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Rep. Mike Boland

Filed: 2/28/2006

09400HB4238ham003 LRB094 15326 RSP 56575 a
AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4238
AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 4238, AS AMENDED, by
replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
following:
"Section 5. The Counties Code is amended by changing
Section 5-1071 as follows:
(55 ILCS 5/5-1071) (from Ch. 34, par. 5-1071)
Sec. 5-1071. Dogs running at large. The county board of
each county may regulate and prohibit the running at large of
dogs in unincorporated areas of the county which have been
subdivided for residence purposes. The county board may impose
such fines or penalties as are deemed proper to effectuate any
such regulation or prohibition of dogs running at large, except
when a fine or penalty is already allowed by law. No fine or
penalty may exceed \$50 for any one offense.
(Source: P.A. 86-962.)
Section 10. The Animal Control Act is amended by changing
Section 26 and by adding Section 9.5 as follows:
(510 ILCS 5/9.5 new)
Sec. 9.5. Dogs hunting; in dog parks. A dog that is
actively engaged in a legal hunting activity, including
training, is not considered to be running at large if the dog

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is monitored or supervised by a person and the dog is on land that is open to hunting or on land with respect to which the person has obtained written permission to hunt or train a dog. A dog that is in a dog-friendly area of a park or in a dog park is not considered to be running at large if the dog is monitored or supervised by a person.

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(510 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 376)

Sec. 26. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, any 8 Any person violating or aiding in or abetting the violation of 9 any provision of this Act, or counterfeiting or forging any 10 certificate, permit, or tag, or making any misrepresentation in 11 regard to any matter prescribed by this Act, or resisting, 12 13 obstructing, or impeding the Administrator or any authorized 14 officer in enforcing this Act, or refusing to produce for 15 inoculation any dog in his possession, or who removes a tag from a dog for purposes of destroying or concealing its 16 17 identity, is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor for a first offense and for a subsequent offense, is guilty of a Class B 18 19 misdemeanor.

Each day a person fails to comply constitutes a separate offense. Each State's Attorney to whom the Administrator reports any violation of this Act shall cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted in the proper courts without delay and to be prosecuted in the manner provided by law.

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(b) If the owner of a vicious dog subject to enclosure:

(1) fails to maintain or keep the dog in an enclosure
or fails to spay or neuter the dog within the time period
prescribed; and

(2) the dog inflicts serious physical injury upon any
 other person or causes the death of another person; and

31 (3) the attack is unprovoked in a place where such 32 person is peaceably conducting himself or herself and where 33 such person may lawfully be; 09400HB4238ham003 -3-

the owner shall be guilty of a Class 3 Class 4 felony, unless 1 2 the owner knowingly allowed the dog to run at large or failed 3 to take steps to keep the dog in an enclosure then the owner shall be guilty of a Class 2 Class 3 felony. The penalty 4 5 provided in this paragraph shall be in addition to any other criminal or civil sanction provided by law. 6

(c) If the owner of a dangerous dog knowingly fails to 7 comply with any order regarding the dog and the dog inflicts 8 serious physical injury on a person or a companion animal, the 9 10 owner shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony Class A misdemeanor. 11 If the owner of a dangerous dog knowingly fails to comply with any order regarding the dog and the dog kills a person the 12 owner shall be guilty of a Class 3 Class 4 felony. 13

(d) If the owner of a dog knowingly allows it to run at 14 15 large in violation of this Act as specified in Section 9 and 16 the dog inflicts serious physical injury, as defined in this Act, or death to a person, the owner is guilty of a Class A 17 misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to a police dog 18 that inflicts physical or serious physical injury to a person 19 in the course of its duties. A good faith effort to retrieve 20 21 the dog in a timely fashion is an affirmative defense to this 22 subsection (d).

(Source: P.A. 93-548, eff. 8-19-03; 94-639, eff. 8-22-05.) 23

24 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 25 changing Section 5-5-3.2 as follows:

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(730 ILCS 5/5-5-3.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3.2) 27 Sec. 5-5-3.2. Factors in Aggravation.

28 (a) The following factors shall be accorded weight in favor 29 of imposing a term of imprisonment or may be considered by the 30 court as reasons to impose a more severe sentence under Section 5-8-1: 31

(1) the defendant's conduct caused or threatened 32

serious harm;

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2 (2) the defendant received compensation for committing 3 the offense; 4 (3) the defendant has a history of prior delinquency or 5 criminal activity; (4) the defendant, by the duties of his office or by 6 7 his position, was obliged to prevent the particular offense 8 committed or to bring the offenders committing it to 9 justice; (5) the defendant held public office at the time of the 10 offense, and the offense related to the conduct of that 11 office; 12 (6) the defendant utilized his professional reputation 13 or position in the community to commit the offense, or to 14 15 afford him an easier means of committing it; (7) the sentence is necessary to deter others from 16 17 committing the same crime; 18 (8) the defendant committed the offense against a 19 person 60 years of age or older or such person's property; 20 (9) the defendant committed the offense against a 21 person who is physically handicapped or such person's property; 22 (10) by reason of another individual's actual or 23 perceived race, color, creed, religion, ancestry, gender, 24 sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, or 25 26 national origin, the defendant committed the offense 27 against (i) the person or property of that individual; (ii) the person or property of a person who has an association 28 29 with, is married to, or has a friendship with the other 30 individual; or (iii) the person or property of a relative 31 (by blood or marriage) of a person described in clause (i) or (ii). For the purposes of this Section, "sexual 32 orientation" means heterosexuality, homosexuality, or 33

34 bisexuality;

1 (11) the offense took place in a place of worship or on 2 the grounds of a place of worship, immediately prior to, 3 during or immediately following worship services. For 4 purposes of this subparagraph, "place of worship" shall 5 mean any church, synagogue or other building, structure or 6 place used primarily for religious worship;

7 (12) the defendant was convicted of a felony committed 8 while he was released on bail or his own recognizance 9 pending trial for a prior felony and was convicted of such 10 prior felony, or the defendant was convicted of a felony 11 committed while he was serving a period of probation, 12 conditional discharge, or mandatory supervised release 13 under subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1 for a prior felony;

14 (13) the defendant committed or attempted to commit a 15 felony while he was wearing a bulletproof vest. For the 16 purposes of this paragraph (13), a bulletproof vest is any 17 device which is designed for the purpose of protecting the 18 wearer from bullets, shot or other lethal projectiles;

19 (14) the defendant held a position of trust or 20 supervision such as, but not limited to, family member as 21 defined in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961, teacher, scout leader, baby sitter, or day care worker, in 22 relation to a victim under 18 years of age, and the 23 24 defendant committed an offense in violation of Section 11-6, 11-11, 11-15.1, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-13, 25 26 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 27 against that victim;

(15) the defendant committed an offense related to the activities of an organized gang. For the purposes of this factor, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

(16) the defendant committed an offense in violation ofone of the following Sections while in a school, regardless

of the time of day or time of year; on any conveyance 1 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport 2 students to or from school or a school related activity; on 3 4 the real property of a school; or on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school: 5 Section 10-1, 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 6 7 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-2, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-6, 12-6.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 18-2, or 8 33A-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 9

(16.5) the defendant committed an offense in violation 10 of one of the following Sections while in a day care 11 center, regardless of the time of day or time of year; on 12 the real property of a day care center, regardless of the 13 time of day or time of year; or on a public way within 14 15 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any day care center, regardless of the time of day or time of year: 16 Section 10-1, 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 17 18 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-2, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 19 12-6, 12-6.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 18-2, or 20 33A-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(17) the defendant committed the offense by reason of any person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in activity as a community policing volunteer. For the purpose of this Section, "community policing volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(18) the defendant committed the offense in a nursing home or on the real property comprising a nursing home. For the purposes of this paragraph (18), "nursing home" means a skilled nursing or intermediate long term care facility that is subject to license by the Illinois Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act;

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(19) the defendant was a federally licensed firearm

dealer and was previously convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of Section 3 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act and has now committed either a felony violation of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or an act of armed violence while armed with a firearm; or

7 (20) the defendant (i) committed the offense of reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 8 1961 or the offense of driving under the influence of 9 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or 10 compounds or any combination thereof under Section 11-501 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a 12 13 local ordinance and (ii) was operating a motor vehicle in excess of 20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit as 14 15 provided in Article VI of Chapter 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; or-16

17 <u>(21)</u> (20) the defendant (i) committed the offense of 18 reckless driving or aggravated reckless driving under 19 Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and (ii) was 20 operating a motor vehicle in excess of 20 miles per hour 21 over the posted speed limit as provided in Article VI of 22 Chapter 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

23 For the purposes of this Section:

24 "School" is defined as a public or private elementary or 25 secondary school, community college, college, or university.

"Day care center" means a public or private State certified and licensed day care center as defined in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969 that displays a sign in plain view stating that the property is a day care center.

30 (b) The following factors may be considered by the court as 31 reasons to impose an extended term sentence under Section 5-8-2 32 upon any offender:

33 (1) When a defendant is convicted of any felony, after
 34 having been previously convicted in Illinois or any other

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jurisdiction of the same or similar class felony or greater class felony, when such conviction has occurred within 10 years after the previous conviction, excluding time spent in custody, and such charges are separately brought and tried and arise out of different series of acts; or

6 (2) When a defendant is convicted of any felony and the 7 court finds that the offense was accompanied by 8 exceptionally brutal or heinous behavior indicative of 9 wanton cruelty; or

10 (3) When a defendant is convicted of voluntary 11 manslaughter, second degree murder, involuntary 12 manslaughter or reckless homicide in which the defendant 13 has been convicted of causing the death of more than one 14 individual; or

15 (4) When a defendant is convicted of any felony16 committed against:

17 (i) a person under 12 years of age at the time of18 the offense or such person's property;

(ii) a person 60 years of age or older at the timeof the offense or such person's property; or

(iii) a person physically handicapped at the time of the offense or such person's property; or

(5) In the case of a defendant convicted of aggravated 23 criminal sexual assault or criminal sexual assault, when 24 the court finds that aggravated criminal sexual assault or 25 26 criminal sexual assault was also committed on the same 27 victim by one or more other individuals, and the defendant voluntarily participated in the crime with the knowledge of 28 29 the participation of the others in the crime, and the 30 commission of the crime was part of a single course of 31 conduct during which there was no substantial change in the nature of the criminal objective; or 32

33 (6) When a defendant is convicted of any felony and the
 34 offense involved any of the following types of specific

misconduct committed as part of a ceremony, rite, initiation, observance, performance, practice or activity of any actual or ostensible religious, fraternal, or social group:

5 (i) the brutalizing or torturing of humans or 6 animals;

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(ii) the theft of human corpses;

(iii) the kidnapping of humans;

9 (iv) the desecration of any cemetery, religious, 10 fraternal, business, governmental, educational, or 11 other building or property; or

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(v) ritualized abuse of a child; or

13 (7) When a defendant is convicted of first degree 14 murder, after having been previously convicted in Illinois 15 of any offense listed under paragraph (c)(2) of Section 16 5-5-3, when such conviction has occurred within 10 years 17 after the previous conviction, excluding time spent in 18 custody, and such charges are separately brought and tried 19 and arise out of different series of acts; or

20 (8) When a defendant is convicted of a felony other 21 than conspiracy and the court finds that the felony was committed under an agreement with 2 or more other persons 22 to commit that offense and the defendant, with respect to 23 24 the other individuals, occupied a position of organizer, 25 supervisor, financier, or any other position of management 26 or leadership, and the court further finds that the felony committed was related to or in furtherance of the criminal 27 28 activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the 29 defendant's leadership in an organized gang; or

30 (9) When a defendant is convicted of a felony violation 31 of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the court 32 finds that the defendant is a member of an organized gang; 33 or

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(10) When a defendant committed the offense using a

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firearm with a laser sight attached to it. For purposes of this paragraph (10), "laser sight" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 24.6-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or

(11) When a defendant who was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense is convicted of a felony and has been previously adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for an act that if committed by an adult would be a Class X or Class 1 felony when the conviction has occurred within 10 years after the previous adjudication, excluding time spent in custody; or

(12) When a defendant commits an offense involving the 12 illegal manufacture of a controlled substance under 13 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the 14 15 illegal manufacture of methamphetamine under Section 25 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, 16 or the illegal possession of explosives and an emergency 17 response officer in the performance of his or her duties is 18 19 killed or injured at the scene of the offense while 20 responding to the emergency caused by the commission of the 21 offense. In this paragraph (12), "emergency" means a situation in which a person's life, health, or safety is in 22 jeopardy; and "emergency response officer" means a peace 23 24 officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, emergency technician-ambulance, 25 medical emergency medical 26 technician-intermediate, emergency medical 27 technician-paramedic, ambulance driver, other medical 28 assistance or first aid personnel, or hospital emergency 29 room personnel; or -

30 <u>(13) When a defendant commits any felony and the</u> 31 <u>defendant used, possessed, exercised control over, or</u> 32 <u>otherwise directed an animal to assault a law enforcement</u> 33 <u>officer engaged in the execution of his or her official</u> 34 <u>duties or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an</u> 1

organized gang in which the defendant is engaged.

2 (b-1) For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang"
3 has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois
4 Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

5 (c) The court may impose an extended term sentence under 6 Section 5-8-2 upon any offender who was convicted of aggravated 7 criminal sexual assault or predatory criminal sexual assault of 8 a child under subsection (a)(1) of Section 12-14.1 of the 9 Criminal Code of 1961 where the victim was under 18 years of 10 age at the time of the commission of the offense.

(d) The court may impose an extended term sentence under Section 5-8-2 upon any offender who was convicted of unlawful use of weapons under Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for possessing a weapon that is not readily distinguishable as one of the weapons enumerated in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

17 (Source: P.A. 94-131, eff. 7-7-05; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 94-556,
18 eff. 9-11-05; revised 8-19-05.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".