1 AN ACT concerning education.

WHEREAS, Oswego Community Unit School District Number 308 has experienced an extremely rapid increase in the size of its student population; since 2003, the size of the district's student population has increased from 8,600 to 14,100 and is expected to exceed 27,000 by the 2011-2012 school year; in order to meet the needs of its current and future students, the school district must be able to construct new facilities and improve its existing facilities; additional bonding authority, subject to referendum approval, is needed to finance these capital projects; at the general election held on November 7, 2006, the voters of the district approved the following proposition:

Shall the Board of Education of Oswego Community Unit School District Number 308, Kendall, Kane and Will Counties, Illinois, build and equip one new high school building, four new junior high school buildings, eight new elementary school buildings, an early childhood building, a maintenance building, a transportation facility and additions to existing school buildings, alter, repair, equip and provide technology improvements to existing school buildings, acquire and improve school sites and issue the bonds of said School District to the amount of \$450,000,000 for the purpose of paying the costs thereof?;

WHEREAS, Lincoln-Way Community High School District Number 210 has experienced an extremely rapid increase in the size of its student population; the size of the district's student population has increased from 4,475 in the 1998-1999 school year to 6,632 in the 2005-2006 school year and is expected to exceed 8,400 by the 2009-2010 school year; in order to meet the needs of its current and future students, the school district must be able to construct new facilities and improve its existing facilities; additional bonding authority, subject to

referendum approval, is needed to finance these capital projects; at the general primary election held on March 21, 2006, the voters of the district approved the following

2006, the voters of the district approved the following

4 proposition:

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Shall the Board of Education of Lincoln-Way Community High School District 210, Will County, Illinois, improve the sites of and build and equip two high school buildings, improve the sites and alter, repair and equip the Lincoln-Way Central and East High School Buildings and issue bonds of said School District to the amount of \$225,000,000 for the purpose of paying the costs thereof?; and

WHEREAS, Ford Heights School District 169 serves the educational needs of one of the poorest communities in the nation; the Ford Motor Company is the largest single property taxpayer within the District, and it owns property that comprises at least 20% of the equalized assessed value in the District; the Ford Motor Company has realized reductions of its property's equalized assessed valuation of at least 40% between years; the District has, 2000 and 2005 taxable consequently, lost property tax revenues due to tax refunds of \$2,700,000 over the past several years; it is projected that the District will run out of operating funds entirely as early as January 2007, and it will be forced to lay off approximately 30 of its 65 teachers; this financial crisis endangers the quality of education received by the children of the District and it threatens the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens; therefore

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing

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Sections 18-185 and 18-190.5 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)

Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5 may be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As used

5 in this Division 5:

"Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United States Department of Labor.

"Extension limitation" means (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

"Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants.

"Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year and each non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year having the majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value in an affected county or counties. Beginning with the levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to a taxing district as provided in Section 18-213, "taxing district" also includes those taxing districts made subject to this Law as provided in Section 18-213.

"Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing

1 district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for 2 the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 3 obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for 4 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general 5 obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for 6 any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 7 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued 8 before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay 9 interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by 10 11 referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or 12 principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for 13 payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a 14 15 tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds 16 shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of 17 local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments 18 19 under a building commission lease when the lease payments are 20 for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for 21 22 payments due under installment contracts entered into before 23 October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and 24 on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water interest 25 Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of 26 27 principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 28 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to 29 exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items 30 (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum 31 obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to 32 referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt 33 Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in 34 35 the Special Education District of Lake County, created by 36 special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the

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School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the amounts required to be contributed by the Special Education District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the school district to the county clerk; (1) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to Sections 2-3.77 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; (n) made for payment of principal and interest on any bonds issued under the authority of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; and (o) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 1, (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is

pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or 1 2 principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing 3 body of the unit of local government finds that all other 4 sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; 5 (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when 6 the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before March 1, 1995 to pay for the building 7 8 project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts 9 entered into before March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of 10 principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan 11 Water Reclamation District Act to finance construction 12 projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (h-4) made for 13 stormwater management purposes by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago under Section 12 of the 14 15 Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; (i) made for 16 payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined 17 in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the 18 19 amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for 20 non-referendum obligations, except obligations issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described in subsection 21 22 (h) of this definition; (j) made for payments of principal and 23 interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local 24 Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and 25 26 issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for 27 aquarium or museum projects; (1) made for payments of principal 28 and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 87-1191 or 29 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Cook 30 County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii) issued under Section 31 the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for 32 zoological park projects, or (iii) issued under Section 44.1 of 33 the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for botanical gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to Section 34-53.5 of the 34 35 School Code, whether levied annually or not; (n) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the 36

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handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (o) made by the Chicago Park District for recreational programs for the handicapped under subsection (c) of Section 7.06 of the Chicago Park District Act; and (p) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code (q) made by Ford Heights School District 169 under Section 17-9.02 of the School Code.

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local

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government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that

1 are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special 2 purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay 3 interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay 4 5 interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before 6 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds 7 8 issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued 9 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (d) 10 made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on 11 bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after 12 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 if the bonds 13 were approved by referendum after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (e) made for any taxing district to pay 14 15 interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the 16 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 for payment of 17 which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the 18 19 payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made 20 only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to 21 make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building 22 23 commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the effective date of 24 this amendatory Act of 1997 to pay for the building project; 25 26 (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered 27 into before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; 28 (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited 29 bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt 30 Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service 31 extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of 32 this definition for non-referendum obligations, obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made 33 34 for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under 35 Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made 36 for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal

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on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying or financing airport facilities obligations due under, required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for the handicapped under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy year in which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the taxing district without referendum, but not including excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds) was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded 1 non-referendum bonds). The debt service extension base may be

2 established or increased as provided under Section 18-212.

3 "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means (i) bonds authorized by

Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago

Park District Act for aquarium and museum projects; (ii) bonds

issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform

Act; or (iii) refunding obligations issued to refund or to

continue to refund obligations initially issued pursuant to

9 referendum.

"Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance, contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not. The extension for a special service area is not included in the aggregate extension.

"Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 18-215 through 18-230.

"Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section 1-155.

"New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real property that increase the assessed value of that real property during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, including the assessed value, upon final stabilization of occupancy after new construction is complete, of any real property located within the boundaries of an otherwise or

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previously exempt military reservation that is intended for residential use and owned by or leased to a private corporation or other entity, and (iii) in counties that classify in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to the first year final board of review market value. In addition, the county clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any school district, any recovered tax increment value that was applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

"Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

"Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value, in the first year municipality terminates the designation of an area as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. For the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year, the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value was in an affected county or counties shall be increased if a municipality terminated the designation of an area in 1993 as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act

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in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. In the first year after a municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property from a redevelopment project area established under the Tax Increment Allocation Development Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment value" means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property removed from the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of that real property before removal from the redevelopment project area.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last preceding aggregate extension base times an amount equal to one plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed value of all real property in the territory under jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year. For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate extension for the last preceding levy year, the highest aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding levy years shall be used for the purpose of computing the limiting rate. The denominator shall not include new property or the recovered tax increment value. If a new rate, a rate decrease, or a limiting rate increase has been approved at an election held after March 21, 2006, then (i) the otherwise applicable limiting rate shall be increased by the amount of the new rate or shall be reduced by the amount of the rate decrease, as the

- 1 case may be, or (ii) in the case of a limiting rate increase,
- 2 the limiting rate shall be equal to the rate set forth in the
- proposition approved by the voters for each of the years 3
- 4 specified in the proposition, after which the limiting rate of
- 5 the taxing district shall be calculated as otherwise provided.
- (Source: P.A. 93-601, eff. 1-1-04; 93-606, eff. 11-18-03; 6
- 93-612, eff. 11-18-03; 93-689, eff. 7-1-04; 93-690, eff. 7
- 7-1-04; 93-1049, eff. 11-17-04; 94-974, eff. 6-30-06; 94-976,
- eff. 6-30-06; revised 8-3-06.) 9
- (35 ILCS 200/18-190.5) 10
- 11 Sec. 18-190.5. School districts. The requirements
- Section 18-190 of this Code for a direct referendum on the 12
- imposition of a new or increased tax rate do not apply to tax 13
- 14 levies that are not included in the aggregate extension for
- 15 those taxing districts to which this Law did not apply before
- 16 the 1995 levy year (except taxing districts subject to this Law
- in accordance with Section 18-213 of this Code) pursuant to 17
- 18 clauses clause (m) and (q) of Section 18-185 of this Code.
- (Source: P.A. 92-547, eff. 6-13-02.) 19
- 20 Section 10. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- changing Section 8-11-1.2 as follows: 21
- 22 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.2) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.2)
- 23 Sec. 8-11-1.2. Definition. As used in Sections 8-11-1.3,
- 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act: 24

- "Public infrastructure" means municipal roads and 25
- streets, access roads, bridges, and sidewalks; waste disposal 26
- 27 and water and sewer line extensions,
- distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage 28
- and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities. For
- purposes of referenda authorizing the imposition of taxes by 30
- the City of DuQuoin under Sections 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and 31
- 8-11-1.5 of this Act that are approved in November, 2002, or 32
- for purposes of referenda authorizing the imposition of taxes 33

- by the Village of Forsyth under Sections 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4,
- 2 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act that are approved after the effective
- 3 date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly,
- 4 "public infrastructure" shall also include public schools.
- 5 (b) "Property tax relief" means the action of a
- 6 municipality to reduce the levy for real estate taxes or avoid
- 7 an increase in the levy for real estate taxes that would
- 8 otherwise have been required. Property tax relief or the
- 9 avoidance of property tax must uniformly apply to all classes
- of property.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 92-739, eff. 1-1-03; 92-815,
- 12 eff. 8-21-02; revised 9-10-02.)
- 13 Section 15. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5-1 and 19-1 and by adding Section 17-9.02 as follows:
- 15 (105 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 5-1)
- Sec. 5-1. County school units.
- 17 (a) The territory in each county, exclusive of any school
- 18 district governed by any special act which requires the
- 19 district to appoint its own school treasurer, shall constitute
- 20 a county school unit. County school units of less than
- 21 2,000,000 inhabitants shall be known as Class I county school
- 22 units and the office of township trustees, where existing on
- July 1, 1962, in such units shall be abolished on that date and
- 24 all books and records of such former township trustees shall be
- 25 forthwith thereafter transferred to the county board of school
- trustees. County school units of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants
- 27 shall be known as Class II county school units and shall retain
- the office of township trustees unless otherwise provided in
- 29 subsection (b) or (c).
- 30 (b) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (c), the school
- 31 board of any elementary school district having a fall, 1989
- 32 aggregate enrollment of at least 2,500 but less than 6,500
- 33 pupils and having boundaries that are coterminous with the
- 34 boundaries of a high school district, and the school board of

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any high school district having a fall, 1989 aggregate enrollment of at least 2,500 but less than 6,500 pupils and having boundaries that are coterminous with the boundaries of an elementary school district, may, whenever the territory of such school district forms a part of a Class II county school unit, by proper resolution withdraw such school district from the jurisdiction and authority of the trustees of schools of the township in which such school district is located and from the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer in such Class II county school unit; provided that the school board of any such school district shall, upon the adoption and passage of such resolution, thereupon elect or appoint its own school treasurer as provided in Section 8-1. Upon the adoption and passage of such resolution and the election or appointment by the school board of its own school treasurer: (1) the trustees of schools in such township shall no longer have or exercise any powers and duties with respect to the school district governed by such school board or with respect to the school business, operations or assets of such school district; and (2) all books and records of the township trustees relating to the school business and affairs of such school district shall be transferred and delivered to the school board of such school district. Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1993, the legal title to, and all right, title and interest formerly held by the township trustees in any school buildings and school sites used and occupied by the school board of such school district for school purposes, that legal title, right, title and interest thereafter having been transferred to and vested in the regional board of school trustees under P.A. 87-473 until the abolition of that regional board of school trustees by P.A. 87-969, shall be deemed transferred by operation of law to and shall vest in the school board of that school district.

Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (c), the school boards of Oak Park & River Forest District 200, Oak Park Elementary School District 97, and River Forest School District 90 may, by

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- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of any township located in a Class II county school unit shall be abolished as provided in this subsection if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) During the same 30 day period, each school board of each elementary and unit school district that is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished gives written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested to the township treasurer and trustees of schools of that township of the date of a meeting of the school board, to be held not more

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than 90 nor less than 60 days after the date when the notice is given, at which meeting the school board is to consider and vote upon the question of whether there shall be submitted to the electors of the school district a proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township. None of the notices given under this paragraph to the township treasurer and trustees of schools of a township shall be deemed sufficient or in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph unless all of those notices are given within the same 30 day period.

(2) Each school board of each elementary and unit school district that is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished, by the affirmative vote of at least 5 members of the school board at a school board meeting of which notice is given as required by paragraph (1) of this subsection, adopts a resolution requiring the secretary of the school board to certify to the proper election authorities for submission to the electors of the school district at the next consolidated election in accordance with the general election law a proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township. None of the resolutions adopted under this paragraph by any elementary or unit school districts that are subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph or sufficient to authorize submission of the proposition to abolish those offices to a referendum of the electors in any such school district unless all of the school boards of all of the elementary and unit school districts that are subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of that township adopt such a

resolution in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

(3) The school boards of all of the elementary and unit school districts that are subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished submit a proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township to the electors of their respective school districts at the same consolidated election in accordance with the general election law, the ballot in each such district to be in substantially the following form:

OFFICIAL BALLOT

Shall the offices of township

treasurer and YES

17 trustee of -----

schools of Township NO

19 Range be abolished?

20 -----

(4) At the consolidated election at which the proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of a township is submitted to the electors of each elementary and unit school district that is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township, a majority of the electors voting on the proposition in each such elementary and unit school district votes in favor of the proposition as submitted to them.

If in each elementary and unit school district that is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished a majority of the electors in each such district voting at the consolidated election on the proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township votes in

favor of the proposition as submitted to them, the proposition shall be deemed to have passed; but if in any such elementary or unit school district a majority of the electors voting on that proposition in that district fails to vote in favor of the proposition as submitted to them, then notwithstanding the vote of the electors in any other such elementary or unit school district on that proposition the proposition shall not be deemed to have passed in any of those elementary or unit school districts, and the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of the township in which those offices were sought to be abolished shall not be abolished, unless in each of those elementary and unit school districts remaining subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of that township proceedings are again initiated to abolish those offices and all of the proceedings and conditions prescribed in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this subsection are repeated and met in each of those elementary and unit school districts.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section or any other provision of the School Code, the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of a township that has a population of less than 200,000 and that contains a unit school district and is located in a Class II county school unit shall also be abolished as provided in this subsection if all of the conditions set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection are met and if the following additional condition is met:

The electors in all of the school districts subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of the township in which those offices are sought to be abolished shall vote at the consolidated election on the proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township. If a majority of the electors in all of the school districts combined voting on the proposition vote in favor of the proposition, then the proposition shall be

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deemed to have passed; but if a majority of the electors voting on the proposition in all of the school district fails to vote in favor of the proposition as submitted to them, then the proposition shall not be deemed to have passed and the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of the township in which those offices were sought to be abolished shall not be abolished, unless and until the proceedings detailed in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection and the conditions set forth in this paragraph are met.

If the proposition to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of a township is deemed to have passed at the consolidated election as provided in this subsection, those offices shall be deemed abolished by operation of law effective on January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which that consolidated election is held, provided that if after the election, the trustees of schools by resolution elect to abolish the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools effective on July 1 immediately following the election, then the offices shall be abolished on July 1 immediately following the election. On the date that the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of a township are deemed abolished by operation of law, the school board of each elementary and unit school district and the school board of each high school district that is subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of that township at the time those offices are abolished: (i) shall appoint its own school treasurer as provided in Section 8-1; and (ii) unless the term of the contract of a township treasurer expires on the date that the office of township treasurer is abolished, shall pay to the former township its proportionate of treasurer share any compensation that, were the office of township treasurer not abolished at that time, would have been payable to the former township treasurer after that date over the remainder of the

1 term of the contract of the former township treasurer that 2 began prior to but ends after that date. In addition, on the 3 date that the offices of township treasurer and trustee of 4 schools of a township are deemed abolished as provided in this 5 subsection, the school board of each elementary school, high school and unit school district that until that date is subject 6 to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and 7 8 trustees of schools of that township shall be deemed by 9 operation of law to have agreed and assumed to pay and, when 10 determined, shall pay to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund 11 a proportionate share of the unfunded liability existing in 12 that Fund at the time these offices are abolished in that 13 calendar year for all annuities or other benefits then or thereafter to become payable from that Fund with respect to all 14 15 of service performed prior to that date periods as 16 participating employee in that Fund by persons serving during 17 those periods of service as a trustee of schools, township treasurer or regular employee in the office of the township 18 19 treasurer of that township. That unfunded liability shall be 20 actuarially determined by the board of trustees of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, and the board of trustees shall 21 22 notify each school board required to pay thereupon 23 proportionate share of that unfunded liability of the aggregate 24 amount of the unfunded liability so determined. The amount so 25 paid to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund by each of those 26 school districts shall be credited to the account of the 27 township in that Fund. For each elementary school, high school 28 and unit school district under the jurisdiction and authority 29 of a township treasurer and trustees of schools of a township 30 in which those offices are abolished as provided in this 31 subsection, each such district's proportionate share of the 32 aggregate compensation payable to the former township as provided in this paragraph and each 33 treasurer 34 district's proportionate share of the aggregate amount of the 35 liability payable Illinois unfunded to the Municipal 36 Retirement Fund as provided in this paragraph shall be computed

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in accordance with the ratio that the number of pupils in average daily attendance in each such district as reported in schedules prepared under Section 24-19 for the school year last ending prior to the date on which the offices of township treasurer and trustee of schools of that township are abolished bears to the aggregate number of pupils in average daily attendance in all of those districts as so reported for that school year.

Upon abolition of the offices of township treasurer and schools of a township as provided subsection: (i) the regional board of school trustees, in its corporate capacity, shall be deemed the successor in interest to the former trustees of schools of that township with respect to the common school lands and township loanable funds of the township; (ii) all right, title and interest existing or vested in the former trustees of schools of that township in the common school lands and township loanable funds of township, and all records, moneys, securities and other assets, rights of property and causes of action pertaining to or constituting a part of those common school lands or township loanable funds, shall be transferred to and deemed vested by operation of law in the regional board of school trustees, which shall hold legal title to, manage and operate all common school lands and township loanable funds of the township, receive the rents, issues and profits therefrom, and have and exercise with respect thereto the same powers and duties as are provided by this Code to be exercised by regional boards of school trustees when acting as township land commissioners in counties having at least 220,000 but fewer than 2,000,000 inhabitants; (iii) the regional board of school trustees shall select to serve as its treasurer with respect to the common school lands and township loanable funds of the township a person from time to time also serving as the appointed school treasurer of any school district that was subject to the jurisdiction and authority of the township treasurer and trustees of schools of that township at the time those offices

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were abolished, and the person selected to also serve as treasurer of the regional board of school trustees shall have his compensation for services in that capacity fixed by the regional board of school trustees, to be paid from the township loanable funds, and shall make to the regional board of school trustees the reports required to be made by treasurers of township land commissioners, give bond as required by treasurers of township land commissioners, and perform the duties and exercise the powers of treasurers of township land commissioners; (iv) the regional board of school trustees shall designate in the manner provided by Section 8-7, insofar as applicable, a depositary for its treasurer, and the proceeds of all rents, issues and profits from the common school lands and township loanable funds of that township shall be deposited and held in the account maintained for those purposes with that depositary and shall be expended and distributed therefrom as provided in Section 15-24 and other applicable provisions of this Code; and (v) whenever there is vested in the trustees of schools of a township at the time that office is abolished under this subsection the legal title to any school buildings or school sites used or occupied for school purposes by any elementary school, high school or unit school district subject to the jurisdiction and authority of those trustees of school at the time that office is abolished, the legal title to those school buildings and school sites shall be deemed transferred by operation of law to and invested in the school board of that school district, in its corporate capacity Section 7-28, the be held, sold, exchanged leased or otherwise transferred in accordance with applicable provisions of this Code.

Notwithstanding Section 2-3.25g of this Code, a waiver of a mandate established under this Section may not be requested.

33 (Source: P.A. 91-269, eff. 7-23-99; 92-448, eff. 8-21-01.)

(105 ILCS 5/17-9.02 new)

Sec. 17-9.02. Supplemental tax levy for Ford Heights School

District 169.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Article and in addition to the methods provided by other Sections of this Article for increasing the rate of tax levied for any school purpose, Ford Heights School District 169 may levy a supplemental tax for the 2006, 2007, and 2008 taxable years.
- 7 (b) The supplemental tax authorized by this Section is
 8 levied upon all the taxable property of the school district at
 9 its value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue
 10 for each of the years in which the levy is made. The
 11 supplemental tax is in addition to all other taxes that the
 12 district may levy for any school purpose for the years in which
 13 the levy is made.
 - (c) For each year that it is levied, the supplemental tax must be levied at a rate not exceeding that which, when applied to the equalized assessed value of all taxable property in the district for that year in which the levy is made, is sufficient to yield that amount of tax revenue that is equal to \$1,067,000 for a total of \$3,201,000 for all taxable years that the tax is levied.
 - (d) The supplemental tax authorized by this Section must be levied by proper resolution of the school board and without referendum. A certified copy of the resolution levying the supplemental tax, signed by the president and clerk or secretary of the school board, must be filed in the office of the county clerk, and it is, then, the duty of the county clerk to extend the supplemental tax. The supplemental tax must be extended and collected in like manner as all other taxes of the school district, but the supplemental tax must be separately identified by the collectors.
- (e) Ford Heights School District 169 may use the proceeds
 from the supplemental tax for any purpose for which the
 district is authorized to make expenditures.
- 34 (105 ILCS 5/19-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 19-1)
- 35 Sec. 19-1. Debt limitations of school districts.

(a) School districts shall not be subject to the provisions limiting their indebtedness prescribed in "An Act to limit the indebtedness of counties having a population of less than 500,000 and townships, school districts and other municipal corporations having a population of less than 300,000", approved February 15, 1928, as amended.

No school districts maintaining grades K through 8 or 9 through 12 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 6.9% on the value of the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the school district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness.

No school districts maintaining grades K through 12 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 13.8% on the value of the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the school district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness.

No partial elementary unit district, as defined in Article 11E of this Code, shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose in an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 6.9% of the value of the taxable property of the entire district, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, plus an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding 6.9% of the value of the taxable property of that portion of the district included in the elementary and high school classification, to be ascertained by the last assessment for

State and county taxes. Moreover, no partial elementary unit district, as defined in Article 11E of this Code, shall become indebted on account of bonds issued by the district for high school purposes in the aggregate exceeding 6.9% of the value of the taxable property of the entire district, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, nor shall the district become indebted on account of bonds issued by the district for elementary purposes in the aggregate exceeding 6.9% of the value of the taxable property for that portion of the district included in the elementary and high school classification, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes.

Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, in any case in which the voters of a school district have approved a proposition for the issuance of bonds of such school district at an election held prior to January 1, 1979, and all of the bonds approved at such election have not been issued, the debt limitation applicable to such school district during the calendar year 1979 shall be computed by multiplying the value of taxable property therein, including personal property, as ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, by the percentage limitation applicable to such school district under the provisions of this subsection (a).

- (b) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section, additional indebtedness may be incurred in an amount not to exceed the estimated cost of acquiring or improving school sites or constructing and equipping additional building facilities under the following conditions:
 - (1) Whenever the enrollment of students for the next school year is estimated by the board of education to increase over the actual present enrollment by not less than 35% or by not less than 200 students or the actual present enrollment of students has increased over the previous school year by not less than 35% or by not less

than 200 students and the board of education determines that additional school sites or building facilities are required as a result of such increase in enrollment; and

- (2) When the Regional Superintendent of Schools having jurisdiction over the school district and the State Superintendent of Education concur in such enrollment projection or increase and approve the need for such additional school sites or building facilities and the estimated cost thereof; and
- (3) When the voters in the school district approve a proposition for the issuance of bonds for the purpose of acquiring or improving such needed school sites or constructing and equipping such needed additional building facilities at an election called and held for that purpose. Notice of such an election shall state that the amount of indebtedness proposed to be incurred would exceed the debt limitation otherwise applicable to the school district. The ballot for such proposition shall state what percentage of the equalized assessed valuation will be outstanding in bonds if the proposed issuance of bonds is approved by the voters; or
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection (b), if the school board determines that additional facilities are needed to provide a quality educational program and not less than 2/3 of those voting in an election called by the school board on the question approve the issuance of bonds for the construction of such facilities, the school district may issue bonds for this purpose; or
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection (b), if (i) the school district has previously availed itself of the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection (b) to enable it to issue bonds, (ii) the voters of the school district have not defeated a proposition for the issuance of bonds since the referendum described in paragraph (4) of this subsection

(b) was held, (iii) the school board determines that additional facilities are needed to provide a quality educational program, and (iv) a majority of those voting in an election called by the school board on the question approve the issuance of bonds for the construction of such facilities, the school district may issue bonds for this purpose.

In no event shall the indebtedness incurred pursuant to this subsection (b) and the existing indebtedness of the school district exceed 15% of the value of the taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the school district's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979.

The indebtedness provided for by this subsection (b) shall be in addition to and in excess of any other debt limitation.

- (c) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section, in any case in which a public question for the issuance of bonds of a proposed school district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12 received at least 60% of the valid ballots cast on the question at an election held on or prior to November 8, 1994, and in which the bonds approved at such election have not been issued, the school district pursuant to the requirements of Section 11A-10 (now repealed) may issue the total amount of bonds approved at such election for the purpose stated in the question.
- (d) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section, a school district that meets all the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (d) may incur an additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$4,500,000, even though the amount of the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (d), when incurred and added to the aggregate amount of indebtedness of the district existing immediately prior to the district

incurring the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (d), causes the aggregate indebtedness of the district to exceed the debt limitation otherwise applicable to that district under subsection (a):

- (1) The additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (d) is incurred by the school district through the issuance of bonds under and in accordance with Section 17-2.11a for the purpose of replacing a school building which, because of mine subsidence damage, has been closed as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or through the issuance of bonds under and in accordance with Section 19-3 for the purpose of increasing the size of, or providing for additional functions in, such replacement school buildings, or both such purposes.
- (2) The bonds issued by the school district as provided in paragraph (1) above are issued for the purposes of construction by the school district of a new school building pursuant to Section 17-2.11, to replace an existing school building that, because of mine subsidence damage, is closed as of the end of the 1992-93 school year pursuant to action of the regional superintendent of schools of the educational service region in which the district is located under Section 3-14.22 or are issued for the purpose of increasing the size of, or providing for additional functions in, the new school building being constructed to replace a school building closed as the result of mine subsidence damage, or both such purposes.
- (e) (Blank).
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or of any other law, bonds in not to exceed the aggregate amount of \$5,500,000 and issued by a school district meeting the following criteria shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory limitation and may be issued in an amount or amounts, including existing indebtedness, in excess of any heretofore or hereafter imposed statutory limitation as to indebtedness:

- (1) At the time of the sale of such bonds, the board of education of the district shall have determined by resolution that the enrollment of students in the district is projected to increase by not less than 7% during each of the next succeeding 2 school years.
- (2) The board of education shall also determine by resolution that the improvements to be financed with the proceeds of the bonds are needed because of the projected enrollment increases.
- (3) The board of education shall also determine by resolution that the projected increases in enrollment are the result of improvements made or expected to be made to passenger rail facilities located in the school district.

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or of any other law, a school district that has availed itself of the provisions of this subsection (f) prior to July 22, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-799) may also issue bonds approved by referendum up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 25% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district if all of the conditions set forth in items (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection (f) are met.

- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or any other law, bonds in not to exceed an aggregate amount of 25% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property of a school district and issued by a school district meeting the criteria in paragraphs (i) through (iv) of this subsection shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory limitation and may be issued pursuant to resolution of the school board in an amount or amounts, including existing indebtedness, in excess of any statutory limitation of indebtedness heretofore or hereafter imposed:
 - (i) The bonds are issued for the purpose of constructing a new high school building to replace two adjacent existing buildings which together house a single high school, each of which is more than 65 years old, and

which together are located on more than 10 acres and less than 11 acres of property.

- (ii) At the time the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds is adopted, the cost of constructing a new school building to replace the existing school building is less than 60% of the cost of repairing the existing school building.
 - (iii) The sale of the bonds occurs before July 1, 1997.
- (iv) The school district issuing the bonds is a unit school district located in a county of less than 70,000 and more than 50,000 inhabitants, which has an average daily attendance of less than 1,500 and an equalized assessed valuation of less than \$29,000,000.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1998, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 27.6% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district, if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than \$24,000,000;
 - (ii) The bonds are issued for the capital improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement of existing school buildings of the district, all of which buildings were originally constructed not less than 40 years ago;
 - (iii) The voters of the district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum held after March 19, 1996; and
- (iv) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1998, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 27% of the equalized assessed value

- of the taxable property in the district, if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than \$44,600,000;
 - (ii) The bonds are issued for the capital improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement of existing school buildings of the district, all of which existing buildings were originally constructed not less than 80 years ago;
 - (iii) The voters of the district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum held after December 31, 1996; and
 - (iv) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.
 - (j) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1999, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 27% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 1995 of less than \$140,000,000 and a best 3 months average daily attendance for the 1995-96 school year of at least 2,800;
 - (ii) The bonds are issued to purchase a site and build and equip a new high school, and the school district's existing high school was originally constructed not less than 35 years prior to the sale of the bonds;
 - (iii) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the board of education determines by resolution that a new high school is needed because of projected enrollment increases;
 - (iv) At least 60% of those voting in an election held after December 31, 1996 approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds; and

- 1 (v) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 2 through 19-7 of this Code.
 - (k) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section, a school district that meets all the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this subsection (k) may issue bonds to incur an additional indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$4,000,000 even though the amount of the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (k), when incurred and added to the aggregate amount of indebtedness of the school district existing immediately prior to the school district incurring such additional indebtedness, causes the aggregate indebtedness of the school district to exceed or increases the amount by which the aggregate indebtedness of the district already exceeds the debt limitation otherwise applicable to that school district under subsection (a):
 - (1) the school district is located in 2 counties, and a referendum to authorize the additional indebtedness was approved by a majority of the voters of the school district voting on the proposition to authorize that indebtedness;
 - (2) the additional indebtedness is for the purpose of financing a multi-purpose room addition to the existing high school;
 - (3) the additional indebtedness, together with the existing indebtedness of the school district, shall not exceed 17.4% of the value of the taxable property in the school district, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes; and
 - (4) the bonds evidencing the additional indebtedness are issued, if at all, within 120 days of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998.
 - (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 2000, a school district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 15% of the equalized assessed value of the

1 taxable property in the district if all of the following
2 conditions are met:

- (i) the district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 1996 of less than \$10,000,000;
- (ii) the bonds are issued for capital improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, or replacement of one or more school buildings of the district, which buildings were originally constructed not less than 70 years ago;
- (iii) the voters of the district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum held on or after March 17, 1998; and
- (iv) the bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.
- (m) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until January 1, 1999, an elementary school district maintaining grades K through 8 may issue bonds up to an amount, excluding existing indebtedness, not exceeding 18% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district, if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 1995 or less than \$7,700,000;
 - (ii) The school district operates 2 elementary attendance centers that until 1976 were operated as the attendance centers of 2 separate and distinct school districts;
 - (iii) The bonds are issued for the construction of a new elementary school building to replace an existing multi-level elementary school building of the school district that is not handicapped accessible at all levels and parts of which were constructed more than 75 years ago;
 - (iv) The voters of the school district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum held after July 1, 1998; and
 - (v) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.

- (n) Notwithstanding the debt limitation prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section or any other provisions of this Section or of any other law, a school district that meets all of the criteria set forth in paragraphs (i) through (vi) of this subsection (n) may incur additional indebtedness by the issuance of bonds in an amount not exceeding the amount certified by the Capital Development Board to the school district as provided in paragraph (iii) of this subsection (n), even though the amount of the additional indebtedness so authorized, when incurred and added to the aggregate amount of indebtedness of the district existing immediately prior to the district incurring the additional indebtedness authorized by this subsection (n), causes the aggregate indebtedness of the district to exceed the debt limitation otherwise applicable by law to that district:
 - (i) The school district applies to the State Board of Education for a school construction project grant and submits a district facilities plan in support of its application pursuant to Section 5-20 of the School Construction Law.
 - (ii) The school district's application and facilities plan are approved by, and the district receives a grant entitlement for a school construction project issued by, the State Board of Education under the School Construction Law.
 - (iii) The school district has exhausted its bonding capacity or the unused bonding capacity of the district is less than the amount certified by the Capital Development Board to the district under Section 5-15 of the School Construction Law as the dollar amount of the school construction project's cost that the district will be required to finance with non-grant funds in order to receive a school construction project grant under the School Construction Law.
 - (iv) The bonds are issued for a "school construction project", as that term is defined in Section 5-5 of the

School Construction Law, in an amount that does not exceed the dollar amount certified, as provided in paragraph (iii) of this subsection (n), by the Capital Development Board to the school district under Section 5-15 of the School Construction Law.

- (v) The voters of the district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a referendum held after the criteria specified in paragraphs (i) and (iii) of this subsection (n) are met.
- (vi) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of the School Code.
- (o) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, until November 1, 2007, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including existing indebtedness, not exceeding 20% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) the school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 2001 of at least \$737,000,000 and an enrollment for the 2002-2003 school year of at least 8,500;
 - (ii) the bonds are issued to purchase school sites, build and equip a new high school, build and equip a new junior high school, build and equip 5 new elementary schools, and make technology and other improvements and additions to existing schools;
 - (iii) at the time of the sale of the bonds, the board of education determines by resolution that the sites and new or improved facilities are needed because of projected enrollment increases;
 - (iv) at least 57% of those voting in a general election held prior to January 1, 2003 approved a proposition for the issuance of the bonds; and
 - (v) the bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.

- (p) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 may issue bonds up to an amount, including indebtedness, not exceeding 27% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The school district has an equalized assessed valuation for calendar year 2001 of at least \$295,741,187 and a best 3 months' average daily attendance for the 2002-2003 school year of at least 2,394.
 - (ii) The bonds are issued to build and equip 3 elementary school buildings; build and equip one middle school building; and alter, repair, improve, and equip all existing school buildings in the district.
 - (iii) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the board of education determines by resolution that the project is needed because of expanding growth in the school district and a projected enrollment increase.
 - (iv) The bonds are issued pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.
- (p-5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, bonds issued by a community unit school district maintaining grades K through 12 shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory limitation and may be issued in an amount or amounts, including existing indebtedness, in excess of any heretofore or hereafter imposed statutory limitation as to indebtedness, if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) For each of the 4 most recent years, residential property comprises more than 80% of the equalized assessed valuation of the district.
 - (ii) At least 2 school buildings that were constructed 40 or more years prior to the issuance of the bonds will be demolished and will be replaced by new buildings or additions to one or more existing buildings.
 - (iii) Voters of the district approve a proposition for

the issuance of the bonds at a regularly scheduled election.

- (iv) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the school board determines by resolution that the new buildings or building additions are needed because of an increase in enrollment projected by the school board.
- (v) The principal amount of the bonds, including existing indebtedness, does not exceed 25% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district.
- (vi) The bonds are issued prior to January 1, 2007, pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.
- (p-10) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section or the provisions of any other law, bonds issued by a community consolidated school district maintaining grades K through 8 shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory limitation and may be issued in an amount or amounts, including existing indebtedness, in excess of any heretofore or hereafter imposed statutory limitation as to indebtedness, if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) For each of the 4 most recent years, residential and farm property comprises more than 80% of the equalized assessed valuation of the district.
 - (ii) The bond proceeds are to be used to acquire and improve school sites and build and equip a school building.
 - (iii) Voters of the district approve a proposition for the issuance of the bonds at a regularly scheduled election.
 - (iv) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the school board determines by resolution that the school sites and building additions are needed because of an increase in enrollment projected by the school board.
 - (v) The principal amount of the bonds, including existing indebtedness, does not exceed 20% of the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the district.
 - (vi) The bonds are issued prior to January 1, 2007, pursuant to Sections 19-2 through 19-7 of this Code.

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1	(p-15) In addition to all other authority to issue bonds,
2	the Oswego Community Unit School District Number 308 may issue
3	bonds with an aggregate principal amount not to exceed
4	\$450,000,000, but only if all of the following conditions are
5	met:
6	(i) The voters of the district have approved a
7	proposition for the bond issue at the general election held
8	on November 7, 2006.
9	(ii) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the school
10	board determines, by resolution, that: (A) the building and
11	equipping of the new high school building, new junior high
12	school buildings, new elementary school buildings, early
13	childhood building, maintenance building, transportation
14	facility, and additions to existing school buildings, the
15	altering, repairing, equipping, and provision of
16	technology improvements to existing school buildings, and
17	the acquisition and improvement of school sites, as the
18	case may be, are required as a result of a projected
19	increase in the enrollment of students in the district; and
20	(B) the sale of bonds for these purposes is authorized by
21	legislation that exempts the debt incurred on the bonds
22	from the district's statutory debt limitation.
23	(iii) The bonds are issued, in one or more bond issues,
24	on or before November 7, 2011, but the aggregate principal
25	amount issued in all such bond issues combined must not
26	<pre>exceed \$450,000,000.</pre>
27	(iv) The bonds are issued in accordance with this
28	Article 19.
29	(v) The proceeds of the bonds are used only to
30	accomplish those projects approved by the voters at the
31	general election held on November 7, 2006.
32	The debt incurred on any bonds issued under this subsection
33	(p-15) shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any
34	statutory debt limitation.

(p-20) In addition to all other authority to issue bonds,

the Lincoln-Way Community High School District Number 210 may

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1	issue	e bo	nds	wit	h a	an a	ggre	gate	pr	inci	pal	amount	not	to	exc	ceed
2	\$225,	000	,000), b	ut	only	if	all	of	the	fol	lowing	cond	itic	ons	are
3	met:															

- (i) The voters of the district have approved a proposition for the bond issue at the general primary election held on March 21, 2006.
- (ii) At the time of the sale of the bonds, the school board determines, by resolution, that: (A) the building and equipping of the new high school buildings, the altering, repairing, and equipping of existing school buildings, and the improvement of school sites, as the case may be, are required as a result of a projected increase in the enrollment of students in the district; and (B) the sale of bonds for these purposes is authorized by legislation that exempts the debt incurred on the bonds from the district's statutory debt limitation.
 - (iii) The bonds are issued, in one or more bond issues, on or before March 21, 2011, but the aggregate principal amount issued in all such bond issues combined must not exceed \$225,000,000.
- (iv) The bonds are issued in accordance with this Article 19.
 - (v) The proceeds of the bonds are used only to accomplish those projects approved by the voters at the primary election held on March 21, 2006.
- The debt incurred on any bonds issued under this subsection (p-20) shall not be considered indebtedness for purposes of any statutory debt limitation.
- 29 (q) A school district must notify the State Board of 30 Education prior to issuing any form of long-term or short-term 31 debt that will result in outstanding debt that exceeds 75% of 32 the debt limit specified in this Section or any other provision 33 of law.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 93-13, eff. 6-9-03; 93-799, eff. 7-22-04;
- 35 93-1045, eff. 10-15-04; 94-234, eff. 7-1-06; 94-721, eff.
- 36 1-6-06; 94-952, eff. 6-27-06; 94-1019, eff. 7-10-06; revised

- 1 8-3-06.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.