

## Rep. Brent Hassert

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requires:

## Filed: 3/15/2005

LRB094 07387 AJO 43742 a 09400HB3183ham001 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3183 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 3183 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 4 "Section 5. The Counties Code is amended by changing Section 5-12001.1 as follows: 5 (55 ILCS 5/5-12001.1) 6 7 Sec. 5-12001.1. Authority to regulate certain specified 8 facilities of a telecommunications carrier and to regulate, pursuant to subsections (a) through (g), AM broadcast towers 9 10 and facilities. (a) Notwithstanding any other Section in this Division, the 11 county board or board of county commissioners of any county 12 shall have the power to regulate the location of the 13 as defined in subsection 14 facilities, (c), telecommunications carrier  $\underline{\text{or AM broadcast station}}$  established 15 16 outside the corporate limits of cities, villages, and 17 incorporated towns that have municipal zoning ordinances in

effect. The power shall only be exercised to the extent and in

rights created by or authority confirmed in the federal

(b) The provisions of this Section shall not abridge any

(c) As used in this Section, unless the context otherwise

the manner set forth in this Section.

Telecommunications Act of 1996, P.L. 104-104.

(1) "coun	ty jurisdiction	area" m	eans th	nose po	ortions o	f
a county that	lie outside th	e corpor	rate li	mits o	of cities	,
villages, an	d incorporated	towns	that	have	municipa	1
zoning ordina	nces in effect;					

- (2) "county board" means the county board or board of county commissioners of any county;
- (3) "residential zoning district" means a zoning district that is designated under a county zoning ordinance and is zoned predominantly for residential uses;
- (4) "non-residential zoning district" means the county jurisdiction area of a county, except for those portions within a residential zoning district;
- (5) "residentially zoned lot" means a zoning lot in a residential zoning district;
- (6) "non-residentially zoned lot" means a zoning lot in a non-residential zoning district;
- (7) "telecommunications carrier" means a telecommunications carrier as defined in the Public Utilities Act as of January 1, 1997;
- (8) "facility" means that part of the signal distribution system used or operated by a telecommunications carrier or AM broadcast station under a license from the FCC consisting of a combination of improvements and equipment including (i) one or more antennas, (ii) a supporting structure and the hardware by which antennas are attached; (iii) equipment housing; and (iv) ancillary equipment such as signal transmission cables and miscellaneous hardware;
- (9) "FAA" means the Federal Aviation Administration of the United States Department of Transportation;
- (10) "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission;
- (11) "antenna" means an antenna device by which radio signals are transmitted, received, or both;

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- (12) "supporting structure" means a structure, whether an antenna tower or another type of structure, that supports one or more antennas as part of a facility;
- (13)"qualifying structure" means a supporting structure that is (i) an existing structure, if the height of the facility, including the structure, is not more than 15 feet higher than the structure just before the facility installed, or (ii) a substantially substantially same-location replacement of an existing structure, if the height of the facility, including the replacement structure, is not more than 15 feet higher than the height of the existing structure just before the facility is installed;
- (14) "equipment housing" means a combination of one or more equipment buildings or enclosures housing equipment that operates in conjunction with the antennas of a facility, and the equipment itself;
- (15) "height" of a facility means the total height of the facility's supporting structure and any antennas that will extend above the top of the supporting structure; however, if the supporting structure's foundation extends more than 3 feet above the uppermost ground level along the perimeter of the foundation, then each full foot in excess of 3 feet shall be counted as an additional foot of facility height. The height of a facility's supporting structure is to be measured from the highest point of the supporting structure's foundation;
- (16) "facility lot" means the zoning lot on which a facility is or will be located;
- (17) "principal residential building" has its common meaning but shall not include any building under the same ownership as the land of the facility lot. "Principal residential building" shall not include any structure that is not designed for human habitation;

(18)	"horizon	tal	separa	ation	dist	ance"	mea	.ns	the
distance	measured	from	the	center	of	the	base	of	the
facility'	s support	ing s	struct	ure to	the	poi	nt wh	ere	the
ground me	eets a ve	rtical	wall	of a	prin	cipal	L resi	ident	tial
building;	and								

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- (19) "lot line set back distance" means the distance measured from the center of the base of the facility's supporting structure to the nearest point on the common lot line between the facility lot and the nearest residentially zoned lot. If there is no common lot line, the measurement shall be made to the nearest point on the lot line of the nearest residentially zoned lot without deducting the width of any intervening right of way; and -
- (20) "AM broadcast station" means a facility and one or more towers for the purpose of transmitting communication in the 540 kHz to 1700 kHz band for public reception authorized by the FCC.
- (d) In choosing a location for a facility, a telecommunications carrier or AM broadcast station shall consider the following:
- (1) A non-residentially zoned lot is the most desirable location.
  - (2) A residentially zoned lot that is not used for residential purposes is the second most desirable location.
  - (3) A residentially zoned lot that is 2 acres or more in size and is used for residential purposes is the third most desirable location.
- (4) A residentially zoned lot that is less than 2 acres in size and is used for residential purposes is the least desirable location.
- The size of a lot shall be the lot's gross area in square feet without deduction of any unbuildable or unusable land, any roadway, or any other easement.

- (e) In designing a facility, a telecommunications carrier or AM broadcast station shall consider the following quidelines:
  - (1) No building or tower that is part of a facility should encroach onto any recorded easement prohibiting the encroachment unless the grantees of the easement have given their approval.
  - (2) Lighting should be installed for security and safety purposes only. Except with respect to lighting required by the FCC or FAA, all lighting should be shielded so that no glare extends substantially beyond the boundaries of a facility.
  - (3) No facility should encroach onto an existing septic field.
  - (4) Any facility located in a special flood hazard area or wetland should meet the legal requirements for those lands.
  - (5) Existing trees more than 3 inches in diameter should be preserved if reasonably feasible during construction. If any tree more than 3 inches in diameter is removed during construction a tree 3 inches or more in diameter of the same or a similar species shall be planted as a replacement if reasonably feasible. Tree diameter shall be measured at a point 3 feet above ground level.
  - (6) If any elevation of a facility faces an existing, adjoining residential use within a residential zoning district, low maintenance landscaping should be provided on or near the facility lot to provide at least partial screening of the facility. The quantity and type of that landscaping should be in accordance with any county landscaping regulations of general applicability, except that paragraph (5) of this subsection (e) shall control over any tree-related regulations imposing a greater burden.

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- (7) Fencing should be installed around a facility. The height and materials of the fencing should be in accordance county fence with any regulations of general applicability.
  - (8) Any building that is part of a facility located adjacent to a residentially zoned lot should be designed with exterior materials and colors that are reasonably compatible with the residential character of the area.
- (f) The following provisions shall apply to all facilities established in any county jurisdiction area (i) after the effective date of the amendatory Act of 1997 with respect to telecommunications carriers and (ii) after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly with respect to AM broadcast stations:
  - (1) Except as provided in this Section, no yard or set back regulations shall apply to or be required for a facility.
  - (2) A facility may be located on the same zoning lot as one or more other structures or uses without violating any ordinance or regulation that prohibits or limits multiple structures, buildings, or uses on a zoning lot.
  - (3) No minimum lot area, width, or depth shall be required for a facility, and unless the facility is to be manned on a regular, daily basis, no off-street parking spaces shall be required for a facility. If the facility is to be manned on a regular, daily basis, one off-street parking space shall be provided for each employee regularly at the facility. No loading facilities are required.
  - (4) No portion of a facility's supporting structure or equipment housing shall be less than 15 feet from the front lot line of the facility lot or less than 10 feet from any other lot line.
  - (5) No bulk regulations or lot coverage, building coverage, or floor area ratio limitations shall be applied

to a facility or to any existing use or structure coincident with the establishment of a facility. Except as provided in this Section, no height limits or restrictions shall apply to a facility.

- (6) A county's review of a building permit application for a facility shall be completed within 30 days. If a decision of the county board is required to permit the establishment of a facility, the county's review of the application shall be simultaneous with the process leading to the county board's decision.
- (7) The improvements and equipment comprising the facility may be wholly or partly freestanding or wholly or partly attached to, enclosed in, or installed in or on a structure or structures.
- (8) Any public hearing authorized under this Section shall be conducted in a manner determined by the county board. Notice of any such public hearing shall be published at least 15 days before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county.
- (9) Any decision regarding a facility by the county board or a county agency or official shall be supported by written findings of fact. The circuit court shall have jurisdiction to review the reasonableness of any adverse decision and the plaintiff shall bear the burden of proof, but there shall be no presumption of the validity of the decision.
- (g) The following provisions shall apply to all facilities established (i) after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 with respect to telecommunications carriers and (ii) after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly with respect to AM broadcast stations in the county jurisdiction area of any county with a population of less than 180,000:
  - (1) A facility is permitted if its supporting structure

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is a qualifying structure or if both of the following conditions are met:

- (A) the height of the facility shall not exceed 200 feet, except that if a facility is located more than one and one-half miles from the corporate limits of any municipality with a population of 25,000 or more the height of the facility shall not exceed 350 feet; and
- (B) the horizontal separation distance to the nearest principal residential building shall not be less than the height of the supporting structure; except that if the supporting structure exceeds 99 feet in height, the horizontal separation distance to the nearest principal residential building shall be at least 100 feet or 80% of the height of the supporting structure, whichever is greater. Compliance with this paragraph shall only be evaluated as of the time that a building permit application for the facility is submitted. If the supporting structure is not an antenna tower this paragraph is satisfied.
- (2) Unless a facility is permitted under paragraph (1) of this subsection (g), a facility can be established only after the county board gives its approval following consideration of the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection (g). The county board may give its approval after one public hearing on the proposal, but only by the favorable vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting held no later than 75 days after submission of a complete application by the telecommunications carrier. If the county board fails to act on the application within 75 days after its submission, the application shall be deemed to have been approved. No more than one public hearing shall be required.
- (3) For purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection (g), the following siting considerations, but no other

1 matter, shall be considered by the county board or any 2 other body conducting the public hearing:

- (A) the criteria in subsection (d) of this Section;
- (B) whether a substantial adverse effect on public safety will result from some aspect of the facility's design or proposed construction, but only if that aspect of design or construction is modifiable by the applicant;
- (C) the benefits to be derived by the users of the services to be provided or enhanced by the facility and whether public safety and emergency response capabilities would benefit by the establishment of the facility;
- (D) the existing uses on adjacent and nearby properties; and
- (E) the extent to which the design of the proposed facility reflects compliance with subsection (e) of this Section.
- (4) On judicial review of an adverse decision, the issue shall be the reasonableness of the county board's decision in light of the evidence presented on the siting considerations and the well-reasoned recommendations of any other body that conducts the public hearing.
- (h) The following provisions shall apply to all facilities established after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 in the county jurisdiction area of any county with a population of 180,000 or more. A facility is permitted in any zoning district subject to the following:
  - (1) A facility shall not be located on a lot under paragraph (4) of subsection (d) unless a variation is granted by the county board under paragraph (4) of this subsection (h).
  - (2) Unless a height variation is granted by the county board, the height of a facility shall not exceed 75 feet if

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the facility will be located in a residential zoning district or 200 feet if the facility will be located in a non-residential zoning district. However, the height of a facility may exceed the height limit in this paragraph, and no height variation shall be required, if the supporting structure is a qualifying structure.

- (3) The improvements and equipment of the facility shall be placed to comply with the requirements of this paragraph at the time a building permit application for the facility is submitted. If the supporting structure is an antenna tower other than a qualifying structure then (i) if the facility will be located in a residential zoning district the lot line set back distance to the nearest residentially zoned lot shall be at least 50% of the height of the facility's supporting structure or (ii) if the facility will be located in a non-residential zoning district the horizontal separation distance to the nearest principal residential building shall be at least equal to the height of the facility's supporting structure.
- (4) The county board may grant variations for any of the regulations, conditions, and restrictions of this subsection (h), after one public hearing on the proposed variations, by a favorable vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting held no later than 75 days submission of after an application by telecommunications carrier. If the county board fails to act on the application within 75 days after submission, the application shall be deemed to have been approved. In its consideration of an application for variations, the county board, and any other body conducting the public hearing, shall consider the following, and no other matters:
  - (A) whether, but for the granting of a variation, the service that the telecommunications carrier seeks to enhance or provide with the proposed facility will

1	be less a	available,	impair	ed, or	diminished	dino	quality,
2	quantity,	or scope	of cove	erage;			
3	(B)	whether	the c	conditi	ons upon	whi	ch the

- (B) whether the conditions upon which the application for variations is based are unique in some respect or, if not, whether the strict application of the regulations would result in a hardship on the telecommunications carrier;
- (C) whether a substantial adverse effect on public safety will result from some aspect of the facility's design or proposed construction, but only if that aspect of design or construction is modifiable by the applicant;
- (D) whether there are benefits to be derived by the users of the services to be provided or enhanced by the facility and whether public safety and emergency response capabilities would benefit by the establishment of the facility; and
- (E) the extent to which the design of the proposed facility reflects compliance with subsection (e) of this Section.

No more than one public hearing shall be required.

- (5) On judicial review of an adverse decision, the issue shall be the reasonableness of the county board's decision in light of the evidence presented and the well-reasoned recommendations of any other body that conducted the public hearing.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 90-522, eff. 1-1-98.)

28 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 29 becoming law.".