

Sen. Terry Link

Filed: 5/26/2005

09400HB2137sam003

LRB094 03060 WGH 47180 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2137

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 2137, AS AMENDED, by

replacing everything after the enacting clause with the

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5 "Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by

changing Section 1204 as follows:

7 (215 ILCS 5/1204) (from Ch. 73, par. 1065.904)

Sec. 1204. (A) The Director shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall require each insurer licensed to write property or casualty insurance in the State and each syndicate doing business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to record and report its loss and expense experience and other data as may be necessary to assess the relationship of insurance premiums and related income as compared to insurance costs and expenses. The Director may designate one or more rate service organizations or advisory organizations to gather and compile such experience and data. The Director shall require each insurer licensed to write property or casualty insurance in this State and each syndicate doing business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to submit a report, on a form furnished by the Director, showing its direct writings in this State and companywide.

(B) Such report required by subsection (A) of this Section may include, but not be limited to, the following specific types of insurance written by such insurer:

1	(1) Political subdivision liability insurance reported
2	separately in the following categories:
3	(a) municipalities;
4	(b) school districts;
5	(c) other political subdivisions;
6	(2) Public official liability insurance;
7	(3) Dram shop liability insurance;
8	(4) Day care center liability insurance;
9	(5) Labor, fraternal or religious organizations
10	liability insurance;
11	(6) Errors and omissions liability insurance;
12	(7) Officers and directors liability insurance
13	reported separately as follows:
14	(a) non-profit entities;
15	(b) for-profit entities;
16	(8) Products liability insurance;
17	(9) Medical malpractice insurance;
18	(10) Attorney malpractice insurance;
19	(11) Architects and engineers malpractice insurance;
20	and
21	(12) Motor vehicle insurance reported separately for
22	commercial and private passenger vehicles as follows:
23	(a) motor vehicle physical damage insurance;
24	(b) motor vehicle liability insurance.
25	(C) Such report may include, but need not be limited to the
26	following data, both specific to this State and companywide, in
27	the aggregate or by type of insurance for the previous year on
28	a calendar year basis:
29	(1) Direct premiums written;
30	(2) Direct premiums earned;
31	(3) Number of policies;
32	(4) Net investment income, using appropriate estimates
33	where necessary;
34	(5) Losses paid;

1	(6) Losses incurred;
2	(7) Loss reserves:
3	(a) Losses unpaid on reported claims;
4	(b) Losses unpaid on incurred but not reported
5	claims;
6	(8) Number of claims:
7	(a) Paid claims;
8	(b) Arising claims;
9	(9) Loss adjustment expenses:
10	(a) Allocated loss adjustment expenses;
11	(b) Unallocated loss adjustment expenses;
12	(10) Net underwriting gain or loss;
13	(11) Net operation gain or loss, including net
14	investment income;
15	(12) Any other information requested by the Director.
16	(C-5) Additional information by an advisory organization
17	as defined in Section 463 of this Code.
18	(1) An advisory organization as defined in Section 463
19	of this Code shall report annually the following
20	information in such format as may be prescribed by the
21	Secretary:
22	(a) paid and incurred losses for each of the past
23	<u>10 years;</u>
24	(b) medical payments and medical charges, if
25	collected, for each of the past 10 years;
26	(c) the following indemnity payment information:
27	cumulative payments by accident year by calendar year
28	of development. This array will show payments made and
29	frequency of claims in the following categories:
30	medical only, permanent partial disability (PPD),
31	permanent total disability (PTD), temporary total
32	disability (TTD), and fatalities;
33	(d) injuries by frequency and severity;
34	(e) by class of employee.

- (2) The report filed with the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation under paragraph (1) of this subsection (C-5) shall be made available, on an aggregate basis, to the General Assembly and to the general public. The identity of the petitioner, the respondent, the attorneys, and the insurers shall not be disclosed.
- (3) Reports required under this subsection (C-5) shall be filed with the Secretary no later than September 1 in 2006 and no later than September 1 of each year thereafter.
- (D) In addition to the information which may be requested under subsection (C), the Director may also request on a companywide, aggregate basis, Federal Income Tax recoverable, net realized capital gain or loss, net unrealized capital gain or loss, and all other expenses not requested in subsection (C) above.
 - (E) Violations Suspensions Revocations.
 - (1) Any company or person subject to this Article, who willfully or repeatedly fails to observe or who otherwise violates any of the provisions of this Article or any rule or regulation promulgated by the Director under authority of this Article or any final order of the Director entered under the authority of this Article shall by civil penalty forfeit to the State of Illinois a sum not to exceed \$2,000. Each day during which a violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.
 - (2) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this subsection may attach unless a written notice of apparent liability has been issued by the Director and received by the respondent, or the Director sends written notice of apparent liability by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the respondent. Any respondent so notified must be granted an opportunity to request a hearing within 10 days from receipt of notice, or to show in writing, why he should not

be held liable. A notice issued under this Section must set forth the date, facts and nature of the act or omission with which the respondent is charged and must specifically identify the particular provision of this Article, rule, regulation or order of which a violation is charged.

- (3) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this subsection may attach for any violation occurring more than 2 years prior to the date of issuance of the notice of apparent liability and in no event may the total civil penalty forfeiture imposed for the acts or omissions set forth in any one notice of apparent liability exceed \$100,000.
- (4) All administrative hearings conducted pursuant to this Article are subject to 50 Ill. Adm. Code 2402 and all administrative hearings are subject to the Administrative Review Law.
- (5) The civil penalty forfeitures provided for in this Section are payable to the General Revenue Fund of the State of Illinois, and may be recovered in a civil suit in the name of the State of Illinois brought in the Circuit Court in Sangamon County or in the Circuit Court of the county where the respondent is domiciled or has its principal operating office.
- (6) In any case where the Director issues a notice of apparent liability looking toward the imposition of a civil penalty forfeiture under this Section that fact may not be used in any other proceeding before the Director to the prejudice of the respondent to whom the notice was issued, unless (a) the civil penalty forfeiture has been paid, or (b) a court has ordered payment of the civil penalty forfeiture and that order has become final.
- (7) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with a lawful order of the

Director requiring compliance with this Article, entered after notice and hearing, within the period of time specified in the order, the Director may, in addition to any other penalty or authority provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority of such person or company until compliance with such order has been obtained.

- (8) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with any provisions of this Article, the Director may, after notice and hearing, in addition to any other penalty provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, until compliance with such provision of this Article has been obtained.
- (9) No suspension or revocation under this Section may become effective until 5 days from the date that the notice of suspension or revocation has been personally delivered or delivered by registered or certified mail to the company or person. A suspension or revocation under this Section is stayed upon the filing, by the company or person, of a petition for judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03.)
- Section 10. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 7, 8, 12, 13, 13.1, 14, 16, and 19 and by adding Sections 8.2, 8.3, 8.7, and 25.5 as follows:
- 31 (820 ILCS 305/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.4)
- 32 Sec. 4. (a) Any employer, including but not limited to

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general contractors and their subcontractors, who shall come within the provisions of Section 3 of this Act, and any other employer who shall elect to provide and pay the compensation provided for in this Act shall:

(1) File with the Commission annually an application for approval as a self-insurer which shall include a current financial statement, and annually, thereafter, an application for renewal of self-insurance, which shall include a current financial statement. Said application and financial statement shall be signed and sworn to by the president or vice president and secretary or assistant secretary of the employer if it be a corporation, or by all of the partners, if it be a copartnership, or by the owner if it be neither a copartnership nor a corporation. All initial applications and all applications for renewal of self-insurance must be submitted at least 60 days prior to requested effective date of self-insurance. employer may elect to provide and pay compensation as provided for in this Act as a member of a group workers' compensation pool under Article V 3/4 of the Illinois Insurance Code. If an employer becomes a member of a group workers' compensation pool, the employer shall not be relieved of any obligations imposed by this Act.

If the sworn application and financial statement of any such employer does not satisfy the Commission of the financial ability of the employer who has filed it, the Commission shall require such employer to,

(2) Furnish security, indemnity or a bond guaranteeing the payment by the employer of the compensation provided for in this Act, provided that any such employer whose application and financial statement shall not have satisfied the commission of his or her financial ability and who shall have secured his liability in part by excess liability insurance shall be required to furnish to the

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Commission security, indemnity or bond guaranteeing his or her payment up to the effective limits of the excess coverage, or

(3) Insure his entire liability to pay compensation in some insurance carrier authorized, licensed, or permitted to do such insurance business in this State. Every policy of an insurance carrier, insuring the payment of compensation under this Act shall cover all the employees and the entire compensation liability of the insured: Provided, however, that any employer may insure his or her compensation liability with 2 or more insurance carriers or may insure a part and qualify under subsection 1, 2, or 4 for the remainder of his or her liability to pay such compensation, subject to the following two provisions:

Firstly, the entire compensation liability of the employer to employees working at or from one location shall be insured in one such insurance carrier or shall be self-insured, and

Secondly, the employer shall submit evidence satisfactorily to the Commission that his or her entire liability for the compensation provided for in this Act will be secured. Any provisions in any policy, or in any endorsement attached thereto, attempting to limit or modify in any way, the liability of the insurance carriers issuing the same except as otherwise provided herein shall be wholly void.

Nothing herein contained shall apply to policies of excess liability carriage secured by employers who have been approved by the Commission as self-insurers, or

- (4) Make some other provision, satisfactory to the Commission, for the securing of the payment of compensation provided for in this Act, and
 - (5) Upon becoming subject to this Act and thereafter as

often as the Commission may in writing demand, file with the Commission in form prescribed by it evidence of his or her compliance with the provision of this Section.

- (a-1) Regardless of its state of domicile or its principal place of business, an employer shall make payments to its insurance carrier or group self-insurance fund, where applicable, based upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois if:
 - (A) the employer is engaged primarily in the building and construction industry; and
- (B) subdivision (a) (3) of this Section applies to the employer or the employer is a member of a group self-insurance plan as defined in subsection (1) of Section 4a.
 - The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall impose a penalty upon an employer for violation of this subsection (a-1) if:
 - (i) the employer is given an opportunity at a hearing to present evidence of its compliance with this subsection (a-1); and
 - (ii) after the hearing, the Commission finds that the employer failed to make payments upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois.

The penalty shall not exceed \$1,000 for each day of work for which the employer failed to make payments upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois, but the total penalty shall not exceed \$50,000 for each project or each contract under which the work was performed.

Any penalty under this subsection (a-1) must be imposed not later than one year after the expiration of the applicable limitation period specified in subsection (d) of Section 6 of this Act. Penalties imposed under this subsection (a-1) shall be deposited into the Illinois Workers' Compensation

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1 Commission Operations Fund, a special fund that is created in

the State treasury. Subject to appropriation, moneys in the

Fund shall be used solely for the operations of the Illinois

Workers' Compensation Commission.

(b) The sworn application and financial statement, or security, indemnity or bond, or amount of insurance, or other provisions, filed, furnished, carried, or made by the employer, as the case may be, shall be subject to the approval of the Commission.

Deposits under escrow agreements shall be cash, negotiable United States government bonds or negotiable general obligation bonds of the State of Illinois. Such cash or bonds shall be deposited in escrow with any State or National Bank or Trust Company having trust authority in the State of Illinois.

Upon the approval of the sworn application and financial statement, security, indemnity or bond or amount of insurance, filed, furnished or carried, as the case may be, the Commission shall send to the employer written notice of its approval thereof. The certificate of compliance by the employer with the provisions of subparagraphs (2) and (3) of paragraph (a) of this Section shall be delivered by the insurance carrier to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission within five days after the effective date of the policy so certified. The insurance so certified shall cover all compensation liability occurring during the time that the insurance is in effect and no further certificate need be filed in case such insurance is renewed, extended or otherwise continued by such carrier. The insurance so certified shall not be cancelled or in the event that such insurance is not renewed, extended or otherwise continued, such insurance shall not be terminated until at least 10 days after receipt by the Illinois Compensation Commission of notice of the cancellation or termination of said insurance; provided, however, that if the employer has secured insurance from another insurance carrier,

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or has otherwise secured the payment of compensation in accordance with this Section, and such insurance or other security becomes effective prior to the expiration of the 10 days, cancellation or termination may, at the option of the insurance carrier indicated in such notice, be effective as of the effective date of such other insurance or security.

Whenever the Commission shall find any corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal or interinsurers exchange, or other effecting workers' compensation insurance in this State shall be insolvent, financially unsound, or unable to fully meet all payments and liabilities assumed or to be assumed for compensation insurance in this State, or shall practice a policy of delay or unfairness toward employees in the adjustment, settlement, or payment of benefits due employees, the Commission may after reasonable notice and hearing order and direct that such corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal interinsurers exchange, or insurer, shall from and after a date fixed in such order discontinue the writing of any such workers' compensation insurance in this State. Subject to such modification of the order as the Commission may later make on review of the order, as herein provided, it shall thereupon be unlawful for any such corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal or interinsurers exchange, or insurer to effect any workers' compensation insurance in this State. A copy of the order shall be served upon the Director of Insurance by registered mail. Whenever the Commission finds that any service or adjustment company used or employed by a self-insured employer or by an insurance carrier to process, adjust, investigate, compromise or otherwise handle claims under this Act, has practiced or is practicing a policy of delay or unfairness toward employees in t.he adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such

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employees, the Commission may after reasonable notice and hearing order and direct that such service or adjustment company shall from and after a date fixed in such order be prohibited from processing, adjusting, investigating, compromising or otherwise handling claims under this Act.

Whenever the Commission finds that any self-insured employer has practiced or is practicing delay or unfairness toward employees in the adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such employees, the Commission may, after reasonable notice and hearing, order and direct that after a date fixed in the order such self-insured employer shall be disqualified to operate as a self-insurer and shall be required to insure his entire liability to pay compensation in some insurance carrier authorized, licensed and permitted to do such insurance business in this State, as provided in subparagraph 3 of paragraph (a) of this Section.

All orders made by the Commission under this Section shall be subject to review by the courts, said review to be taken in the same manner and within the same time as provided by Section 19 of this Act for review of awards and decisions of the Commission, upon the party seeking the review filing with the clerk of the court to which said review is taken a bond in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court to which the review is taken, conditioned upon the payment of compensation awarded against the person taking said review pending a decision thereof and further conditioned upon such other obligations as the court may impose. Upon the review the Circuit Court shall have power to review all questions of fact as well as of law. The penalty hereinafter provided for in this paragraph shall not attach and shall not begin to run until the final determination of the order of the Commission.

(d) Whenever a panel of 3 Commissioners comprised of one member of the employing class, one member of the employee class, and one member not identified with either the employing

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or employee class, with due process and after a hearing, determines an employer has knowingly failed to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section, the failure shall be deemed an immediate serious danger to public health, safety, and welfare sufficient to justify service by the Commission of a work-stop order on such employer, requiring the cessation of all business operations of such employer at the place of employment or job site. Any law enforcement agency in the State shall, at the request of the Commission, render any assistance necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section, including, but not limited to, preventing any employee of such employer from remaining at a place of employment or job site after a work-stop order has taken effect. Any work-stop order shall be lifted upon proof of insurance as required by this Act. Any orders under this Section are appealable under Section 19(f) to the Circuit Court.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who knowingly fails to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. This provision shall not apply to any corporate officer or director of any publicly-owned corporation. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. The State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring such actions in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, or may, in addition to other remedies provided in this Section, bring an action for an injunction to restrain the violation or to enjoin the operation of any such employer.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who negligently fails to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. This provision

shall not apply to any corporate officer or director of any 1 publicly-owned corporation. Each day's violation constitutes a 2 3 separate offense. The State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring 4 5 such actions in the name of the People of the State of Illinois. 6 7 The criminal penalties in this subsection (d) shall not apply where there exists a good faith dispute as to the 8 existence of an employment relationship. Evidence of good faith 9 shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with the 10 definition of employee as used by the Internal Revenue Service. 11 Employers who are subject to and who knowingly fail to 12 comply with this Section shall not be entitled to the benefits 13 of this Act during the period of noncompliance, but shall be 14 15 <u>liable in an action under any other applicable law of this</u> State. In the action, such employer shall not avail himself or 16 herself of the defenses of assumption of risk or negligence or 17 that the injury was due to a co-employee. In the action, proof 18 of the injury shall constitute prima facie evidence of 19 20 negligence on the part of such employer and the burden shall be 21 on such employer to show freedom of negligence resulting in the 22 injury. The employer shall not join any other defendant in any such civil action. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 94th 23 General Assembly shall affect the employee's rights under 24 subdivision (a) 3 of Section 1 of this Act. Any employer or 25 26 carrier who makes payments under subdivision (a) 3 of Section 1 of this Act shall have a right of reimbursement from the 27 proceeds of any recovery under this Section. 28 29 An employee of an uninsured employer, or the employee's dependents in case death ensued, may, instead of proceeding 30 against the employer in a civil action in court, file an 31 application for adjustment of claim with the Commission in 32 33 accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Commission

shall hear and determine the application for adjustment of

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claim in the manner in which other claims are heard and 1 2 determined before the Commission.

All proceedings under this subsection (d) shall be reported on an annual basis to the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board.

Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice and hearing, of the knowing and wilful failure or refusal of an employer to comply with any of the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Section or the failure or refusal of an employer, service or adjustment company, or an insurance carrier to comply with any order of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission pursuant to paragraph (C) of this disqualifying him or her to operate as a self insurer and requiring him or her to insure his or her liability, the Commission may assess a civil penalty of up to \$500 per day for each day of such failure or refusal after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. The minimum penalty under this Section shall be the sum of \$10,000. Each day of such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. The Commission may assess the civil penalty personally and individually against the corporate officers and directors of a corporate employer, the partners of an employer partnership, and the members of an employer limited liability company, after a finding of a knowing and willful refusal or failure of each such named corporate officer, director, partner, or member to comply with this Section. The liability for the assessed penalty shall be against the named employer first, and if the named employer fails or refuses to pay the penalty to the Commission within 30 days after the final order of Commission, then the named corporate officers, directors, partners, or members who have been found to have knowingly and willfully refused or failed to comply with this Section shall be liable for the unpaid penalty or any unpaid portion of the penalty. Upon investigation by the insurance non-compliance unit of the Commission the Attorney General shall have the

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authority to prosecute all proceedings to enforce the civil and 1 administrative provisions of this Section before the 2 3 Commission. The Commission shall promulgate procedural rules for enforcing this Section. All penalties collected under 4 5 Section shall be deposited in the - Illinois Workers'

Compensation Commission Operations Fund.

Upon the failure or refusal of any employer, service or adjustment company or insurance carrier to comply with the provisions of this Section and with the orders of Commission under this Section, or the order of the court on review after final adjudication, the Commission may bring a civil action to recover the amount of the penalty in Cook County or in Sangamon County in which litigation the Commission shall be represented by the Attorney General. The Commission shall send notice of its finding of non-compliance and assessment of the civil penalty to the Attorney General. It shall be the duty of the Attorney General within 30 days after receipt of the notice, to institute prosecutions and promptly prosecute all reported violations of this Section.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who, with the intent to avoid payment of compensation under this Act to an injured employee or the employee's dependents, knowingly transfers, sells, encumbers, assigns, or in any manner disposes of, conceals, secretes, or destroys any property belonging to the employer, officer, director, partner, or member is quilty of a Class 4 felony.

Penalties and fines collected pursuant to this paragraph (d) shall be deposited upon receipt into a special fund which shall be designated the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund, of which the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special fund to be held and disbursed in accordance with this paragraph (d) for the purposes hereinafter stated in this paragraph (d), upon

the final order of the Commission. The Injured Workers' Benefit 1 Fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any 2 3 interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. The Injured Workers' Benefit Fund is subject to audit 4 the same as State funds and accounts and is protected by the 5 general bond given by the State Treasurer. The Injured Workers' 6 7 Benefit Fund is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in this paragraph, and shall be 8 paid out and disbursed as herein provided and shall not at any 9 time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. 10 Moneys in the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund shall be used only 11 for payment of workers' compensation benefits for injured 12 13 employees when the employer has failed to provide coverage as determined under this paragraph (d) and has failed to pay the 14 15 benefits due to the injured employee. The Commission shall have the right to obtain reimbursement from the employer for 16 compensation obligations paid by the Injured Workers' Benefit 17 Fund. Any such amounts obtained shall be deposited by the 18 Commission into the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund. If an 19 20 injured employee or his or her personal representative receives 21 payment from the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund, the State of 22 Illinois has the same rights under paragraph (b) of Section 5 that the employer who failed to pay the benefits due to the 23 injured employee would have had if the employer had paid those 24 25 benefits, and any moneys recovered by the State as a result of 26 the State's exercise of its rights under paragraph (b) of Section 5 shall be deposited into the Injured Workers' Benefit 27 Fund. The custodian of the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund shall 28 29 be joined with the employer as a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim. After July 1, 2006, the 30 31 Commission shall make disbursements from the Fund once each year to each eligible claimant. An eligible claimant is an 32 33 injured worker who has within the previous fiscal year obtained a final award for benefits from the Commission against the 34

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employer and the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund and has notified the Commission within 90 days of receipt of such award. Within a reasonable time after the end of each fiscal year, the Commission shall make a disbursement to each eligible claimant. At the time of disbursement, if there are insufficient moneys in the Fund to pay all claims, each eligible claimant shall receive a pro-rata share, as determined by the Commission, of the available moneys in the Fund for that year. Payment from the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund to an eligible claimant pursuant to this provision shall discharge the obligations of the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund regarding the award entered by the Commission.

- (e) This Act shall not affect or disturb the continuance of any existing insurance, mutual aid, benefit, or relief association or department, whether maintained in whole or in part by the employer or whether maintained by the employees, the payment of benefits of such association or department being guaranteed by the employer or by some person, firm or corporation for him or her: Provided, the employer contributes to such association or department an amount not less than the full compensation herein provided, exclusive of the cost of the maintenance of such association or department and without any expense to the employee. This Act shall not prevent the organization and maintaining under the insurance laws of this State of any benefit or insurance company for the purpose of insuring against the compensation provided for in this Act, the expense of which is maintained by the employer. This Act shall not prevent the organization or maintaining under the insurance laws of this State of any voluntary mutual aid, benefit or relief association among employees for the payment additional accident or sick benefits.
- (f) No existing insurance, mutual aid, benefit or relief association or department shall, by reason of anything herein contained, be authorized to discontinue its operation without

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first discharging its obligations to any and all persons carrying insurance in the same or entitled to relief or benefits therein.

(g) Any contract, oral, written or implied, of employment providing for relief benefit, or insurance or any other device whereby the employee is required to pay any premium or premiums for insurance against the compensation provided for in this Act shall be null and void. Any employer withholding from the wages of any employee any amount for the purpose of paying any such premium shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

In the event the employer does not pay the compensation for which he or she is liable, then an insurance company, association or insurer which may have insured such employer against such liability shall become primarily liable to pay to the employee, his or her personal representative or beneficiary the compensation required by the provisions of this Act to be paid by such employer. The insurance carrier may be made a party to the proceedings in which the employer is a party and an award may be entered jointly against the employer and the insurance carrier.

(h) It shall be unlawful for any employer, insurance company or service or adjustment company to interfere with, restrain or coerce an employee in any manner whatsoever in the exercise of the rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act or to discriminate, attempt to discriminate, or threaten to discriminate against an employee in any way because of his or her exercise of the rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act.

It shall be unlawful for any employer, individually or through any insurance company or service or adjustment company, to discharge or to threaten to discharge, or to refuse to rehire or recall to active service in a suitable capacity an employee because of the exercise of his or her rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act.

- (i) If an employer elects to obtain a life insurance policy on his employees, he may also elect to apply such benefits in satisfaction of all or a portion of the death benefits payable under this Act, in which case, the employer's compensation premium shall be reduced accordingly.
- (j) Within 45 days of receipt of an initial application or application to renew self-insurance privileges the Self-Insurers Advisory Board shall review and submit for approval by the Chairman of the Commission recommendations of disposition of all initial applications to self-insure and all applications to renew self-insurance privileges filed by private self-insurers pursuant to the provisions of this Section and Section 4a-9 of this Act. Each private self-insurer shall submit with its initial and renewal applications the application fee required by Section 4a-4 of this Act.

The Chairman of the Commission shall promptly act upon all initial applications and applications for renewal in full accordance with the recommendations of the Board or, should the Chairman disagree with any recommendation of disposition of the Self-Insurer's Advisory Board, he shall within 30 days of receipt of such recommendation provide to the Board in writing the reasons supporting his decision. The Chairman shall also promptly notify the employer of his decision within 15 days of receipt of the recommendation of the Board.

If an employer is denied a renewal of self-insurance privileges pursuant to application it shall retain said privilege for 120 days after receipt of a notice of cancellation of the privilege from the Chairman of the Commission.

All orders made by the Chairman under this Section shall be subject to review by the courts, such review to be taken in the same manner and within the same time as provided by subsection (f) of Section 19 of this Act for review of awards and decisions of the Commission, upon the party seeking the review

filing with the clerk of the court to which such review is 1

taken a bond in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court

3 to which the review is taken, conditioned upon the payment of

4 all compensation awarded against the person taking such review

pending a decision thereof and further conditioned upon such

other obligations as the court may impose. Upon the review the 6

Circuit Court shall have power to review all questions of fact

8 as well as of law.

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(Source: P.A. 92-324, eff. 8-9-01; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.) 9

(820 ILCS 305/7) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.7) 10

Sec. 7. The amount of compensation which shall be paid for 11 12

an accidental injury to the employee resulting in death is: 13 (a) If the employee leaves surviving a widow, widower,

14 child or children, the applicable weekly compensation rate

computed in accordance with subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of

Section 8, shall be payable during the life of the widow or

widower and if any surviving child or children shall not be

physically or mentally incapacitated then until the death of

the widow or widower or until the youngest child shall reach the age of 18, whichever shall come later; provided that if

such child or children shall be enrolled as a full time student

in any accredited educational institution, the payments shall 22

23 continue until such child has attained the age of 25. In the

event any surviving child or children shall be physically or

mentally incapacitated, the payments shall continue for the

duration of such incapacity.

The term "child" means a child whom the deceased employee left surviving, including a posthumous child, a child legally adopted, a child whom the deceased employee was legally obligated to support or a child to whom the deceased employee

stood in loco parentis. The term "children" means the plural of

"child". 32

The term "physically or mentally incapacitated child or 33

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children" means a child or children incapable of engaging in regular and substantial gainful employment.

In the event of the remarriage of a widow or widower, where the decedent did not leave surviving any child or children who, at the time of such remarriage, are entitled to compensation benefits under this Act, the surviving spouse shall be paid a lump sum equal to 2 years compensation benefits and all further rights of such widow or widower shall be extinguished.

If the employee leaves surviving any child or children under 18 years of age who at the time of death shall be entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this Section, the weekly compensation payments herein provided for such child or children shall in any event continue for a period of not less than 6 years.

Any beneficiary entitled to compensation under paragraph (a) of this Section shall receive from the special fund provided in paragraph (f) of this Section, in addition to the compensation herein provided, supplemental benefits in accordance with paragraph (g) of Section 8.

- (b) If no compensation is payable under paragraph (a) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving a parent or parents who at the time of the accident were totally dependent upon the earnings of the employee then weekly payments equal to the compensation rate payable in the case where the employee leaves surviving a widow or widower, shall be paid to such parent or parents for the duration of their lives, and in the event of the death of either, for the life of the survivor.
- (c) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a) or (b) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any child or children who are not entitled to compensation under the foregoing paragraph (a) but who at the time of the accident were nevertheless in any manner dependent upon the earnings of the employee, or leaves surviving a parent or parents who at the time of the accident were partially dependent upon the

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earnings of the employee, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 8 years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. In the event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all the rights under this paragraph shall be extinguished.

- (d) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any grandparent, grandparents, grandchild or grandchildren or collateral heirs dependent upon the employee's earnings to the extent of 50% or more of total dependency, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 5 years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. In the event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all rights hereunder shall be extinguished.
- (e) The compensation to be paid for accidental injury which results in death, as provided in this Section, shall be paid to the persons who form the basis for determining the amount of compensation to be paid by the employer, the respective shares to be in the proportion of their respective dependency at the time of the accident on the earnings of the deceased. The Commission or an Arbitrator thereof may, in its or his discretion, order or award the payment to the parent or grandparent of a child for the latter's support the amount of compensation which but for such order or award would have been paid to such child as its share of the compensation payable, which order or award may be modified from time to time by the

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Commission in its discretion with respect to the person to whom shall be paid the amount of the order or award remaining unpaid at the time of the modification.

The payments of compensation by the employer in accordance with the order or award of the Commission discharges such employer from all further obligation as to such compensation.

(f) The sum of \$8,000 \$4200 for burial expenses shall be paid by the employer to the widow or widower, other dependent, next of kin or to the person or persons incurring the expense of burial.

In the event the employer failed to provide necessary first aid, medical, surgical or hospital service, he shall pay the cost thereof to the person or persons entitled to compensation under paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Section, or to the person or persons incurring the obligation therefore, or providing the same.

On January 15 and July 15, 1981, and on January 15 and July 15 of each year thereafter the employer shall within 60 days pay a sum equal to 1/8 of 1% of all compensation payments made by him after July 1, 1980, either under this Act or the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not including hospital, surgical or rehabilitation payments, made during the first 6 months and during the second 6 months respectively of the fiscal year next preceding the date of the payments, into a special fund which shall be designated the "Second Injury Fund", of which the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special fund to be held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8, either upon the order of the Commission or of a competent court. Said special fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. It is subject to audit the same as State funds and accounts and is protected by the General bond

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given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in Section 8, paragraph (f), of this Act, and shall be paid out and disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose.

On January 15, 1991, the employer shall further pay a sum equal to one half of 1% of all compensation payments made by him from January 1, 1990 through June 30, 1990 either under this Act or under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, surgical not including hospital, or rehabilitation payments, into an additional Special Fund which shall be designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund". On March 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made from July 1, 1990 through December 31, 1990. Within 60 days after July 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made from January 1, 1991 through June 30, 1991. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1996, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1995, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1997 and each subsequent year through 2005, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1996 and each subsequent year through 2004, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths

1 of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 2 3 15 of 2006 and each subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1% of such 4 5 compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 2005 6 7 and each subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1% of such compensation payments 8 made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. The 9 10 administrative costs of collecting assessments from employers for the Rate Adjustment Fund shall be paid from the Rate 11 Adjustment Fund. The cost of an actuarial audit of the Fund 12 13 shall be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund and the audit shall be completed no later than July 1, 1997. The State Treasurer is 14 15 ex officio custodian of such Special Fund and the same shall be 16 held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8 upon the order of the 17 18 Commission or of a competent court. The Rate Adjustment Fund 19 shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest 20 accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. It 21 shall be subject to audit the same as State funds and accounts 22 and shall be protected by the general bond given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the 23 24 purposes of disbursements as provided in paragraphs (f) and (g) 25 of Section 8 of this Act and shall be paid out and disbursed as 26 therein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. Within 5 days after the 27 28 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990, the Comptroller 29 and the State Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the 30 General Revenue Fund to the Rate Adjustment Fund. By February 31 15, 1991, the Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall 32 transfer \$1,000,000 from the Rate Adjustment Fund to the Revenue Fund. The Comptroller and Treasurer 33 authorized to make transfers at the request of the Chairman up 34

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to a total of \$19,000,000 $\frac{$15,000,000}{}$ from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund to the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent that there is insufficient money in the Rate Adjustment Fund to pay claims and obligations. Amounts may be transferred from the General Revenue Fund only if the funds in the Second Injury Fund or the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund are insufficient to pay claims and obligations of the Adjustment Fund. All amounts transferred from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund shall be repaid from the Rate Adjustment Fund within 270 days of a transfer, together with interest at the rate earned by moneys on deposit in the Fund or Funds from which the moneys were transferred.

Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice and hearing, that any employer has willfully and knowingly failed to pay the proper amounts into the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund required by this Section or if such payments are not made within the time periods prescribed by this Section, the employer shall, in addition to such payments, pay a penalty of 20% of the amount required to be paid or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof of such failure to pay. This penalty shall only apply to obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund accruing after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. All or part of such a penalty may be waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

Any obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund and Rate Adjustment Fund accruing prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be paid in full by such employer within 5 years of the effective date of amendatory Act of 1989, with at least one-fifth of such obligation to be paid during each year following the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. If the Commission finds,

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following reasonable notice and hearing, that an employer has 1 failed to make timely payment of any obligation accruing under 2 3 the preceding sentence, the employer shall, in addition to all 4 other payments required by this Section, be liable for a 5 penalty equal to 20% of the overdue obligation or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof that 6 7 obligation is overdue. All or part of such a penalty may be

waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

The Chairman of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall, annually, furnish to the Director of the Department of Insurance a list of the amounts paid into the Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund by each insurance company on behalf of their insured employers. The Director shall verify to the Chairman that the amounts paid by each insurance company are accurate as best as the Director can determine from the records available to the Director. The shall verify that the amounts Chairman paid by each self-insurer are accurate as best as the Chairman can determine from records available to the Chairman. The Chairman may require each self-insurer to provide information concerning the total compensation payments made upon which contributions to the Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund are predicated and any additional information establishing that such payments have been made into these funds. Any deficiencies in payments noted by the Director or Chairman shall be subject to the penalty provisions of this Act.

dulv The State Treasurer, or his authorized representative, shall be named as a party to all proceedings in all cases involving claim for the loss of, or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one eye, one foot, one leg, one arm or one hand.

The State Treasurer or his duly authorized agent shall have the same rights as any other party to the proceeding, including the right to petition for review of any award. The reasonable

- expenses of litigation, such as medical examinations, testimony, and transcript of evidence, incurred by the State
- 3 Treasurer or his duly authorized representative, shall be borne
- 4 by the Second Injury Fund.

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If the award is not paid within 30 days after the date the award has become final, the Commission shall proceed to take judgment thereon in its own name as is provided for other awards by paragraph (g) of Section 19 of this Act and take the necessary steps to collect the award.

Any person, corporation or organization who has paid or become liable for the payment of burial expenses of the deceased employee may in his or its own name institute proceedings before the Commission for the collection thereof.

For the purpose of administration, receipts and disbursements, the Special Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of this Section shall be administered jointly with the Special Fund provided for in Section 7, paragraph (f) of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act.

(g) All compensation, except for burial expenses provided in this Section to be paid in case accident results in death, shall be paid in installments equal to the percentage of the average earnings as provided for in Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, at the same intervals at which the wages or earnings of the employees were paid. If this is not feasible, then the installments shall be paid weekly. Such compensation may be paid in a lump sum upon petition as provided in Section 9 of this Act. However, in addition to the benefits provided by Section 9 of this Act where compensation for death is payable to the deceased's widow, widower or to the deceased's widow, widower and one or more children, and where a partial lump sum is applied for by such beneficiary or beneficiaries within 18 months after the deceased's death, the Commission may, in its discretion, grant a partial lump sum of not to exceed 100 weeks of the compensation capitalized at their present value upon the

- 1 basis of interest calculated at 3% per annum with annual rests,
- 2 upon a showing that such partial lump sum is for the best
- 3 interest of such beneficiary or beneficiaries.
- 4 (h) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age
- 5 at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the
- 6 amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (a), (b), (c),
- 7 (d) and (f) of this Section shall be increased 50%.
- 8 Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions
- 9 of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors
- 10 under the age of 16 years.
- However, where an employer has on file an employment
- 12 certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work
- 13 permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act,
- 14 as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued,
- 15 such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive
- 16 evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the
- 17 purposes of this Section only.
- 18 (i) Whenever the dependents of a deceased employee are
- 19 aliens not residing in the United States, Mexico or Canada, the
- amount of compensation payable is limited to the beneficiaries
- 21 described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section and is
- 50% of the compensation provided in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c)
- of this Section, except as otherwise provided by treaty.
- In a case where any of the persons who would be entitled to
- 25 compensation is living at any place outside of the United
- 26 States, then payment shall be made to the personal
- 27 representative of the deceased employee. The distribution by
- such personal representative to the persons entitled shall be
- 29 made to such persons and in such manner as the Commission
- 30 orders.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 92-714, eff. 1-1-03; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 32 (820 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.8)
- 33 Sec. 8. The amount of compensation which shall be paid to

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the employee for an accidental injury not resulting in death 1 2 is:

(a) The employer shall provide and pay the negotiated rate, if applicable, or the lesser of the health care provider's actual charges or according to a fee schedule, subject to Section 8.2, in effect at the time the service was rendered for all the necessary first aid, medical and surgical services, and medical, necessary surgical and hospital thereafter incurred, limited, however, to that which is reasonably required to cure or relieve from the effects of the accidental injury. If the employer does not dispute payment of first aid, medical, surgical, and hospital services, the employer shall make such payment to the provider on behalf of the employee. The employer shall also pay for treatment, instruction and training necessary for the physical, mental and vocational rehabilitation of the employee, including all maintenance costs and expenses incidental thereto. If as a of the injury the employee is unable to self-sufficient the employer shall further pay for such maintenance or institutional care as shall be required.

The employee may at any time elect to secure his own physician, surgeon and hospital services at the employer's expense, or,

Upon agreement between the employer and the employees, or the employees' exclusive representative, and subject to the approval of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission, the employer shall maintain a list of physicians, to be known as a Panel of Physicians, who are accessible to the employees. The employer shall post this list in a place or places easily accessible to his employees. The employee shall have the right to make an alternative choice of physician from such Panel if he is not satisfied with the physician first selected. If, due to the nature of the injury or its occurrence away from the employer's place of business, the employee is unable to make a

selection from the Panel, the selection process from the Panel 1 2 shall not apply. The physician selected from the Panel may 3 arrange for any consultation, referral or other specialized 4 medical services outside the Panel at the employer's expense. 5 Provided that, in the event the Commission shall find that a doctor selected by the employee is rendering improper or 6 7 inadequate care, the Commission may order the employee to select another doctor certified or qualified in the medical 8 field for which treatment is required. If the employee refuses 9 to make such change the Commission may relieve the employer of 10 11 his obligation to pay the doctor's charges from the date of

refusal to the date of compliance.

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Any vocational rehabilitation counselors who provide service under this Act shall have appropriate certifications which designate the counselor as qualified to render opinions to vocational rehabilitation. relating Vocational rehabilitation may include, but is not limited to, counseling for job searches, supervising a job search program, and vocational retraining including education at an accredited learning institution. The employee or employer may petition to the Commission to decide disputes relating to vocational rehabilitation and the Commission shall resolve any such dispute, including payment of the vocational rehabilitation program by the employer.

The maintenance benefit shall not be less than the temporary total disability rate determined for the employee. In addition, maintenance shall include costs and expenses incidental to the vocational rehabilitation program.

When the employee is working light duty on a part-time basis or full-time basis and earns less than he or she would be earning if employed in the full capacity of the job or jobs, then the employee shall be entitled to temporary partial disability benefits. Temporary partial disability benefits shall be equal to two-thirds of the difference between the

average amount that the employee would be able to earn in the 1 full performance of his or her duties in the occupation in 2 3 which he or she was engaged at the time of accident and the net amount which he or she is earning in the modified job provided 4 5 to the employee by the employer or in any other job that the

employee is working.

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Every hospital, physician, surgeon or other person rendering treatment or services in accordance with the provisions of this Section shall upon written request furnish full and complete reports thereof to, and permit their records to be copied by, the employer, the employee or his dependents, as the case may be, or any other party to any proceeding for compensation before the Commission, or their attorneys.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the employer's liability to pay for such medical services selected by the employee shall be limited to:

- (1) all first aid and emergency treatment; plus
- medical, surgical and hospital services provided by the physician, surgeon or hospital initially chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said initial service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said initial service provider; plus
- all medical, surgical and hospital services provided by any second physician, surgeon or hospital subsequently chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said second service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said second service provider. Thereafter the employer shall select and pay for all necessary medical, surgical and hospital treatment and the employee may not select a provider of medical services at

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the employer's expense unless the employer agrees to such selection. At any time the employee may obtain any medical treatment he desires at his own expense. This paragraph shall not affect the duty to pay for rehabilitation referred to above.

When an employer and employee so agree in writing, nothing in this Act prevents an employee whose injury or disability has been established under this Act, from relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, without suffering loss or diminution of the compensation benefits under this Act. However, the employee shall submit to all physical examinations required by this Act. The cost of such treatment and nursing care shall be paid by the employee unless the employer agrees to make such payment.

Where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm, hand, leg or foot, or the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of any of the natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an artificial of any such members lost or damaged in accidental injury arising out of and in the course of employment, and shall also furnish the necessary braces in all proper and necessary cases. In cases of the loss of a member or members by amputation, the employer shall, whenever necessary, maintain in good repair, refit or replace the artificial limbs during the lifetime of the employee. Where the accidental injury accompanied by physical injury results in damage to a denture, eye glasses or contact eye lenses, or where the accidental injury results in damage to an artificial member, the employer shall replace or repair such denture, glasses, lenses, or artificial member.

The furnishing by the employer of any such services or appliances is not an admission of liability on the part of the

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employer to pay compensation.

The furnishing of any such services or appliances or the servicing thereof by the employer is not the payment of compensation.

- (b) If the period of temporary total incapacity for work lasts more than 3 working days, weekly compensation as hereinafter provided shall be paid beginning on the 4th day of such temporary total incapacity and continuing as long as the total temporary incapacity lasts. In cases where the temporary total incapacity for work continues for a period of 14 days or more from the day of the accident compensation shall commence on the day after the accident.
 - 1. The compensation rate for temporary total incapacity under this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:

\$100.90 in case of a single person;

25 \$105.50 in case of a married person with no

26 children;

\$108.30 in case of one child;

28 \$113.40 in case of 2 children;

29 \$117.40 in case of 3 children;

\$124.30 in case of 4 or more children; 30

31 nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is 32 33 less.

2. The compensation rate in all cases other than for

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temporary total disability under this paragraph (b), and other than for serious and permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and other than for permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e), of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:

\$80.90 in case of a single person;

\$83.20 -case of a married personchildren;

\$86.10 in case of one child;

\$88.90 in case of 2 children;

\$91.80 in case of 3 children;

\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;

nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

2.1. The compensation rate in all cases of serious and permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and of permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be equal to 60% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This

1	percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse
2	and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage
3	calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:
4	\$80.90 in case of a single person;
5	\$83.20 in case of a married person with no
6	children;
7	\$86.10 in case of one child;
8	\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
9	\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
10	\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;
11	nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in
12	accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is
13	less.

- 3. As used in this Section the term "child" means a child of the employee including any child legally adopted before the accident or whom at the time of the accident the employee was under legal obligation to support or to whom the employee stood in loco parentis, and who at the time of the accident was under 18 years of age and not emancipated. The term "children" means the plural of "child".
- 4. All weekly compensation rates provided under subparagraphs 1, 2 and 2.1 of this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be subject to the following limitations:

The maximum weekly compensation rate from July 1, 1975, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, that being the wage that most closely approximates the State's average weekly wage.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1987, except as hereinafter provided, shall be \$293.61. Effective July 1, 1987 and on July 1 of each year thereafter the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month

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period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1983, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act in effect on January 1, 1981. Effective January 1, 1984 and on January 1, of each year thereafter t.he maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the rate weekly compensation shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

From July 1, 1977 and thereafter such maximum weekly compensation rate in death cases under Section 7, and permanent total disability cases under paragraph (f) or subparagraph 18 of paragraph (3) of this Section and for temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this Section and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be increased to 133-1/3% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

For injuries occurring on or after February 1, 2006, the maximum weekly benefit under paragraph (d)1 of this

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Section shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

- Any provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the weekly compensation rate for compensation payments under subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section and under paragraph (f) of this Section and under paragraph (a) of Section 7 and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of this Section, shall in no event be less than 50% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.
- 4.2. Any provision to the contrary notwithstanding, the total compensation payable under Section 7 shall not exceed the greater of \$500,000 \$250,000 or 25 20 years.
- 5. For the purpose of this Section this State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act on July 1, 1975 is hereby fixed at \$228.16 per week and the computation of compensation rates shall be based on the aforesaid average weekly wage until modified as hereinafter provided.
- 6. The Department of Employment Security of the State shall on or before the first day of December, 1977, and on or before the first day of June, 1978, and on the first day of each December and June of each year thereafter, publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act and the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall on the 15th day of January, 1978 and on the 15th day of July, 1978 and on the 15th day of each January and July of each year thereafter, post and publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act as last determined and published by the Department of Employment Security. The amount when so posted and published shall be conclusive and shall be applicable as the basis of

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computation of compensation rates until the next posting and publication as aforesaid.

- 7. The payment of compensation by an employer or his insurance carrier to an injured employee shall not constitute an admission of the employer's liability to pay compensation.
- (c) For any serious and permanent disfigurement to the hand, head, face, neck, arm, leg below the knee or the chest above the axillary line, the employee is entitled to compensation for such disfigurement, the amount determined by agreement at any time or by arbitration under this Act, at a hearing not less than 6 months after the date of the accidental injury, which amount shall not exceed 162 150 weeks at the applicable rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section.

No compensation is payable under this paragraph where compensation is payable under paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of this Section.

A duly appointed member of a fire department in a city, the population of which exceeds 200,000 according to the last federal or State census, is eligible for compensation under this paragraph only where such serious and permanent disfigurement results from burns.

(d) 1. If, after the accidental injury has been sustained, result thereof becomes employee as a partially incapacitated from pursuing his usual and customary line of employment, he shall, except in cases compensated under the specific schedule set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section, receive compensation for the duration of his disability, subject to the limitations as to maximum amounts fixed in paragraph (b) of this Section, equal to 66-2/3% of the difference between the average amount which he would be able to earn in the full performance of his duties in the occupation in which he was engaged at the time of the accident and the

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average amount which he is earning or is able to earn in some suitable employment or business after the accident.

2. If, as a result of the accident, the employee sustains serious and permanent injuries not covered by paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section or having sustained injuries covered by the aforesaid paragraphs (c) and (e), he shall have sustained in addition thereto other injuries which injuries do not incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his employment but which would disable him from pursuing other occupations, or which have otherwise resulted in physical impairment; or if such injuries partially incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his usual and customary line of employment but do not result in an impairment of earning capacity, or having resulted in an impairment of earning capacity, the employee elects to waive his right to recover under the foregoing subparagraph 1 of paragraph (d) of this Section then in any of the foregoing events, he shall receive in addition to compensation for temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this Section, compensation at the rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section for that percentage of 500 weeks that the partial disability resulting from the injuries covered by this paragraph bears to total disability. If the employee shall have sustained a fracture of one or more vertebra or fracture of the skull, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 6 weeks for a fractured skull and 6 weeks for each fractured vertebra, and in the event the employee shall have sustained a fracture of any of the following facial bones: nasal, lachrymal, vomer, zygoma, maxilla, palatine mandible, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 2 weeks for each such fractured bone, and for a fracture of each transverse process not less than 3 weeks. In the event such injuries shall result in the loss of a kidney, spleen or lung, the amount of compensation allowed

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under this Section shall be not less than 10 weeks for each 1 such organ. Compensation awarded under this subparagraph 2 2 3 shall not take into consideration injuries covered under 4 paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section and the compensation 5 provided in this paragraph shall not affect the employee's right to compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c) and (e) 6 7 of this Section for the disabilities therein covered.

- (e) For accidental injuries in the following schedule, the employee shall receive compensation for the period of temporary total incapacity for work resulting from such accidental injury, under subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of this Section, and shall receive in addition thereto compensation for a further period for the specific loss herein mentioned, but shall not receive any compensation under any other provisions of this Act. The following listed amounts apply to either the loss of or the permanent and complete loss of use of the member specified, such compensation for the length of time as follows:
 - 1. Thumb- $\frac{76}{70}$ weeks.
 - 2. First, or index finger-43 40 weeks.
 - 3. Second, or middle finger-38 35 weeks.
- 4. Third, or ring finger-27 25 weeks.
- 5. Fourth, or little finger-22 20 weeks. 22
- 6. Great toe-38 35 weeks. 23
- 7. Each toe other than great toe- $\frac{13}{12}$ weeks. 24
 - 8. The loss of the first or distal phalanx of the thumb or of any finger or toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, finger or toe and the compensation payable shall be one-half of the amount above specified. The loss of more than one phalanx shall be considered as the loss of the entire thumb, finger or toe. In no case shall the amount received for more than one finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the loss of a hand.
 - 9. Hand- $\underline{205}$ $\underline{190}$ weeks. The loss of 2 or more digits, or

one or more phalanges of 2 or more digits, of a hand may be compensated on the basis of partial loss of use of a hand, provided, further, that the loss of 4 digits, or the loss of use of 4 digits, in the same hand shall constitute the complete loss of a hand.

- 10. Arm-253 235 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm below the elbow, such injury shall be compensated as a loss of an arm. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm above the elbow, compensation for an additional 17 15 weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm at the shoulder joint, or so close to shoulder joint that an artificial arm cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of an arm at the shoulder joint, in which case compensation for an additional 70 65 weeks shall be paid.
 - 11. Foot- $167 \frac{155}{1}$ weeks.
- 12. Leg- $\underline{215}$ $\underline{200}$ weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional $\underline{27}$ $\underline{25}$ weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg at the hip joint, or so close to the hip joint that an artificial leg cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of a leg at the hip joint, in which case compensation for an additional $\underline{81}$ $\underline{75}$ weeks shall be paid.
- 13. Eye- $\underline{162}$ $\underline{150}$ weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the enucleation of an eye, compensation for an additional $\underline{11}$ $\underline{10}$ weeks shall be paid.
- 14. Loss of hearing of one ear- $\underline{54}$ $\underline{50}$ weeks; total and permanent loss of hearing of both ears- $\underline{215}$ $\underline{200}$ weeks.
 - 15. Testicle- $\underline{54}$ $\underline{50}$ weeks; both testicles- $\underline{162}$ $\underline{150}$

weeks.

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16. For the permanent partial loss of use of a member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, compensation during that proportion of the number of weeks in the foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, which the partial loss of use thereof bears to the total loss of use of such member, or sight of eye, or hearing of an ear.

- (a) Loss of hearing for compensation purposes shall be confined to the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Loss of hearing ability for frequency tones above 3,000 cycles per second are not to be considered as constituting disability for hearing.
- (b) The percent of hearing loss, for purposes of the determination of compensation claims occupational deafness, shall be calculated as the average in decibels for the thresholds of hearing for the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Pure tone air conduction audiometric instruments, approved by nationally recognized authorities in this field, shall be used for measuring hearing loss. If the losses of hearing average 30 decibels or less in the 3 frequencies, such losses of hearing shall not then constitute any compensable hearing disability. If the losses of hearing average 85 decibels or more in the 3 frequencies, then the same shall constitute and be total or 100% compensable hearing loss.
- (c) In measuring hearing impairment, the lowest measured losses in each of the 3 frequencies shall be added together and divided by 3 to determine the average decibel loss. For every decibel of loss exceeding 30 decibels an allowance of 1.82% shall be

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made up to the maximum of 100% which is reached at 85 1 decibels. 2

- (d) If a hearing loss is established to have existed on July 1, 1975 by audiometric testing the employer shall not be liable for the previous loss so established nor shall he be liable for any loss for which compensation has been paid or awarded.
- (e) No consideration shall be given to the question of whether or not the ability of an employee to understand speech is improved by the use of a hearing aid.
- (f) No claim for loss of hearing due to industrial noise shall be brought against an employer or allowed unless the employee has been exposed for a period of time sufficient to cause permanent impairment to noise levels in excess of the following:

Sound Level DBA

18	Slow Response	Hours Per Day
19	90	8
20	92	6
21	95	4
22	97	3
23	100	2
24	102	1-1/2
25	105	1
26	110	1/2
27	115	1/4

This subparagraph (f) shall not be applied in cases of hearing loss resulting from trauma or explosion.

17. In computing the compensation to be paid to any employee who, before the accident for which he claims compensation, had before that time sustained an injury resulting in the loss by amputation or partial loss by amputation of any member, including hand, arm, thumb or

fingers, leg, foot or any toes, such loss or partial loss of any such member shall be deducted from any award made for the subsequent injury. For the permanent loss of use or the permanent partial loss of use of any such member or the partial loss of sight of an eye, for which compensation has been paid, then such loss shall be taken into consideration and deducted from any award for the subsequent injury.

18. The specific case of loss of both hands, both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two thereof, or the permanent and complete loss of the use thereof, constitutes total and permanent disability, to be compensated according to the compensation fixed by paragraph (f) of this Section. These specific cases of total and permanent disability do not exclude other cases.

Any employee who has previously suffered the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of any of such members, and in a subsequent independent accident loses another or suffers the permanent and complete loss of the use of any one of such members the employer for whom the injured employee is working at the time of the last independent accident is liable to pay compensation only for the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of the member occasioned by the last independent accident.

19. In a case of specific loss and the subsequent death of such injured employee from other causes than such injury leaving a widow, widower, or dependents surviving before payment or payment in full for such injury, then the amount due for such injury is payable to the widow or widower and, if there be no widow or widower, then to such dependents, in the proportion which such dependency bears to total dependency.

Beginning July 1, 1980, and every 6 months thereafter, the Commission shall examine the Second Injury Fund and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to such Fund, the amount

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therein is \$500,000 then the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Second Injury Fund reaches the sum of \$600,000 then the payments shall cease entirely. However, when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$400,000, payment of one-half of the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided, and when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$300,000, payment of the full amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided. The Commission shall make the changes in payment effective by general order, and the changes in payment become immediately effective for all cases coming before the Commission thereafter either by settlement agreement or final order, irrespective of the date of the accidental injury.

On August 1, 1996 and on February 1 and August 1 of each subsequent year, the Commission shall examine the special fund designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund" and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to said fund, the amount therein is \$4,000,000, the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Rate Adjustment Fund reaches the sum of \$5,000,000 the payment therein shall cease entirely. However, when said Rate Adjustment Fund has been reduced to \$3,000,000 the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed in the manner herein provided.

(f) In case of complete disability, which renders the employee wholly and permanently incapable of work, or in the specific case of total and permanent disability as provided in subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section, compensation shall be payable at the rate provided in subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of this Section for life.

An employee entitled to benefits under paragraph (f) of this Section shall also be entitled to receive from the Rate

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Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of the supplementary benefits provided in paragraph (g) of this Section 8.

If any employee who receives an award under this paragraph afterwards returns to work or is able to do so, and earns or is able to earn as much as before the accident, payments under such award shall cease. If such employee returns to work, or is able to do so, and earns or is able to earn part but not as much as before the accident, such award shall be modified so as to conform to an award under paragraph (d) of this Section. If such award is terminated or reduced under the provisions of this paragraph, such employees have the right at any time within 30 months after the date of such termination or reduction to file petition with the Commission for the purpose of determining whether any disability exists as a result of the original accidental injury and the extent thereof.

Disability as enumerated in subdivision 18, paragraph (e) of this Section is considered complete disability.

If an employee who had previously incurred loss or the permanent and complete loss of use of one member, through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one hand, one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, incurs permanent and complete disability through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of another member, he shall receive, in addition to the compensation payable by the employer and after such payments have ceased, an amount from the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7, which, together with the compensation payable from the employer in whose employ he was when the last accidental injury was incurred, will equal the amount payable for permanent and complete disability as provided in this paragraph of this Section.

The custodian of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be joined with the employer as

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1 a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim.

2 The application for adjustment of claim shall state briefly and

in general terms the approximate time and place and manner of

the loss of the first member.

In its award the Commission or the Arbitrator shall specifically find the amount the injured employee shall be weekly paid, the number of weeks compensation which shall be paid by the employer, the date upon which payments begin out of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of this Act, the length of time the weekly payments continue, the date upon which the pension payments commence and the monthly amount of the payments. The Commission shall 30 days after the date upon which payments out of the Second Injury Fund have begun as provided in the award, and every month thereafter, prepare and submit to the State Comptroller a voucher for payment for all compensation accrued to that date at the rate fixed by the Commission. The State Comptroller shall draw a warrant to the injured employee along with a receipt to be executed by the injured employee and returned to the Commission. The endorsed warrant and receipt is a full and complete acquittance to the Commission for the payment out of the Second Injury Fund. No other appropriation or warrant is necessary for payment out of the Second Injury Fund. The Second Injury Fund is appropriated for the purpose of making payments according to the terms of the awards.

As of July 1, 1980 to July 1, 1982, all claims against and obligations of the Second Injury Fund shall become claims against and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent there is insufficient money in the Second Injury Fund to pay such claims and obligations. In that case, all references to "Second Injury Fund" in this Section shall also include the Rate Adjustment Fund.

(g) Every award for permanent total disability entered by the Commission on and after July 1, 1965 under which

compensation payments shall become due and payable after the 1 2 effective date of this amendatory Act, and every award for 3 death benefits or permanent total disability entered by the 4 Commission on and after the effective date of this amendatory 5 Act shall be subject to annual adjustments as to the amount of the compensation rate therein provided. Such adjustments shall 6 7 first be made on July 15, 1977, and all awards made and entered prior to July 1, 1975 and on July 15 of each year thereafter. 8 In all other cases such adjustment shall be made on July 15 of 9 10 the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. 11 If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of 12 13 the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have 14 been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 15 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the 16 17 same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's 18 weekly wage in covered industries Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation 19 20 rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total 21 compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. 22 Such increase shall be paid in the same manner as herein 23 24 provided for payments under the Second Injury Fund to the 25 injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, out of 26 the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of this Act. Payments shall be made at the same intervals as 27 28 provided in the award or, at the option of the Commission, may 29 be made in quarterly payment on the 15th day of January, April, July and October of each year. In the event of a decrease in 30 31 such average weekly wage there shall be no change in the then 32 existing compensation rate. The within paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a 33 34 compromise lump sum settlement between the employer and the

injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, has 1 been duly approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation 2

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Provided, that in cases of awards entered by the Commission for injuries occurring before July 1, 1975, the increases in the compensation rate adjusted under the foregoing provision of this paragraph (g) shall be limited to increases in the State's weekly wage in covered industries under Unemployment Insurance Act occurring after July 1, 1975.

For every accident occurring after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the annual adjustments to the compensation rate in awards for death benefits or permanent total disability, as provided in this Act, shall be paid by the employer. The adjustment shall be made by the employer on July 15 of the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the employer shall increase the weekly compensation rate proportionately by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. In the event of a decrease in such average weekly wage there shall be no change in the then existing compensation rate. Such increase shall be paid by the employer in the same manner and at the same intervals as the payment of compensation in the award. This paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a compromise lump sum settlement between

- the employer and the injured employee, or his or her 1
- dependents, as the case may be, has been duly approved by the 2
- 3 Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.
- The annual adjustments for every award of death benefits or 4
- 5 permanent total disability involving accidents occurring
- before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 6
- 7 General Assembly shall continue to be paid from the Rate
- Adjustment Fund pursuant to this paragraph and Section 7(f) of 8
- this Act. 9

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- (h) In case death occurs from any cause before the total 10
- 11 compensation to which the employee would have been entitled has
- been paid, then in case the employee leaves any widow, widower, 12
- child, parent (or any grandchild, grandparent or other lineal 13
- heir or any collateral heir dependent at the time of the 14
- 15 accident upon the earnings of the employee to the extent of 50%
- 16 or more of total dependency) such compensation shall be paid to
- the beneficiaries of the deceased employee and distributed as 17
- 18 provided in paragraph (g) of Section 7.
- 19 (h-1) In case an injured employee is under legal disability
- 20 at the time when any right or privilege accrues to him or her
- 21 under this Act, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law,
- and may, on behalf of such person under legal disability, claim 22
- and exercise any such right or privilege with the same effect

as if the employee himself or herself had claimed or exercised

- 25 the right or privilege. No limitations of time provided by this
- 26 Act run so long as the employee who is under legal disability
- 27 is without a conservator or quardian.
- 28 (i) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age
- 29 at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the
- 30 amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c), (d),
- 31 (e) and (f) of this Section is increased 50%.
- 32 However, where an employer has on file an employment
- 33 certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work
- permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 34

as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive

3 evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the

4 purposes of this Section.

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Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors under the age of 16 years.

(j) 1. In the event the injured employee receives benefits, including medical, surgical or hospital benefits under any group plan covering non-occupational disabilities contributed to wholly or partially by the employer, which benefits should not have been payable if any rights of recovery existed under this Act, then such amounts so paid to the employee from any such group plan as shall be consistent with, and limited to, the provisions of paragraph 2 hereof, shall be credited to or any compensation payment for temporary incapacity for work or any medical, surgical or hospital benefits made or to be made under this Act. In such event, the period of time for giving notice of accidental injury and filing application for adjustment of claim does not commence to run until the termination of such payments. This paragraph does not apply to payments made under any group plan which would have been payable irrespective of an accidental injury under this Act. Any employer receiving such credit shall keep such employee safe and harmless from any and all claims or liabilities that may be made against him by reason of having received such payments only to the extent of such credit.

Any excess benefits paid to or on behalf of a State employee by the State Employees' Retirement System under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code on a death claim or disputed disability claim shall be credited against any payments made or to be made by the State of Illinois to or on behalf of such employee under this Act, except for payments for medical expenses which have already been incurred at the time

- of the award. The State of Illinois shall directly reimburse 1 2 the State Employees' Retirement System to the extent of such
- 3 credit.
- 2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to give 4
- the employer or the insurance carrier the right to credit for 5
- any benefits or payments received by the employee other than 6
- 7 compensation payments provided by this Act, and where the
- 8 employee receives payments other than compensation payments,
- whether as full or partial salary, group insurance benefits, 9
- 10 bonuses, annuities or any other payments, the employer or
- insurance carrier shall receive credit for each such payment 11
- only to the extent of the compensation that would have been 12
- payable during the period covered by such payment. 13
- 14 3. The extension of time for the filing of an Application
- 15 for Adjustment of Claim as provided in paragraph 1 above shall
- not apply to those cases where the time for such filing had 16
- expired prior to the date on which payments or benefits 17
- 18 enumerated herein have been initiated or resumed. Provided
- 19 however that this paragraph 3 shall apply only to cases wherein
- the payments or benefits hereinabove enumerated shall be 20
- 21 received after July 1, 1969.
- (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.) 22
- 23 (820 ILCS 305/8.2 new)
- 24 Sec. 8.2. Fee schedule.
- 25 (a) Except as provided for in subsection (c), on and after
- February 1, 2006, the maximum allowable payment for procedures, 26
- 27 treatments, or services covered under this Act shall be 90% of
- 28 the 80th percentile of charges and fees as determined by the
- Commission utilizing information provided by employers' and 29
- insurers' national databases, with a minimum of 12,000,000 30
- Illinois line item charges and fees comprised of health care 31
- 32 provider and hospital charges and fees as of August 1, 2004 but
- not earlier than August 1, 2002. These charges and fees are 33

provider billed amounts and shall not include discounted 1 2 charges. The 80th percentile is the point on an ordered data 3 set from low to high such that 80% of the cases are below or equal to that point and at most 20% are above or equal to that 4 5 point. The Commission shall adjust these historical charges and fees as of August 1, 2004 by the Consumer Price Index-U for the 6 7 period August 1, 2004 through September 30, 2005. The Commission shall establish fee schedules for procedures, 8 treatments, or services for hospital inpatient, hospital 9 outpatient, emergency room and trauma, ambulatory surgical 10 treatment centers, and professional services. These charges 11 and fees shall be designated by geozip or any smaller 12 geographic unit. The data shall in no way identify or tend to 13 identify any patient, employer, or health care provider. As 14 used in this Section, "geozip" means a three-digit zip code 15 based on data similarities, geographical similarities, and 16 frequencies. A geozip does not cross state boundaries. As used 17 in this Section, "three-digit zip code" means a geographic area 18 in which all zip codes have the same first 3 digits. If a 19 20 geozip does not have the necessary number of charges and fees 21 to calculate a valid percentile for a specific procedure, 22 treatment, or service, the Commission may combine data from the geozip with up to 4 other geozips that are demographically and 23 economically similar and exhibit similarities in data and 24 25 frequencies until the Commission reaches 9 charges or fees for 26 that specific procedure, treatment, or service. In cases where the compiled data contains less than 9 charges or fees for a 27 procedure, treatment, or service, reimbursement shall occur at 28 29 76% of charges and fees as determined by the Commission in a manner consistent with the provisions of this paragraph. The 30 31 Commission has the authority to set the maximum allowable payment to providers of out-of-state procedures, treatments, 32 or services covered under this Act in a manner consistent with 33 this Section. Not later than September 30 in 2006 and each year 34

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thereafter, the Commission shall automatically increase or 1 decrease the maximum allowable payment for a procedure, 2 3 treatment, or service established and in effect on January 1 of that year by the percentage change in the Consumer Price 4 5 Index-U for the 12 month period ending August 31 of that year. The increase or decrease shall become effective on January 1 of 6 7 the following year. As used in this Section, "Consumer Price Index-U" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor 8 Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor, that measures the 9 average change in prices of all goods and services purchased by 10 all urban consumers, U.S. city average, all items, 1982-84=100. 11 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), if 12 13 the Commission finds that there is a significant limitation on access to quality health care in either a specific field of 14 15 health care services or a specific geographic limitation on access to health care, it may change the Consumer Price Index-U 16 increase or decrease for that specific field or specific 17 geographic limitation on access to health care to address that 18 19 limitation. 20 (c) The Commission shall establish by rule a process to 21 review those medical cases or outliers that involve extra-ordinary treatment to determine whether to make an 22 additional adjustment to the maximum payment within a fee 23 24 schedule for a procedure, treatment, or service. 25 (d) When a patient notifies a provider that the treatment, 26 procedure, or service being sought is for a work-related illness or injury and furnishes the provider the name and 27 address of the responsible employer, the provider shall bill 28 29 the employer directly. The employer shall make payment and providers shall submit bills and records in accordance with the 30 provisions of this Section. All payments to providers for 31 treatment provided pursuant to this Act shall be made within 60 32

days of receipt of the bills as long as the claim contains

substantially all the required data elements necessary to

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adjudicate the bills. In the case of nonpayment to a provider 1 within 60 days of receipt of the bill which contained 2 3 substantially all of the required data elements necessary to adjudicate the bill or nonpayment to a provider of a portion of 4 5 such a bill up to the lesser of the actual charge or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule 6 7 established in this Section, the bill, or portion of the bill, shall incur interest at a rate of 1% per month payable to the 8

provider. (e) Except as provided in subsections (e-5), (e-10), and

(e-15), a provider shall not hold an employee liable for costs related to a non-disputed procedure, treatment, or service rendered in connection with a compensable injury. The provisions of subsections (e-5), (e-10), (e-15), and (e-20)shall not apply if an employee provides information to the provider regarding participation in a group health plan. If the employee participates in a group health plan, the provider may submit a claim for services to the group health plan. If the claim for service is covered by the group health plan, the employee's responsibility shall be limited to applicable deductibles, co-payments, or co-insurance. Except as provided under subsections (e-5), (e-10), (e-15), and (e-20), a provider shall not bill or otherwise attempt to recover from the employee the difference between the provider's charge and the amount paid by the employer or the insurer on a compensable injury.

(e-5) If an employer notifies a provider that the employer does not consider the illness or injury to be compensable under this Act, the provider may seek payment of the provider's actual charges from the employee for any procedure, treatment, or service rendered. Once an employee informs the provider that there is an application filed with the Commission to resolve a dispute over payment of such charges, the provider shall cease any and all efforts to collect payment for the services that

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are the subject of the dispute. Any statute of limitations or 1 statute of repose applicable to the provider's efforts to 2 3 collect payment from the employee shall be tolled from the date that the employee files the application with the Commission 4 5 until the date that the provider is permitted to resume

collection efforts under the provisions of this Section.

(e-10) If an employer notifies a provider that the employer will pay only a portion of a bill for any procedure, treatment, or service rendered in connection with a compensable illness or disease, the provider may seek payment from the employee for the remainder of the amount of the bill up to the lesser of the actual charge, negotiated rate, if applicable, or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule established in this Section. Once an employee informs the provider that there is an application filed with the Commission to resolve a dispute over payment of such charges, the provider shall cease any and all efforts to collect payment for the services that are the subject of the dispute. Any statute of limitations or statute of repose applicable to the provider's efforts to collect payment from the employee shall be tolled from the date that the employee files the application with the Commission until the date that the provider is permitted to resume collection efforts under the provisions of this Section.

(e-15) When there is a dispute over the compensability of or amount of payment for a procedure, treatment, or service, and a case is pending or proceeding before an Arbitrator or the Commission, the provider may mail the employee reminders that the employee will be responsible for payment of any procedure, treatment or service rendered by the provider. The reminders must state that they are not bills, to the extent practicable include itemized information, and state that the employee need not pay until such time as the provider is permitted to resume collection efforts under this Section. The reminders shall not be provided to any credit rating agency. The reminders may

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1 request that the employee furnish the provider with information 2 about the proceeding under this Act, such as the file number, 3 names of parties, and status of the case. If an employee fails 4 to respond to such request for information or fails to furnish 5 the information requested within 90 days of the date of the reminder, the provider is entitled to resume any and all 6 7 efforts to collect payment from the employee for the services rendered to the employee and the employee shall be responsible 8 for payment of any outstanding bills for a procedure, 9

treatment, or service rendered by a provider.

(e-20) Upon a final award or judgment by an Arbitrator or the Commission, or a settlement agreed to by the employer and the employee, a provider may resume any and all efforts to collect payment from the employee for the services rendered to the employee and the employee shall be responsible for payment of any outstanding bills for a procedure, treatment, or service rendered by a provider as well as the interest awarded under subsection (d) of this Section. In the case of a procedure, treatment, or service deemed compensable, the provider shall not require a payment rate, excluding the interest provisions under subsection (d), greater than the lesser of the actual charge or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule established in this Section. Payment for services deemed not covered or not compensable under this Act is the responsibility of the employee unless a provider and employee have agreed otherwise in writing. Services not covered or not compensable under this Act are not subject to the fee schedule in this Section.

(f) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit an employer or insurer from contracting with a health care provider or group of health care providers for reimbursement levels for benefits under this Act different from those provided in this Section.

(q) On or before January 1, 2010 the Commission shall provide to the Governor and General Assembly a report regarding

- the implementation of the medical fee schedule and the index 1
- used for annual adjustment to that schedule as described in 2
- this Section. 3
- 4 (820 ILCS 305/8.3 new)
- Sec. 8.3. Workers' Compensation Medical Fee Advisory 5
- Board. There is created a Workers' Compensation Medical Fee 6
- Advisory Board consisting of 9 members appointed by the 7
- Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Three 8
- 9 members of the Advisory Board shall be representative citizens
- chosen from the employee class, 3 members shall be 10
- representative citizens chosen from the employing class, and 3 11
- members shall be representative citizens chosen from the 12
- medical provider class. Each member shall serve a 4-year term 13
- 14 and shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed. A
- vacancy on the Advisory Board shall be filled by the Governor 15
- 16 for the unexpired term.
- Members of the Advisory Board shall receive no compensation 17
- for their services but shall be reimbursed for expenses 18
- 19 incurred in the performance of their duties by the Commission
- 20 from appropriations made to the Commission for that purpose.
- 21 The Advisory Board shall advise the Commission on
- establishment of fees for medical services and accessibility of 22
- 23 medical treatment.
- 24 (820 ILCS 305/8.7 new)
- 25 Sec. 8.7. Utilization review programs.
- (a) As used in this Section: 26
- 27 "Utilization review" means the evaluation of proposed or
- provided health care services to determine the appropriateness 28
- 29 of both the level of health care services medically necessary
- and the quality of health care services provided to a patient, 30
- including, but not limited to, evaluation of their efficiency, 31
- efficacy, and appropriateness of treatment, hospitalization, 32

emergency treatment.

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or office visits based on medically accepted standards. The 1 evaluation must be accomplished by means of a system that 2 3 identifies the utilization of health care services based on standards of care or nationally recognized peer review 4 5 quidelines as well as nationally recognized evidence based upon standards as provided in this Act. Utilization techniques may 6 7 include prospective review, second opinions, concurrent review, discharge planning, peer review, independent medical 8 examinations, and retrospective review. Nothing in this 9 Section applies to prospective review of necessary first aid or 10

- (b) No person may conduct a utilization review program for workers' compensation services in this State unless once every 2 years the person registers the utilization review program with the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and certifies compliance with the Workers' Compensation <u>Utilization Management standards or Health Utilization</u> Management Standards of URAC sufficient to achieve URAC accreditation or submits evidence of accreditation by URAC for its Workers' Compensation Utilization Management Standards or Health Utilization Management Standards. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require an employer or insurer or its subcontractors to become URAC accredited.
- (c) In addition, the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation may certify alternative utilization review standards of national accreditation organizations or entities in order for plans to comply with this Section. Any alternative utilization review standards shall meet or exceed those standards required under subsection (b).
- (d) This registration shall include submission of all of 30 31 the following information regarding utilization review program activities: 32
- 33 (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the 34 utilization review programs.

1	(2) The organization and governing structure of the
2	utilization review programs.
3	(3) The number of lives for which utilization review is
4	conducted by each utilization review program.
5	(4) Hours of operation of each utilization review
6	program.
7	(5) Description of the grievance process for each
8	utilization review program.
9	(6) Number of covered lives for which utilization
10	review was conducted for the previous calendar year for
11	each utilization review program.
12	(7) Written policies and procedures for protecting
13	confidential information according to applicable State and
14	federal laws for each utilization review program.
15	(e) A utilization review program shall have written
16	procedures to ensure that patient-specific information
17	obtained during the process of utilization review will be:
18	(1) kept confidential in accordance with applicable
19	State and federal laws; and
20	(2) shared only with the employee, the employee's
21	designee, and the employee's health care provider, and
22	those who are authorized by law to receive the information.
23	Summary data shall not be considered confidential if it
24	does not provide information to allow identification of
25	individual patients or health care providers.
26	Only a health care professional may make determinations
27	regarding the medical necessity of health care services during
28	the course of utilization review.
29	When making retrospective reviews, utilization review
30	programs shall base reviews solely on the medical information
31	available to the attending physician or ordering provider at
32	the time the health care services were provided.
33	(f) If the Department of Financial and Professional
34	Regulation finds that a utilization review program is not in
34	Regulation finds that a utilization review program is not

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- compliance with this Section, the Department shall issue a 1 corrective action plan and allow a reasonable amount of time 2 3 for compliance with the plan. If the utilization review program does not come into compliance, the Department may issue a cease 4 5 and desist order. Before issuing a cease and desist order under this Section, the Department shall provide the utilization 6 7 review program with a written notice of the reasons for the order and allow a reasonable amount of time to supply 8 additional information demonstrating compliance with 9 the requirements of this Section and to request a hearing. The 10 hearing notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt 11 requested, and the hearing shall be conducted in accordance 12 13 with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- (g) A utilization review program subject to a corrective 14 15 action may continue to conduct business until a final decision has been issued by the Department. 16
 - (h) The Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation may by rule establish a registration fee for each person conducting a utilization review program.
 - (i) A utilization review will be considered by the Commission, along with all other evidence and in the same manner as all other evidence, in the determination of the reasonableness and necessity of the medical bills or treatment. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to diminish the rights of employees to reasonable and necessary medical treatment or employee choice of health care provider under Section 8(a) or the rights of employers to medical examinations under Section 12.
 - (j) When an employer denies payment of or refuses to authorize payment of first aid, medical, surgical, or hospital services under Section 8(a) of this Act, if that denial or refusal to authorize complies with a utilization review program registered under this Section and complies with all other requirements of this Section, then there shall be a rebuttable

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presumption that the employer shall not be responsible for payment of additional compensation pursuant to Section 19(k) of this Act and if that denial or refusal to authorize does not comply with a utilization review program registered under this Section and does not comply with all other requirements of this Section, then that will be considered by the Commission, along with all other evidence and in the same manner as all other evidence, in the determination of whether the employer may be responsible for the payment of additional compensation pursuant to Section 19(k) of this Act.

(820 ILCS 305/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.12)

Sec. 12. An employee entitled to receive disability payments shall be required, if requested by the employer, to submit himself, at the expense of the employer, for examination to a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon selected by the employer, at any time and place reasonably convenient for the employee, either within or without the State of Illinois, for the purpose of determining the nature, extent and probable duration of the injury received by the employee, and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of compensation which may be due the employee from time to time for disability according to the provisions of this Act. An employee may also be required to submit himself for examination by medical experts under subsection (c) of Section 19.

An employer requesting such an examination, of an employee residing within the State of Illinois, shall deliver to the employee with the notice of the time and place of examination pay in advance of the time fixed for the examination sufficient money to defray the necessary expense of travel by the most convenient means to and from the place of examination, and the cost of meals necessary during the trip, and if the examination or travel to and from the place of examination causes any loss of working time on the part of the employee, the employer shall

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reimburse him for such loss of wages upon the basis of his 1 2 average daily wage. Such examination shall be made in the 3 presence of a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon provided and paid for by the employee, if such employee so 4 5 desires.

In all cases where the examination is made by a surgeon engaged by the employer, and the injured employee has no surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employer to deliver to the injured employee, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the injury to the same extent that said surgeon reports to the employer and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employer, said copy to be furnished the employee, or his representative as soon as practicable but not later than 48 hours before the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employee or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such surgeon refuses to furnish the employee with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employer said surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

If the employee refuses so to submit himself to examination or unnecessarily obstructs the same, his right to compensation payments shall be temporarily suspended until such examination shall have taken place, and no compensation shall be payable under this Act for such period.

It shall be the duty of surgeons treating an injured employee who is likely to die, and treating him at the instance of the employer, to have called in another surgeon to be designated and paid for by either the injured employee or by the person or persons who would become his beneficiary or beneficiaries, to make an examination before the death of such injured employee.

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In all cases where the examination is made by a surgeon engaged by the injured employee, and the employer has no surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employee, to deliver to the employer, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the injury to the same extent that said surgeon reports to the employee and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employee, said copy to be furnished the employer, or his representative, as soon as practicable but not later than 48 hours before the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employer, or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such surgeon refuses to furnish the employer with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employee, said surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

(Source: P.A. 81-1482.) 20

21 (820 ILCS 305/13) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.13)

Sec. 13. There is created an Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission consisting of 10 7 members to be appointed by the shall be representative citizens of the employing class operating under this Act and 3 + 2 = 0 of whom shall representative citizens of the class of employees covered under this Act, and 4 $\frac{3}{2}$ of whom shall be representative citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes. Not more than 6 $\frac{4}{}$ members of the Commission shall be of the same political party.

One of the $\frac{3}{2}$ members not identified with either the employing or employee classes shall be designated by the

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- Governor as Chairman. The Chairman shall be the chief 1 administrative and executive officer of the Commission; and he 2 3 or she shall have general supervisory authority over all 4 personnel of the Commission, including arbitrators Commissioners, and the final authority in all administrative 5 matters relating to the Commissioners, including but not 6 7 limited to the assignment and distribution of cases and 8 assignment of Commissioners to the panels, except in the promulgation of procedural rules and orders under Section 16 9
- Notwithstanding the general supervisory authority of the Chairman, each Commissioner, except those assigned to the temporary panel, shall have the authority to hire and supervise 2 staff attorneys each. Such staff attorneys shall report directly to the individual Commissioner.

and in the determination of cases under this Act.

- A formal training program for newly-appointed Commissioners shall be implemented. The training program shall include the following:
- (a) substantive and procedural aspects of the office of Commissioner;
 - (b) current issues in workers' compensation law and practice;
 - (c) medical lectures by specialists in areas such as orthopedics, ophthalmology, psychiatry, rehabilitation counseling;
 - (d) orientation to each operational unit of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission;
 - (e) observation of experienced arbitrators and Commissioners conducting hearings of cases, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
 - (f) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the newly-appointed Commissioner to issue judgments as a means to evaluating knowledge and writing ability;

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1 (g) writing skills.

> A formal and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be implemented to keep Commissioners informed of developments and issues and to assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional competence.

> The Commissioner candidates, other than the Chairman, must meet one of the following qualifications: (a) licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois; or (b) served as an arbitrator at the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission for at least 3 years; or (c) has at least 4 years of professional labor relations experience. The Chairman candidate must have public or private sector management and budget experience, as determined by the Governor.

> Each Commissioner shall devote full time to his duties and any Commissioner who is an attorney-at-law shall not engage in the practice of law, nor shall any Commissioner hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or this State or any municipal corporation or political subdivision of this State, nor engage in any other business, employment, or vocation.

> The term of office of each member of the Commission holding office on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 is abolished, but the incumbents shall continue to exercise all of the powers and be subject to all of the duties of Commissioners until their respective successors are appointed and qualified.

Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall administer this Act.

In the promulgation of procedural rules, the determination of cases heard en banc, and other matters determined by the full Commission, the Chairman's vote shall break a tie in the event of a tie vote.

The members shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, as follows:

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(a) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, 3 members, at least one of each political party, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the class of employees covered under this Act, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen not identified with either the employing or employee classes, shall be appointed to hold office until the third Monday in January of 1993, and until their successors are appointed and qualified, and 4 members, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the class of employees covered in this Act, and two of whom shall be representative citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor as Chairman (at least one of each of the two major political parties) shall be appointed to hold office until the third Monday of January in 1991, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(a-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the term of each member of the Commission who was appointed by the Governor and is in office on June 30, 2003 shall terminate at the close of business on that date or when all of the successor members to be appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly have been appointed by the Governor, whichever occurs later. As soon as possible, the Governor shall appoint persons to fill the vacancies created by this amendatory Act. Of the initial commissioners appointed pursuant amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, 3 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2005, and 4 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2007.

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(a-10) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Commission shall be increased to 10 members. As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint, by and with the consent of the Senate, the 3 members added to the Commission under this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative of the class of employees covered under this Act, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen not identified with either the employing or employee classes. Of the members appointed under this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, one shall be appointed for a term ending on the third Monday in January, 2007, and 2 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2009, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(b) Members shall thereafter be appointed to hold office for terms of 4 years from the third Monday in January of the year of their appointment, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. All such appointments shall be made so that the composition of the Commission is in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph of this Section.

The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of \$42,500, or a salary set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater, and each other member shall receive an annual salary of \$38,000, or a salary set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater.

In case of a vacancy in the office of a Commissioner during the recess of the Senate, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when he shall nominate some person to fill such office. Any person so

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nominated who is confirmed by the Senate shall hold office during the remainder of the term and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission created by this amendatory Act of 1989 shall succeed to all the rights, powers, duties, obligations, records and other property and employees of the Industrial Commission which it replaces as modified by this amendatory Act of 1989 and all applications and reports to actions and proceedings of such prior Industrial Commission shall be considered as applications and reports to actions and proceedings of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission created by this amendatory Act of 1989.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event the Chairman shall make a finding that a member is or will be unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office, the Chairman shall advise the Governor and the member in writing and shall designate a certified arbitrator to serve as acting Commissioner. The certified arbitrator shall act as a Commissioner until the member resumes the duties of his or her office or until a new member is appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, if a vacancy occurs in the office of the Commissioner, but in no event shall a certified arbitrator serve in the capacity of Commissioner for more than 6 months from the date of appointment by the Chairman. A finding by the Chairman that a member is or will be unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office shall be based upon notice to the Chairman by a member that he or she will be unavailable or facts and circumstances made known to the Chairman which lead him to reasonably find that a member is unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office. The designation of a certified arbitrator to act as a Commissioner shall be considered representative of citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes and the arbitrator shall serve regardless of his or her

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political affiliation. A certified arbitrator who serves as an acting Commissioner shall have all the rights and powers of a Commissioner, including salary.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, Governor shall appoint a special panel of Commissioners comprised of 3 members who shall be chosen by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, from among the current ranks of certified arbitrators. Three members shall hold office until the Commission in consultation with the Governor determines that the caseload on review has been reduced sufficiently to allow cases to proceed in a timely manner or for a term of 18 months from the effective date of their appointment by the Governor, whichever shall be earlier. The 3 members shall be considered representative of citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes and shall serve regardless of political affiliation. Each of the 3 have only such rights and powers of shall Commissioner necessary to dispose of those cases assigned to the special panel. Each of the 3 members appointed to the special panel shall receive the same salary as other Commissioners for the duration of the panel.

The Commission may have an Executive Director; if so, the Executive Director shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The salary and duties of the Executive Director shall be fixed by the Commission.

On the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the name of the Industrial Commission is changed to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission. References in any law, appropriation, rule, form, or other document: (i) to the Industrial Commission are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission for all purposes; (ii) to the Industrial Commission Operations Fund are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers'

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- Compensation Commission Operations Fund for all purposes; 1
- 2 (iii) to the Industrial Commission Operations Fund Fee are
- 3 deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the
- 4 Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund Fee
- 5 for all purposes; and (iv) to the Industrial Commission
- Operations Fund Surcharge are deemed, in appropriate contexts, 6
- 7 to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation
- 8 Commission Operations Fund Surcharge for all purposes.
- (Source: P.A. 93-509, eff. 8-11-03; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.) 9
- 10 (820 ILCS 305/13.1) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.13-1)
- Sec. 13.1. (a) There is created a Workers' Compensation 11
- Advisory Board hereinafter referred to as the Advisory Board. 12
- 13 After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th
- 14 General Assembly, the Advisory Board shall consist, consisting
- of 12 9 members appointed by the Governor with the advice and 15
- consent of the Senate. Six Three members of the Advisory Board 16
- 17 shall be representative citizens chosen from the employee
- 18 class, and 6 3 members shall be representative citizens chosen

from the employing class and 3 members shall be representative

officio Chairman of the Advisory Board. After the effective

- citizens not identified with either the employing or employee 20
- class. The Chairman of the Commission shall serve as the ex 21
- date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly each 23
- 24 member of the Advisory Board shall serve a 4 year term ending
- 25 on the third Monday in January 2007 and shall continue to serve
- until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. Members 26
- 27 of the Advisory Board shall thereafter be appointed for 4 year
- 28 terms from the third Monday in January of the year of their
- appointment, and until their successors are appointed and 29
- 30 qualified. The Governor shall select one of the members not
- 31 identified with either the employing or employee class to serve
- 32 as Chairman. Seven Five members of the Advisory Board shall
- constitute a quorum to do business, but in no case shall there 33

- be less than one representative from each class, employee, 1
- employing and representative citizen not identified with 2
- 3 either the employing or employee class. A vacancy on the
- 4 Advisory Board shall be filled by the Governor for the
- 5 unexpired term.
- Members of the Advisory Board shall receive no 6
- 7 compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for
- 8 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties by the
- Commission from appropriations made to the Commission for such 9
- 10 purpose.
- The Advisory Board shall aid the Commission 11 in (C)
- formulating policies, discussing problems, setting priorities 12
- 13 of expenditures and establishing short and long range
- administrative goals. Prior to making appointments to the 14
- Commission the Governor shall request that the Advisory Board 15
- make recommendations as to candidates to consider 16
- appointment and the Advisory Board may then make such 17
- 18 recommendations.
- (Source: P.A. 86-998.) 19
- 20 (820 ILCS 305/14) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.14)
- Sec. 14. The Commission shall appoint a secretary, an 21
- 22 assistant secretary, and arbitrators and shall employ such
- 23 assistants and clerical help as may be necessary.
- 24 Each arbitrator appointed after November 22, 1977 shall be
- 25 required to demonstrate in writing and in accordance with the
- rules and regulations of the Illinois Department of Central 26
- 27 Management Services his or her knowledge of and expertise in
- 28 the law of and judicial processes of the Workers' Compensation
- 29 Act and the Occupational Diseases Act.
- 30 A formal training program for newly-hired arbitrators
- 31 shall be implemented. The training program shall include the
- 32 following:
- 33 (a) substantive and procedural aspects of the

1 arbitrator position;

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- (b) current issues in workers' compensation law and practice;
 - (c) medical lectures by specialists in areas such as orthopedics, ophthalmology, psychiatry, rehabilitation counseling;
 - (d) orientation to each operational unit of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission;
 - (e) observation of experienced arbitrators conducting hearings of cases, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
 - (f) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the trainee to issue judgments as a means to evaluating knowledge and writing ability;
 - (g) writing skills.

A formal and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be keep arbitrators informed to of recent developments and issues and to assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional competence.

Each arbitrator shall devote full time to his or her duties and shall serve when assigned as an acting Commissioner when a Commissioner is unavailable in accordance with the provisions of Section 13 of this Act. Any arbitrator who is attorney-at-law shall not engage in the practice of law, nor shall any arbitrator hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or this State or any municipal political subdivision of corporation or this State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, an arbitrator who serves as an acting Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of Section 13 of this Act shall continue to serve in the capacity of Commissioner until a decision is reached in every case heard by that arbitrator while serving as an acting Commissioner.

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Each arbitrator appointed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be appointed for a term of 6 years. Each arbitrator shall be appointed for a subsequent term unless the Chairman makes a recommendation to the Commission, no later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the term, not to reappoint the arbitrator. Notice of such a recommendation shall also be given to the arbitrator no later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the term. Upon such recommendation by the Chairman, the arbitrator shall be appointed for a subsequent term unless $\underline{8}$ $\underline{5}$ of $\underline{10}$ $\overline{7}$ members of the Commission, including the Chairman, vote not to reappoint the arbitrator.

All arbitrators shall be subject to the provisions of the Personnel Code, and the performance of all arbitrators shall be reviewed by the Chairman on an annual basis. The Chairman shall allow input from the Commissioners in all such reviews.

The Secretary and each arbitrator shall receive a per annum salary of \$4,000 less than the per annum salary of members of The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission as provided in Section 13 of this Act, payable in equal monthly installments.

The members of the Commission, Arbitrators and other employees whose duties require them to travel, shall have reimbursed to them their actual traveling expenses and disbursements made or incurred by them in the discharge of their official duties while away from their place of residence in the performance of their duties.

The Commission shall provide itself with a seal for the authentication of its orders, awards and proceedings upon which shall be inscribed the name of the Commission and the words "Illinois--Seal".

The Secretary or Assistant Secretary, under the direction of the Commission, shall have charge and custody of the seal of the Commission and also have charge and custody of all records, files, orders, proceedings, decisions, awards and other documents on file with the Commission. He shall furnish

- 1 certified copies, under the seal of the Commission, of any such
- 2 records, files, orders, proceedings, decisions, awards and
- 3 other documents on file with the Commission as may be required.
- 4 Certified copies so furnished by the Secretary or Assistant
- 5 Secretary shall be received in evidence before the Commission
- or any Arbitrator thereof, and in all courts, provided that the
- 7 original of such certified copy is otherwise competent and
- 8 admissible in evidence. The Secretary or Assistant Secretary
- 9 shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed from time
- 10 to time by the Commission.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 12 (820 ILCS 305/16) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.16)
- 13 Sec. 16. The Commission shall make and publish procedural
- 14 rules and orders for carrying out the duties imposed upon it by
- 15 law and for determining the extent of disability sustained,
- which rules and orders shall be deemed prima facie reasonable
- 17 and valid.

- The process and procedure before the Commission shall be as
- simple and summary as reasonably may be.
- The Commission upon application of either party may issue
- 21 dedimus potestatem directed to a commissioner, notary public,
- justice of the peace or any other officer authorized by law to
- 23 administer oaths, to take the depositions of such witness or
- 24 witnesses as may be necessary in the judgment of such
- 25 applicant. Such dedimus potestatem may issue to any of the
- officers aforesaid in any state or territory of the United
- 27 States. When the deposition of any witness resident of a
- foreign country is desired to be taken, the dedimus shall be
- 29 directed to and the deposition taken before a consul, vice
- 30 consul or other authorized representative of the government of

the United States of America, whose station is in the country

- 32 where the witness whose deposition is to be taken resides. In
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- 33 countries where the government of the United States has no

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consul or other diplomatic representative, then depositions in such case shall be taken through the appropriate judicial authority of that country; or where treaties provide for other methods of taking depositions, then the same may be taken as in such treaties provided. The Commission shall have the power to adopt necessary rules to govern the issue of such dedimus potestatem.

The Commission, or any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission shall have the power to administer oaths, subpoena and examine witnesses; to issue subpoenas duces tecum, requiring the production of such books, papers, records and documents as may be evidence of any matter under inquiry and to examine and inspect the same and such places or premises as may relate to the question in dispute. The Commission, or any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission, shall on written request of either party to the dispute, issue subpoenas for the attendance of such witnesses and production of such books, papers, records and documents as shall be designated in the applications, and the parties applying for such subpoena shall advance the officer and witness fees provided for in civil actions pending in circuit courts of this State, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Service of such subpoena shall be made by any sheriff or other person. In case any person refuses to comply with an order of the Commission or subpoenas issued by it or by any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission or to permit an inspection of places or premises, or to produce any books, papers, records or documents, or any witness refuses to testify to any matters regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the Circuit Court of the county in which the hearing or matter is pending, application of any member of the Commission or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission, shall compel obedience attachment proceedings, as for contempt, as in a case of

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disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena from such court on a refusal to testify therein.

The records, reports, and bills kept by a treating hospital, treating physician, or other treating healthcare provider that renders treatment to the employee as a result of accidental injuries in question, certified to as true and correct by the <u>hospital</u>, <u>physician</u>, <u>or other healthcare</u> provider or by designated agents of the hospital, physician, or other healthcare provider, superintendent or other officer in charge, showing the medical and surgical treatment given an injured employee by in such hospital, physician, or other healthcare provider, shall be admissible without any further proof as evidence of the medical and surgical matters stated therein, but shall not be conclusive proof of such matters. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that any such records, reports, and bills received in response to Commission subpoena are certified to be true and correct. This paragraph does not restrict, limit, or prevent the admissibility of records, reports, or bills that are otherwise admissible. This provision does not apply to reports prepared by treating providers for use in litigation.

The Commission at its expense shall provide an official court reporter to take the testimony and record of proceedings at the hearings before an Arbitrator or the Commission, who shall furnish a transcript of such testimony or proceedings to either party requesting it, upon payment therefor at the rate of \$1.00 per page for the original and 35 cents per page for each copy of such transcript. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibits shall be extra. If the Commission has determined, as provided in Section 20 of this Act, that the employee is a poor person, a transcript of such testimony and proceedings, including photostatic copies of exhibits, shall be furnished to such employee at the Commission's expense.

The Commission shall have the power to determine the

- 1 reasonableness and fix the amount of any fee of compensation
- 2 charged by any person, including attorneys, physicians,
- 3 surgeons and hospitals, for any service performed in connection
- 4 with this Act, or for which payment is to be made under this
- 5 Act or rendered in securing any right under this Act.
- Whenever the Commission shall find that the employer, his
- 7 or her agent, service company or insurance carrier has been
- 8 guilty of delay or unfairness towards an employee in the
- 9 adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such employee
- 10 within the purview of the provisions of paragraph (c) of
- 11 Section 4 of this Act; or has been guilty of unreasonable or
- 12 vexatious delay, intentional under-payment of compensation
- 13 benefits, or has engaged in frivolous defenses which do not
- 14 present a real controversy, within the purview of the
- provisions of paragraph (k) of Section 19 of this Act, the
- 16 Commission may assess all or any part of the attorney's fees
- 17 and costs against such employer and his or her insurance
- 18 carrier.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 86-998.)
- 20 (820 ILCS 305/19) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.19)
- Sec. 19. Any disputed questions of law or fact shall be
- determined as herein provided.
- 23 (a) It shall be the duty of the Commission upon
- 24 notification that the parties have failed to reach an
- 25 agreement, to designate an Arbitrator.
- 1. Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and
- files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act
- and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final
- disposition of such cause, that the claim for disability or
- 30 death which was the basis for such application should
- 31 properly have been made under the Workers' Occupational
- 32 Diseases Act, then the provisions of Section 19, paragraph
- 33 (a-1) of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act having

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reference to such application shall apply.

- 2. Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause that the claim for injury or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under this Act, then the application so filed under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act may be amended in form, substance or both to assert claim for such disability or death under this Act and it shall be deemed to have been so filed as amended on the date of the original filing thereof, and such compensation may be awarded as is warranted by the whole evidence pursuant to this Act. When such amendment is submitted, further or additional evidence may be heard by the Arbitrator or Commission when deemed necessary. Nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to be or permit a waiver of any provisions of this Act with reference to notice but notice if given shall be deemed to be a notice under the provisions of this Act if given within the time required herein.
- (b) The Arbitrator shall make such inquiries and investigations as he or they shall deem necessary and may examine and inspect all books, papers, records, places, or premises relating to the questions in dispute and hear such proper evidence as the parties may submit.

The hearings before the Arbitrator shall be held in the vicinity where the injury occurred after 10 days' notice of the time and place of such hearing shall have been given to each of the parties or their attorneys of record.

The Arbitrator may find that the disabling condition is temporary and has not yet reached a permanent condition and may order the payment of compensation up to the date of the hearing, which award shall be reviewable and enforceable in the

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same manner as other awards, and in no instance be a bar to a further hearing and determination of a further amount of temporary total compensation or of compensation for permanent disability, but shall be conclusive as to all other questions except the nature and extent of said disability.

The decision of the Arbitrator shall be filed with the Commission which Commission shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision, together with a notification of the time when it was filed. As of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly Beginning January 1, 1981, all decisions of the Arbitrator shall set forth in writing findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated, if requested by either party. Unless a petition for review is filed by either party within 30 days after the receipt by such party of the copy of the decision and notification of time when filed, and unless such party petitioning for a review shall within 35 days after the receipt by him of the copy of the decision, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing before the Arbitrator, or if such party shall so elect a correct transcript of evidence of the proceedings at such hearings, then the decision shall become the decision of the Commission and in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. The Petition for Review shall contain a statement of petitioning party's specific exceptions to the decision of the arbitrator. The jurisdiction of the Commission to review the decision of the arbitrator shall not be limited to the exceptions stated in the Petition for Review. The Commission, or any member thereof, may grant further time not exceeding 30 days, in which to file such agreed statement or transcript of evidence. Such agreed statement of facts or correct transcript of evidence, as the case may be, shall be authenticated by the signatures of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event they do not agree as to the correctness of the transcript of

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evidence it shall be authenticated by the signature of the Arbitrator designated by the Commission.

Whether the employee is working or not, if the employee is not receiving or has not received medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employee may at any time petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he or she is entitled to receive payment of the services or compensation. Provided the employer continues to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employer may at any time petition for an expedited hearing on the issue of whether or not the employee is entitled to receive medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8. When an employer has petitioned for an expedited hearing, the employer shall continue to pay compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 unless the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing or unless the employee's treating physician has released the employee to return to work at his or her regular job with the employer or the employee actually returns to work at any other job. If the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing a petition for review filed by the employee shall receive the same priority as if the employee had filed a petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator. Neither party shall be entitled to an expedited hearing when the employee has returned to work and the sole issue in dispute amounts to less than 12 weeks of unpaid compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8.

Expedited hearings shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission the Commission.

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with all convenient speed. Any party requesting an expedited 1 hearing shall give notice of a request for an expedited hearing 2 3 under this paragraph. A copy of the Application for Adjustment of Claim shall be attached to the notice. The Commission shall 4 5 adopt rules and procedures under which the final decision of the Commission under this paragraph is filed not later than 180 6 7 days from the date that the Petition for Review is filed with

Where 2 or more insurance carriers, private self-insureds, or a group workers' compensation pool under Article V 3/4 of the Illinois Insurance Code dispute coverage for the same injury, any such insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool may request an expedited hearing pursuant to this paragraph to determine the issue of coverage, provided coverage is the only issue in dispute and all other issues are stipulated and agreed to and further provided that all compensation benefits including medical benefits pursuant to Section 8(a) continue to be paid to or on behalf of petitioner. Any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that is determined to be liable for coverage for the injury in issue shall reimburse any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that has paid benefits to or on behalf of petitioner for the injury.

(b-1) If the employee is not receiving medical, surgical or hospital services as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8 or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employee, in accordance with Commission Rules, may file a petition for an emergency hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he is entitled to receive payment of such compensation or services as provided therein. Such petition shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission with all convenient speed.

Such petition shall contain the following information and

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1	shall b	эe	served	on	the	employer	at	least	15	days	before	it	is
2	filed:												

- (i) the date and approximate time of accident;
- (ii) the approximate location of the accident;
- (iii) a description of the accident;
 - (iv) the nature of the injury incurred by the employee;
 - (v) the identity of the person, if known, to whom the accident was reported and the date on which it was reported;
 - (vi) the name and title of the person, if known, representing the employer with whom the employee conferred in any effort to obtain compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act and the date of such conference;
 - (vii) a statement that the employer has refused to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or for medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act;
 - (viii) the name and address, if known, of each witness to the accident and of each other person upon whom the employee will rely to support his allegations;
 - (ix) the dates of treatment related to the accident by medical practitioners, and the names and addresses of such practitioners, including the dates of treatment related to the accident at any hospitals and the names and addresses of such hospitals, and a signed authorization permitting the employer to examine all medical records of all practitioners and hospitals named pursuant to this paragraph;
 - copy of a signed report by a medical practitioner, relating to the employee's current inability to return to work because of the injuries incurred as a result of the accident or such other documents or

affidavits which show that the employee is entitled to receive compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act. Such reports, documents or affidavits shall state, if possible, the history of the accident given by the employee, and describe the injury and medical diagnosis, the medical services for such injury which the employee has received and is receiving, the physical activities which the employee cannot currently perform as a result of any impairment or disability due to such injury, and the prognosis for recovery;

(xi) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employee on which the employee will rely to support his allegations, provided that the employer shall pay the reasonable cost of reproduction thereof;

(xii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employee has demanded by subpoena and on which he intends to rely to support his allegations;

(xiii) a certification signed by the employee or his representative that the employer has received the petition with the required information 15 days before filing.

Fifteen days after receipt by the employer of the petition with the required information the employee may file said petition and required information and shall serve notice of the filing upon the employer. The employer may file a motion addressed to the sufficiency of the petition. If an objection has been filed to the sufficiency of the petition, the arbitrator shall rule on the objection within 2 working days. If such an objection is filed, the time for filing the final decision of the Commission as provided in this paragraph shall be tolled until the arbitrator has determined that the petition is sufficient.

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The employer shall, within 15 days after receipt of the notice that such petition is filed, file with the Commission and serve on the employee or his representative a written response to each claim set forth in the petition, including the legal and factual basis for each disputed allegation and the following information: (i) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employer on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (ii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employer has demanded by subpoena and on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (iii) the name and address of each witness on whom the employer will rely to support his response, and (iv) the names and addresses of any medical practitioners selected by the employer pursuant to Section 12 of this Act and the time and place of any examination scheduled to be made pursuant to such Section.

Any employer who does not timely file and serve a written response without good cause may not introduce any evidence to dispute any claim of the employee but may cross examine the employee or any witness brought by the employee and otherwise be heard.

No document or other evidence not previously identified by either party with the petition or written response, or by any other means before the hearing, may be introduced into evidence without good cause. If, at the hearing, material information is discovered which was not previously disclosed, the Arbitrator may extend the time for closing proof on the motion of a party for a reasonable period of time which may be more than 30 days. No evidence may be introduced pursuant to this paragraph as to permanent disability. No award may be entered for permanent disability pursuant to this paragraph. Either party may introduce into evidence the testimony taken by deposition of any medical practitioner.

The Commission shall adopt rules, regulations and procedures whereby the final decision of the Commission is filed not later than 90 days from the date the petition for review is filed but in no event later than 180 days from the date the petition for an emergency hearing is filed with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

All service required pursuant to this paragraph (b-1) must be by personal service or by certified mail and with evidence of receipt. In addition for the purposes of this paragraph, all service on the employer must be at the premises where the accident occurred if the premises are owned or operated by the employer. Otherwise service must be at the employee's principal place of employment by the employer. If service on the employer is not possible at either of the above, then service shall be at the employer's principal place of business. After initial service in each case, service shall be made on the employer's attorney or designated representative.

- (c) (1) At a reasonable time in advance of and in connection with the hearing under Section 19(e) or 19(h), the Commission may on its own motion order an impartial physical or mental examination of a petitioner whose mental or physical condition is in issue, when in the Commission's discretion it appears that such an examination will materially aid in the just determination of the case. The examination shall be made by a member or members of a panel of physicians chosen for their special qualifications by the Illinois State Medical Society. The Commission shall establish procedures by which a physician shall be selected from such list.
- (2) Should the Commission at any time during the hearing find that compelling considerations make it advisable to have an examination and report at that time, the commission may in its discretion so order.
- 33 (3) A copy of the report of examination shall be given to 34 the Commission and to the attorneys for the parties.

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- (4) Either party or the Commission may call the examining physician or physicians to testify. Any physician so called shall be subject to cross-examination.
 - (5) The examination shall be made, and the physician or physicians, if called, shall testify, without cost to the parties. The Commission shall determine the compensation and the pay of the physician or physicians. The compensation for this service shall not exceed the usual and customary amount for such service.
 - (6) The fees and payment thereof of all attorneys and physicians for services authorized by the Commission under this Act shall, upon request of either the employer or the employee or the beneficiary affected, be subject to the review and decision of the Commission.
 - (d) If any employee shall persist in insanitary or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard his recovery or shall refuse to submit to such medical, surgical, or hospital treatment as is reasonably essential to promote his recovery, the Commission may, in its discretion, reduce or suspend the compensation of any such injured employee. However, when an employer and employee so agree in writing, the foregoing provision shall not be construed to authorize the reduction or suspension of compensation of an employee who is relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof.
 - (e) This paragraph shall apply to all hearings before the Commission. Such hearings may be held in its office or elsewhere as the Commission may deem advisable. The taking of testimony on such hearings may be had before any member of the Commission. If a petition for review and agreed statement of facts or transcript of evidence is filed, as provided herein, the Commission shall promptly review the decision of the

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Arbitrator and all questions of law or fact which appear from 1 the statement of facts or transcript of evidence. 2

In all cases in which the hearing before the arbitrator is held after December 18, 1989, no additional evidence shall be introduced by the parties before the Commission on review of the decision of the Arbitrator. In reviewing decisions of an arbitrator the Commission shall award such compensation, permanent compensation and other payments as are due under this Act. The Commission shall file in its office its decision thereon, and shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision and a notification of the time when it was filed. Decisions shall be filed within 60 days after the Statement of Exceptions and Supporting Brief and Response thereto are required to be filed or oral argument whichever is later.

In the event either party requests oral argument, such argument shall be had before a panel of 3 members of the Commission (or before all available members pursuant to the determination of $\frac{7}{2}$ members of the Commission that such argument be held before all available members of the Commission) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Commission. A panel of 3 members, which shall be comprised of not more than one representative citizen of the employing class and not more than one representative citizen of the employee class, shall hear the argument; provided that if all the issues in dispute are solely the nature and extent of the permanent partial disability, if any, a majority of the panel may deny the request for such argument and such argument shall not be held; and provided further that 7 - 5 members of the Commission may determine that the argument be held before all available members of the Commission. A decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of Commissioners present at such hearing if any; provided, if no such hearing is held, a decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of a

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panel of 3 members of the Commission as described in this 1 2 Section. The Commission shall give 10 days' notice to the 3 parties or their attorneys of the time and place of such taking 4 of testimony and of such argument.

In any case the Commission in its decision may find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact which shall be submitted in writing by either party whether ultimate or otherwise; provided that on issues other than nature and extent of the disability, if any, the Commission in its decision shall find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact, whether ultimate or otherwise, which are submitted in writing by either party; provided further that not more than 5 such questions may be submitted by either party. Any party may, within 20 days after receipt of notice of the Commission's decision, or within such further time, not exceeding 30 days, as the Commission may grant, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing, or, if such party shall so elect, a correct transcript of evidence of the additional proceedings presented before the Commission, in which report the party may embody a correct statement of such other proceedings in the case as such party may desire to have reviewed, such statement of facts or transcript of evidence to be authenticated by the signature of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event that they do not agree, then the authentication of such transcript of evidence shall be by the signature of any member of the Commission.

If a reporter does not for any reason furnish a transcript of the proceedings before the Arbitrator in any case for use on a hearing for review before the Commission, within the limitations of time as fixed in this Section, the Commission may, in its discretion, order a trial de novo before the Commission in such case upon application of either party. The applications for adjustment of claim and other documents in the nature of pleadings filed by either party, together with the

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decisions of the Arbitrator and of the Commission and the statement of facts or transcript of evidence hereinbefore provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be the record of the proceedings of the Commission, and shall be subject to review as hereinafter provided.

At the request of either party or on its own motion, the Commission shall set forth in writing the reasons for the decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law separately stated. The Commission shall by rule adopt a format for written decisions for the Commission and arbitrators. The written decisions shall be concise and shall succinctly state the facts and reasons for the decision. The Commission may adopt in whole or in part, the decision of the arbitrator as the decision of the Commission. When the Commission does so adopt the decision of the arbitrator, it shall do so by order. Whenever the Commission adopts part of the arbitrator's decision, but not all, it shall include in the order the reasons for not adopting all of the arbitrator's decision. When a majority of a panel, after deliberation, has arrived at its decision, the decision shall be filed as provided in this Section without unnecessary delay, and without regard to the fact that a member of the panel has expressed an intention to dissent. Any member of the panel may file a dissent. Any dissent shall be filed no later than 10 days after the decision of the majority has been filed.

Decisions rendered by the Commission and dissents, if any, shall be published together by the Commission. The conclusions of law set out in such decisions shall be regarded as precedents by arbitrators for the purpose of achieving a more uniform administration of this Act.

The decision of the Commission acting within its powers, according to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this Section shall, in the absence of fraud, be conclusive unless reviewed as in this paragraph hereinafter provided. However,

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the Arbitrator or the Commission may on his or its own motion, or on the motion of either party, correct any clerical error or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of any award by such Arbitrator or any decision on review of the Commission and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration or decision on review, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award or decision. Where such correction is made the time for review herein specified shall begin to run from the date of the receipt of the corrected award or decision.

(1) Except in cases of claims against the State of Illinois, in which case the decision of the Commission shall not be subject to judicial review, the Circuit Court of the county where any of the parties defendant may be found, or if none of the parties defendant can be found in this State then the Circuit Court of the county where the accident occurred, shall by summons to the Commission have power to review all questions of law and fact presented by such record.

A proceeding for review shall be commenced within 20 days of the receipt of notice of the decision of the Commission. The summons shall be issued by the clerk of such court upon written request returnable on a designated return day, not less than 10 or more than 60 days from the date of issuance thereof, and the written request shall contain the last known address of other parties in interest and their attorneys of record who are to be served by summons. Service upon any member of the Commission or the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary thereof shall be service upon the Commission, and service upon other parties in interest and their attorneys of record shall be by summons, and such service shall be made upon the Commission and other parties in interest by mailing notices of the commencement of the proceedings and the return day of the

summons to the office of the Commission and to the last known place of residence of other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record. The clerk of the court issuing the summons shall on the day of issue mail notice of the commencement of the proceedings which shall be done by mailing a copy of the summons to the office of the Commission, and a copy of the summons to the other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record and the clerk of the court shall make certificate that he has so sent said notices in pursuance of this Section, which shall be evidence of service on the Commission and other parties in interest.

The Commission shall not be required to certify the record of their proceedings to the Circuit Court, unless the party commencing the proceedings for review in the Circuit Court as above provided, shall pay to the Commission the sum of 80¢ per page of testimony taken before the Commission, and 35¢ per page of all other matters contained in such record, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibit shall be extra. It shall be the duty of the Commission upon such payment, or failure to pay as permitted under Section 20 of this Act, to prepare a true and correct typewritten copy of such testimony and a true and correct copy of all other matters contained in such record and certified to by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary thereof.

In its decision on review the Commission shall determine in each particular case the amount of the probable cost of the record to be filed as a part of the summons in that case and no request for a summons may be filed and no summons shall issue unless the party seeking to review the decision of the Commission shall exhibit to the clerk of the Circuit Court proof of payment by filing a

receipt showing payment or an affidavit of the attorney setting forth that payment has been made of the sums so determined to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Commission, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act.

(2) No such summons shall issue unless the one against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall upon the filing of his written request for such summons file with the clerk of the court a bond conditioned that if he shall not successfully prosecute the review, he will pay the award and the costs of the proceedings in the courts. The amount of the bond shall be fixed by any member of the Commission and the surety or sureties of the bond shall be approved by the clerk of the court. The acceptance of the bond by the clerk of the court shall constitute evidence of his approval of the bond.

Every county, city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, body politic or municipal corporation against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall not be required to file a bond to secure the payment of the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court to authorize the court to issue such summons.

The court may confirm or set aside the decision of the Commission. If the decision is set aside and the facts found in the proceedings before the Commission are sufficient, the court may enter such decision as is justified by law, or may remand the cause to the Commission for further proceedings and may state the questions requiring further hearing, and give such other instructions as may be proper. Appeals shall be taken to the Appellate Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rules 22(g) and 303. Appeals shall be taken from the Appellate

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Court to the Supreme Court in accordance with Supreme Court
Rule 315.

It shall be the duty of the clerk of any court rendering a decision affecting or affirming an award of the Commission to promptly furnish the Commission with a copy of such decision, without charge.

The decision of a majority of the members of the panel of the Commission, shall be considered the decision of the Commission.

(g) Except in the case of a claim against the State of Illinois, either party may present a certified copy of the award of the Arbitrator, or a certified copy of the decision of the Commission when the same has become final, when no proceedings for review are pending, providing for the payment of compensation according to this Act, to the Circuit Court of the county in which such accident occurred or either of the parties are residents, whereupon the court shall enter a judgment in accordance therewith. In a case where the employer refuses to pay compensation according to such final award or such final decision upon which such judgment is entered the court shall in entering judgment thereon, tax as costs against him the reasonable costs and attorney fees in the arbitration proceedings and in the court entering the judgment for the person in whose favor the judgment is entered, which judgment and costs taxed as therein provided shall, until and unless set aside, have the same effect as though duly entered in an action duly tried and determined by the court, and shall with like effect, be entered and docketed. The Circuit Court shall have power at any time upon application to make any such judgment conform to any modification required by any subsequent decision of the Supreme Court upon appeal, or as the result of any subsequent proceedings for review, as provided in this Act.

Judgment shall not be entered until 15 days' notice of the time and place of the application for the entry of judgment

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shall be served upon the employer by filing such notice with the Commission, which Commission shall, in case it has on file the address of the employer or the name and address of its agent upon whom notices may be served, immediately send a copy of the notice to the employer or such designated agent.

(h) An agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments, may at any time within 18 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee, on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

However, as to accidents occurring subsequent to July 1, 1955, which are covered by any agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments made as a result of such accident, such agreement or award may at any time within 30 months, or 60 months in the case of an award under Section 8(d)1, after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

review, compensation Ωn such payments may be re-established, increased, diminished or ended. The Commission shall give 15 days' notice to the parties of the hearing for review. Any employee, upon any petition for such review being filed by the employer, shall be entitled to one day's notice for each 100 miles necessary to be traveled by him in attending the hearing of the Commission upon the petition, and 3 days in addition thereto. Such employee shall, at the discretion of the Commission, also be entitled to 5 cents per mile necessarily traveled by him within the State of Illinois in attending such hearing, not to exceed a distance of 300 miles, to be taxed by the Commission as costs and deposited with the petition of the employer.

When compensation which is payable in accordance with an

- award or settlement contract approved by the Commission, is ordered paid in a lump sum by the Commission, no review shall be had as in this paragraph mentioned.
 - (i) Each party, upon taking any proceedings or steps whatsoever before any Arbitrator, Commission or court, shall file with the Commission his address, or the name and address of any agent upon whom all notices to be given to such party shall be served, either personally or by registered mail, addressed to such party or agent at the last address so filed with the Commission. In the event such party has not filed his address, or the name and address of an agent as above provided, service of any notice may be had by filing such notice with the Commission.
 - (j) Whenever in any proceeding testimony has been taken or a final decision has been rendered and after the taking of such testimony or after such decision has become final, the injured employee dies, then in any subsequent proceedings brought by the personal representative or beneficiaries of the deceased employee, such testimony in the former proceeding may be introduced with the same force and effect as though the witness having so testified were present in person in such subsequent proceedings and such final decision, if any, shall be taken as final adjudication of any of the issues which are the same in both proceedings.
 - (k) In case where there has been any unreasonable or vexatious delay of payment or intentional underpayment of compensation, or proceedings have been instituted or carried on by the one liable to pay the compensation, which do not present a real controversy, but are merely frivolous or for delay, then the Commission may award compensation additional to that otherwise payable under this Act equal to 50% of the amount payable at the time of such award. Failure to pay compensation in accordance with the provisions of Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, shall be considered unreasonable delay.

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When determining whether this subsection (k) shall apply, the Commission shall consider whether an Arbitrator has determined that the claim is not compensable or whether the employer has made payments under Section 8(j).

(1) If the employee has made written demand for payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b), the employer shall have 14 days after receipt of the demand to set forth in writing the reason for the delay. In the case of demand for payment of medical benefits under Section 8(a), the time for the employer to respond shall not commence until the expiration of the allotted 60 days specified under Section 8.2(d). In case the employer or his or her insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse, or unreasonably delay the payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b), the Arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation in the sum of \$30 per day for each day that the benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) have been so withheld or refused, not to exceed \$10,000. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay. In case the employer or his insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse or unreasonably delay the payment compensation benefits due to an injured employee during the period of temporary total disability the arbitrator or Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation sum of \$10 per day for each day that compensation payment has been so withheld or refused, provided that such additional compensation shall not exceed the sum of \$2,500. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay.

(m) If the commission finds that an accidental injury was directly and proximately caused by the employer's wilful violation of a health and safety standard under the Health and Safety Act in force at the time of the accident, the arbitrator

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or the Commission shall allow to the injured employee or his dependents, as the case may be, additional compensation equal to 25% of the amount which otherwise would be payable under the provisions of this Act exclusive of this paragraph. The additional compensation herein provided shall be allowed by an appropriate increase in the applicable weekly compensation rate.

(n) After June 30, 1984, decisions of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission reviewing an award of an arbitrator of the Commission shall draw interest at a rate equal to the yield on indebtedness issued by the United States Government with a 26-week maturity next previously auctioned on the day on which the decision is filed. Said rate of interest shall be set forth in the Arbitrator's Decision. Interest shall be drawn from the date of the arbitrator's award on all accrued compensation due the employee through the day prior to the date of payments. However, when an employee appeals an award of an Arbitrator or the Commission, and the appeal results in no change or a decrease in the award, interest shall not further accrue from the date of such appeal.

The employer or his insurance carrier may tender the payments due under the award to stop the further accrual of interest on such award notwithstanding the prosecution by either party of review, certiorari, appeal to the Supreme Court or other steps to reverse, vacate or modify the award.

(o) By the 15th day of each month each insurer providing coverage for losses under this Act shall notify each insured employer of any compensable claim incurred during the preceding month and the amounts paid or reserved on the claim including a summary of the claim and a brief statement of the reasons for compensability. A cumulative report of all claims incurred during a calendar year or continued from the previous year shall be furnished to the insured employer by the insurer within 30 days after the end of that calendar year.

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The insured employer may challenge, in proceeding before by the Commission, payments made insurer arbitration and payments made after a case is determined to be noncompensable. If the Commission finds that the case was not compensable, the insurer shall purge its records as to that employer of any loss or expense associated with the claim, reimburse the employer for attorneys' fees arising from the challenge and for any payment required of the employer to the Rate Adjustment Fund or the Second Injury Fund, and may not reflect the loss or expense for rate making purposes. The employee shall not be required to refund the challenged payment. The decision of the Commission may be reviewed in the same manner as in arbitrated cases. No challenge may be initiated under this paragraph more than 3 years after the payment is made. An employer may waive the right of challenge under this paragraph on a case by case basis.

(p) After filing an application for adjustment of claim but prior to the hearing on arbitration the parties may voluntarily agree to submit such application for adjustment of claim for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (p) where such application for adjustment of claim raises only a dispute over temporary total disability, permanent partial disability or medical expenses. Such agreement shall be in writing in such form as provided by the Commission. Applications for adjustment of claim submitted for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (p) shall proceed according to rule as established by the Commission. The Commission shall promulgate rules including, but not limited to, rules to ensure that the parties are adequately informed of their rights under this subsection (p) and of the voluntary nature of proceedings under this subsection (p). The findings of fact made by an arbitrator acting within his or her powers under this subsection (p) in absence of fraud shall be conclusive. However, arbitrator may on his own motion, or the motion of either

party, correct any clerical errors or errors in computation 1 within 15 days after the date of receipt of such award of the 2 3 arbitrator and shall have the power to recall the original 4 award on arbitration, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected 5 award. The decision of the arbitrator under this subsection (p) shall be considered the decision of the Commission and 6 7 proceedings for review of questions of law arising from the 8 decision may be commenced by either party pursuant subsection (f) of Section 19. The Advisory Board established 9 10 under Section 13.1 shall compile a list of certified Commission arbitrators, each of whom shall be approved by at least 7 11 members of the Advisory Board. The chairman shall select 5 12 persons from such list to serve as arbitrators under this 13 subsection (p). By agreement, the parties shall select one 14 15 arbitrator from among the 5 persons selected by the chairman 16 except that if the parties do not agree on an arbitrator from among the 5 persons, the parties may, by agreement, select an 17 arbitrator of the American Arbitration Association, whose fee 18 19 shall be paid by the State in accordance with rules promulgated 20 by the Commission. Arbitration under this subsection (p) shall 21 be voluntary.

- (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.) 22
- 23 (820 ILCS 305/25.5 new)
- 24 Sec. 25.5. Unlawful acts; penalties.
- 25 (a) It is unlawful for any person, company, corporation, insurance carrier, healthcare provider, or other entity to: 26
- 27 (1) Intentionally present or cause to be presented any 28 false or fraudulent claim for the payment of any workers' 29 compensation benefit.
- 30 (2) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent material statement or material representation 31 32 for the purpose of obtaining or denying any workers' compensation benefit. 33

1	(3) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or
2	fraudulent statements with regard to entitlement to
3	workers' compensation benefits with the intent to prevent
4	an injured worker from making a legitimate claim for any
5	workers' compensation benefits.
6	(4) Intentionally prepare or provide an invalid,
7	false, or counterfeit certificate of insurance as proof of
8	workers' compensation insurance.
9	(5) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or
10	fraudulent material statement or material representation
11	for the purpose of obtaining workers' compensation
12	insurance at less than the proper rate for that insurance.
13	(6) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or
14	fraudulent material statement or material representation
15	on an initial or renewal self-insurance application or
16	accompanying financial statement for the purpose of
17	obtaining self-insurance status or reducing the amount of
18	security that may be required to be furnished pursuant to
19	Section 4 of this Act.
20	(7) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or
21	fraudulent material statement to the Division of
22	<pre>Insurance's fraud and insurance non-compliance unit in the</pre>
23	course of an investigation of fraud or insurance
24	non-compliance.
25	(8) Intentionally assist, abet, solicit, or conspire
26	with any person, company, or other entity to commit any of
27	the acts in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7)
28	of this subsection (a).
29	For the purposes of paragraphs (2) , (3) , (5) , (6) , and (7) ,
30	the term "statement" includes any writing, notice, proof of
31	injury, bill for services, hospital or doctor records and
32	reports, or X-ray and test results.
33	(b) Any person violating subsection (a) is guilty of a
34	Class 4 felony. Any person or entity convicted of any violation

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of this Section shall be ordered to pay complete restitution to 1 2 any person or entity so defrauded in addition to any fine or

sentence imposed as a result of the conviction. 3

(c) The Division of Insurance of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall establish a fraud and insurance non-compliance unit responsible for investigating incidences of fraud and insurance non-compliance pursuant to this Section. The size of the staff of the unit shall be subject to appropriation by the General Assembly. It shall be the duty of the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit to determine the identity of insurance carriers, employers, employees, or other persons or entities who have violated the fraud and insurance non-compliance provisions of this Section. The fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall report violations of the fraud and insurance non-compliance provisions of this Section to the Attorney General or to the State's Attorney of the county in which the offense allegedly occurred, either of whom has the authority to prosecute violations under this Section.

With respect to the subject of any investigation being conducted, the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall have the general power of subpoena of the Division of Insurance.

(d) Any person may report allegations of insurance non-compliance and fraud pursuant to this Section to the Division of Insurance's fraud and insurance non-compliance unit whose duty it shall be to investigate the report. The unit shall notify the Commission of reports of insurance non-compliance. Any person reporting an allegation of insurance non-compliance or fraud against either an employee or employer under this Section must identify himself. Except as provided in this subsection and in subsection (e), all reports shall remain confidential except to refer an investigation to the Attorney General or State's Attorney for prosecution or if

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the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit's investigation 1 reveals that the conduct reported may be in violation of other 2 3 laws or regulations of the State of Illinois the unit may 4 report such conduct to the appropriate governmental agency 5 charged with administering such laws and regulations. Any person who intentionally makes a false report under this 6 7 Section to the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit is

quilty of a Class A misdemeanor. (e) In order for the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit to investigate a report of fraud by an employee, (i) the employee must have filed with the Commission an Application for Adjustment of Claim and the employee must have either received or attempted to receive benefits under this Act that are related to the reported fraud or (ii) the employee must have made a written demand for the payment of benefits that are related to the reported fraud. Upon receipt of a report of fraud, the employee or employer shall receive immediate notice of the reported conduct, including the verified name and address of the complainant if that complainant is connected to the case and the nature of the reported conduct. The fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall resolve all reports of fraud against employees or employers within 120 days of receipt of the report. There shall be no immunity, under this Act or otherwise, for any person who files a false report or who files a report without good and just cause. Confidentiality of medical information shall be strictly maintained. Investigations that are not referred for prosecution shall be immediately expunded and shall not be disclosed except that the employee or employer who was the subject of the report and the person making the report shall be notified that the investigation is being closed, at which time the name of any complainant not connected to the case shall be disclosed to the employee or the employer. It is unlawful for any employer, insurance carrier, or service adjustment company to file or

- threaten to file a report of fraud against an employee because 1
- of the exercise by the employee of the rights and remedies 2
- 3 granted to the employee by this Act.
- For purposes of this subsection (e), "employer" means any 4
- 5 employer, insurance carrier, third party administrator,
- self-insured, or similar entity. 6
- 7 For purposes of this subsection (e), "complainant" refers
- 8 to the person contacting the fraud and insurance non-compliance
- unit to initiate the complaint. 9
- (f) Any person convicted of fraud related to workers' 10
- compensation pursuant to this Section shall be subject to the 11
- penalties prescribed in the Criminal Code of 1961 and shall be 12
- ineligible to receive or retain any compensation, disability, 13
- or medical benefits as defined in this Act if the compensation, 14
- disab<u>ility, or medical benefits were owed or received as a</u> 15
- result of fraud for which the recipient of the compensation, 16
- disability, or medical benefit was convicted. This subsection 17
- applies to accidental injuries or diseases that occur on or 18
- after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 19
- 20 General Assembly.
- 21 (g) Civil liability. Any person convicted of fraud who
- 22 knowingly obtains, attempts to obtain, or causes to be obtained
- any benefits under this Act by the making of a false claim or 23
- 24 who knowingly misrepresents any material fact shall be civilly
- 25 liable to the payor of benefits or the insurer or the payor's
- 26 or insurer's subrogee or assignee in an amount equal to 3 times
- the value of the benefits or insurance coverage wrongfully 27
- 28 obtained or twice the value of the benefits or insurance
- 29 coverage attempted to be obtained, plus reasonable attorney's
- fees and expenses incurred by the payor or the payor's subrogee 30
- or assignee who successfully brings a claim under this 31
- subsection. This subsection applies to accidental injuries or 32
- 33 diseases that occur on or after the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. 34

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- (h) All proceedings under this Section shall be reported by 1 2 the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit on an annual basis 3 to the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board.
- 4 Section 15. The Workers' Occupational Diseases Act is amended by changing Sections 12 and 19 as follows: 5

(820 ILCS 310/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.47) 6

Sec. 12. (a) An employee entitled to receive disability payments shall be required, if requested by the employer, to submit himself, at the expense of the employer, for examination to a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon selected by the employer, at any time and place reasonably convenient for the employee, either within or without the State of Illinois, for the purpose of determining the nature, extent and probable duration of the occupational disease and the disability therefrom suffered by the employee, and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of compensation which may be due the employee from time to time for disability according to the provisions of this Act. An employee may also be required to submit himself for examination by medical experts under subsection (c) of Section 19.

An employer requesting such an examination, of an employee residing within the State of Illinois, shall deliver to the employee with the notice of the time and place of examination pay in advance of the time fixed for the examination sufficient money to defray the necessary expense of travel by the most convenient means to and from the place of examination, and the cost of meals necessary during the trip, and if the examination or travel to and from the place of examination causes any loss of working time on the part of the employee, the employer shall reimburse him for such loss of wages upon the basis of his average daily wage. Such examination shall be made in the presence of a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon

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provided and paid for by the employee, if such employee so desires.

In all cases where the examination is made by a physician or surgeon engaged by the employer, and the employee has no physician or surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the physician or surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employer to deliver to the employee, or his representative, a statement in writing of the examination and findings to the same extent that said physician or surgeon reports to the employer and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employer, said copy to be furnished the employee, or his representative as soon as practicable but not later than the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employee or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such physician or surgeon refuses to furnish the employee with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employer said physician or surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

If the employee refuses so to submit himself to examination or unnecessarily obstructs the same, his right to compensation payment shall be temporarily suspended until such examination shall have taken place, and no compensation shall be payable under this Act for such period.

It shall be the duty of physicians or surgeons treating an employee who is likely to die, and treating him at the instance of the employer, to have called in another physician or surgeon to be designated and paid for by either the employee or by the person or persons who would become his beneficiary or beneficiaries, to make an examination before the death of such employee.

In all cases where the examination is made by a physician or surgeon engaged by the employee, and the employer has no

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physician or surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the physician or surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employee, to deliver to the employer, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the examination and findings to the same extent that said physician or surgeon reports to the employee and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employee, said copy to be furnished the employer, or his representative, as soon as practicable but not later than the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employer, or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such physician or surgeon refuses to furnish the employer with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employee, said physician or surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

(b) Whenever, after the death of an employee, any party in interest files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act, and it appears that an autopsy may disclose material evidence as to whether or not such death was due to the inhalation of silica or asbestos dust, the commission, upon petition of either party, may order an autopsy at the expense of the party requesting same, and if such autopsy is so shall ordered, the commission designate a competent pathologist to perform the same, and shall give the parties in interest such reasonable notice of the time and place thereof as will afford a reasonable opportunity to witness such autopsy in person or by a representative.

It shall be the duty of such pathologist to perform such autopsy as, in his best judgment, is required to ascertain the cause of death. Such pathologist shall make a complete written report of all his findings to the commission (including laboratory results described as such, if any). The said report

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of the pathologist shall contain his findings on post-mortem 1 examination and said report shall not contain any conclusion of 2 3 the said pathologist based upon the findings so reported.

Said report shall be placed on file with the commission, and shall be a public record. Said report, or a certified copy thereof, may be introduced by either party on any hearing as evidence of the findings therein stated, but shall not be conclusive evidence of such findings, and either party may rebut any part thereof.

Where an autopsy has been performed at any time with the express or implied consent of any interested party, and without some opposing party, if known or reasonably ascertainable, having reasonable notice of and reasonable opportunity of witnessing the same, all evidence obtained by such autopsy shall be barred upon objection at any hearing. This paragraph shall not apply to autopsies by a coroner's physician in the discharge of his official duties.

18 (Source: P.A. 81-1482.)

19 (820 ILCS 310/19) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.54)

- 20 Sec. 19. Any disputed questions of law or fact shall be 21 determined as herein provided.
- 22 It shall be the duty of the Commission upon 23 notification that the parties have failed to reach an agreement 24 to designate an Arbitrator.
- 25 (1) The application for adjustment of claim filed with the Commission shall state: 26
 - A. The approximate date of the last day of the last exposure and the approximate date of the disablement.
 - B. The general nature and character of the illness or disease claimed.
 - C. The name and address of the employer by whom employed on the last day of the last exposure and if employed by any other employer after such last exposure

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and before disablement the name and address of such other employer or employers.

- D. In case of death, the date and place of death.
- (2) Amendments to applications for adjustment of claim which relate to the same disablement or disablement resulting in death originally claimed upon may be allowed by the Commissioner or an Arbitrator thereof, in their discretion, and in the exercise of such discretion, they may in proper cases order a trial de novo; such amendment shall relate back to the date of the filing of the original application so amended.
- (3) Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause, that the claim for disability or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under the Workers' Compensation Act, then the provisions of Section 19 paragraph (a-1) of the Workers' Compensation Act having reference to such application shall apply.

Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under the Workers' Compensation Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause that the claim for injury or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under this Act, then the application so filed under the Workers' Compensation Act may be amended in form, substance or both to assert claim for such disability or death under this Act and it shall be deemed to have been so filed as amended on the date of the original filing thereof, and such compensation may be awarded as is warranted by the whole evidence pursuant to the provisions of this Act. When such amendment is submitted, further or additional

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evidence may be heard by the Arbitrator or Commission when deemed necessary; provided, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to be or permit a waiver of any provisions of this Act with reference to notice, but notice if given shall be deemed to be a notice under the provisions of this Act if given within the time required herein.

Arbitrator shall make such investigations as he shall deem necessary and may examine and inspect all books, papers, records, places, or premises relating to the questions in dispute and hear such proper evidence as the parties may submit.

The hearings before the Arbitrator shall be held in the vicinity where the last exposure occurred, after 10 days' notice of the time and place of such hearing shall have been given to each of the parties or their attorneys of record.

The Arbitrator may find that the disabling condition is temporary and has not yet reached a permanent condition and may order the payment of compensation up to the date of the hearing, which award shall be reviewable and enforceable in the same manner as other awards, and in no instance be a bar to a further hearing and determination of a further amount of temporary total compensation or of compensation for permanent disability, but shall be conclusive as to all other questions except the nature and extent of such disability.

The decision of the Arbitrator shall be filed with the Commission which Commission shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision, together with a notification of the time when it was filed. As of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly Beginning January 1, 1981, all decisions of the Arbitrator shall set forth in writing findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated, if requested by either party. Unless a petition for review is filed by either party within 30 days

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after the receipt by such party of the copy of the decision and notification of time when filed, and unless such party petitioning for a review shall within 35 days after the receipt by him of the copy of the decision, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing before the Arbitrator, or if such party shall so elect a correct transcript of evidence of the proceedings at such hearings, then the decision shall become the decision of the Commission and in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. The Petition for Review shall contain a statement of the petitioning party's specific exceptions to the decision of the arbitrator. The jurisdiction of the Commission to review the decision of the arbitrator shall not be limited to the exceptions stated in the Petition for Review. The Commission, or any member thereof, may grant further time not exceeding 30 days, in which to file such agreed statement or transcript of evidence. Such agreed statement of facts or correct transcript of evidence, as the case may be, shall be authenticated by the signatures of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event they do not agree as to the correctness of the transcript of evidence it shall be authenticated by the signature of the Arbitrator designated by the Commission.

Whether the employee is working or not, if the employee is not receiving or has not received medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employee may at any time petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he or she is entitled to receive payment of the services or compensation. Provided the employer continues to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employer may at any time petition for an expedited hearing on the issue of whether or

1 not the employee is entitled to receive medical, surgical, or 2 hospital services or other services or compensation as provided 3 in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, 4 or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of 5 the Workers' Compensation Act. When an employer has petitioned for an expedited hearing, the employer shall continue to pay 6 7 compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act unless the arbitrator renders a 8 decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that 9 are the subject of the expedited hearing or unless the 10 employee's treating physician has released the employee to 11 return to work at his or her regular job with the employer or 12 the employee actually returns to work at any other job. If the 13 arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled 14 15 to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing a petition for review filed by the employee shall receive the 16 same priority as if the employee had filed a petition for an 17 expedited hearing by an arbitrator. Neither party shall be 18 entitled to an expedited hearing when the employee has returned 19 20 to work and the sole issue in dispute amounts to less than 12 21 weeks of unpaid compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of 22 Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act. Expedited hearings shall have priority over all other 23 24 petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission 25 with all convenient speed. Any party requesting an expedited 26 hearing shall give notice of a request for an expedited hearing under this paragraph. A copy of the Application for Adjustment 27 of Claim shall be attached to the notice. The Commission shall 28 29 adopt rules and procedures under which the final decision of the Commission under this paragraph is filed not later than 180 30 31 days from the date that the Petition for Review is filed with 32 the Commission. 33 Where 2 or more insurance carriers, private self-insureds, or a group workers' compensation pool under Article V 3/4 of 34

employee;

the Illinois Insurance Code dispute coverage for the same 1 disease, any such insurance carrier, private self-insured, or 2 3 group workers' compensation pool may request an expedited hearing pursuant to this paragraph to determine the issue of 4 5 coverage, provided coverage is the only issue in dispute and all other issues are stipulated and agreed to and further 6 7 provided that all compensation benefits including medical benefits pursuant to Section 8(a) of the Workers' Compensation 8 Act continue to be paid to or on behalf of petitioner. Any 9 insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' 10 compensation pool that is determined to be liable for coverage 11 for the disease in issue shall reimburse any insurance carrier, 12 private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that 13 has paid benefits to or on behalf of petitioner for the 14 15 <u>disease.</u> (b-1) If the employee is not receiving, pursuant to Section 16 7, medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided 17 for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation 18 Act or compensation of the type provided for in paragraph (b) 19 20 of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employee, in 21 accordance with Commission Rules, may file a petition for an emergency hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or 22 23 not he is entitled to receive payment of such compensation or services as provided therein. Such petition shall have priority 24 25 over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator 26 and Commission with all convenient speed. Such petition shall contain the following information and 27 28 shall be served on the employer at least 15 days before it is 29 filed: 30 (i) the date and approximate time of the last exposure; 31 (ii) the approximate location of the last exposure; (iii) a description of the last exposure; 32 33 (iv) the nature of the disability incurred by the

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- (v) the identity of the person, if known, to whom the disability was reported and the date on which it was reported;
- (vi) the name and title of the person, if known, representing the employer with whom the employee conferred in any effort to obtain pursuant to Section 7 compensation of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act and the date of such conference;
- (vii) a statement that the employer has refused to pay compensation pursuant to Section 7 of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or for medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to Section 7 of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act;
- (viii) the name and address, if known, of each witness to the last exposure and of each other person upon whom the employee will rely to support his allegations;
- (ix) the dates of treatment related to the disability by medical practitioners, and the names and addresses of such practitioners, including the dates of treatment related to the disability at any hospitals and the names and addresses of such hospitals, and a signed authorization permitting the employer to examine all medical records of all practitioners and hospitals named pursuant to this paragraph;
- copy of а signed report by a medical practitioner, relating to the employee's current inability to return to work because of the disability incurred as a result of the exposure or such other documents or affidavits which show that the employee is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 7 compensation of the type

provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act. Such reports, documents or affidavits shall state, if possible, the history of the exposure given by the employee, and describe the disability and medical diagnosis, the medical services for such disability which the employee has received and is receiving, the physical activities which the employee cannot currently perform as a result of such disability, and the prognosis for recovery;

(xi) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employee on which the employee will rely to support his allegations, provided that the employer shall pay the reasonable cost of reproduction thereof;

(xii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employee has demanded by subpoena and on which he intends to rely to support his allegations;

(xiii) a certification signed by the employee or his representative that the employer has received the petition with the required information 15 days before filing.

Fifteen days after receipt by the employer of the petition with the required information the employee may file said petition and required information and shall serve notice of the filing upon the employer. The employer may file a motion addressed to the sufficiency of the petition. If an objection has been filed to the sufficiency of the petition, the arbitrator shall rule on the objection within 2 working days. If such an objection is filed, the time for filing the final decision of the Commission as provided in this paragraph shall be tolled until the arbitrator has determined that the petition is sufficient.

The employer shall, within 15 days after receipt of the

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notice that such petition is filed, file with the Commission and serve on the employee or his representative a written response to each claim set forth in the petition, including the legal and factual basis for each disputed allegation and the following information: (i) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employer on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (ii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employer has demanded by subpoena and on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (iii) the name and address of each witness on whom the employer will rely to support his response, and (iv) the names and addresses of any medical practitioners selected by the employer pursuant to Section 12 of this Act and the time and place of any examination scheduled to be made pursuant to such Section.

Any employer who does not timely file and serve a written response without good cause may not introduce any evidence to dispute any claim of the employee but may cross examine the employee or any witness brought by the employee and otherwise be heard.

No document or other evidence not previously identified by either party with the petition or written response, or by any other means before the hearing, may be introduced into evidence without good cause. If, at the hearing, material information is discovered which was not previously disclosed, the Arbitrator may extend the time for closing proof on the motion of a party for a reasonable period of time which may be more than 30 days. No evidence may be introduced pursuant to this paragraph as to permanent disability. No award may be entered for permanent disability pursuant to this paragraph. Either party may introduce into evidence the testimony taken by deposition of any medical practitioner.

The Commission shall adopt rules, regulations and

procedures whereby the final decision of the Commission is filed not later than 90 days from the date the petition for review is filed but in no event later than 180 days from the date the petition for an emergency hearing is filed with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

All service required pursuant to this paragraph (b-1) must be by personal service or by certified mail and with evidence of receipt. In addition, for the purposes of this paragraph, all service on the employer must be at the premises where the accident occurred if the premises are owned or operated by the employer. Otherwise service must be at the employee's principal place of employment by the employer. If service on the employer is not possible at either of the above, then service shall be at the employer's principal place of business. After initial service in each case, service shall be made on the employer's attorney or designated representative.

- (c) (1) At a reasonable time in advance of and in connection with the hearing under Section 19(e) or 19(h), the Commission may on its own motion order an impartial physical or mental examination of a petitioner whose mental or physical condition is in issue, when in the Commission's discretion it appears that such an examination will materially aid in the just determination of the case. The examination shall be made by a member or members of a panel of physicians chosen for their special qualifications by the Illinois State Medical Society. The Commission shall establish procedures by which a physician shall be selected from such list.
- (2) Should the Commission at any time during the hearing find that compelling considerations make it advisable to have an examination and report at that time, the Commission may in its discretion so order.
- 32 (3) A copy of the report of examination shall be given to 33 the Commission and to the attorneys for the parties.
 - (4) Either party or the Commission may call the examining

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- physician or physicians to testify. Any physician so called 1 shall be subject to cross-examination. 2
 - (5) The examination shall be made, and the physician or physicians, if called, shall testify, without cost to the parties. The Commission shall determine the compensation and the pay of the physician or physicians. The compensation for this service shall not exceed the usual and customary amount for such service.
 - The fees and payment thereof of all attorneys physicians for services authorized by the Commission under this Act shall, upon request of either the employer or the employee or the beneficiary affected, be subject to the review and decision of the Commission.
 - If any employee shall persist in insanitary or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard his recovery or shall refuse to submit to such medical, surgical, or hospital treatment as is reasonably essential to promote his recovery, the Commission may, in its discretion, reduce or suspend the compensation of any such employee; provided, that when an employer and employee so agree in writing, the foregoing provision shall not be construed to authorize the reduction or suspension of compensation of an employee who is relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof.
 - (e) This paragraph shall apply to all hearings before the Commission. Such hearings may be held in its office or elsewhere as the Commission may deem advisable. The taking of testimony on such hearings may be had before any member of the Commission. If a petition for review and agreed statement of facts or transcript of evidence is filed, as provided herein, the Commission shall promptly review the decision of Arbitrator and all questions of law or fact which appear from

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the statement of facts or transcripts of evidence. In all cases in which the hearing before the arbitrator is held after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, no additional evidence shall be introduced by the parties before the Commission on review of the decision of the Arbitrator. The Commission shall file in its office its decision thereon, and shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision and a notification of the time when it was filed. Decisions shall be filed within 60 days after the Statement of Exceptions and Supporting Brief and Response thereto are required to be filed or oral argument whichever is later.

In the event either party requests oral argument, such argument shall be had before a panel of 3 members of the Commission (or before all available members pursuant to the determination of $\frac{7}{2}$ members of the Commission that such argument be held before all available members t.he Commission) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Commission. A panel of 3 members, which shall be comprised of not more than one representative citizen of the employing class and not more than one representative citizen of the employee class, shall hear the argument; provided that if all the issues in dispute are solely the nature and extent of the permanent partial disability, if any, a majority of the panel may deny the request for such argument and such argument shall not be held; and provided further that $\frac{7}{5}$ members of the Commission may determine that the argument be held before all available members of the Commission. A decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of Commissioners present at such hearing if any; provided, if no such hearing is held, a decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of a panel of 3 members of the Commission as described in this Section. The Commission shall give 10 days' notice to the parties or their attorneys of the time and place of such taking of testimony and of such argument.

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In any case the Commission in its decision may in its discretion find specially upon any question or questions of law or facts which shall be submitted in writing by either party whether ultimate or otherwise; provided that on issues other than nature and extent of the disablement, if any, the Commission in its decision shall find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact, whether ultimate or otherwise, which are submitted in writing by either party; provided further that not more than 5 such questions may be submitted by either party. Any party may, within 20 days after receipt of notice of the Commission's decision, or within such further time, not exceeding 30 days, as the Commission may grant, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing, or, if such party shall so elect, a correct transcript of evidence of the additional proceedings presented before the Commission in which report the party may embody a correct statement of such other proceedings in the case as such party may desire to have reviewed, such evidence statement of facts or transcript of authenticated by the signature of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event that they do not agree, then the authentication of such transcript of evidence shall be by the signature of any member of the Commission.

If a reporter does not for any reason furnish a transcript of the proceedings before the Arbitrator in any case for use on a hearing for review before the Commission, within the limitations of time as fixed in this Section, the Commission may, in its discretion, order a trial de novo before the Commission in such case upon application of either party. The applications for adjustment of claim and other documents in the nature of pleadings filed by either party, together with the decisions of the Arbitrator and of the Commission and the statement of facts or transcript of evidence hereinbefore provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be the record of

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the proceedings of the Commission, and shall be subject to review as hereinafter provided.

At the request of either party or on its own motion, the Commission shall set forth in writing the reasons for the decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated. The Commission shall by rule adopt a format for written decisions for the Commission and arbitrators. The written decisions shall be concise and shall succinctly state the facts and reasons for the decision. The Commission may adopt in whole or in part, the decision of the arbitrator as the decision of the Commission. When the Commission does so adopt the decision of the arbitrator, it shall do so by order. Whenever the Commission adopts part of the arbitrator's decision, but not all, it shall include in the order the reasons for not adopting all of the arbitrator's decision. When a majority of a panel, after deliberation, has arrived at its decision, the decision shall be filed as provided in this Section without unnecessary delay, and without regard to the fact that a member of the panel has expressed an intention to dissent. Any member of the panel may file a dissent. Any dissent shall be filed no later than 10 days after the decision of the majority has been filed.

Decisions rendered by the Commission after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1980 and dissents, if any, shall be published together by the Commission. The conclusions of law set out in such decisions shall be regarded as precedents by arbitrators, for the purpose of achieving a more uniform administration of this Act.

(f) The decision of the Commission acting within its powers, according to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this Section shall, in the absence of fraud, be conclusive unless reviewed as in this paragraph hereinafter provided. However, the Arbitrator or the Commission may on his or its own motion, or on the motion of either party, correct any clerical error or

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errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of any award by such Arbitrator or any decision on review of the Commission, and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration or decision on review, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award or decision. Where such correction is made the time for review herein specified shall begin to run from the date of the receipt of the corrected award or decision.

(1) Except in cases of claims against the State of Illinois, in which case the decision of the Commission shall not be subject to judicial review, the Circuit Court of the county where any of the parties defendant may be found, or if none of the parties defendant be found in this State then the Circuit Court of the county where any of the exposure occurred, shall by summons to the Commission have power to review all questions of law and fact presented by such record.

A proceeding for review shall be commenced within 20 days of the receipt of notice of the decision of the Commission. The summons shall be issued by the clerk of such court upon written request returnable on a designated return day, not less than 10 or more than 60 days from the date of issuance thereof, and the written request shall contain the last known address of other parties in interest and their attorneys of record who are to be served by summons. Service upon any member of the Commission or the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary thereof shall be service upon the Commission, and service upon other parties in interest and their attorneys of record shall be by summons, and such service shall be made upon the Commission and other parties in interest by mailing notices of the commencement of the proceedings and the return day of the summons to the office of the Commission and to the last known place of residence of other parties in interest or

their attorney or attorneys of record. The clerk of the court issuing the summons shall on the day of issue mail notice of the commencement of the proceedings which shall be done by mailing a copy of the summons to the office of the Commission, and a copy of the summons to the other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record and the clerk of the court shall make certificate that he has so sent such notices in pursuance of this Section, which shall be evidence of service on the Commission and other parties in interest.

The Commission shall not be required to certify the record of their proceedings in the Circuit Court unless the party commencing the proceedings for review in the Circuit Court as above provided, shall pay to the Commission the sum of 80 cents per page of testimony taken before the Commission, and 35 cents per page of all other matters contained in such record, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibit shall be extra. It shall be the duty of the Commission upon such payment, or failure to pay as permitted under Section 20 of this Act, to prepare a true and correct typewritten copy of such testimony and a true and correct copy of all other matters contained in such record and certified to by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary thereof.

In its decision on review the Commission shall determine in each particular case the amount of the probable cost of the record to be filed as a return to the summons in that case and no request for a summons may be filed and no summons shall issue unless the party seeking to review the decision of the Commission shall exhibit to the clerk of the Circuit Court proof of payment by filing a receipt showing payment or an affidavit of the attorney setting forth that payment has been made of the sums so

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determined to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Commission.

(2) No such summons shall issue unless the one against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall upon the filing of his written request for such summons file with the clerk of the court a bond conditioned that if he shall not successfully prosecute the review, he will pay the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court. The amount of the bond shall be fixed by any member of the Commission and the surety or sureties of the bond shall be approved by the clerk of the court. The acceptance of the bond by the clerk of the court shall constitute evidence of his approval of the bond.

Every county, city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, body politic or municipal corporation having a population of 500,000 or more against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall not be required to file a bond to secure the payment of the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court to authorize the court to issue such summons.

The court may confirm or set aside the decision of the Commission. If the decision is set aside and the facts found in the proceedings before the Commission are sufficient, the court may enter such decision as is justified by law, or may remand the cause to the Commission for further proceedings and may state the questions requiring further hearing, and give such other instructions as may be proper. Appeals shall be taken to the Appellate Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rules 22(g) and 303. Appeals shall be taken from the Appellate Court to the Supreme Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rule 315.

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It shall be the duty of the clerk of any court rendering a decision affecting or affirming an award of the Commission to promptly furnish the Commission with a copy of such decision, without charge.

The decision of a majority of the members of the panel of the Commission, shall be considered the decision of the Commission.

(q) Except in the case of a claim against the State of Illinois, either party may present a certified copy of the award of the Arbitrator, or a certified copy of the decision of the Commission when the same has become final, proceedings for review are pending, providing for the payment of compensation according to this Act, to the Circuit Court of the county in which such exposure occurred or either of the parties are residents, whereupon the court shall enter a judgment in accordance therewith. In case where the employer refuses to pay compensation according to such final award or such final decision upon which such judgment is entered, the court shall in entering judgment thereon, tax as costs against him the reasonable costs and attorney fees in the arbitration proceedings and in the court entering the judgment for the person in whose favor the judgment is entered, which judgment and costs taxed as herein provided shall, until and unless set aside, have the same effect as though duly entered in an action duly tried and determined by the court, and shall with like effect, be entered and docketed. The Circuit Court shall have power at any time upon application to make any such judgment conform to any modification required by any subsequent decision of the Supreme Court upon appeal, or as the result of any subsequent proceedings for review, as provided in this Act.

Judgment shall not be entered until 15 days' notice of the time and place of the application for the entry of judgment shall be served upon the employer by filing such notice with the Commission, which Commission shall, in case it has on file

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the address of the employer or the name and address of its agent upon whom notices may be served, immediately send a copy of the notice to the employer or such designated agent.

(h) An agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments, may at any time within 18 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

However, as to disablements occurring subsequently to July 1, 1955, which are covered by any agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments made as a result of such disablement, such agreement or award may at any time within 30 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

review compensation payments may re-established, increased, diminished or ended. The Commission shall give 15 days' notice to the parties of the hearing for review. Any employee, upon any petition for such review being filed by the employer, shall be entitled to one day's notice for each 100 miles necessary to be traveled by him in attending the hearing of the Commission upon the petition, and 3 days in addition thereto. Such employee shall, at the discretion of the Commission, also be entitled to 5 cents per mile necessarily traveled by him within the State of Illinois in attending such hearing, not to exceed a distance of 300 miles, to be taxed by the Commission as costs and deposited with the petition of the employer.

When compensation which is payable in accordance with an award or settlement contract approved by the Commission, is ordered paid in a lump sum by the Commission, no review shall be had as in this paragraph mentioned.

2.4

- (i) Each party, upon taking any proceedings or steps whatsoever before any Arbitrator, Commission or court, shall file with the Commission his address, or the name and address of any agent upon whom all notices to be given to such party shall be served, either personally or by registered mail, addressed to such party or agent at the last address so filed with the Commission. In the event such party has not filed his address, or the name and address of an agent as above provided, service of any notice may be had by filing such notice with the Commission.
- (j) Whenever in any proceeding testimony has been taken or a final decision has been rendered, and after the taking of such testimony or after such decision has become final, the employee dies, then in any subsequent proceeding brought by the personal representative or beneficiaries of the deceased employee, such testimony in the former proceeding may be introduced with the same force and effect as though the witness having so testified were present in person in such subsequent proceedings and such final decision, if any, shall be taken as final adjudication of any of the issues which are the same in both proceedings.
- (k) In any case where there has been any unreasonable or vexatious delay of payment or intentional underpayment of compensation, or proceedings have been instituted or carried on by one liable to pay the compensation, which do not present a real controversy, but are merely frivolous or for delay, then the Commission may award compensation additional to that otherwise payable under this Act equal to 50% of the amount payable at the time of such award. Failure to pay compensation in accordance with the provisions of Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, shall be considered unreasonable delay.

When determining whether this subsection (k) shall apply,
the Commission shall consider whether an arbitrator has
determined that the claim is not compensable or whether the

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employer has made payments under Section 8(j) of the Workers' 1 2 Compensation Act.

(k-1) If the employee has made written demand for payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employer shall have 14 days after receipt of the demand to set forth in writing the reason for the delay. In the case of demand for payment of medical benefits under Section 8(a) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the time for the employer to respond shall not commence until the expiration of the allotted 60 days specified under Section 8.2(d) of the Workers' Compensation Act. In case the employer or his or her insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse, or unreasonably delay the payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the Arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation in the sum of \$30 per day for each day that the benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act have been so withheld or refused, not to exceed \$10,000. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay.

(1) By the 15th day of each month each insurer providing coverage for losses under this Act shall notify each insured employer of any compensable claim incurred during the preceding month and the amounts paid or reserved on the claim including a summary of the claim and a brief statement of the reasons for compensability. A cumulative report of all claims incurred during a calendar year or continued from the previous year shall be furnished to the insured employer by the insurer within 30 days after the end of that calendar year.

The insured employer may challenge, in proceeding before the Commission, payments made by the insurer without arbitration and payments made after a case is determined to be noncompensable. If the Commission finds that the case was not

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compensable, the insurer shall purge its records as to that employer of any loss or expense associated with the claim, reimburse the employer for attorneys fee arising from the challenge and for any payment required of the employer to the Rate Adjustment Fund or the Second Injury Fund, and may not effect the loss or expense for rate making purposes. The employee shall not be required to refund the challenged payment. The decision of the Commission may be reviewed in the same manner as in arbitrated cases. No challenge may be initiated under this paragraph more than 3 years after the payment is made. An employer may waive the right of challenge under this paragraph on a case by case basis.

(m) After filing an application for adjustment of claim but prior to the hearing on arbitration the parties may voluntarily agree to submit such application for adjustment of claim for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (m) where such application for adjustment of claim raises only a dispute over temporary total disability, permanent partial disability or medical expenses. Such agreement shall be in writing in such form as provided by the Commission. Applications for adjustment of claim submitted for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (m) shall proceed according to rule as established by the Commission. The Commission shall promulgate rules including, but not limited to, rules to ensure that the parties are adequately informed of their rights under this subsection (m) and of the voluntary nature of proceedings under this subsection (m). The findings of fact made by an arbitrator acting within his or her powers under this subsection (m) in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. However, arbitrator may on his own motion, or the motion of either party, correct any clerical errors or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of such award of the arbitrator and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected

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award. The decision of the arbitrator under this subsection (m) shall be considered the decision of the Commission and proceedings for review of questions of law arising from the decision may be commenced by either party pursuant subsection (f) of Section 19. The Advisory Board established under Section 13.1 of the Workers' Compensation Act shall compile a list of certified Commission arbitrators, each of whom shall be approved by at least 7 members of the Advisory Board. The chairman shall select 5 persons from such list to serve as arbitrators under this subsection (m). By agreement, the parties shall select one arbitrator from among the 5 persons selected by the chairman except, that if the parties do not agree on an arbitrator from among the 5 persons, the parties may, by agreement, select an arbitrator of the American Arbitration Association, whose fee shall be paid by the State in accordance with rules promulgated by the Commission. Arbitration under this subsection (m) shall be voluntary.

Section 95. Applicability. The amendatory changes to the first paragraph of subsection (f) of Section 7 relating to payment for burial expenses, subsections (a) and (b) of Section 8, and subsections (h), (k), and (l) of Section 19 of the Workers' Compensation Act and subsections (k) and (k-1) of Section 19 of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act apply to accidental injuries or diseases that occur on or after February 1, 2006.

(Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

Section 98. Inseverability. The provisions of this Act are mutually dependent and inseverable. If any provision or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, then this entire Act is invalid.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

becoming law.".