract and the financial stability of the company; and
    - (5) the efficacy of the contract in the recruitment and retention of employees.

The System, in consultation with the employers, shall periodically review each approved company. A company may continue to provide administrative services and funding vehicles for the self-managed plan only so long as it continues to be an approved company under contract with the Board.

- (d) Employee Direction. Employees who are participating in the program must be allowed to direct the transfer of their account balances among the various investment options offered, subject to applicable contractual provisions. The participant shall not be deemed a fiduciary by reason of providing such investment direction. A person who is a fiduciary shall not be liable for any loss resulting from such investment direction and shall not be deemed to have breached any fiduciary duty by acting in accordance with that direction. Neither the System nor the employer guarantees any of the investments in the employee's account balances.
- (e) Participation. An employee eligible to participate in the self-managed plan must make a written election in accordance with the provisions of Section 15-134.5 and the procedures established by the System. Participation in the self-managed plan by an electing employee shall begin on the

first day of the first pay period following the later of the date the employee's election is filed with the System or the effective date as of which the employee's employer begins to offer participation in the self-managed plan. Employers may not make the self-managed plan available earlier than January 1, 1998. An employee's participation in any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article shall terminate on the date that participation in the self-managed plan begins.

employee who has elected to participate self-managed plan under this Section must continue participation while employed in an eligible position, and may not participate in any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article while employed by that employer or any other employer that has adopted the self-managed plan, unless the self-managed plan is terminated in accordance with subsection (i).

Participation in the self-managed plan under this Section shall constitute membership in the State Universities Retirement System.

A participant under this Section shall be entitled to the benefits of Article 20 of this Code.

(f) Establishment of Initial Account Balance. If at the time an employee elects to participate in the self-managed plan he or she has rights and credits in the System due to previous participation in the traditional benefit package, the System shall establish for the employee an opening account balance in the self-managed plan, equal to the amount of contribution refund that the employee would be eligible to receive under Section 15-154 if the employee terminated employment on that date and elected a refund of contributions, except that this hypothetical refund shall include interest at the effective rate for the respective years. The System shall transfer assets from the defined benefit retirement program to the self-managed plan, as a tax free transfer in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines, for purposes of funding the

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employee's opening account balance.

- (g) No Duplication of Service Credit. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, an employee may not purchase or receive service or service credit applicable to any other retirement program administered by the System under this Article for any period during which the employee was a participant in the self-managed plan established under this Section.
- (h) Contributions. The self-managed plan shall be funded by contributions from employees participating in the self-managed plan and employer contributions as provided in this Section.

The contribution rate for employees participating in the self-managed plan under this Section shall be equal to the employee contribution rate for other participants in the Section 15-157. System, provided in This required as contribution shall be made as an "employer pick-up" under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor Section thereof. Any employee participating in the System's traditional benefit package prior to his or her election to participate in the self-managed plan shall continue to have the employer pick up the contributions required under Section 15-157. However, the amounts picked up after the election of the self-managed plan shall be remitted to and treated as assets of the self-managed plan. In no event shall an employee have an option of receiving these amounts in cash. Employees may make additional contributions self-managed plan in accordance with procedures prescribed by the System, to the extent permitted under rules prescribed by the System.

The program shall provide for employer contributions to be credited to each self-managed plan participant at a rate of 7.6% of the participating employee's salary, less the amount used by the System to provide disability benefits for the employee. The amounts so credited shall be paid into the participant's self-managed plan accounts in a manner to be prescribed by the System.

An amount of employer contribution, not exceeding 1% of the participating employee's salary, shall be used for the purpose of providing the disability benefits of the System to the employee. Prior to the beginning of each plan year under the self-managed plan, the Board of Trustees shall determine, as a percentage of salary, the amount of employer contributions to be allocated during that plan year for providing disability benefits for employees in the self-managed plan.

State of Illinois shall make contributions by appropriations to the System of the employer contributions required for employees who participate in the self-managed plan under this Section. The amount required shall be certified by the Board of Trustees of the System and paid by the State in accordance with Section 15-165. The System shall not obligated to remit the required employer contributions to any of the insurance and annuity companies, mutual fund companies, banks, trust companies, financial institutions, or other sponsors of any of the funding vehicles offered under the self-managed plan until it has received the required employer contributions from the State. In the event of a deficiency in the amount of State contributions, the System shall implement those procedures described in subsection (c) of Section 15-165 to obtain the required funding from the General Revenue Fund.

- (i) Termination. The self-managed plan authorized under this Section may be terminated by the System, subject to the terms of any relevant contracts, and the System shall have no obligation to reestablish the self-managed plan under this Section. This Section does not create a right to continued participation in any self-managed plan set up by the System under this Section. If the self-managed plan is terminated, the participants shall have the right to participate in one of the other retirement programs offered by the System and receive service credit in such other retirement program for any years of employment following the termination.
- (j) Vesting; Withdrawal; Return to Service. A participant in the self-managed plan becomes vested in the employer

contributions credited to his or her accounts in the self-managed plan on the earliest to occur of the following:

(1) completion of 5 years of service, counting service with an employer described in Section 15-106 or military service established under Section 15-113.3; (2) the death of the participating employee while employed by an employer described in Section 15-106, if the participant has completed at least 1 1/2 years of service; or (3) the participant's election to retire and apply the reciprocal provisions of Article 20 of this Code.

A participant in the self-managed plan who receives a distribution of his or her vested amounts from the self-managed plan while not yet eligible for retirement under this Article (and Article 20, if applicable) shall forfeit all service credit and accrued rights in the System; if subsequently re-employed, the participant shall be considered a new employee. If a former participant again becomes a participating employee (or becomes employed by a participating system under Article 20 of this Code) and continues as such for at least 2 years, all such rights, service credits, and previous status as a participant shall be restored upon repayment of the amount of the distribution, without interest.

(k) Benefit amounts. If an employee who is vested in employer contributions terminates employment, the employee shall be entitled to a benefit which is based on the account values attributable to both employer and employee contributions and any investment return thereon.

If an employee who is not vested in employer contributions terminates employment, the employee shall be entitled to a benefit based solely on the account values attributable to the employee's contributions and any investment return thereon, and the employer contributions and any investment return thereon shall be forfeited. Any employer contributions which are forfeited shall be held in escrow by the company investing those contributions and shall be used as directed by the System for future allocations of employer contributions or for the

- 1 restoration of amounts previously forfeited by former
- 2 participants who again become participating employees.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)
- 4 (40 ILCS 5/15-187) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-187)
- Sec. 15-187. Felony conviction. None of the benefits provided under this Article shall be paid to any person who is convicted of any felony relating to or arising out of or in connection with the person's service as an employee.
- 9 This Section shall not operate to impair any contract or 10 vested right heretofore acquired under any law or laws 11 continued in this Article, nor to preclude the right to a refund. No refund paid to any person who is convicted of a 12 felony relating to or arising out of or in connection with the 13 person's service as an employee shall include employer 14 15 contributions or interest thereon or, in the case of the 16 self-managed plan authorized under Section 15-158.2, employer contributions or investment return on such employer 17 18 contributions.
- All persons entering service subsequent to July 9, 1955 shall be deemed to have consented to the provisions of this Section as a condition of coverage.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)
- 23 (40 ILCS 5/15-190) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-190)
- Sec. 15-190. Persons under legal disability. If a person is under legal disability when any right or privilege accrues to him or her under this Article, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law, and may, on behalf of such person, claim and exercise any such right or privilege with the same force and effect as if the person had not been under a legal disability and had claimed or exercised such right or privilege.
- If a person's application for benefits or a physician's certificate on file with the board shows that the person is under a legal disability, the benefits payable under this Article may be paid (1) directly to the person under legal

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disability, (2) to any person who has legally qualified and is acting as guardian of the property of the person under legal disability, (3) to either parent of the person under legal disability or any adult person with whom the person under legal disability may at the time be living, provided only that such parent or adult person to whom any amount is to be paid shall have advised the board in writing that such amount will be held or used for the benefit of the person under legal disability, or (4) to the trustee of any trust created for the sole benefit of the person under legal disability while that person is living, provided only that the trustee of such trust to whom any amount is to be paid shall have advised the board in writing that such amount will be held or used for the benefit of the person under legal disability. The system shall not be required to determine the validity of the trust or any of the terms thereof. The representation of the trustee that the trust meets the requirements of this Section shall be conclusive as to the system. The written receipt of the payment by the person under legal disability or by the other person who receives such shall be an absolute discharge of the system's liability in respect of the amount so paid.

22 (Source: P.A. 93-347, eff. 7-24-03.)

## 23 (40 ILCS 5/15-191) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 15-191)

Sec. 15-191. Payment of benefits to minors. If any benefits under this Article become payable to a minor, the board may make payment (1) directly to the minor, (2) to any person who has legally qualified and is acting as guardian of the minor's person or property in any jurisdiction, (3) to either parent of the minor or to any adult person with whom the minor may at the time be living, provided only that the parent or other person to whom any amount is to be paid shall have advised the board in writing that such amount will be held or used for the benefit of the minor, or (4) to the trustee of any trust created for the sole benefit of the minor while that minor is living, provided only that the trustee of such trust to whom

- 1 any amount is to be paid shall have advised the board in
- writing that such amount will be held or used for the benefit
- 3 of the minor. The system shall not be required to determine the
- 4 validity of the trust or any of the terms thereof. The
- 5 representation of the trustee that the trust meets the
- 6 requirements of this Section shall be conclusive as to the
- 7 system. The written receipt of the payment by the minor,
- 8 parent, trustee, or other person who receives such payment
- 9 shall be an absolute discharge of the system's liability in
- 10 respect of the amount so paid.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 90-65, eff. 7-7-97; 90-511, eff. 8-22-97.)
- 12 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 13 becoming law.