1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 16G-21 and 16H-1 and by adding Section 16G-13 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (720 ILCS 5/16G-13 new)
- 8 Sec. 16G-13. Facilitating identity theft.
- 9 (a) A person commits the offense of facilitating identity
- theft when he or she is an employee of the State of Illinois
- 11 who in the course of his or her official duties has access to
- 12 personal identifying information of another person, whether
- 13 written, recorded, or on computer disk and knowingly, with the
- 14 <u>intent of committing identity theft, aggravated identity</u>
- theft, or any violation of the Illinois Financial Crime Law,
- 16 <u>disposes</u> of that written, recorded, or computerized
- information in any receptacle, trash can, or other container
- that the public could gain access to, without shredding that
- information, destroying the recording, or wiping the computer
- 20 disk so that the information is either unintelligible or
- 21 <u>destroyed</u>.
- 22 (b) Sentence. Facilitating identity theft is a Class A
- 23 <u>misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class 4 felony for a</u>
- 24 <u>second or subsequent offense.</u>
- 25 (720 ILCS 5/16G-21)
- Sec. 16G-21. Civil remedies. A person who is convicted of
- 27 facilitating identity theft, identity theft, or aggravated
- 28 identity theft is liable in a civil action to the person who
- 29 suffered damages as a result of the violation. The person
- 30 suffering damages may recover court costs, attorney's fees,
- 31 lost wages, and actual damages.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 92-686, eff. 7-16-02; 93-401, eff. 7-31-03.)
- 2 (720 ILCS 5/16H-1)
- 3 Sec. 16H-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
- 4 Illinois Financial Crime \underline{Law} \underline{Act} .
- (Source: P.A. 93-440, eff. 8-5-03.) 5