

## **Aging Committee**

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## Filed: 2/16/2006

09400HB4785ham001 LRB094 18853 DRJ 55842 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4785 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 4785 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 4 "(210 ILCS 28/85 rep.) 5 Section 5. The Abuse Prevention Review Team Act is amended 6 by repealing Section 85. 7 Section 10. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by changing Sections 2-110, 2-201.5, 2-216, and 3-402 and by 8 adding Section 2-201.6 as follows: 9 (210 ILCS 45/2-110) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4152-110) 10 Sec. 2-110. (a) Any employee or agent of a public agency, 11 any representative of a community legal services program or any 12 13 other member of the general public shall be permitted access at 14 reasonable hours to any individual resident of any facility, 15 but only if there is neither a commercial purpose nor effect to such access and if the purpose is to do any of the following: 16 17 (1) Visit, talk with and make personal, social and legal services available to all residents; 18 (2) Inform residents of their rights and entitlements 19 20 and their corresponding obligations, under federal and means of educational materials laws, by 21 and discussions in groups and with individual residents; 22

(3) Assist residents in asserting their legal rights

regarding claims for public assistance, medical assistance and social security benefits, as well as in all other matters in which residents are aggrieved. Assistance may include counseling and litigation; or

- (4) Engage in other methods of asserting, advising and representing residents so as to extend to them full enjoyment of their rights.
- (a-5) If a resident of a licensed facility is an identified offender, any federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or county probation officer shall be permitted reasonable access to the individual resident to verify compliance with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act, to verify compliance with the requirements of Public Act 94-163 and this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, or to verify compliance with applicable terms of probation, parole, or mandatory supervised release.
- (b) All persons entering a facility under this Section shall promptly notify appropriate facility personnel of their presence. They shall, upon request, produce identification to establish their identity. No such person shall enter the immediate living area of any resident without first identifying himself and then receiving permission from the resident to enter. The rights of other residents present in the room shall be respected. A resident may terminate at any time a visit by a person having access to the resident's living area under this Section.
- (c) This Section shall not limit the power of the Department or other public agency otherwise permitted or required by law to enter and inspect a facility.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this Section, the administrator of a facility may refuse access to the facility to any person if the presence of that person in the facility would be injurious to the health and safety of a resident or would threaten the security of the property of a resident or

- the facility, or if the person seeks access to the facility for
- 2 commercial purposes. Any person refused access to a facility
- 3 may within 10 days request a hearing under Section 3-703. In
- 4 that proceeding, the burden of proof as to the right of the
- 5 facility to refuse access under this Section shall be on the
- 6 facility.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 94-163, eff. 7-11-05.)
- 8 (210 ILCS 45/2-201.5)
- 9 Sec. 2-201.5. Screening prior to admission.
- 10 (a) All persons age 18 or older seeking admission to a
- 11 nursing facility must be screened to determine the need for
- 12 nursing facility services prior to being admitted, regardless
- of income, assets, or funding source. In addition, any person
- 14 who seeks to become eligible for medical assistance from the
- 15 Medical Assistance Program under the Illinois Public Aid Code
- 16 to pay for long term care services while residing in a facility
- must be screened prior to receiving those benefits. Screening
- for nursing facility services shall be administered through
- 19 procedures established by administrative rule. Screening may
- 20 be done by agencies other than the Department as established by
- 21 administrative rule. This Section applies on and after July 1,
- 22 1996.
- 23 (b) In addition to the screening required by subsection
- 24 (a), <u>a facility shall</u>, within 24 hours after admission, request
- 25 <u>a criminal history background check pursuant to the Uniform</u>
- 26 Conviction Information Act for all persons age 18 or older
- 27 <u>seeking admission to the facility. Background checks conducted</u>
- 28 pursuant to this Section shall be based on the resident's name,
- 29 <u>date of birth, and other identifiers as required by the</u>
- 30 Department of State Police. If the results of the background
- 31 <u>check are inconclusive</u>, a fingerprint-based check shall be
- 32 <u>initiated</u>, unless the fingerprint check is waived by the
- 33 Director of Public Health based on verification by the facility

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that the resident is completely immobile. The facility shall,
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- within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act 2
- 3 of the 94th General Assembly, request a criminal history
- background check pursuant to the Uniform Conviction 4
- 5 Information Act for all persons who are residents of the
- facility on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 6
- 7 94th General Assembly. The facility shall review the results of
- the criminal history background checks immediately upon 8
- 9 receipt thereof.
- (c) If the results of a resident's criminal history 10
- background check reveal that the resident is an identified 11
- offender as defined in Section 1-114.01, the facility shall 12
- immediately fax the resident's name and criminal history 13
- information to the Illinois Department of Public Health, which 14
- shall conduct a Criminal History Analysis pursuant to Section 15
- 2-201.6. The Criminal History Analysis shall be conducted 16
- independently of the Illinois Department of Public Health's 17
- Office of Healthcare Regulation. The Office of Healthcare 18
- Regulation shall have no involvement with the process of 19
- reviewing or analyzing the criminal history of identified 20
- 21 o<u>ffenders.</u>
- (d) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall keep a 22
- continuing record of all residents determined to be identified 23
- offenders under Section 1-114.01 and shall report the number of 24
- 25 identified offender residents annually to the General
- 26 Assembly. identified offenders who seek admission to a licensed
- facility shall not be admitted unless the licensed facility 27
- complies with the requirements of the 28
- 29 administrative rules adopted pursuant to Section 3-202.
- (Source: P.A. 94-163, eff. 7-11-05.) 30
- 31 (210 ILCS 45/2-201.6 new)
- 32 Sec. 2-201.6. Criminal History Analysis.
- (a) The Department shall immediately commence a Criminal 33

1	History Analysis when it receives information, through the
2	criminal history background check required pursuant to
3	subsection (b) of Section 2-201.5 or through any other means,
4	that a resident of a facility is an identified offender.
5	(b) The Department shall complete the Criminal History
6	Analysis as soon as practicable, but not later than 14 days
7	after receiving notice from the facility under subsection (a).
8	(c) The Criminal History Analysis shall include, but not be
9	limited to, all of the following:
10	(1) Consultation with the identified offender's
11	assigned parole agent or probation officer, if applicable.
12	(2) Consultation with the convicting prosecutor's
13	office.
14	(3) A review of the statement of facts, police reports,
15	and victim impact statements, if available.
16	(4) An interview with the identified offender.
17	(5) Consultation with the facility administrator or
18	facility medical director, or both, regarding the physical
19	condition of the identified offender.
20	(6) Consideration of the entire criminal history of the
21	offender, including the date of the identified offender's
22	last conviction relative to the date of admission to a
23	<pre>long-term care facility.</pre>
24	(7) If the identified offender is a convicted or
25	registered sex offender, a review of any and all sex
26	offender evaluations conducted on that offender. If there
27	is no sex offender evaluation available, the Department
28	shall provide for a sex offender evaluation to be conducted
29	on the identified offender. If the convicted or registered
30	sex offender is under supervision by the Illinois
31	Department of Corrections or a county probation
32	department, the sex offender evaluation shall be arranged
33	by and at the expense of the supervising agency. All
34	evaluations conducted on convicted or registered sex

1	offenders under this Act shall be conducted by sex offender
2	evaluators approved by the Sex Offender Management Board.
3	(d) The Department shall prepare a Criminal History
4	Analysis Report based on the analysis conducted pursuant to
5	subsection (c). The Report shall include a summary of the Risk
6	Analysis and shall detail whether and to what extent the
7	identified offender's criminal history necessitates the
8	implementation of security measures within the long-term care
9	facility. If the identified offender is a convicted or
10	registered sex offender or if the Department's Criminal History
11	Analysis reveals that the identified offender poses a
12	significant risk of harm to others within the facility, the
13	offender shall be required to have his or her own room within
14	the facility.
15	(e) The Criminal History Analysis Report shall promptly be
16	provided to the following:
17	(1) The long-term care facility within which the
18	identified offender resides.
19	(2) The Chief of Police of the municipality in which
20	the facility is located.
21	(3) The State of Illinois Long Term Care Ombudsman.
22	(f) The facility shall incorporate the Criminal History
23	Analysis Report into the identified offender's care plan
24	created pursuant to 42 CFR 483.20.
25	(g) If, based on the Criminal History Analysis Report, a
26	facility determines that it cannot manage the identified
27	offender resident safely within the facility, it shall commence
28	involuntary transfer or discharge proceedings pursuant to
29	Section 3-402.
30	(h) Except for willful and wanton misconduct, any person
31	authorized to participate in the development of a Criminal
32	History Analysis or Criminal History Analysis Report is immune
33	from criminal or civil liability for any acts or omissions as
34	the result of his or her good faith effort to comply with this

## 1 Section.

2 (210 ILCS 45/2-216)

Sec. 2-216. Notification of identified offenders. Every 3 licensed facility shall provide to every prospective and 4 current resident and resident's quardian, and to every facility 5 employee, a written notice, prescribed by the Illinois 6 Department of Public Health, advising the resident, guardian, 7 or employee of his or her right to ask whether any residents of 8 9 the facility are identified offenders. The notice shall also be 10 prominently posted within every licensed facility. The notice shall include a statement that information regarding 11 12 registered sex offenders may be obtained from the Department of 13 State Police at www.isp.state.il.us and that information regarding persons serving terms of parole or mandatory 14 supervised release may be obtained from the Illinois Department 15 of Corrections at www.idoc.state.il.us. If identified 16 17 offenders are residents of the licensed facility, the licensed 18 facility shall notify every resident or resident's guardian in 19 writing that such offenders are residents of the licensed facility. The licensed facility shall also provide notice to 20 its employees and to visitors to the facility that identified 21 offenders are residents. 22

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(Source: P.A. 94-163, eff. 7-11-05.)

Sec. 3-402. Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by the discussion required under Section 3-408 and by a minimum written notice of 21 days,

(210 ILCS 45/3-402) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-402)

- 28 except in one of the following instances:
- 29 (a) when an emergency transfer or discharge is ordered by 30 the resident's attending physician because of the resident's health care needs; or 31
- (b) when the transfer or discharge is mandated by the 32

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1 physical safety of other residents, the facility staff, or
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- 2 facility visitors, as documented in the clinical record, or
- 3 when the resident to be transferred or discharged has been
- 4 found to be an identified offender as defined in Section
- 5 1-114.01 of this Act and the facility has determined, pursuant
- 6 to the Criminal History Analysis Report, that it cannot safely
- 7 manage the resident within the facility. The Department shall
- 8 be notified prior to any such involuntary transfer or
- 9 discharge. The Department shall immediately offer transfer, or
- 10 discharge and relocation assistance to residents transferred
- or discharged under this subparagraph (b), and the Department
- may place relocation teams as provided in Section 3-419 of this
- 13 Act.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 84-1322.)
- 15 (210 ILCS 45/3-202.3 rep.)
- 16 (210 ILCS 45/3-202.4 rep.)
- 17 Section 11. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by
- repealing Sections 3-202.3 and 3-202.4.
- 19 Section 15. The Probation and Probation Officers Act is
- amended by changing Section 12 as follows:
- 21 (730 ILCS 110/12) (from Ch. 38, par. 204-4)
- 22 Sec. 12. The duties of probation officers shall be:
- 23 (1) To investigate as required by Section 5-3-1 of the
- "Unified Code of Corrections", approved July 26, 1972, as
- amended, the case of any person to be placed on probation. Full
- opportunity shall be afforded a probation officer to confer
- 27 with the person under investigation when such person is in
- 28 custody.
- 29 (2) To notify the court of any previous conviction for
- 30 crime or previous probation of any defendant invoking the
- 31 provisions of this Act.

- (3) All reports and notifications required in this Act to be made by probation officers shall be in writing and shall be filed by the clerk in the respective cases.
- (4) To preserve complete and accurate records of cases investigated, including a description of the person investigated, the action of the court with respect to his case and his probation, the subsequent history of such person, if he becomes a probationer, during the continuance of his probation, which records shall be open to inspection by any judge or by any probation officer pursuant to order of court, but shall not be a public record, and its contents shall not be divulged otherwise than as above provided, except upon order of court.
- (5) To take charge of and watch over all persons placed on probation under such regulations and for such terms as may be prescribed by the court, and giving to each probationer full instructions as to the terms of his release upon probation and requiring from him such periodical reports as shall keep the officer informed as to his conduct.
- (6) To develop and operate programs of reasonable public or community service for any persons ordered by the court to perform public or community service, providing, however, that no probation officer or any employee of a probation office acting in the course of his official duties shall be liable for any tortious acts of any person performing public or community service except for wilful misconduct or gross negligence on the part of the probation officer or employee.
- (7) When any person on probation removes from the county where his offense was committed, it shall be the duty of the officer under whose care he was placed to report the facts to the probation officer in the county to which the probationer has removed; and it shall thereupon become the duty of such probation officer to take charge of and watch over said probationer the same as if the case originated in that county; and for that purpose he shall have the same power and authority

- 1 over said probationer as if he had been originally placed in
- 2 said officer's charge; and such officer shall be required to
- 3 report in writing every 6 months, or more frequently upon
- 4 request the results of his supervision to the probation officer
- 5 in whose charge the said probationer was originally placed by
- 6 the court.
- 7 (8) To authorize travel permits to individuals under their
- 8 supervision unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- 9 (9) To perform such other duties as are provided for in
- 10 this act or by rules of court and such incidental duties as may
- 11 be implied from those expressly required.
- 12 (10) To send written notification to a public housing
- agency if a person on probation for a felony who is under the
- 14 supervision of the probation officer informs the probation
- officer that he or she has resided, resides, or will reside at
- 16 an address that is a housing facility owned, managed, operated,
- or leased by that public housing agency.
- 18 (11) If a person on probation for a felony offense who is
- 19 under the supervision of the probation officer becomes a
- 20 resident of a facility licensed or regulated by the Department
- of Public Health, the Illinois Department of Public Aid, or
- 22 Illinois Department of Human Services, the probation officer
- 23 shall within 3 days of the person becoming a resident, notify
- 24 the licensing or regulating Department and licensed or
- 25 regulated facility and shall provide the licensed or regulated
- 26 facility and licensing or regulating Department with copies of
- 27 the following:
- 28 (a) (blank) pre sentence investigation reports of
- 29 <u>social investigation reports;</u>
- 30 (b) any applicable probation orders and corresponding
- 31 compliance plans;
- 32 (c) the name and contact information for the assigned
- 33 probation officer.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 94-163, eff. 7-11-05.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.".