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AN ACT concerning public health.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Perinatal HIV Prevention Act is amended by
changing Sections 5 and 10 and by adding Sections 15, 20, 25,
30, and 35 as follows:

7 (410 ILCS 335/5)

8 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

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"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

10 "Health care professional" means a physician licensed to 11 practice medicine in all its branches, a physician assistant 12 who has been delegated the provision of health services by his 13 or her supervising physician, or an advanced practice 14 registered nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with 15 a collaborating physician that authorizes the provision of 16 health services.

17 "Health care facility" or "facility" means any hospital or 18 other institution that is licensed or otherwise authorized to 19 deliver health care services.

20 "Health care services" means any prenatal medical care or 21 labor or delivery services to a pregnant woman and her newborn 22 infant, including hospitalization.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-566, eff. 8-20-03.)

24 (410 ILCS 335/10)

Sec. 10. HIV counseling and offer of HIV testing required.

(a) Every health care professional who provides health care
services to a pregnant woman shall provide the woman with HIV
counseling and <u>recommend</u> offer HIV testing, unless she has
already received an HIV test during pregnancy. HIV testing
shall be provided with the woman's consent. A health care
professional shall provide the counseling and <u>recommend</u> offer

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1 the testing as early in the woman's pregnancy as possible. For 2 women at continued risk of exposure to HIV infection in the 3 judgment of the health care professional, a repeat test should be <u>recommended</u> offered late in pregnancy or at the time of 4 5 labor and delivery. The health care professional shall inform the pregnant woman that, should she refuse HIV testing during 6 pregnancy, her newborn infant will be tested for HIV. 7 The counseling and <u>recommendation</u> of testing shall be 8 documented in the woman's medical record. 9

10 (b) Every health care professional or facility that cares 11 for a pregnant woman during labor or delivery shall provide the 12 woman with HIV counseling and <u>recommend</u> offer HIV testing. HIV shall be provided with the woman's consent. No 13 testing counseling or offer of testing is required if already provided 14 during the woman's pregnancy. The counseling and offer of 15 16 testing shall be documented in the woman's medical record. The 17 health care facility shall adopt a policy that provides that as soon as possible within medical standards after the infant's 18 birth, the mother's HIV test result, if available, shall be 19 20 noted in the newborn infant's medical record. It shall also be noted in the newborn infant's medical record if the mother's 21 HIV test result is not available because she has not been 22 23 tested or has declined testing. Any testing or test results shall be documented in accordance with the AIDS Confidentiality 24 25 Act.

(c) Every health care professional or facility caring for a 26 27 newborn infant shall, upon delivery or as soon as possible 28 within medical standards 48 hours after the infant's birth, provide counseling to the parent or guardian of the infant and 29 30 perform rapid HIV testing on the infant, when the HIV status of 31 the infant's mother is unknown, if the parent or guardian does 32 not refuse. The health care professional or facility shall document in the woman's medical record that counseling and the 33 offer of testing were given, and that no written refusal 34 35 aiven.

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(d) The counseling required under this Section must be

provided in accordance with the AIDS Confidentiality Act and must include the following:

3 (1) For the health of the pregnant woman, the voluntary
4 <u>nature of the testing and the</u> The benefits of HIV testing,
5 for the pregnant woman, including the prevention of
6 transmission.

7 (2) The benefit of HIV testing for the newborn infant,
 8 including interventions to prevent HIV transmission.

9 (3) The side effects of interventions to prevent HIV10 transmission.

11 (4) The statutory confidentiality provisions that 12 relate to HIV and acquired immune deficiency syndrome 13 ("AIDS") testing.

14 (5) The voluntary nature of the testing, including the 15 opportunity to refuse testing of a newborn infant in 16 writing.

17 (e) All counseling and testing must be performed in accordance with the standards set forth in the AIDS 18 19 Confidentiality Act, including the written informed consent 20 provisions of Sections 4, 7, and 8 of that Act, with the exception of the requirement of consent for testing of newborn 21 infants. Consent for testing of a newborn infant shall be 22 23 presumed when a health care professional or health care facility seeks to perform a test on a newborn infant whose 24 mother's HIV status is not known, provided that the counseling 25 required under subsection (d) has taken place and the newborn 26 27 infant's parent or guardian has not indicated in writing that 28 he or she refuses to allow the newborn infant to receive HIV 29 testing.

30 (f) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall adopt
31 necessary rules to implement this Act.
32 (Source: P.A. 93-566, eff. 8-20-03.)

33 (410 ILCS 335/15 new)

34 <u>Sec. 15. Reporting.</u>

35 (a) A health care facility shall adopt a policy that

1 provides that a report of a preliminarily HIV-positive woman 2 and a report of a preliminarily HIV-exposed newborn infant identified by a rapid HIV test conducted during labor and 3 delivery or after delivery shall be made to the Department's 4 5 Perinatal HIV Hotline within 24 hours after birth. Section 15 6 of the AIDS Confidentiality Act applies to reporting under this Act, except that the immunities set forth in that Section do 7 not apply in cases of willful or wanton misconduct. 8

9 The Department shall adopt rules specifying the (b) information required in reporting the preliminarily 10 11 HIV-positive woman and preliminarily HIV-exposed newborn infant and the method of reporting. In adopting the rules, the 12 Department shall consider the need for information, 13 protections for the privacy and confidentiality of the infant 14 and parents, the need to provide access to care and follow-up 15 16 services to the infant, and procedures for destruction of records maintained by the Department if, through subsequent HIV 17 testing, the woman or newborn infant is found to be 18 19 HIV-negative.

20 <u>(c) The confidentiality provisions of the AIDS</u> 21 <u>Confidentiality Act shall apply to the reports of cases of</u> 22 <u>perinatal HIV made pursuant to this Section.</u>

(d) Health care facilities shall monthly report aggregate 23 statistics to the Department that include the number of 24 25 infected women who presented with known HIV status, the number of pregnant women rapidly tested for HIV in labor and delivery, 26 27 the number of newborn infants rapidly tested for HIV-exposure, 28 the number of preliminarily HIV-positive pregnant women and preliminarily HIV-exposed newborn infants identified, 29 the 30 number of families referred to case management, and other 31 information the Department determines is necessary to measure progress under the provisions of this Act. Health care 32 33 facilities must report the confirmatory test result when it becomes available for each preliminarily positive rapid HIV 34 35 test performed on the woman and newborn.

(e) The Department or its authorized representative shall

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1 provide case management services to the preliminarily positive 2 pregnant woman or the parent or guardian of the preliminarily positive newborn infant to ensure access to treatment and care 3 and other services as appropriate if the parent or guardian has 4 5 consented to the services. (410 ILCS 335/20 new) 6 7 Sec. 20. 24-hour Perinatal HIV Hotline. (a) The Department of Public Health or its authorized 8 representative shall establish and maintain a 24-hour 9 10 Perinatal HIV Hotline. The purpose of the hotline is to provide 11 linkage to case management and ensure consultation to help 12 prevent the following: (1) transmission of HIV during labor and delivery; and 13 (2) HIV infection of the newborn infant. 14 15 (b) The hotline must provide to health care professionals 16 perinatal HIV treatment information in accordance with guidelines established by the U.S. Public Health Service or 17 other nationally-recognized experts, as determined by the 18 19 Department. An electronic reporting system may replace the telephone hotline if the Department determines the same 20 21 services can be provided more effectively. 22 (410 ILCS 335/25 new) Sec. 25. Treatment information. A health care facility 23 shall adopt a policy that provides that when an HIV test 24 25 performed under this Act shows that a newborn infant is preliminarily HIV-exposed, the infant's parent or guardian 26 shall be informed of the importance of obtaining timely 27 treatment for the infant in order to prevent the newborn from 28 29 becoming HIV infected, and the mother of the newborn infant shall be informed of the importance of obtaining treatment for 30 her HIV infection. The Department shall provide to health care 31 professionals and health care facilities written information 32 that may be used to satisfy their obligation under this 33 34 Section.

1	(410 ILCS 335/30 new)
2	Sec. 30. Objections of parent or guardian to test. The
3	provisions of this Act shall not apply when a parent or
4	guardian of a child objects thereto on the grounds that the
5	test conflicts with his or her religious tenets and practices.
6	A written statement of the objection shall be presented to the
7	physician or other person whose duty it is to administer and
8	report the tests under the provisions of this Act.

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(410 ILCS 335/35 new)

10 Sec. 35. Department report. The Department of Public Health shall prepare an annual report for the Governor and the General 11 Assembly on the implementation of this Act that includes 12 information on the number of HIV-positive women who presented 13 14 with known HIV status, the number of pregnant women rapidly 15 tested for HIV in labor and delivery, the number of newborn infants rapidly tested for HIV exposure, the number of 16 preliminarily HIV-positive pregnant women and preliminarily 17 18 HIV-exposed newborn infants identified, the confirmatory test result for each preliminarily positive rapid HIV test performed 19 on the woman and newborn, the number of families referred to 20 case management, and other information the Department 21 determines is necessary to measure progress under the 22 provisions of this Act. The Department shall assess the needs 23 of health care professionals and facilities for ongoing 24 25 training in implementation of the provisions of this Act and make recommendations to improve the program. 26

27 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon28 becoming law.