

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB5336

Introduced 01/26/06, by Rep. Harry Osterman

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/2-13	from	Ch.	38,	par.	2-13	3
720 ILCS 5/32-5.1	from	Ch.	38,	par.	32-5	5.1
720 ILCS 5/32-5.1-1 net	√					
720 ILCS 5/32-5.2	from	Ch.	38,	par.	32-5	5.2
720 ILCS 5/32-5.4-1 net	√					
720 ILCS 5/32-5.5						
625 ILCS 5/12-215	from	Ch.	95 1	./2, ]	par.	12-215

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. In the definition of "peace officer", provides that for the purposes of statutes involving the false personation of a peace officer, false personation of a peace officer while carrying a deadly weapon, and aggravated false personation of a peace officer, certain federal law enforcement officers shall be considered peace officers. Increases the penalties for aggravated false personation of a peace officer and aggravated false personation of a fire fighter. Creates the offenses of false personation of a peace officer while carrying a deadly weapon and false personation of a fire fighter while carrying a deadly weapon. Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that a person who without lawful authority stops or detains another person while operating a motor vehicle using red or white oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights is guilty of a Class 2 rather than a Class 4 felony. Effective immediately.

LRB094 19171 RLC 54748 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

3

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2-13, 32-5.1, 32-5.2, and 32-5.5 and by adding
- 6 Sections 32-5.1-1 and 32-5.4-1 as follows:
- 7 (720 ILCS 5/2-13) (from Ch. 38, par. 2-13)
- 8 Sec. 2-13. "Peace officer". "Peace officer" means any
- 9 person who by virtue of his office or public employment is
- 10 vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make
- 11 arrests for offenses, whether that duty extends to all offenses
- or is limited to specific offenses.
- For purposes of Sections concerning unlawful use of
- 14 weapons, for the purposes of assisting an Illinois peace
- officer in an arrest, or when the commission of a felony under
- 16 Illinois law is directly observed by the person, <u>and statutes</u>
- involving the false personation of a peace officer, false
- personation of a peace officer while carrying a deadly weapon,
- 19 and aggravated false personation of a peace officer, then
- 20 officers, agents or employees of the federal government
- 21 commissioned by federal statute to make arrests for violations
- of federal criminal laws shall be considered "peace officers"
- 23 under this Code, including, but not limited to all criminal
- 24 investigators of:
- 25 (1) The United States Department of Justice, The Federal
- 26 Bureau of Investigation, The Drug Enforcement Agency and The
- 27 Department of Immigration and Naturalization;
- 28 (2) The United States Department of the Treasury, The
- 29 Secret Service, The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and
- 30 The Customs Service;
- 31 (3) The United States Internal Revenue Service;
- 32 (4) The United States General Services Administration;

- 1 (5) The United States Postal Service; and
- 2 (6) all United States Marshals Marshalls or Deputy United
- 3 States Marshals Marshalls whose duties involve the enforcement
- 4 of federal criminal laws.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 88-677, eff. 12-15-94; revised 10-13-05.)
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/32-5.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 32-5.1)
- 7 Sec. 32-5.1. False Personation of a Peace Officer. A
- 8 person who knowingly and falsely represents himself or herself
- 9 to be a peace officer of any jurisdiction commits a Class 4
- 10 felony.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 85-741.)
- 12 (720 ILCS 5/32-5.1-1 new)
- Sec. 32-5.1-1. False personation of a peace officer while
- 14 <u>carrying a deadly weapon.</u> A person who knowingly and falsely
- 15 <u>represents himself or herself to be a peace officer while</u>
- 16 carrying a deadly weapon commits a Class 3 felony.
- 17 (720 ILCS 5/32-5.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 32-5.2)
- 18 Sec. 32-5.2. Aggravated False Personation of a Peace
- 19 Officer. A person who knowingly and falsely represents himself
- 20 <u>or herself</u> to be a peace officer <del>of any jurisdiction</del> in
- 21 attempting or committing a felony commits a Class 2 + 3 felony.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 85-741.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/32-5.4-1 new)
- Sec. 32-5.4-1. False personation of a fire fighter while
- 25 <u>carrying a deadly weapon. A person who knowingly and falsely</u>
- 26 <u>represents himself or herself to be a fire fighter while</u>
- 27 <u>carrying a deadly weapon commits a Class 3 felony.</u>
- 28 (720 ILCS 5/32-5.5)
- Sec. 32-5.5. Aggravated false personation of a fire
- 30 fighter. A person who knowingly and falsely represents himself
- 31 <u>or herself</u> to be a fire fighter <del>of any jurisdiction</del> in

- 1 attempting or committing a felony commits a Class 2 + 3 felony.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-323, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 3 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 4 changing Section 12-215 as follows:
- 5 (625 ILCS 5/12-215) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 12-215)
- Sec. 12-215. Oscillating, rotating or flashing lights on motor vehicles. Except as otherwise provided in this Code:
- 8 (a) The use of red or white oscillating, rotating or
- 9 flashing lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited
- 10 except on:
- 1. Law enforcement vehicles of State, Federal or local
- 12 authorities;
- 13 2. A vehicle operated by a police officer or county
- 14 coroner and designated or authorized by local authorities,
- in writing, as a law enforcement vehicle; however, such
- 16 designation or authorization must be carried in the
- 17 vehicle;
- 18 2.1. A vehicle operated by a fire chief who has
- 19 completed an emergency vehicle operation training course
- 20 approved by the Office of the State Fire Marshal and
- 21 designated or authorized by local authorities, in writing,
- 22 as a fire department, fire protection district, or township
- 23 fire department vehicle; however, the designation or
- 24 authorization must be carried in the vehicle, and the
- lights may be visible or activated only when responding to
- a bona fide emergency;
- 27 3. Vehicles of local fire departments and State or
- 28 federal firefighting vehicles;
- 4. Vehicles which are designed and used exclusively as
- ambulances or rescue vehicles; furthermore, such lights
- 31 shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency
- 32 call for and while actually conveying the sick or injured;
- 33 5. Tow trucks licensed in a state that requires such
- lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted on

any such tow truck while the tow truck is operating in the State of Illinois;

- 6. Vehicles of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Public Health, and vehicles of the Department of Nuclear Safety;
- 7. Vehicles operated by a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act;
- 8. School buses operating alternately flashing head lamps as permitted under Section 12-805 of this Code; and
- 9. Vehicles that are equipped and used exclusively as organ transplant vehicles when used in combination with blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights; furthermore, these lights shall be lighted only when the transportation is declared an emergency by a member of the transplant team or a representative of the organ procurement organization.
- (b) The use of amber oscillating, rotating or flashing lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on:
  - 1. Second division vehicles designed and used for towing or hoisting vehicles; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except as required in this paragraph 1; such lights shall be lighted when such vehicles are actually being used at the scene of an accident or disablement; if the towing vehicle is equipped with a flat bed that supports all wheels of the vehicle being transported, the lights shall not be lighted while the vehicle is engaged in towing on a highway; if the towing vehicle is not equipped with a flat bed that supports all wheels of a vehicle being transported, the lights shall be lighted while the towing vehicle is engaged in towing on a highway during all times when the use of headlights is required under Section 12-201 of this Code;
  - 2. Motor vehicles or equipment of the State of Illinois, local authorities and contractors; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles

are engaged in maintenance or construction operations within the limits of construction projects;

- 3. Vehicles or equipment used by engineering or survey crews; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles are actually engaged in work on a highway;
- 4. Vehicles of public utilities, municipalities, or other construction, maintenance or automotive service vehicles except that such lights shall be lighted only as a means for indicating the presence of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring unusual care in approaching, overtaking or passing while such vehicles are engaged in maintenance, service or construction on a highway;
- 5. Oversized vehicle or load; however, such lights shall only be lighted when moving under permit issued by the Department under Section 15-301 of this Code;
- 6. The front and rear of motorized equipment owned and operated by the State of Illinois or any political subdivision thereof, which is designed and used for removal of snow and ice from highways;
- (6.1) The front and rear of motorized equipment or vehicles that (i) are not owned by the State of Illinois or any political subdivision of the State, (ii) are designed and used for removal of snow and ice from highways and parking lots, and (iii) are equipped with a snow plow that is 12 feet in width; these lights may not be lighted except when the motorized equipment or vehicle is actually being used for those purposes on behalf of a unit of government;
- 7. Fleet safety vehicles registered in another state, furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except as provided for in Section 12-212 of this Code;
- 8. Such other vehicles as may be authorized by local authorities;
- 9. Law enforcement vehicles of State or local authorities when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating or flashing lights;

1	9.5. Propane delivery trucks;
2	10. Vehicles used for collecting or delivering mail for
3	the United States Postal Service provided that such lights
4	shall not be lighted except when such vehicles are actually
5	being used for such purposes;
6	11. Any vehicle displaying a slow-moving vehicle
7	emblem as provided in Section 12-205.1;
8	12. All trucks equipped with self-compactors or
9	roll-off hoists and roll-on containers for garbage or
10	refuse hauling. Such lights shall not be lighted except
11	when such vehicles are actually being used for such
12	purposes;
13	13. Vehicles used by a security company, alarm
14	responder, or control agency;
15	14. Security vehicles of the Department of Human
16	Services; however, the lights shall not be lighted except
17	when being used for security related purposes under the
18	direction of the superintendent of the facility where the
19	vehicle is located; and
20	15. Vehicles of union representatives, except that the
21	lights shall be lighted only while the vehicle is within
22	the limits of a construction project.
23	(c) The use of blue oscillating, rotating or flashing
24	lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on:
25	1. Rescue squad vehicles not owned by a fire department
26	and vehicles owned or operated by a:
27	voluntary firefighter;
28	<pre>paid firefighter;</pre>
29	<pre>part-paid firefighter;</pre>
30	call firefighter;
31	member of the board of trustees of a fire
32	<pre>protection district;</pre>
33	paid or unpaid member of a rescue squad;
34	paid or unpaid member of a voluntary ambulance
35	unit; or

paid or unpaid members of a local or county

emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, designated or authorized by local authorities, in writing, and carrying that designation or authorization in the vehicle.

However, such lights are not to be lighted except when responding to a bona fide emergency.

Any person using these lights in accordance with this subdivision (c)1 must carry on his or her person an identification card or letter identifying the bona fide member of a fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency that owns or operates that vehicle. The card or letter must include:

- (A) the name of the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency;
- (B) the member's position within the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency;
  - (C) the member's term of service; and
- (D) the name of a person within the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency to contact to verify the information provided.
- 2. Police department vehicles in cities having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants.
- 3. Law enforcement vehicles of State or local authorities when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating or flashing lights.
- 4. Vehicles of local fire departments and State or federal firefighting vehicles when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating or flashing lights.
- 5. Vehicles which are designed and used exclusively as ambulances or rescue vehicles when used in combination with

red oscillating, rotating or flashing lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call.

- 6. Vehicles that are equipped and used exclusively as organ transport vehicles when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights; furthermore, these lights shall only be lighted when the transportation is declared an emergency by a member of the transplant team or a representative of the organ procurement organization.
- 7. Vehicles of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Public Health, and vehicles of the Department of Nuclear Safety, when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.
- 8. Vehicles operated by a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.
- (c-1) In addition to the blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights permitted under subsection (c), and notwithstanding subsection (a), a vehicle operated by a voluntary firefighter, a voluntary member of a rescue squad, or a member of a voluntary ambulance unit may be equipped with flashing white headlights and blue grill lights, which may be used only in responding to an emergency call.
- (c-2) In addition to the blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights permitted under subsection (c), and notwithstanding subsection (a), a vehicle operated by a paid or unpaid member of a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, may be equipped with white oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights to be used in combination with blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights, if authorization by local authorities is in writing and carried in the vehicle.
- (d) The use of a combination of amber and white oscillating, rotating or flashing lights, whether lighted or

- 1 unlighted, is prohibited except motor vehicles or equipment of
- 2 the State of Illinois, local authorities, contractors, and
- 3 union representatives may be so equipped; furthermore, such
- 4 lights shall not be lighted on vehicles of the State of
- 5 Illinois, local authorities, and contractors except while such
- 6 vehicles are engaged in highway maintenance or construction
- 7 operations within the limits of highway construction projects,
- 8 and shall not be lighted on the vehicles of union
- 9 representatives except when those vehicles are within the
- 10 limits of a construction project.
- 11 (e) All oscillating, rotating or flashing lights referred
- 12 to in this Section shall be of sufficient intensity, when
- illuminated, to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight.
- 14 (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a manufacturer
- of oscillating, rotating or flashing lights or his
- 16 representative from temporarily mounting such lights on a
- vehicle for demonstration purposes only.
- 18 (g) Any person violating the provisions of subsections (a),
- 19 (b), (c) or (d) of this Section who without lawful authority
- 20 stops or detains or attempts to stop or detain another person
- 21 shall be guilty of a Class 24 felony.
- (h) Except as provided in subsection (g) above, any person
- violating the provisions of subsections (a) or (c) of this
- 24 Section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-181, eff. 1-1-04; 93-725, eff. 1-1-05; 93-794,
- 26 eff. 7-22-04; 93-829, eff. 7-28-04; 94-143, eff. 1-1-06;
- 27 94-270, eff. 1-1-06; 94-331, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.)
- 28 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 29 becoming law.