94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB4150

Introduced 10/26/2005, by Rep. Kevin Joyce - Thomas Holbrook - William Davis

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 640/2-9 220 ILCS 5/8-403.1

from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-403.1

Amends the Electricity Excise Tax Law. Deletes provisions, applicable through June 30, 2004, requiring the Department of Revenue to pay certain amounts each month into the Public Utility Fund. Beginning on July 1, 2006 and through January 31, 2009, requires the Department to pay certain amounts each month into the Municipal Economic Development Fund. Amends the Public Utilities Act. Prohibits the Illinois Commerce Commission from requiring an electric utility to purchase electricity from any qualified solid waste energy facility (QSWEF) that is owned or operated by an entity that is the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding during the pendency of that proceeding. Provides that, as of the first date on which renewable energy certificates or other saleable representations are sold by a QSWEF, with or without the electricity generated by the facility, to an electric utility or to another electric supplier that is required under State law to comply with a renewable energy portfolio standard or required by order of the Illinois Commerce Commission to meet renewable energy portfolio standard requirement, the QSWEF may not sell electricity and shall be exempt from certain requirements concerning the sale of electricity, but shall remain obligated for certain reimbursements to the State. Provides that certain provisions concerning the sale of electricity by QSWEFs shall remain in full force and effect with respect to a QSWEF that sold electricity at any time before July 1, 2006 and that does not sell or transfer renewable energy certificates or other saleable representations in order to meet the requirements of a renewable energy portfolio standard. Provides that, beginning on July 1, 2006, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall not issue any order determining that a facility is a QSWEF unless it was determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission to be a QSWEF before July 1, 2006. Effective immediately.

LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

1

AN ACT concerning utilities.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Electricity Excise Tax Law is amended by
changing Section 2-9 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 640/2-9)

Sec. 2-9. Return and payment of tax by delivering supplier.
Each delivering supplier who is required or authorized to
collect the tax imposed by this Law shall make a return to the
Department on or before the 15th day of each month for the
preceding calendar month stating the following:

12

(1) The delivering supplier's name.

(2) The address of the delivering supplier's principal
place of business and the address of the principal place of
business (if that is a different address) from which the
delivering supplier engaged in the business of delivering
electricity in this State.

18 (3) The total number of kilowatt-hours which the 19 supplier delivered to or for purchasers during the 20 preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the 21 tax is imposed.

(4) Amount of tax, computed upon Item (3) at the rates
stated in Section 2-4.

(5) An adjustment for uncollectible amounts of tax in
respect of prior period kilowatt-hour deliveries,
determined in accordance with rules and regulations
promulgated by the Department.

(5.5) The amount of credits to which the taxpayer is
entitled on account of purchases made under Section 8-403.1
of the Public Utilities Act.

31 (6) Such other information as the Department32 reasonably may require.

In making such return the delivering supplier may use any reasonable method to derive reportable "kilowatt-hours" from the delivering supplier's records.

If the average monthly tax liability to the Department of 4 5 the delivering supplier does not exceed \$2,500, the Department may authorize the delivering supplier's returns to be filed on 6 a quarter-annual basis, with the return for January, February 7 and March of a given year being due by April 30 of such year; 8 9 with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 31 of such year; with the return for July, August 10 11 and September of a given year being due by October 31 of such 12 year; and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31 of the following year. 13

14 If the average monthly tax liability to the Department of 15 the delivering supplier does not exceed \$1,000, the Department 16 may authorize the delivering supplier's returns to be filed on 17 an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by 18 January 31 of the following year.

Such quarter-annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Law concerning the time within which a delivering supplier may file a return, any such delivering supplier who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes the person responsible for filing returns under this Law shall file a final return under this Law with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

29 Each delivering supplier whose average monthly liability 30 to the Department under this Law was \$10,000 or more during the 31 preceding calendar year, excluding the month of highest 32 liability and the month of lowest liability in such calendar year, and who is not operated by a unit of local government, 33 shall make estimated payments to the Department on or before 34 the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which tax 35 36 liability to the Department is incurred in an amount not less - 3 - LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

HB4150

1 than the lower of either 22.5% of such delivering supplier's 2 actual tax liability for the month or 25% of such delivering 3 supplier's actual tax liability for the same calendar month of 4 the preceding year. The amount of such quarter-monthly payments 5 shall be credited against the final tax liability of such 6 delivering supplier's return for that month. An outstanding credit approved by the Department or a credit memorandum issued 7 8 by the Department arising from such delivering supplier's overpayment of his or her final tax liability for any month may 9 10 be applied to reduce the amount of any subsequent 11 quarter-monthly payment or credited against the final tax 12 liability of such delivering supplier's return for any 13 subsequent month. If any quarter-monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, such 14 15 delivering supplier shall be liable for penalty and interest on 16 the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and 17 the amount of such payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as such delivering supplier has previously made 18 19 payments for that month to the Department in excess of the 20 minimum payments previously due.

21 If the Director finds that the information required for the 22 making of an accurate return cannot reasonably be compiled by 23 such delivering supplier within 15 days after the close of the 24 calendar month for which a return is to be made, the Director 25 may grant an extension of time for the filing of such return 26 for a period not to exceed 31 calendar days. The granting of 27 such an extension may be conditioned upon the deposit by such 28 delivering supplier with the Department of an amount of money 29 not exceeding the amount estimated by the Director to be due 30 with the return so extended. All such deposits shall be credited against such delivering supplier's liabilities under 31 32 this Law. If the deposit exceeds such delivering supplier's present and probable future liabilities under this Law, the 33 Department shall issue to such delivering supplier a credit 34 35 memorandum, which may be assigned by such delivering supplier to a similar person under this Law, in accordance with 36

reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the
 Department.

3 The delivering supplier making the return provided for in 4 this Section shall, at the time of making such return, pay to 5 the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Law.

Until October 1, 2002, a delivering supplier who has an 6 7 average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 or more shall make all 8 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall 9 be the sum of the delivering supplier's liabilities under this 10 11 Law for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. 12 Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 13 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all 14 15 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 16 funds transfer. Any delivering supplier not required to make 17 payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission 18 of the 19 Department. All delivering suppliers required to make payments 20 by electronic funds transfer and any delivering suppliers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds 21 22 transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by 23 the Department.

Through June 30, 2004, each month the Department shall pay 24 into the Public Utility Fund in the State treasury an amount 25 26 determined by the Director to be equal to 3.0% of the funds 27 received by the Department pursuant to this Section. Through 28 June 30, 2004, the remainder of all moneys received by the Department under this Section shall be paid into the General 29 30 Revenue Fund in the State treasury. Beginning on July 1, 2004, of the 3% of the funds received pursuant to this Section, each 31 month the Department shall pay \$416,667 into the General 32 Revenue Fund and the balance shall be paid into the Public 33 Utility Fund in the State treasury. 34

35 <u>Beginning on July 1, 2006 and through January 31, 2009,</u> 36 <u>each month the Department shall pay into the Municipal Economic</u>

1 Development Fund in the State treasury an amount equal to the 2 difference, if any, between the total amount received by the Department under subsection (i) of Section 8-403.1 of the 3 Public Utilities Act for the immediately preceding month and 4 5 the total amount received by the Department under subsection (i) of Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act for the 6 month in calendar year 2002 corresponding with the immediately 7 preceding month. After making the payments required under this 8 paragraph, the remainder of all moneys received by the 9 Department under Section 8-403.1 of the Public Utilities Act 10 11 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State 12 treasury. (Source: P.A. 92-492, eff. 1-1-02; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04.) 13 14 Section 10. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing Section 8-403.1 as follows: 15 (220 ILCS 5/8-403.1) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-403.1) 16 17 Sec. 8-403.1. Electricity purchased from qualified solid 18 waste energy facility; tax credit; distributions for economic 19 development. (a) It is hereby declared to be the policy of this State to 20 21 encourage the development of alternate energy production facilities in order to conserve our energy resources and to 22 provide for their most efficient use. 23 (b) For the purpose of this Section and Section 9-215.1, 24 25 "qualified solid waste energy facility" means a facility 26 determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission to qualify as 27 such under the Local Solid Waste Disposal Act, to use methane 28 gas generated from landfills as its primary fuel, and to possess characteristics that would enable it to qualify as a 29 30 cogeneration or small power production facility under federal 31 law.

32 (c) In furtherance of the policy declared in this Section,
 33 the Illinois Commerce Commission shall require electric
 34 utilities to enter into long-term contracts to purchase

- 6 - LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

HB4150

1 electricity from qualified solid waste energy facilities 2 located in the electric utility's service area, for a period 3 beginning on the date that the facility begins generating 4 electricity and having a duration of not less than 10 years in 5 the case of facilities fueled by landfill-generated methane, or 20 years in the case of facilities fueled by methane generated 6 from a landfill owned by a forest preserve district. The 7 8 purchase rate contained in such contracts shall be equal to the 9 average amount per kilowatt-hour paid from time to time by the unit or units of local government in which the electricity 10 generating facilities are located, excluding amounts paid for 11 12 street lighting and pumping service.

13 Whenever a public utility is required to purchase (d) electricity pursuant to subsection (c) above, it shall be 14 15 entitled to credits in respect of its obligations to remit to the State taxes it has collected under the Electricity Excise 16 17 Tax Law equal to the amounts, if any, by which payments for such electricity exceed (i) the then current rate at which the 18 19 utility must purchase the output of qualified facilities pursuant to the federal Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act 20 of 1978, less (ii) any costs, expenses, losses, damages or 21 other amounts incurred by the utility, or for which it becomes 22 23 liable, arising out of its failure to obtain such electricity 24 from such other sources. The amount of any such credit shall, in the first instance, be determined by the utility, which 25 26 shall make a monthly report of such credits to the Illinois 27 Commerce Commission and, on its monthly tax return, to the Illinois Department of Revenue. Under no circumstances shall a 28 29 utility be required to purchase electricity from a qualified 30 solid waste energy facility at the rate prescribed in subsection (c) of this Section if such purchase would result in 31 32 estimated tax credits that exceed, on a monthly basis, the utility's estimated obligation to remit to the State taxes it 33 has collected under the Electricity Excise Tax Law. The owner 34 35 or operator shall negotiate facility operating conditions with 36 the purchasing utility in accordance with that utility's posted - 7 - LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

HB4150

1 standard terms and conditions for small power producers. If the 2 Department of Revenue disputes the amount of any such credit, 3 such dispute shall be decided by the Illinois Commerce 4 Commission. Whenever a qualified solid waste energy facility 5 has paid or otherwise satisfied in full the capital costs or 6 indebtedness incurred in developing and implementing the qualified facility, the qualified facility shall reimburse the 7 8 Public Utility Fund and the General Revenue Fund in the State 9 treasury for the actual reduction in payments to those Funds 10 caused by this subsection (d) in a manner to be determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission and based on the manner in 11 12 which revenues for those Funds were reduced.

(e) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall not require an 13 14 electric utility to purchase electricity from any qualified 15 solid waste energy facility which is owned or operated by: (i) 16 an entity that is primarily engaged in the business of 17 producing or selling electricity, gas, or useful thermal energy from a source other than one or more qualified solid waste 18 energy facilities or (ii) an entity that is the subject of a 19 20 bankruptcy proceeding, during the pendency of that proceeding, including any qualified solid waste energy facility that is the 21 subject of a bankruptcy proceeding on the effective date of 22 23 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(f) This Section does not require an electric utility to construct additional facilities unless those facilities are paid for by the owner or operator of the affected qualified solid waste energy facility.

(g) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall require that: 28 (1) electric utilities use the electricity purchased from a 29 30 qualified solid waste energy facility to displace electricity 31 generated from nuclear power or coal mined and purchased outside the boundaries of the State of Illinois before 32 33 displacing electricity generated from coal mined and purchased within the State of Illinois, to the extent possible, and (2) 34 35 electric utilities report annually to the Commission on the 36 extent of such displacements.

- 8 - LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

HB4150

1 (h) Nothing in this Section is intended to cause an 2 electric utility that is required to purchase power hereunder to incur any economic loss as a result of its purchase. All 3 4 amounts paid for power which a utility is required to purchase 5 pursuant to subparagraph (c) shall be deemed to be costs 6 prudently incurred for purposes of computing charges under 7 rates authorized by Section 9-220 of this Act. Tax credits 8 provided for herein shall be reflected in charges made pursuant 9 to rates so authorized to the extent such credits are based upon a cost which is also reflected in such charges. 10

11 (i) Beginning in February 1999 and through January 2009, 12 each qualified solid waste energy facility that sells 13 electricity to an electric utility at the purchase rate 14 described in subsection (c) shall file with the Department of 15 Revenue on or before the 15th of each month a form, prescribed 16 by the Department of Revenue, that states the number of kilowatt hours of electricity for which payment was received at 17 that purchase rate from electric utilities in Illinois during 18 19 the immediately preceding month. This form shall be accompanied 20 by a payment from the qualified solid waste energy facility in an amount equal to six-tenths of a mill (\$0.0006) per kilowatt 21 22 hour of electricity stated on the form. Beginning on the 23 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 24 Assembly, a qualified solid waste energy facility must file the form required under this subsection (i) before the 15th of each 25 26 month regardless of whether the facility received any payment 27 in the previous month. Payments received by the Department of 28 Revenue shall be deposited into the Municipal Economic 29 Development Fund, a trust fund created outside the State 30 treasury. The State Treasurer may invest the moneys in the Fund 31 in any investment authorized by the Public Funds Investment 32 Act, and investment income shall be deposited into and become part of the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used by the State 33 Treasurer as provided in subsection (j). The obligation of a 34 35 qualified solid waste energy facility to make payments into the 36 Municipal Economic Development Fund shall terminate upon - 9 - LRB094 14609 MKM 49559 b

1 either: (1) expiration or termination of a facility's contract 2 to sell electricity to an electric utility at the purchase rate described in subsection (c); or (2) entry of an enforceable, 3 4 final, and non-appealable order by a court of competent jurisdiction that Public Act 89-448 is invalid. Payments by a 5 6 qualified solid waste energy facility into the Municipal Economic Development Fund do not relieve the qualified solid 7 8 waste energy facility of its obligation to reimburse the Public 9 Utility Fund and the General Revenue Fund for the actual reduction in payments to those Funds as a result of credits 10 11 received by electric utilities under subsection (d).

HB4150

12 A qualified solid waste energy facility that fails to 13 timely file the requisite form and payment as required by this 14 subsection (i) shall be subject to penalties and interest in 15 conformance with the provisions of the Illinois Uniform Penalty 16 and Interest Act.

17 Every qualified solid waste energy facility subject to the provisions of this subsection (i) shall keep and maintain 18 19 records and books of its sales pursuant to subsection (c), 20 including payments received from those sales and the corresponding tax payments made in accordance with 21 this subsection (i), and for purposes of enforcement of this 22 23 subsection (i) all such books and records shall be subject to 24 inspection by the Department of Revenue or its duly authorized 25 agents or employees.

26 When a qualified solid waste energy facility fails to file 27 the form or make the payment required under this subsection 28 (i), the Department of Revenue, to the extent that it is 29 practical, may enforce the payment obligation in a manner 30 consistent with Section 5 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and if necessary may impose and enforce a tax lien in a manner 31 32 consistent with Sections 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, and 5i of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. No tax lien may be imposed 33 or enforced, however, unless a qualified solid waste energy 34 35 facility fails to make the payment required under this subsection (i). Only to the extent necessary and for the 36

purpose of enforcing this subsection (i), the Department of Revenue may secure necessary information from a qualified solid waste energy facility in a manner consistent with Section 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

All information received by the Department of Revenue in its administration and enforcement of this subsection (i) shall be confidential in a manner consistent with Section 11 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection (i).

10 For purposes of implementing the maximum aggregate 11 distribution provisions in subsections (j) and (k), when a 12 qualified solid waste energy facility makes a late payment to 13 the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Municipal Economic Development Fund, that payment and deposit shall be 14 15 attributed to the month and corresponding quarter in which the 16 payment should have been made, and the Treasurer shall make 17 retroactive distributions or refunds, as the case may be, whenever such late payments so require. 18

19 (j) The State Treasurer, without appropriation, must make 20 distributions immediately after January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of each year, up to maximum aggregate 21 distributions of \$500,000 for the distributions made in the 4 22 23 quarters beginning with the April distribution and ending with 24 distribution, from Municipal the January the Economic Development Fund to each city, village, or incorporated town 25 26 that has within its boundaries an incinerator that: (1) uses 27 or, on the effective date of Public Act 90-813, used municipal 28 waste as its primary fuel to generate electricity; (2) was 29 determined by the Illinois Commerce Commission to qualify as a 30 qualified solid waste energy facility prior to the effective date of Public Act 89-448; and (3) commenced operation prior to 31 32 January 1, 1998. Total distributions in the aggregate to all qualified cities, villages, and incorporated towns in the 4 33 quarters beginning with the April distribution and ending with 34 35 the January distribution shall not exceed \$500,000. The amount of each distribution shall be determined pro rata based on the 36

1 population of the city, village, or incorporated town compared 2 total population of all cities, villages, the to and 3 incorporated towns eligible to receive a distribution. 4 Distributions received by a city, village, or incorporated town 5 must be held in a separate account and may be used only to 6 promote and enhance industrial, commercial, residential, 7 service, transportation, and recreational activities and 8 facilities within its boundaries, thereby enhancing the 9 employment opportunities, public health and general welfare, 10 and economic development within the community, including 11 administrative expenditures exclusively to further these 12 activities. These funds, however, shall not be used by the 13 city, village, or incorporated town, directly or indirectly, to purchase, lease, operate, or in any way subsidize the operation 14 15 of any incinerator, and these funds shall not be paid, directly 16 or indirectly, by the city, village, or incorporated town to 17 the owner, operator, lessee, shareholder, or bondholder of any incinerator. Moreover, these funds shall not be used to pay 18 19 attorneys fees in any litigation relating to the validity of 20 Public Act 89-448. Nothing in this Section prevents a city, village, or incorporated town from using other corporate funds 21 for any legitimate purpose. For purposes of this subsection, 22 23 the term "municipal waste" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 3.290 of the Environmental Protection Act. 24

(k) If maximum aggregate distributions of \$500,000 under 25 26 subsection (j) have been made after the January distribution 27 from the Municipal Economic Development Fund, then the balance 28 in the Fund shall be refunded to the qualified solid waste 29 energy facilities that made payments that were deposited into 30 the Fund during the previous 12-month period. The refunds shall be prorated based upon the facility's payments in relation to 31 32 total payments for that 12-month period.

(1) Beginning January 1, 2000, and each January 1 thereafter, each city, village, or incorporated town that received distributions from the Municipal Economic Development Fund, continued to hold any of those distributions, or made

1 expenditures from those distributions during the immediately 2 preceding year shall submit to a financial and compliance and program audit of those distributions performed by the Auditor 3 4 General at no cost to the city, village, or incorporated town 5 that received the distributions. The audit should be completed 6 by June 30 or as soon thereafter as possible. The audit shall be submitted to the State Treasurer and those officers 7 8 enumerated in Section 3-14 of the Illinois State Auditing Act. If the Auditor General finds that distributions have been 9 expended in violation of this Section, the Auditor General 10 11 shall refer the matter to the Attorney General. The Attorney 12 General may recover, in a civil action, 3 times the amount of 13 any distributions illegally expended. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "financial audit," "compliance audit", 14 15 and "program audit" have the meanings ascribed to them in Sections 1-13 and 1-15 of the Illinois State Auditing Act. 16

17 (m) On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, as of the first date on which 18 renewable energy certificates or other saleable 19 20 representations are sold or transferred by a qualified solid waste energy facility, with or without the electricity 21 generated by the facility, to an electric utility or to another 22 23 electric supplier that is required under State law to comply with a renewable energy portfolio standard or that is required 24 by order of the Illinois Commerce Commission to meet a 25 renewable energy portfolio standard requirement, that 26 27 qualified solid waste energy facility may not sell electricity pursuant to this Section and shall be exempt from the 28 requirements of subsections (a) through (1) of this Section, 29 30 except that it shall remain obligated for any reimbursements 31 required under subsection (d) of this Section. All of the provisions of this Section shall remain in full force and 32 effect with respect to any qualified solid waste energy 33 facility that sold electric energy pursuant to this Section at 34 35 any time before July 1, 2006 and that does not sell or transfer renewable energy certificates or other saleable 36

1	representations to meet the requirements of a renewable energy
2	portfolio standard.
3	(n) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
4	contrary, beginning on July 1, 2006, the Illinois Commerce
5	Commission shall not issue any order determining that a
6	facility is a qualified solid waste energy facility unless the
7	qualified solid waste energy facility was determined by the
8	Illinois Commerce Commission to be a qualified solid waste
9	energy facility before July 1, 2006.
10	(Source: P.A. 91-901, eff. 1-1-01; 92-435, eff. 8-17-01;
11	92-574, eff. 6-26-02.)
12	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

13 becoming law.