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### Judiciary II - Criminal Law Committee

## Filed: 2/25/2005

	09400HB2432ham001 LRB094 08665 RXD 42247 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2432
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 2432 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
5	changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:
6	(720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)
7	Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
8	offenders prohibited.
9	(a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
10	present in any school building, on real property comprising any
11	school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a
12	school to transport students to or from school or a school
13	related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present
14	in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless
15	the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in
16	the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance or unless the
17	offender has permission to be present from the superintendent
18	or the school board or in the case of a private school from the
19	principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is
20	granted, the superintendent or school board president must
21	inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will
22	be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex
23	offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will
24	be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for

notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

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(1) (Blank; or)

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#### (2) (Blank.)

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 9 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school building or 10 11 real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the 12 offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the 13 building or on the grounds or has permission to be present from 14 15 the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a 16 private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school 17 18 board president must inform the principal of the school where 19 the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the 20 nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the 21 sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she 22 23 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from 24 school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the 25 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain 26 under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex 27 offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 28 felony.

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#### (1) (Blank; or)

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#### (2) (Blank.)

31 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 32 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real 33 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 34 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.

(b-10) It is unlawful for an employer of a child sex 6 7 offender that has business on school property, who knows the person is a child sex offender, to fail to inform school 8 officials in writing of the sex offender's presence or expected 9 presence on the school property. Notification includes the 10 nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the 11 sex offender is expected to be present in the school or on 12 <u>school property.</u> 13

## 14 <u>(b-15) Nothing in this Section shall require a school</u> 15 <u>district to allow convicted sex offenders to be present in the</u> 16 <u>school or on school property.</u>

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(c) Definitions. In this Section:

(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
substantially similar federal law or law of another
state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an
included sex offense, and:

24 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
25 to commit such offense; or

(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
of such offense or an attempt to commit such
offense; or

(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
or an attempt to commit such offense; or

33 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting34 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to

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subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or

5 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 6 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a 7 federal law or the law of another state 8 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 9 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 10 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 11 offense; or

12 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting 13 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 14 a federal law or the law of another state 15 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 16 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 17 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 18 of such offense; or

(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
Persons Act.

28 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 29 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same 30 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as 31 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is 32 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

33 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
 34 "sex offense" means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 1 the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting 2 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)), 3 4 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent child), 5 solicitation of a 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when 6 committed in a school, on the real property comprising 7 a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or 8 contracted by a school to transport students to or from 9 school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual 10 exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a 11 juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of 12 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a 13 juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 14 15 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 16 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 17 18 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when 19 that offense was committed in any school, on real 20 property comprising any school, in any conveyance 21 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related 22 activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 23

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
these offenses.

31 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections 32 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 33 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a 34 parent of the victim:

1 10-1 (kidnapping), 2 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 10-3 (unlawful restraint), 3 4 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 5 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 6 7 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 8 clause (2) (i) of subsection (c) of this Section. (2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex 9 offense means: 10 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 11 the Criminal Code of 1961: 12 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and 13 abetting child abduction under 14 Section 15 10-5(b)(10)), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a 16 child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a 17 juvenile 18 prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile 19 prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile 20 prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 21 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual 22 23 assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of 24 a child). An attempt to commit any of these 25 offenses. 26 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 27 28 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual 29 assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 30 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual 31 32 abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

33 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
34 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a

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1 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
2 parent of the victim:
3 10-1 (kidnapping),
4 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
5 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

8 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 9 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this 10 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the 11 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to 12 13 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose 14 15 of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually 16 dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually 17 18 Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for 19 the purposes of this Section.

20 (4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
21 elementary, or secondary school.

(5) "Loiter" means:

(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
 property.

(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
property, for the purpose of committing or attempting
to commit a sex offense.

30 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
31 or any other certified employee of the school, the
32 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
33 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
34 of a Class 4 felony.

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(Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;
 91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)".