

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB3871

Introduced 2/25/2005, by Rep. Arthur L. Turner

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2105/2105-400 20 ILCS 2310/2310-625 20 ILCS 3305/7 20 ILCS 3305/15

from Ch. 127, par. 1057 from Ch. 127, par. 1065

Amends the Department of Professional Regulation Law, the Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law, and the Illinois Emergency Management Act. In a Section allowing the Director of Professional Regulation to suspend certain licensing requirements after the proclamation of a disaster by the Governor for persons working for the Illinois Emergency Management Act (IEMA) and the Department of Public Health, provides that working for IEMA may also include working for an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by IEMA and that working for the Department of Public Health may also include working for a local public health department. Makes the same changes to a Section allowing similar license suspension powers to the Director of Public Health. Removes certain restrictions on the Governor's powers during a disaster event. Provides that the immunities provided during emergency management response activities also apply when responding to a disaster as defined in Section 4of the Act or otherwise serving or attempting to serve the general purpose of this Act. Provides that the immunities of emergency management responders do not apply to services and agencies receiving prior written notice from IEMA of noncompliance with certain provisions of the Act. Effective immediately.

LRB094 07508 RSP 37675 b

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 2105-400 as follows:
- 7 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-400)
- 8 Sec. 2105-400. Emergency Powers.
 - (a) Upon proclamation of a disaster by the Governor, as provided for in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, the Director of Professional Regulation shall have the following powers, which shall be exercised only in coordination with the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Public Health:
 - (1) The power to suspend the requirements for permanent or temporary licensure of persons who are licensed in another state and are working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to a declared disaster.
 - (2) The power to modify the scope of practice restrictions under any licensing act administered by the Department for any person working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Illinois Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to the declared disaster.
 - (3) The power to expand the exemption in Section 4(a) of the Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987 to those licensed

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professionals whose scope of practice has been modified, under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Section, to include any element of the practice of pharmacy as defined in the Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987 for any person working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Illinois Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to the declared disaster.

- (b) Persons exempt from licensure under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section and persons operating under modified scope of practice provisions under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Section shall be exempt from licensure or be subject to modified scope of practice only until the declared disaster has ended as provided by law.
- 17 (c) The Director shall exercise these powers by way of proclamation.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 93-829, eff. 7-28-04.)
- Section 10. The Department of Public Health Powers and
 Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is
 amended by changing Section 2310-625 as follows:
- 23 (20 ILCS 2310/2310-625)
- Sec. 2310-625. Emergency Powers.
 - (a) Upon proclamation of a disaster by the Governor, as provided for in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, the Director of Public Health shall have the following powers, which shall be exercised only in coordination with the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Professional Regulation:
- 31 (1) The power to suspend the requirements for temporary 32 or permanent licensure or certification of persons who are 33 licensed or certified in another state and are working 34 under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management

Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Illinois Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to the declared disaster.

- restrictions under the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act for any persons who are licensed under that Act for any person working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Illinois Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to the declared disaster.
- (3) The power to modify the scope of practice restrictions under the Nursing Home Care Act for Certified Nursing Assistants for any person working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (or an emergency services and disaster agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency) and the Illinois Department of Public Health (or a local public health department) pursuant to the declared disaster.
- (b) Persons exempt from licensure or certification under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and persons operating under modified scope of practice provisions under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) and paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be exempt from licensure or certification or subject to modified scope of practice only until the declared disaster has ended as provided by law.
- 30 (c) The Director shall exercise these powers by way of proclamation.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 93-829, eff. 7-28-04.)
- 33 Section 15. The Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act is 34 amended by changing Sections 7 and 15 as follows:

- 1 (20 ILCS 3305/7) (from Ch. 127, par. 1057)
- 2 Sec. 7. Emergency Powers of the Governor.
 - (a) In the event of a disaster, as defined in Section 4, the Governor may, by proclamation declare that a disaster exists. Upon such proclamation, the Governor shall have and may exercise for a period not to exceed 30 days the following emergency powers; provided, however, that the lapse of the emergency powers shall not, as regards any act or acts occurring or committed within the 30 days period, deprive any person, firm, corporation, political subdivision, or body politic of any right or rights to compensation or reimbursement which he, she, it, or they may have under the provisions of this Act:
 - (1) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing procedures for conduct of State business, or the orders, rules and regulations of any State agency, if strict compliance with the provisions of any statute, order, rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder or delay necessary action, including emergency purchases, by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, in coping with the disaster.
 - (2) To utilize all available resources of the State government as reasonably necessary to cope with the disaster and of each political subdivision of the State.
 - (3) To transfer the direction, personnel or functions of State departments and agencies or units thereof for the purpose of performing or facilitating disaster response and recovery programs.
 - (4) On behalf of this State to take possession of, and to acquire full title or a lesser specified interest in, any personal property as may be necessary to accomplish the objectives set forth in Section 2 of this Act, including: airplanes, automobiles, trucks, trailers, buses, and other vehicles; coal, oils, gasoline, and other fuels and means of propulsion; explosives, materials, equipment, and supplies; animals and livestock; feed and seed; food and

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provisions for humans and animals; clothing and bedding; and medicines and medical and surgical supplies; and to take possession of and for a limited period occupy and use any real estate necessary to accomplish those objectives; but only upon the undertaking by the State to pay just compensation therefor as in this Act provided, and then only under the following provisions:

a. The Governor, or the person or persons as the Governor may authorize so to do, may forthwith take possession of property for and on behalf of the State; provided, however, that the Governor or persons shall simultaneously with the taking, deliver to the owner or his or her agent, if the identity of the owner or agency is known or readily ascertainable, a signed statement in writing, that shall include the name and address of the owner, the date and place of the taking, description of the property sufficient to identify it, a statement of interest in the property that is being so taken, and, if possible, a statement in writing, signed by the owner, setting forth the sum that he or she is willing to accept as just compensation for the property or use. Whether or not the owner or agent is known or readily ascertainable, a true copy of the statement shall promptly be filed by the Governor or the person with the Director, who shall keep the docket of the statements. In cases where the sum that the owner is willing to accept as just compensation is less than \$1,000, copies of the statements shall also be filed by the Director with, and shall be passed upon by an Emergency Management Claims Commission, consisting of 3 disinterested citizens who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the within 20 days after the Governor's declaration of a disaster, and if the sum fixed by them as just compensation be less than \$1,000 and is accepted in writing by the owner, then the State

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Treasurer out of funds appropriated for these purposes, shall, upon certification thereof by the Emergency Management Claims Commission, cause the sum so certified forthwith to be paid to the owner. The Emergency Management Claims Commission is hereby given the power to issue appropriate subpoenas and to administer oaths to witnesses and shall keep appropriate minutes and other records of its actions upon and the disposition made of all claims.

b. When the compensation to be paid for the taking or use of property or interest therein is not or cannot be determined and paid under item (a) above, a petition in the name of The People of the State of Illinois shall be promptly filed by the Director, which filing may be enforced by mandamus, in the circuit court of the county where the property or any part thereof was located when initially taken or used under the provisions of this Act praying that the amount of compensation to be paid to the person or persons interested therein be fixed and determined. petition shall include a description of the property that has been taken, shall state the physical condition of the property when taken, shall name as defendants all interested parties, shall set forth the sum of money estimated to be just compensation for the property or interest therein taken or used, and shall be signed by the Director. The litigation shall be handled by the Attorney General for and on behalf of the State.

c. Just compensation for the taking or use of property or interest therein shall be promptly ascertained in proceedings and established by judgment against the State, that shall include, as part of the just compensation so awarded, interest at the rate of 6% per annum on the fair market value of the property or interest therein from the date of the taking or use

to the date of the judgment; and the court may order the payment of delinquent taxes and special assessments out of the amount so awarded as just compensation and may make any other orders with respect to encumbrances, rents, insurance, and other charges, if any, as shall be just and equitable.

- (5) When required by the exigencies of the disaster, to sell, lend, rent, give, or distribute all or any part of property so or otherwise acquired to the inhabitants of this State, or to political subdivisions of this State, or, under the interstate mutual aid agreements or compacts as are entered into under the provisions of subparagraph (5) of paragraph (c) of Section 6 to other states, and to account for and transmit to the State Treasurer all funds, if any, received therefor.
- (6) To recommend the evacuation of all or part of the population from any stricken or threatened area within the State if the Governor deems this action necessary.
- (7) To prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in connection with evacuation.
- (8) To control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area, the movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of premises therein.
- (9) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives, and combustibles.
- (10) To make provision for the availability and use of temporary emergency housing.
- (11) A proclamation of a disaster shall activate the State Emergency Operations Plan, and political subdivision emergency operations plans applicable to the political subdivision or area in question and be authority for the deployment and use of any forces that the plan or plans apply and for use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, and materials and facilities assembled, stockpiled or arranged to be made available under this Act

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or any other provision of law relating to disasters.

- (12) Control, restrict, and regulate by rationing, freezing, use of quotas, prohibitions on shipments, price fixing, allocation or other means, the use, sale or distribution of food, feed, fuel, clothing and other commodities, materials, goods, or services; and perform and exercise any other functions, powers, and duties as may be necessary to promote and secure the safety and protection of the civilian population.
- (13) During the continuance of any disaster the Governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and unorganized militia and of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the greatest extent practicable, the Governor shall delegate or assign command authority to do so by orders issued at the time of the disaster.
- 16 (14) Prohibit increases in the prices of goods and 17 services during a disaster.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 92-73, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 19 (20 ILCS 3305/15) (from Ch. 127, par. 1065)
- 15. Immunity. Neither the State, any political 20 subdivision of the State, nor, except in cases of gross 21 22 negligence or willful misconduct, the Governor, the Director, 23 the Principal Executive Officer of a political subdivision, or 24 the agents, employees, or representatives of any of them, 25 engaged in any emergency management response or recovery 26 activities, while <u>responding to a disaster as defined in</u> Section 4, or otherwise serving or attempting to serve the 27 general purposes of this Act, or complying with or attempting 28 29 to comply with this Act or any rule or regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act is liable for the death of or any injury 30 31 to persons, or damage to property, as a result of such activity. This Section does not, however, apply to political 32 33 subdivisions and principal executive officers required to maintain emergency services and disaster agencies that https://doi.org/10.1001/journal.org/ 34 been given prior written notice by the Illinois Emergency 35

- 1 Management Agency that they are not in compliance with Section
- 2 10 of this Act, notwithstanding provisions of any other laws.
- 3 This Section does not, however, affect the right of any person
- 4 to receive benefits to which he or she would otherwise be
- 5 entitled under this Act under the Workers' Compensation Act or
- 6 the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, or under any pension
- 7 law, and this Section does not affect the right of any such
- 8 person to receive any benefits or compensation under any Act of
- 9 Congress.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 92-73, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 12 becoming law.