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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by adding Section 27.3d as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 105/27.3d new)
- Sec. 27.3d. Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 7 Administrative Fund. The Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 8 Administrative Fund is created to offset the cost incurred by 9 the circuit court clerk of performing the additional duties 10 required to collect and disburse funds to entities of State and 11 local government as provided by law. The circuit court clerk 12 shall be the custodian, ex-officio, of this Fund and shall use 13 the Fund to perform the duties required by his or her office. 14 15 The moneys deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund shall be retained in a special fund 16 designated as the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 17 Administrative Fund. The Fund shall be audited by the auditor 18 19 and retained by the clerk for the purpose of conducting the annual circuit clerk audit. Expenditures shall be made from the 20 21 Fund by the circuit court clerk for expenses related to the cost of collection for and disbursement to entities of State 22 and local government. 23
- Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 110-7 as follows:
- 26 (725 ILCS 5/110-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 110-7)
- 27 Sec. 110-7. Deposit of Bail Security.
- 28 (a) The person for whom bail has been set shall execute the 29 bail bond and deposit with the clerk of the court before which 30 the proceeding is pending a sum of money equal to 10% of the

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bail, but in no event shall such deposit be less than \$25. The 2 clerk of the court shall provide a space on each form for a person other than the accused who has provided the money for the posting of bail to so indicate and a space signed by an accused who has executed the bail bond indicating whether a person other than the accused has provided the money for the posting of bail. The form shall also include a written notice to such person who has provided the defendant with the money for the posting of bail indicating that the bail may be used to pay costs, attorney's fees, fines, or other purposes authorized by the court and if the defendant fails to comply with the conditions of the bail bond, the court shall enter an order declaring the bail to be forfeited. The written notice must be: (1) distinguishable from the surrounding text; (2) in bold type or underscored; and (3) in a type size at least 2 points larger than the surrounding type. When a person for whom bail has been set is charged with an offense under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act which is a Class X felony, the court may require the defendant to deposit a sum equal to 100% of the bail. Where any person is charged with a forcible felony while free on bail and is the subject of proceedings under Section 109-3 of this 23 Code the judge conducting the preliminary examination may also conduct a hearing upon the application of the State pursuant to the provisions of Section 110-6 of this Code to increase or revoke the bail for that person's prior alleged offense.

- (b) Upon depositing this sum and any bond fee authorized by law, the person shall be released from custody subject to the conditions of the bail bond.
- (c) Once bail has been given and a charge is pending or is thereafter filed in or transferred to a court of competent jurisdiction the latter court shall continue the original bail in that court subject to the provisions of Section 110-6 of this Code.
- (d) After conviction the court may order that the original 35 bail stand as bail pending appeal or deny, increase or reduce 36

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bail subject to the provisions of Section 110-6.2.

- (e) After the entry of an order by the trial court allowing or denying bail pending appeal either party may apply to the reviewing court having jurisdiction or to a justice thereof sitting in vacation for an order increasing or decreasing the amount of bail or allowing or denying bail pending appeal subject to the provisions of Section 110-6.2.
- 8 (f) When the conditions of the bail bond have been 9 performed and the accused has been discharged from all obligations in the cause the clerk of the court shall return to 10 11 the accused or to the defendant's designee by an assignment 12 executed at the time the bail amount is deposited, unless the court orders otherwise, 90% of the sum which had been deposited 13 and shall retain as bail bond costs 10% of the amount 14 15 deposited. However, in no event shall the amount retained by 16 the clerk as bail bond costs be less than \$5. Bail bond 17 deposited by or on behalf of a defendant in one case may be the court's discretion, to satisfy financial 18 19 obligations of that same defendant incurred in a different case 20 due to a fine, court costs, restitution or fees of the defendant's attorney of record. In counties with a population 21 of 3,000,000 or more, the court shall not order bail bond 22 23 deposited by or on behalf of a defendant in one case to be used 24 to satisfy financial obligations of that same defendant in a different case until the bail bond is first used to satisfy 25 26 court costs and attorney's fees in the case in which the bail 27 bond has been deposited and any other unpaid child support 28 obligations are satisfied. In counties with a population of 29 less than 3,000,000, the court shall not order bail bond 30 deposited by or on behalf of a defendant in one case to be used 31 to satisfy financial obligations of that same defendant in a 32 different case until the bail bond is first used to satisfy court costs in the case in which the bail bond has been 33 34 deposited.

35 At the request of the defendant the court may order such 36 90% of defendant's bail deposit, or whatever amount is

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repayable to defendant from such deposit, to be paid to defendant's attorney of record.

(g) If the accused does not comply with the conditions of the bail bond the court having jurisdiction shall enter an order declaring the bail to be forfeited. Notice of such order of forfeiture shall be mailed forthwith to the accused at his last known address. If the accused does not appear surrender to the court having jurisdiction within 30 days from the date of the forfeiture or within such period satisfy the court that appearance and surrender by the accused is impossible and without his fault the court shall enter judgment for the State if the charge for which the bond was given was a felony or misdemeanor, or if the charge was quasi-criminal or traffic, judgment for the political subdivision of the State which prosecuted the case, against the accused for the amount of the bail and costs of the court proceedings; however, in counties with a population of less than 3,000,000, instead of the court entering a judgment for the full amount of the bond the court may, in its discretion, enter judgment for the cash deposit on the bond, less costs, retain the deposit for further disposition or, if a cash bond was posted for failure to appear a matter involving enforcement of child support maintenance, the amount of the cash deposit on the bond, less outstanding costs, may be awarded to the person or entity to whom the child support or maintenance is due. The deposit made in accordance with paragraph (a) shall be applied to the payment of costs. If judgment is entered and any amount of such deposit remains after the payment of costs it shall be applied to payment of the judgment and transferred to the treasury of the municipal corporation wherein the bond was taken if the offense was a violation of any penal ordinance of a political subdivision of this State, or to the treasury of the county wherein the bond was taken if the offense was a violation of any penal statute of this State. The balance of the judgment may be enforced and collected in the same manner as a judgment entered in a civil action.

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(h) After a judgment for a fine and court costs or either is entered in the prosecution of a cause in which a deposit had been made in accordance with paragraph (a) the balance of such deposit, after deduction of bail bond costs, shall be applied to the payment of the judgment.

(i) When a court appearance is required for an alleged violation of the Criminal Code of 1961, the Illinois Vehicle Code, the Wildlife Code, the Fish and Aquatic Life Code, the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a comparable offense of a unit of local government as specified in Supreme Court Rule 551, and if the accused does not appear in court on the date set for appearance or any date to which the case may be continued and the court issues an arrest warrant for the accused, based upon his or her failure to appear when having so previously been ordered to appear by the court, the accused upon his or her admission to bail shall be assessed by the court a penalty of \$100. The penalty shall be in addition to any bail that the accused is required to deposit for the offense for which the accused has been charged and may not be used for the payment of court costs or fines assessed for the offense. The clerk of the court shall remit \$95 of the penalty assessed to the arresting agency who brings the offender in on the arrest warrant. The clerk of the court shall remit \$5 of the penalty assessed to the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund as provided in Section 27.3d of the Clerks of Courts Act.

27 (Source: P.A. 93-371, eff. 1-1-04; 93-760, eff. 1-1-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)