

Sen. Susan Garrett

Filed: 3/11/2005

	09400SB0086sam001 LRB094 06895 RAS 43298 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 86
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 86 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act
5	is amended by adding Title 25 as follows:
6	(225 ILCS 65/Tit. 25 heading new)
7	TITLE 25. NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
8	(225 ILCS 65/25-5 new)
9	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)
10	Sec. 25-5. Nurse Licensure Compact. The State of Illinois
11	ratifies and approves the Nurse Licensure Compact and enters
12	into it with all other jurisdictions that legally join in the
13	compact. The General Assembly finds that no amendment by the
14	General Assembly to the provisions of the Compact contained in
15	this Act shall become effective and binding upon the Compact
16	and the Compact party states unless and until the Nurse
17	Licensure Compact Administrators (NLCA) enact the amendment to
18	the Articles of Organization of the NCLA. The Nurse Licensure
19	Compact is, in form, substantially as follows:
20	ARTICLE I.
21	Findings and Declaration of Purpose

1	(a) The party states find that:
2	(1) the health and safety of the public are affected by
3	the degree of compliance with and the effectiveness of
4	enforcement activities related to state nurse licensure laws;
5	(2) violations of nurse licensure and other laws
6	regulating the practice of nursing may result in injury or
7	harm to the public;
8	(3) the expanded mobility of nurses and the use of
9	advanced communication technologies as part of our
10	nation's healthcare delivery system require greater
11	coordination and cooperation among states in the areas of
12	nurse licensure and regulation;
13	(4) new practice modalities and technology make
14	compliance with individual state nurse licensure laws
15	difficult and complex;
16	(5) the current system of duplicative licensure for
17	nurses practicing in multiple states is cumbersome and
18	redundant to both nurses and states.
19	(b) The general purposes of this Compact are to:
20	(1) facilitate the states' responsibility to protect
21	the public's health and safety;
22	(2) ensure and encourage the cooperation of party
23	states in the areas of nurse licensure and regulation;
24	(3) facilitate the exchange of information between
25	party states in the areas of nurse regulation,
26	investigation and adverse actions;
27	(4) promote compliance with the laws governing the
28	practice of nursing in each jurisdiction;
29	(5) invest all party states with the authority to hold
30	a nurse accountable for meeting all state practice laws in
31	the state in which the patient is located at the time care
32	is rendered through the mutual recognition of party state
33	licenses.

1	ARTICLE II.
2	Definitions
3	As used in this Compact:
4	(a) "Adverse Action" means a home or remote state action.
5	(b) "Alternative program" means a voluntary,
6	non-disciplinary monitoring program approved by a nurse
7	licensing board.
8	(c) "Coordinated licensure information system" means an
9	integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing
10	information on nurse licensure and enforcement activities
11	related to nurse licensure laws, which is administered by a
12	non-profit organization composed of and controlled by state
13	nurse licensing boards.
14	(d) "Current significant investigative information" means:
15	(1) investigative information that a licensing board,
16	after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and
17	an opportunity for the nurse to respond if required by
18	state law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if
19	proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction;
20	or
21	(2) investigative information that indicates that the
22	nurse represents an immediate threat to public health and
23	safety regardless of whether the nurse has been notified
24	and had an opportunity to respond.
25	(e) "Home state" means the party state which is the nurse's
26	primary state of residence.
27	(f) "Home state action" means any administrative, civil,
28	equitable or criminal action permitted by the home state's laws
29	which are imposed on a nurse by the home state's licensing
30	board or other authority including actions against an
31	individual's license such as: revocation, suspension,
32	probation or any other action which affects a nurse's
33	authorization to practice.

1	(g) "Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body
2	responsible for issuing nurse licenses.
3	(h) "Multistate licensure privilege" means current,
4	official authority from a remote state permitting the practice
5	of nursing as either a registered nurse or a licensed
6	practical/vocational nurse in such party state. All party
7	states have the authority, in accordance with existing state
8	due process law, to take actions against the nurse's privilege
9	such as: revocation, suspension, probation or any other action
10	which affects a nurse's authorization to practice.
11	(i) "Nurse" means a registered nurse or licensed
12	practical/vocational nurse, as those terms are defined by each
13	party's state practice laws.
14	(j) "Party state" means any state that has adopted this
15	Compact.
16	(k) "Remote state" means a party state, other than the home
17	state,
18	(1) where the patient is located at the time nursing
18 19	(1) where the patient is located at the time nursing care is provided, or,
19	care is provided, or,
19 20	<u>care is provided, or,</u> (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not
19 20 21	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the</pre>
19 20 21 22	<u>care is provided, or,</u> <u>(2) in the case of the practice of nursing not</u> <u>involving a patient, in such party state where the</u> <u>recipient of nursing practice is located.</u>
19 20 21 22 23	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means:</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means:</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority including actions against an individual's</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority including actions against an individual's multistate licensure privilege to practice in the remote</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority including actions against an individual's multistate licensure privilege to practice in the remote state, and</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority including actions against an individual's multistate licensure privilege to practice in the remote state, and (2) cease and desist and other injunctive or equitable</pre>
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>care is provided, or, (2) in the case of the practice of nursing not involving a patient, in such party state where the recipient of nursing practice is located. (1) "Remote state action" means: (1) any administrative, civil, equitable or criminal action permitted by a remote state's laws which are imposed on a nurse by the remote state's licensing board or other authority including actions against an individual's multistate licensure privilege to practice in the remote state, and (2) cease and desist and other injunctive or equitable orders issued by remote states or the licensing boards</pre>

1 Puerto Rico. (n) "State practice laws" means those individual party's 2 3 state laws and regulations that govern the practice of nursing, define the scope of nursing practice, and create the methods 4 5 and grounds for imposing discipline. "State practice laws" does not include the initial qualifications for licensure or 6 7 requirements necessary to obtain and retain a license, except for qualifications or requirements of the home state. 8

9 ARTICLE III.

10

General Provisions and Jurisdiction

(a) A license to practice registered nursing issued by a 11 12 home state to a resident in that state will be recognized by 13 each party state as authorizing a multistate licensure privilege to practice as a registered nurse in such party 14 state. A license to practice licensed practical/vocational 15 nursing issued by a home state to a resident in that state will 16 be recognized by each party state as authorizing a multistate 17 licensure privilege to practice as a 18 licensed 19 practical/vocational nurse in such party state. In order to 20 obtain or retain a license, an applicant must meet the home state's qualifications for licensure and license renewal as 21 22 well as all other applicable state laws.

23 (b) Party states may, in accordance with state due process 24 laws, limit or revoke the multistate licensure privilege of any nurse to practice in their state and may take any other actions 25 under their applicable state laws necessary to protect the 26 27 health and safety of their citizens. If a party state takes such action, it shall promptly notify the administrator of the 28 29 coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly 30 notify the home state of any such actions by remote states. 31

32 (c) Every nurse practicing in a party state must comply

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with the state practice laws of the state in which the patient is located at the time care is rendered. In addition, the practice of nursing is not limited to patient care, but shall include all nursing practice as defined by the state practice laws of a party state. The practice of nursing will subject a nurse to the jurisdiction of the nurse licensing board and the courts, as well as the laws, in that party state.

(d) This Compact does not affect additional requirements 8 imposed by states for advanced practice registered nursing. 9 However, a multistate licensure privilege to practice 10 registered nursing granted by a party state shall be recognized 11 by other party states as a license to practice registered 12 nursing if one is required by state law as a precondition for 13 qualifying for advanced practice registered nurse 14 15 authorization.

16 <u>(e) Individuals not residing in a party state shall</u> 17 <u>continue to be able to apply for nurse licensure as provided</u> 18 <u>for under the laws of each party state. However, the license</u> 19 <u>granted to these individuals will not be recognized as granting</u> 20 <u>the privilege to practice nursing in any other party state</u> 21 <u>unless explicitly agreed to by that party state.</u>

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Applications for Licensure in a Party State

ARTICLE IV.

24 (a) Upon application for a license, the licensing board in a party state shall ascertain, through the coordinated 25 licensure information system, whether the applicant has ever 26 27 held, or is the holder of, a license issued by any other state, whether there are any restrictions on the multistate licensure 28 29 privilege, and whether any other adverse action by any state has been taken against the license. 30 (b) A nurse in a party state shall hold licensure in only 31

32 one party state at a time, issued by the home state.

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1	(c) A nurse who intends to change primary state of
2	residence may apply for licensure in the new home state in
3	advance of such change. However, new licenses will not be
4	issued by a party state until after a nurse provides evidence
5	of change in primary state of residence satisfactory to the new
6	home state's licensing board.
7	(d) When a nurse changes primary state of residence by:
8	(1) moving between two party states, and obtains a
9	license from the new home state, the license from the
10	former home state is no longer valid;
11	(2) moving from a non-party state to a party state, and
12	obtains a license from the new home state, the individual
13	state license issued by the non-party state is not affected
14	and will remain in full force if so provided by the laws of
15	the non-party state;
16	(3) moving from a party state to a non-party state, the
17	license issued by the prior home state converts to an
18	individual state license, valid only in the former home
19	state, without the multistate licensure privilege to
20	practice in other party states.
21	ARTICLE V.
22	Adverse Actions
23	In addition to the General Provisions described in Article
24	III, the following provisions apply:
25	(a) The licensing board of a remote state shall promptly
26	report to the administrator of the coordinated licensure
27	information system any remote state actions including the
28	factual and legal basis for such action, if known. The
29	licensing board of a remote state shall also promptly report
30	any significant current investigative information yet to
31	result in a remote state action. The administrator of the
32	coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify
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1 the home state of any such reports.

1	the nome state of any such reports.
2	(b) The licensing board of a party state shall have the
3	authority to complete any pending investigations for a nurse
4	who changes primary state of residence during the course of
5	such investigations. It shall also have the authority to take
6	appropriate action(s), and shall promptly report the
7	conclusions of such investigations to the administrator of the
8	coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of
9	the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly
10	notify the new home state of any such actions.
11	(c) A remote state may take adverse action affecting the
12	multistate licensure privilege to practice within that party
13	state. However, only the home state shall have the power to
14	impose adverse action against the license issued by the home
15	<u>state.</u>
16	(d) For purposes of imposing adverse action, the licensing
17	board of the home state shall give the same priority and effect
18	to reported conduct received from a remote state as it would if
19	such conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing,
20	it shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate
21	action.
22	(e) The home state may take adverse action based on the
23	factual findings of the remote state, so long as each state
24	follows its own procedures for imposing such adverse action.
25	(f) Nothing in this Compact shall override a party state's
26	decision that participation in an alternative program may be
27	used in lieu of licensure action and that such participation
28	shall remain non-public if required by the party state's laws.
29	Party states must require nurses who enter any alternative
30	programs to agree not to practice in any other party state
31	during the term of the alternative program without prior
32	authorization from such other party state.

ARTICLE VI.

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1	Additional Authorities Invested
2	in Party State Nurse Licensing Boards
3	Notwithstanding any other powers, party state nurse
4	licensing boards shall have the authority to:
5	(a) if otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the
6	affected nurse the costs of investigations and disposition of
7	cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that
8	nurse;
9	(b) issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations
10	which require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and
11	the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a nurse
12	licensing board in a party state for the attendance and
13	testimony of witnesses, and/or the production of evidence from
14	another party state, shall be enforced in the latter state by
15	any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice
16	and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in
17	proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay
18	any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees
19	required by the service statutes of the state where the
20	witnesses and/or evidence are located;
21	(c) issue cease and desist orders to limit or revoke a
22	nurse's authority to practice in their state;
23	(d) promulgate uniform rules and regulations as provided
24	for in Article VIII(c).
25	ARTICLE VII.
26	Coordinated Licensure Information System
27	(a) All party states shall participate in a cooperative
28	effort to create a coordinated data base of all licensed
29	registered nurses and licensed practical/vocational nurses.
30	This system will include information on the licensure and
31	disciplinary history of each nurse, as contributed by party
~ -	ab concributed by party

1 states, to assist in the coordination of nurse licensure and 2 enforcement efforts.

3 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party 4 states' licensing boards shall promptly report adverse 5 actions, actions against multistate licensure privileges, any 6 current significant investigative information yet to result in 7 adverse action, denials of applications, and the reasons for 8 such denials, to the coordinated licensure information system.

9 <u>(c) Current significant investigative information shall be</u> 10 <u>transmitted through the coordinated licensure information</u> 11 <u>system only to party state licensing boards.</u>

12 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party 13 states' licensing boards contributing information to the 14 coordinated licensure information system may designate 15 information that may not be shared with non-party states or 16 disclosed to other entities or individuals without the express 17 permission of the contributing state.

18 (e) Any personally identifiable information obtained by a 19 party states' licensing board from the coordinated licensure 20 information system may not be shared with non-party states or 21 disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent 22 permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the 23 information.

24 (f) Any information contributed to the coordinated 25 licensure information system that is subsequently required to 26 be expunded by the laws of the party state contributing that 27 information, shall also be expunded from the coordinated 28 licensure information system.

29 (g) The Compact administrators, acting jointly with each 30 other and in consultation with the administrator of the 31 coordinated licensure information system, shall formulate 32 necessary and proper procedures for the identification, 33 collection and exchange of information under this Compact.

1	ARTICLE VIII.
2	Compact Administration and
3	Interchange of Information
4	(a) The head of the nurse licensing board, or his/her
5	designee, of each party state shall be the administrator of
6	this Compact for his/her state.
7	(b) The Compact administrator of each party state shall
8	furnish to the Compact administrator of each other party state
9	any information and documents including, but not limited to, a
10	uniform data set of investigations, identifying information,
11	licensure data, and disclosable alternative program
12	participation information to facilitate the administration of
13	this Compact.
14	(c) Compact administrators shall have the authority to
15	develop uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate
16	implementation of this Compact. These uniform rules shall be
17	adopted by party states, under the authority invested under
18	Article VI(d).
19	ARTICLE IX.
20	Immunity
21	No party state or the officers or employees or agents of a
22	party state's nurse licensing board who acts in accordance with
23	the provisions of this Compact shall be liable on account of
24	any act or omission in good faith while engaged in the
25	performance of their duties under this Compact. Good faith in
26	this article shall not include willful misconduct, gross
27	negligence, or recklessness.
28	ARTICLE X.

Entry into Force, Withdrawal and Amendment 09400SB0086sam001 -12- LRB094 06895 RAS 43298 a

1	(a) This Compact shall enter into force and become
2	effective as to any state when it has been enacted into the
3	laws of that state. Any party state may withdraw from this
4	Compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such
5	withdrawal shall take effect until six months after the
6	withdrawing state has given notice of the withdrawal to the
7	executive heads of all other party states.
8	(b) No withdrawal shall affect the validity or
9	applicability by the licensing boards of states remaining party
10	to the Compact of any report of adverse action occurring prior
11	to the withdrawal.
12	(c) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to
13	invalidate or prevent any nurse licensure agreement or other
14	cooperative arrangement between a party state and a non-party
15	state that is made in accordance with the other provisions of
16	this Compact.
17	(d) This Compact may be amended by the party states. No
18	amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding
19	upon the party states unless and until it is enacted into the
20	laws of all party states.
21	ARTICLE XI.
22	Construction and Severability
23	(a) This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to
24	effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact
25	shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or
26	provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the

26 provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the 27 constitution of any party state or of the United States or the 28 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or 29 circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of 30 this Compact and the applicability thereof to any government, 31 agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. 32 If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of

1 any state party thereto, the Compact shall remain in full force 2 and effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the party state affected as to all severable 3 4 matters. 5 (b) In the event party states find a need for settling disputes arising under this Compact: 6 (1) The party states may submit the issues in dispute 7 to an arbitration panel which will be comprised of an 8 individual appointed by the Compact administrator in the 9 home state; an individual appointed by the Compact 10 administrator in the remote state(s) involved; and an 11 individual mutually agreed upon by the Compact 12 administrators of all the party states involved in the 13 14 dispute. 15 (2) The decision of a majority of the arbitrators shall be final and binding. 16 17 (225 ILCS 65/25-10 new) (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008) 18 19 Sec. 25-10. Costs of investigation and disposition of 20 cases. To facilitate cross-state enforcement efforts, the General Assembly finds that it is necessary for Illinois to 21 have the power to recover from the affected nurse the costs of 22 investigations and disposition of cases resulting from adverse 23 actions taken by this State against that nurse. 24 25 (225 ILCS 65/25-15 new) 26 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008) 27 Sec. 25-15. Statutory obligations. This Compact is designed to facilitate the regulation of nurses and does not 28 relieve employers from complying with statutorily imposed 29 30 obligations.

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(225 ILCS 65/25-20 new)

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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)
 Sec. 25-20. State labor laws. This Compact does not
 supersede existing State labor laws.

4 Section 90. The Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act 5 is amended by changing Sections 5-10, 5-15, and 10-30 as 6 follows:

7 (225 ILCS 65/5-10)

8

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

9 Sec. 5-10. Definitions. Each of the following terms, when 10 used in this Act, shall have the meaning ascribed to it in this 11 Section, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise:

12 (a) "Department" means the Department of Professional13 Regulation.

14 (b) "Director" means the Director of Professional 15 Regulation.

16 (c) "Board" means the Board of Nursing appointed by the 17 Director.

(d) "Academic year" means the customary annual schedule of courses at a college, university, or approved school, customarily regarded as the school year as distinguished from the calendar year.

(e) "Approved program of professional nursing education"
 and "approved program of practical nursing education" are
 programs of professional or practical nursing, respectively,
 approved by the Department under the provisions of this Act.

26 (f) "Nursing Act Coordinator" means a registered 27 professional nurse appointed by the Director to carry out the 28 administrative policies of the Department.

(g) "Assistant Nursing Act Coordinator" means a registered
 professional nurse appointed by the Director to assist in
 carrying out the administrative policies of the Department.

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(h) "Registered" is the equivalent of "licensed".

(i) "Practical nurse" or "licensed practical nurse" means a
person who is licensed as a practical nurse under this Act or
<u>holds the privilege to practice under this Act</u> and practices
practical nursing as defined in paragraph (j) of this Section.
Only a practical nurse licensed or granted the privilege to
<u>practice</u> under this Act is entitled to use the title "licensed
practical nurse" and the abbreviation "L.P.N.".

(j) "Practical nursing" means the performance of nursing 8 acts requiring the basic nursing knowledge, judgement, and 9 skill acquired by means of completion of an approved practical 10 Practical nursing 11 nursing education program. includes assisting in the nursing process as delegated by and under the 12 13 direction of a registered professional nurse. The practical 14 nurse may work under the direction of a licensed physician, 15 dentist, podiatrist, or other health care professional 16 determined by the Department.

(k) "Registered Nurse" or "Registered Professional Nurse" 17 18 means a person who is licensed as a professional nurse under this Act or holds the privilege to practice under this Act and 19 20 practices nursing as defined in paragraph (1) of this Section. 21 Only a registered nurse licensed or granted the privilege to practice under this Act is entitled to use the titles 22 "registered nurse" and "registered professional nurse" and the 23 abbreviation, "R.N.". 24

25 (1) "Registered professional nursing practice" includes 26 all nursing specialities and means the performance of any 27 nursing act based upon professional knowledge, judgment, and 28 skills acquired by means of completion of an approved 29 registered professional nursing education program. Α 30 registered professional nurse provides nursing care 31 emphasizing the importance of the whole and the interdependence 32 of its parts through the nursing process to individuals, 33 groups, families, or communities, that includes but is not limited to: (1) the assessment of healthcare needs, nursing 34

diagnosis, planning, implementation, and nursing evaluation; 1 2 (2) the promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health; (3) 3 counseling, patient education, health education, and patient 4 advocacy; (4) the administration of medications and treatments 5 as prescribed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, a licensed dentist, a licensed podiatrist, 6 7 or a licensed optometrist or as prescribed by a physician 8 assistant in accordance with written guidelines required under the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 or by an advanced 9 10 practice nurse in accordance with a written collaborative agreement required under the Nursing and Advanced Practice 11 Nursing Act; (5) the coordination and management of the nursing 12 13 plan of care; (6) the delegation to and supervision of 14 individuals who assist the registered professional nurse 15 implementing the plan of care; and (7) teaching and supervision 16 of nursing students. The foregoing shall not be deemed to 17 include those acts of medical diagnosis or prescription of 18 therapeutic or corrective measures that are properly performed 19 only by physicians licensed in the State of Illinois.

20 (m) "Current nursing practice update course" means a 21 planned nursing education curriculum approved by the Department consisting of activities that have educational 22 objectives, instructional methods, content or subject matter, 23 24 clinical practice, and evaluation methods, related to basic 25 review and updating content and specifically planned for those 26 nurses previously licensed in the United States or its territories and preparing for reentry into nursing practice. 27

28 (n) "Professional assistance program for nurses" means a 29 professional assistance program that meets criteria established by the Board of Nursing and approved by the 30 31 Director, which provides a non-disciplinary treatment approach 32 for nurses licensed under this Act whose ability to practice is compromised by alcohol or chemical substance addiction. 33

34 (o) "Privilege to practice" means the authorization to

practice as a practical nurse or a registered nurse in the 1 State under Title 25 of this Act. 2 3 (p) "License" or "licensed" means the permission granted a person to practice nursing under this Act, including the 4 privi<u>lege to practice.</u> 5 (q) "Licensee" means a person who has been issued a license 6 7 to practice nursing in the state or who holds the privilege to practice nursing in this State. 8 (Source: P.A. 90-61, eff. 12-30-97; 90-248, eff. 1-1-98; 9 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-742, eff. 8-13-98.) 10 (225 ILCS 65/5-15) 11 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008) 12 13 14 15 16

Sec. 5-15. Policy; application of Act. For the protection of life and the promotion of health, and the prevention of illness and communicable diseases, any person practicing or offering to practice professional and practical nursing in 17 Illinois shall submit evidence that he or she is qualified to practice, and shall be licensed or hold the privilege to 18 19 practice as provided under this Act. No person shall practice 20 or offer to practice professional or practical nursing in Illinois or use any title, sign, card or device to indicate 21 22 that such a person is practicing professional or practical nursing unless such person has been licensed or holds the 23 24 privilege to practice under the provisions of this Act.

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This Act does not prohibit the following:

(a) The practice of nursing in Federal employment in
the discharge of the employee's duties by a person who is
employed by the United States government or any bureau,
division or agency thereof and is a legally qualified and
licensed nurse of another state or territory and not in
conflict with Sections 10-5, 10-30, and 10-45 of this Act.

32 (b) Nursing that is included in their program of study 33 by students enrolled in programs of nursing or in current 1 2

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nurse practice update courses approved by the Department.

(c) The furnishing of nursing assistance in an emergency.

(d) The practice of nursing by a nurse who holds an active license in another state when providing services to patients in Illinois during a bonafide emergency or in immediate preparation for or during interstate transit.

8 (e) The incidental care of the sick by members of the 9 family, domestic servants or housekeepers, or care of the 10 sick where treatment is by prayer or spiritual means.

(f) Persons from being employed as nursing aides, attendants, orderlies, and other auxiliary workers in private homes, long term care facilities, nurseries, hospitals or other institutions.

15 (g) The practice of practical nursing by one who has applied in writing to the Department in form and substance 16 satisfactory to the Department, for a license as a licensed 17 18 practical nurse and who has complied with all the provisions under Section 10-30, except the passing of an 19 20 examination to be eligible to receive such license, until: 21 the decision of the Department that the applicant has 22 failed to pass the next available examination authorized by the Department or has failed, without an approved excuse, 23 24 to take the next available examination authorized by the 25 Department or until the withdrawal of the application, but 26 not to exceed 3 months. An applicant practicing practical 27 nursing under this Section who passes the examination, however, may continue to practice under this Section until 28 29 such time as he or she receives his or her license to 30 practice or until the Department notifies him or her that 31 the license has been denied. No applicant for licensure practicing under the provisions of this paragraph shall 32 33 practice practical nursing except under the direct supervision of a registered professional nurse licensed 34

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under this Act or a licensed physician, dentist or podiatrist. In no instance shall any such applicant practice or be employed in any supervisory capacity.

(h) The practice of practical nursing by one who is a licensed practical nurse under the laws of another U.S. jurisdiction and has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a license as a licensed practical nurse and who is qualified to receive such license under Section 10-30, until (1) the expiration of 6 months after the filing of such written application, (2) the withdrawal of such application, or (3) the denial of such application by the Department.

13 (i) The practice of professional nursing by one who has applied in writing to the Department in form and substance 14 15 satisfactory to the Department for a license as а registered professional nurse and has complied with all the 16 provisions under Section 10-30 except the passing of an 17 18 examination to be eligible to receive such license, until 19 the decision of the Department that the applicant has 20 failed to pass the next available examination authorized by 21 the Department or has failed, without an approved excuse, to take the next available examination authorized by the 22 23 Department or until the withdrawal of the application, but 24 to exceed 3 months. An applicant practicing not 25 professional nursing under this Section who passes the 26 examination, however, may continue to practice under this Section until such time as he or she receives his or her 27 28 license to practice or until the Department notifies him or 29 her that the license has been denied. No applicant for 30 licensure practicing under the provisions of this 31 paragraph shall practice professional nursing except under the direct supervision of a registered professional nurse 32 33 licensed under this Act. In no instance shall any such applicant practice or be employed in any supervisory 34

1 capacity.

(j) The practice of professional nursing by one who is 2 3 a registered professional nurse under the laws of another 4 state, territory of the United States or country and has 5 applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a license as a 6 7 registered professional nurse and who is qualified to 8 receive such license under Section 10-30, until (1) the expiration of 6 months after the filing of such written 9 application, (2) the withdrawal of such application, or (3) 10 the denial of such application by the Department. 11

(k) The practice of professional nursing that is 12 13 included in a program of study by one who is a registered professional nurse under the laws of another state or 14 15 territory of the United States or foreign country, territory or province and who is enrolled in a graduate 16 17 nursing education program or a program for the completion 18 of a baccalaureate nursing degree in this State, which 19 includes clinical supervision by faculty as determined by 20 the educational institution offering the program and the 21 health care organization where the practice of nursing occurs. The educational institution will file with the 22 Department each academic term a list of the names and 23 origin of license of all professional nurses practicing 24 25 nursing as part of their programs under this provision.

(1) Any person licensed in this State under any other
Act from engaging in the practice for which she or he is
licensed.

(m) Delegation to authorized direct care staff trained
 under Section 15.4 of the Mental Health and Developmental
 Disabilities Administrative Act.

An applicant for license practicing under the exceptions set forth in subparagraphs (g), (h), (i), and (j) of this Section shall use the title R.N. Lic. Pend. or L.P.N. Lic.

1 Pend. respectively and no other. (Source: P.A. 93-265, eff. 7-22-03.) 2 (225 ILCS 65/10-30) 3 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008) Sec. 10-30. Qualifications for licensure. 5 (a) Each applicant who successfully meets the requirements 6 7 of this Section shall be entitled to licensure as a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse, whichever is applicable. 8 (b) An applicant for licensure by examination to practice 9 as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse shall: 10 (1) submit a completed written application, on forms 11 provided by the Department and fees as established by the 12 13 Department; 14 (2) for registered nurse licensure, have graduated 15 from a professional nursing education program approved by 16 the Department; (2.5) for licensed practical nurse licensure, have 17 18 graduated graduate from a practical nursing education 19 program approved by the Department; 20 (3) have not violated the provisions of Section 10-45 21 of this Act. The Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction 22 23 shall not operate as an absolute bar to licensure; 24 (4) meet all other requirements as established by rule; 25 (5) pay, either to the Department or its designated 26 testing service, a fee covering the cost of providing the examination. Failure to appear for the examination on the 27 28 scheduled date at the time and place specified after the 29 applicant's application for examination has been received 30 and acknowledged by the Department or the designated testing service shall result in the forfeiture of the 31 examination fee. 32 If an applicant neglects, fails, or refuses to take an 33

examination or fails to pass an examination for a license under this Act within 3 years after filing the application, the application shall be denied. However, the applicant may make a new application accompanied by the required fee and provide evidence of meeting the requirements in force at the time of the new application.

7 An applicant may take and successfully complete a 8 Department-approved examination in another jurisdiction. However, an applicant who has never been licensed previously in 9 10 jurisdiction that utilizes Department-approved any а examination and who failed to pass 11 has taken and the examination within 3 years after filing the application must 12 13 submit proof of successful completion of а 14 Department-authorized nursing education program or 15 recompletion of an approved registered nursing program or 16 licensed practical nursing program, as appropriate, prior to 17 re-application.

An applicant shall have one year from the date of notification of successful completion of the examination to apply to the Department for a license. If an applicant fails to apply within one year, the applicant shall be required to again take and pass the examination unless licensed in another jurisdiction of the United States within one year of passing the examination.

(c) An applicant for licensure by endorsement who is a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse licensed by examination under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or a foreign country, jurisdiction, territory, or province shall:

30 (1) submit a completed written application, on forms
 31 supplied by the Department, and fees as established by the
 32 Department;

33 (2) for registered nurse licensure, have graduated34 from a professional nursing education program approved by

1 the Department;

(2.5) for licensed practical nurse licensure, have 2 3 graduated from a practical nursing education program 4 approved by the Department;

5 (3) submit verification of licensure status directly from the United States jurisdiction of licensure, if 6 7 applicable, as defined by rule;

8 (4) have passed the examination authorized by the 9 Department;

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(5) meet all other requirements as established by rule. 11 (d) All applicants for registered nurse licensure pursuant to item (2) of subsection (b) and item (2) of subsection (c) of 12 13 this Section who are graduates of nursing educational programs in a country other than the United States or its territories 14 15 must submit to the Department certification of successful completion of the Commission of Graduates of Foreign Nursing 16 17 Schools (CGFNS) examination. An applicant who is unable to 18 provide appropriate documentation to satisfy CGFNS of her or 19 his educational qualifications for the CGFNS examination shall 20 be required to pass an examination to test competency in the 21 English language, which shall be prescribed by the Department, if the applicant is determined by the Board to be educationally 22 23 prepared in nursing. The Board shall make appropriate inquiry 24 into the reasons for any adverse determination by CGFNS before 25 making its own decision.

26 An applicant licensed in another state or territory who is applying for licensure and has received her or his education in 27 28 a country other than the United States or its territories shall 29 be exempt from the completion of the Commission of Graduates of Foreign Nursing Schools (CGFNS) examination if the applicant 30 31 meets all of the following requirements:

(1) successful passage of the licensure examination 32 33 authorized by the Department;

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(2) holds an active, unencumbered license in another

1 state; and

2 (3) has been actively practicing for a minimum of 2
3 years in another state.

4 (e) (Blank).

5 (f) Pending the issuance of a license under subsection (c) of this Section, the Department may grant an applicant a 6 temporary license to practice nursing as a registered nurse or 7 8 as a licensed practical nurse if the Department is satisfied that the applicant holds an active, unencumbered license in 9 10 good standing in another jurisdiction. If the applicant holds more than one current active license, or one or more active 11 temporary licenses from other jurisdictions, the Department 12 shall not issue a temporary license until it is satisfied that 13 each current active license held by the applicant is 14 15 unencumbered. The temporary license, which shall be issued no 16 later than 14 working days following receipt by the Department of an application for the temporary license, shall be granted 17 18 upon the submission of the following to the Department:

(1) a signed and completed application for licensure
under subsection (a) of this Section as a registered nurse
or a licensed practical nurse;

(2) proof of a current, active license in at least one
other jurisdiction and proof that each current active
license or temporary license held by the applicant within
the last 5 years is unencumbered;

26 (3) a signed and completed application for a temporary27 license; and

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(4) the required temporary license fee.

(g) The Department may refuse to issue an applicant a temporary license authorized pursuant to this Section if, within 14 working days following its receipt of an application for a temporary license, the Department determines that:

(1) the applicant has been convicted of a crime under
 the laws of a jurisdiction of the United States: (i) which

is a felony; or (ii) which is a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years;

4 (2) within the last 5 years the applicant has had a 5 license or permit related to the practice of nursing 6 revoked, suspended, or placed on probation by another 7 jurisdiction, if at least one of the grounds for revoking, 8 suspending, or placing on probation is the same or 9 substantially equivalent to grounds in Illinois; or

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(3) it intends to deny licensure by endorsement.

For purposes of this Section, an "unencumbered license" means a license against which no disciplinary action has been taken or is pending and for which all fees and charges are paid and current.

(h) The Department may revoke a temporary license issuedpursuant to this Section if:

(1) it determines that the applicant has been convicted of a crime under the law of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor directly related to the practice of the profession, within the last 5 years;

22 (2) it determines that within the last 5 years the 23 applicant has had a license or permit related to the 24 practice of nursing revoked, suspended, or placed on 25 probation by another jurisdiction, if at least one of the 26 grounds for revoking, suspending, or placing on probation 27 is the same or substantially equivalent to grounds in 28 Illinois; or

29 (3) it determines that it intends to deny licensure by30 endorsement.

A temporary license shall expire 6 months from the date of issuance. Further renewal may be granted by the Department in hardship cases, as defined by rule and upon approval of the Director. However, a temporary license shall automatically 1 expire upon issuance of the Illinois license or upon 2 notification that the Department intends to deny licensure, 3 whichever occurs first.

4 (i) Applicants have 3 years from the date of application to 5 complete the application process. If the process has not been 6 completed within 3 years from the date of application, the 7 application shall be denied, the fee forfeited, and the 8 applicant must reapply and meet the requirements in effect at 9 the time of reapplication.

10 (j) A practical nurse licensed by a party state under the Nurse Licensure Compact under Title 25 of this Act is granted 11 the privilege to practice practical nursing in this State. A 12 registered nurse licensed by a party state under the Nurse 13 14 Licensure Compact under Title 25 of this Act is granted the privilege to practice registered nursing in this State. A 15 practical nurse or registered nurse who has been granted the 16 privilege to practice nursing in this State under this 17 18 subsection (j) may be required to notify the Department, prior to commencing employment in this State as a practical or 19 registered nurse, of the identity and location of the nurse's 20 21 prospective employer. (Source: P.A. 92-39, eff. 6-29-01; 92-744, eff. 7-25-02; 22

23 revised 2-17-03.)

24 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 25 1, 2006.".