

## Sen. M. Maggie Crotty

## Filed: 4/11/2005

## LRB094 06676 RAS 44618 a 09400SB0139sam002 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 139 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 139, AS AMENDED, by 3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 4 following: "Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by 5 6 changing Section 4.16 and by adding Section 4.26 as follows: 7 (5 ILCS 80/4.16) Sec. 4.16. Acts repealed January 1, 2006. The following 8 Acts are repealed January 1, 2006: 9 The Respiratory Care Practice Act. 10 The Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act. 11 The Illinois Dental Practice Act. 12 The Professional Geologist Licensing Act. 13 The Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act. 14 The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, and Nail Technology 15 16 Act of 1985. The Collection Agency Act. 17 18 The Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act. 19 The Illinois Physical Therapy Act. (Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96; 89-72, eff. 12-31-95; 89-80, 20 eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95; 89-366, eff. 7-1-96; 89-387, 21 eff. 8-20-95; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.) 22 23 (5 ILCS 80/4.26 new)

1	Sec. 4.26. Act repealed on January 1, 2016. The following
2	Act is repealed on January 1, 2016:
3	The Respiratory Care Practice Act.
4	Section 10. The Respiratory Care Practice Act is amended by
5	changing Sections 10, 15, 20, 35, 50, and 95 as follows:
6	(225 ILCS 106/10)
7	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)
8	Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act:
9	"Advanced practice nurse" means an advanced practice nurse
10	licensed under the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act.
11	"Board" means the Respiratory Care Board appointed by the
12	Director.
13	"Basic respiratory care activities" means and includes all
14	of the following activities:
15	(1) Cleaning, disinfecting, and sterilizing equipment
16	used in the practice of respiratory care as delegated by a
17	licensed health care professional or other authorized
18	licensed personnel.
19	(2) Assembling equipment used in the practice of
20	respiratory care as delegated by a licensed health care
21	professional or other authorized licensed personnel.
22	(3) Collecting and reviewing patient data through
23	non-invasive means, provided that the collection and
24	review does not include the individual's interpretation of
25	the clinical significance of the data. Collecting and
26	reviewing patient data includes the performance of pulse
27	oximetry and non-invasive monitoring procedures in order
28	to obtain vital signs and notification to licensed health
29	care professionals and other authorized licensed personnel
30	in a timely manner.
31	(4) Maintaining a nasal cannula or face mask for oxygen

therapy in the proper position on the patient's face.

1	(5) Assembling a nasal cannula or face mask for oxygen
2	therapy at patient bedside in preparation for use.
3	(6) Maintaining a patient's natural airway by
4	physically manipulating the jaw and neck, suctioning the
5	oral cavity, or suctioning the mouth or nose with a bulb
6	syringe.
7	(7) Performing assisted ventilation during emergency
8	resuscitation using a manual resuscitator.
9	(8) Using of a manual resuscitator at the direction of
10	a licensed health care professional or other authorized
11	licensed personnel who is present and performing routine
12	airway suctioning. These activities do not include care of
13	a patient's artificial airway or the adjustment of
14	mechanical ventilator settings while a patient is
15	connected to the ventilator.
16	"Basic respiratory care activities" does not mean activities
17	that involve any of the following:
18	(1) Specialized knowledge that results from a course of
19	education or training in respiratory care.
20	(2) An unreasonable risk of a negative outcome for the
21	<pre>patient.</pre>
22	(3) The assessment or making of a decision concerning
23	<pre>patient care.</pre>
24	(4) The administration of aerosol medication or
25	oxygen.
26	(5) The insertion and maintenance of an artificial
27	airway.
28	(6) Mechanical ventilatory support.
29	(7) Patient assessment.
30	(8) Patient education.
31	"Department" means the Department of Professional
32	Regulation.
33	"Director" means the Director of Professional Regulation.
34	"Licensed" means that which is required to hold oneself out

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as a respiratory care practitioner as defined in this Act.

"Licensed <u>health care professional" means a physician</u> licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician that authorizes the advanced practice nurse to transmit orders to a respiratory care practitioner, or a physician assistant who has been delegated the authority to transmit orders to a respiratory care practitioner by his or her supervising physician physician means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches.

"Order" means a written, oral, or telecommunicated authorization for respiratory care services for a patient by (i) a licensed health care professional who maintains medical supervision of the patient and makes a diagnosis or verifies that the patient's condition is such that it may be treated by a respiratory care practitioner or (ii) a certified registered nurse anesthetist in a licensed hospital.

"Other authorized licensed personnel" means a licensed respiratory care practitioner, a licensed registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse whose scope of practice authorizes the professional to supervise an individual who is not licensed, certified, or registered as a health professional.

"Proximate supervision" means a situation in which an individual is responsible for directing the actions of another individual in the facility and is physically close enough to be readily available, if needed, by the supervised individual.

"Respiratory care" and "cardiorespiratory care" mean preventative services, evaluation and assessment services, therapeutic services, and rehabilitative services under the order of a licensed health care professional or a certified registered nurse anesthetist in a licensed hospital for an individual with a disorder, disease, or abnormality of the cardiopulmonary system. These terms include, but are not limited to, measuring, observing, assessing, and monitoring

signs and symptoms, reactions, general behavior, and general 1 2 physical response of individuals to respiratory care services, including the determination of whether those signs, symptoms, 3 reactions, behaviors, or general physical responses exhibit 4 abnormal characteristics; the administration 5 pharmacological and therapeutic agents related to respiratory 6 7 care services; the collection of blood specimens and other bodily fluids and tissues for, and the performance of, 8 cardiopulmonary diagnostic testing procedures, including, but 9 not limited to, blood gas analysis; development, 10 implementation, and modification of respiratory care treatment 11 plans based on assessed abnormalities of the cardiopulmonary 12 system, respiratory care guidelines, referrals, and orders of a 13 licensed health care professional; application, operation, and 14 15 management of mechanical ventilatory support and other means of life support; and the initiation of emergency procedures under 16 the rules promulgated by the Department. A respiratory care 17 practitioner shall refer to a physician licensed to practice 18 medicine in all its branches any patient whose condition, at 19 the time of evaluation or treatment, is determined to be beyond 20 the scope of practice of the respiratory care practitioner. 21 clude, but are not limited to, direct and indirect 22 in the implementation of treatment, management, disease 23 24 prevention, diagnostic testing, monitoring, and 25 patients with deficiencies and abnormalities associated the cardiopulmonary system, including (i) a determination 26 27 whether such signs and symptoms, reactions, behavior, general response exhibit abnormal characteristics and 28 29 implementation of treatment based on the 30 abnormalities, of appropriate reporting, referral, respiratory 31 care protocols, or changes in treatment pursuant to 32 written, oral, or telephone transmitted orders of a licensed rsician. "Respiratory care" includes the transcription 33 implementation of written, oral, and telephone transmitted 34

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orders by a licensed physician pertaining to the practice of respiratory care and the initiation of emergency procedures under rules promulgated by the Board or as otherwise permitted in this Act. The practice of respiratory care may be performed in any clinic, hospital, skilled nursing facility, private dwelling, or other place considered appropriate by the Board in accordance with the written, oral, or telephone transmitted order of a physician and shall be performed under the direction of a licensed physician. "Respiratory care" includes inhalation and respiratory therapy.

"Respiratory care education program" means a course of academic study leading to eligibility for registry or certification in respiratory care. The training is to be approved by an accrediting agency recognized by the Board and shall include an evaluation of competence through standardized testing mechanism that is determined by the Board to be both valid and reliable.

"Respiratory care practitioner" means a person who is licensed by the Department of Professional Regulation and meets all of the following criteria:

- The person is engaged in the practice of (1) cardiorespiratory care and has the knowledge and skill necessary to administer respiratory care.
- (2) The person is capable of serving as a resource to licensed <u>health care professional</u> <del>physician</del> relation to the technical aspects of cardiorespiratory care and the safe and effective methods for administering cardiorespiratory care modalities.
- (3) The person is able to function in situations of unsupervised patient contact requiring great individual judgment.
- (4) The person is capable of supervising, directing, or eaching less skilled personnel in the respiratory care services.

(Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96.) 1

2 (225 ILCS 106/15)

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- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)
- Sec. 15. Exemptions.
  - (a) This Act does not prohibit a person legally regulated in this State by any other Act from engaging in any practice for which he or she is authorized. as long as he or she does not represent himself or herself by the title of respiratory care practitioner. This Act does not prohibit the practice of nonregulated professions whose practitioners are engaged in the delivery of respiratory care as long as these practitioners do not represent themselves as or use the title of a respiratory care practitioner.
    - (b) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the practice of respiratory care by a person who is employed by the United States government or any bureau, division, or agency thereof while in the discharge of the employee's official duties.
  - (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the activities and services of a person enrolled in an approved course of study leading to a degree or certificate of registry or certification eligibility in respiratory care if these activities and services constitute a part of a supervised course of study and if the person is designated by a title which clearly indicates his or her status as a student or trainee. Status as a student or trainee shall not exceed 3 years from the date of enrollment in an approved course.
  - (d) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a person from treating ailments by spiritual means through prayer alone in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination.
  - (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent a person who is a registered nurse, an advanced practice nurse, or a certified registered nurse anesthetist or a licensed

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- practical nurse, a physician assistant, or a physician licensed 1 to practice medicine in all its branches from providing 2 3 respiratory care.
  - (f) Nothing in this Act shall limit a person who is credentialed by the National Society for Cardiopulmonary Technology or the National Board for Respiratory Care from performing pulmonary function tests and related respiratory care procedures related to the pulmonary function test for which appropriate competencies have been demonstrated.
  - (g) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the collection and analysis of blood by clinical laboratory personnel meeting the personnel standards of the Illinois Clinical Laboratory Act.
  - (h) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a polysomnographic technologist, technician, or trainee, as defined in the job descriptions jointly accepted by the American Academy of Sleep Medicine, the Association of Polysomnographic Technologists, the Board of Registered Polysomnographic Technologists, and the American Society of Electroneurodiagnostic Technologists, from performing activities within the scope of practice of polysomnographic technology while under the direction of a physician licensed in this State limit the activities of a person who is not licensed under this Act from performing respiratory care if he or she does not represent himself or herself as a respiratory care practitioner.
  - (i) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit a family member from providing respiratory care services to an ill person qualified members of other professional groups, including but not limited to nurses, from performing or advertising that he or she performs the work of a respiratory care practitioner in a manner consistent with his or her training, or any code of ethics of his or her respective professions, but only if he or she does not represent himself or herself by any title or description as a respiratory care practitioner.
    - (j) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit an

unlicensed practitioner in a licensed hospital who is working 1 2 under the proximate supervision of a licensed health care 3 professional or other authorized licensed personnel and providing direct patient care services from performing basic 4 5 respiratory care activities if the unlicensed practitioner (i) has demonstrated competency to perform the basic respiratory 6 7 care activities to the facility that employs or contracts with the individual and (ii) is, at a minimum, evaluated annually, 8 with the competency of the unlicensed practitioner's 9 performance of basic respiratory care activities documented by 10 the facility. This Act does not prohibit a hospital, nursing 11 home, long-term care facility, home health agency, health 12 system or network, or any other organization or institution 13 that provides health or illness care for individuals 14 15 from <del>- providing -</del> respiratory care practitioners that the organization considers competent. 16 17 entities shall not be required to utilize licensed 18 care practitioners to practice respiratory care when providing for 19 their patients 20 Organizations providing respiratory care may decide who competent to deliver that respiratory care. Nothing in this Act 21 all be construed to limit the ability of an employer 22 utilize a respiratory care practitioner within the employment 23 setting consistent with the individual's skill and training. 24 25 (k) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit a 26 person enrolled in an approved course of study leading to a degree or certification in a health care-related discipline 27 that provides respiratory care activities within his or her 28 29 scope of practice and employed in a licensed hospital in order to provide direct patient care services under the direction of 30 other authorized licensed personnel from providing respiratory 31 care activities. 32

(Source: P.A. 91-259, eff. 1-1-00.)

- 1 (225 ILCS 106/20)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006) 2
- 3 Sec. 20. Restrictions and limitations.
- (a) 4 No person shall, without a valid license as
- 5 respiratory care practitioner (i) hold himself or herself out
- to the public as a respiratory care practitioner; or (ii) use 6
- 7 the title "respiratory care practitioner"; or (iii) perform the
- 8 duties of a respiratory care practitioner, except as provided
- in Section 15 of this Act. 9
- (b) Nothing in the Act shall be construed to permit a 10
- person licensed as  $\underline{a}$  respiratory care practitioner to engage in 11
- any manner in the practice of medicine in all its branches as 12
- defined by State law. 13
- (Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96.) 14
- (225 ILCS 106/35) 15
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006) 16
- 17 Sec. 35. Respiratory Care Board.
- 18 (a) The Director shall appoint a Respiratory Care Board
- 19 which shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Director. The
- 20 Board shall consist of 9 persons of which 4 members shall be
- currently engaged in the practice of respiratory care with a 21
- minimum of 3 years practice in the State of Illinois, 3 members

shall be qualified medical directors, and 2 members shall be

24 hospital administrators.

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- 25 (b) Members shall be appointed to a 3-year term; except,
- 26 initial appointees shall serve the following terms: 3 members
- 27 shall serve for one year, 3 members shall serve for 2 years,
- 28 and 3 members shall serve for 3 years. A member whose term has
- expired shall continue to serve until his or her successor is 29
- 30 appointed and qualified. No member shall be reappointed to the
- 31 Board for a term that would cause his or her continuous service
- 32 on the Board to be longer than 8 years. Appointments to fill
- vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original 33

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- appointments for the unexpired portion of the vacated term. 1 Initial terms shall begin upon the effective date of this Act. 2
  - (c) The membership of the Board shall reasonably represent all the geographic areas in this State. The Director shall consider the recommendations of the organization representing the largest number of respiratory care practitioners for appointment of the respiratory care practitioner members of the Board and the organization representing the largest number of licensed physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches for the appointment of medical directors to the board.
  - (d) The Director has the authority to remove any member of the Board from office for neglect of any duty required by law, for incompetence incompetency, or for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.
  - (e) The Director shall consider the recommendations of the Board on questions involving standards of professional conduct, discipline, and qualifications of candidates for licensure under this Act.
    - (f) The members of the Board shall be reimbursed for all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Board.
  - (g) Every 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Board shall conduct a study and report its findings to the Governor and the General Assembly on the effects of this Act on the access, quality, and cost of respiratory care services in the State.
- (Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96.) 27
- 28 (225 ILCS 106/50)
- (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006) 29
- 30 Sec. 50. Qualifications for a license.
- 31 (a) A person is qualified to be licensed as a licensed 32 respiratory care practitioner, and the Department may issue a license authorizing the practice of respiratory care to an 33

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- (1) has applied in writing on the prescribed form and has paid the required fee;
  - (2) has successfully completed a respiratory care training program approved by the Department;
- (3) has successfully passed an examination for the practice of respiratory care authorized by the Department, within 5 years of making application; and
  - (4) has paid the fees required by this Act.

Any person who has received certification by any state or national organization whose standards are accepted by the Department as being substantially similar to the standards in this Act may apply for a respiratory care practitioner license without examination.

(b) Beginning 6 months after December 31, 2005, all individuals who provide satisfactory evidence to the Department of 3 years of experience, with a minimum of 400 hours per year, in the practice of respiratory care during the 5 years immediately preceding December 31, 2005 shall be issued a license. This experience must have been obtained while under the supervision of a certified respiratory therapist, a registered respiratory therapist, or a licensed registered nurse or under the supervision or direction of a licensed health care professional. All applications for a license under this subsection (b) shall be postmarked within 12 months after December 31, 2005.

All individuals who, on the effective date of this Act, provide satisfactory evidence to the Department of 3 years experience in the practice of respiratory care during the 5 years immediately preceding the effective date of this Act shall be issued a license. To qualify for a license under subsection (b), all applications for a license under this subsection (b) shall be filed within 24 months after the effective date of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96.) 1

2 (225 ILCS 106/95)

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- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)
- Sec. 95. Grounds for discipline.
  - (a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary action as the Department considers appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation, with regard to any license for any one or more of the following:
    - (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or to any other State or federal agency.
      - (2) Violations of this Act, or any of its rules.
    - (3) Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof that is a felony or a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
    - (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license.
    - (5) Professional incompetence or negligence in the rendering of respiratory care services.
      - (6) Malpractice.
    - (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any rules or provisions of this Act.
    - (8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department.
    - Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (10) Violating the rules of professional conduct 31 32 adopted by the Department.
- (11) Discipline by another jurisdiction, if at least 33

one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.

- (12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually rendered.
- (13) A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having the license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of the probation.
  - (14) Abandonment of a patient.
- (15) Willfully filing false reports relating to a licensee's practice including, but not limited to, false records filed with a federal or State agency or department.
- (16) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (17) Providing respiratory care, other than pursuant to <u>an order</u> the prescription of a licensed physician.
- (18) Physical or mental disability including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (19) Solicitation of professional services by using false or misleading advertising.
- (20) Failure to file a tax return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue or any successor agency or the Internal Revenue Service or any successor agency.
- (21) Irregularities in billing a third party for services rendered or in reporting charges for services not rendered.
  - (22) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated

report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

- (23) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in an inability to practice with reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.
- (24) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department on Aging under the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused an elderly person to be abused or neglected as defined in the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act.
- (25) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected elder abuse or neglect as required by the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act.
- (b) The determination by a court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code will result in an automatic suspension of his or her license. The suspension will end upon a finding by a court that the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Director that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-259, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 31 (225 ILCS 106/55 rep.)
- 32 Section 15. The Respiratory Care Practice Act is amended by 33 repealing Section 55.

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.".