

Agriculture Conservation Committee

Filed: 3/8/2005

09400HB1074ham001 LRB094 08799 JAM 42862 a AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1074 1 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 1074 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 4 "Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding 5 Section 5.640 as follows: (30 ILCS 105/5.640 new) 6 7 Sec. 5.640. The Illinois Department of Natural Resources Permitting Revolving Fund. Section 10. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by 9 changing Section 1-75 as follows: 10 (515 ILCS 5/1-75) (from Ch. 56, par. 1-75) 11 12 Sec. 1-75. Resident. "Resident" means a person who in good 13 faith makes application for any license or permit and verifies 14 by statement that he or she has <u>maintained his or her permanent</u> abode in this State for a period of at least 30 consecutive 15 days immediately preceding the person's application, and who 16 does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another 17 state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar 18 19 licenses or permits covered by this Code actually resided in this State for at least the 30 consecutive days before the date 20 of application and that his or her residence or permanent abode 21 is, at the time of making application, in this State. A 22

- person's permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent 1
- dwelling place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient 2
- 3 place of residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish
- that the person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in 4
- 5 this State. Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not
- limited to, the location where the person votes, pays personal 6
- 7 income tax, or obtains a drivers license. Except for the
- purposes of obtaining a Lifetime License, any Any person on 8
- active duty in the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident 9
- of Illinois during his or her period of military duty. 10
- (Source: P.A. 87-833.) 11

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- 12 Section 15. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing
- Sections 1.2m, 2.26, and 3.37 as follows: 13
- (520 ILCS 5/1.2m) (from Ch. 61, par. 1.2m) 14
- 15 Sec. 1.2m. "Resident" means a person who in good faith
- makes application for any license or permit and verifies by 16
- 17 statement that he or she has maintained his or her permanent
- abode in this State for a period of at least 30 consecutive 18
- 19 days immediately preceding the person's application, and who
- 20 does not maintain permanent abode or claim residency in another
- licenses or permits covered by this Code actually resided in 22

state for the purposes of obtaining any of the same or similar

at the time of making application, in this State. A person's

- this State at least 30 days consecutively preceding the date of 23
- his application and that his residence or permanent abode
- 26 permanent abode is his or her fixed and permanent dwelling
- 27 place, as distinguished from a temporary or transient place of
- residence. Domiciliary intent is required to establish that the 28
- 29 person is maintaining his or her permanent abode in this State.
- Evidence of domiciliary intent includes, but is not limited to, 30
- the location where the person votes, pays personal income tax, 31
- or obtains a drivers license. Except for the purposes of 32

- 1 <u>obtaining a Lifetime License</u>, any Any person on active duty in
- 2 the Armed Forces shall be considered a resident of Illinois
- during his or her period of military duty.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 81-382.)

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- 5 (520 ILCS 5/2.26) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.26)
- Sec. 2.26. Deer hunting permits. In this Section, "bona 6 7 fide equity shareholder" means an individual who (1) purchased, for market price, publicly sold stock shares in a corporation, 8 9 purchased shares of a privately-held corporation for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the corporate 10 assets represented by the ownership in the corporation, or is a 11 member of a closely-held family-owned corporation and has 12 13 purchased or been gifted with shares of stock in the 14 corporation accurately reflecting his or her percentage of ownership and (2) intends to retain the ownership of the shares 15 of stock for at least 5 years. 16
 - In this Section, "bona fide equity member" means an individual who (1) (i) became a member upon the formation of the limited liability company or (ii) has purchased a distributional interest in a limited liability company for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the LLC assets represented by the distributional interest in the LLC and subsequently becomes a member of the company pursuant to Article 30 of the Limited Liability Company Act and who (2) intends to retain the membership for at least 5 years.
 - In this Section, "bona fide equity partner" means an individual who (1) (i) became a partner, either general or limited, upon the formation of a partnership or limited partnership, or (ii) has purchased, acquired, or been gifted a partnership interest accurately representing his or her percentage distributional interest in the profits, losses, and assets of a partnership or limited partnership, (2) intends to retain ownership of the partnership interest for at least 5

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years, and (3) is a resident of Illinois.

Any person attempting to take deer shall first obtain a "Deer Hunting Permit" in accordance with prescribed regulations set forth in an Administrative Rule. Deer Hunting Permits shall be issued by the Department. The fee for a Deer Hunting Permit to take deer with either bow and arrow or gun shall not exceed \$15.00 for residents of the State. The Department may by administrative rule provide for non-resident deer hunting permits for which the fee will not exceed \$395 \$200 except as provided below for non-resident landowners and non-resident archery hunters. The Department administrative rule provide for a non-resident archery deer permit consisting of not more than 2 harvest tags at a total cost not to exceed \$420 \$225. Permits shall be issued without charge to:

- (a) Illinois landowners residing in Illinois who own at least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt their land only,
- (b) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercial agricultural land where they will hunt, and
- (c) Bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation, bona fide equity members of a limited liability company, or bona fide equity partners of a general or limited partnership which owns at least 40 acres of land in a county in Illinois who wish to hunt on the corporation's, company's, or partnership's land only. One permit shall be issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder, one bona fide equity member, or one bona fide equity partner for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation, company, or partnership in a county; however, the number of permits issued without charge to bona fide equity shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members of a limited liability company in any county shall not exceed 15, and shall not exceed 3 in the case of bona fide

1 equity partners of a partnership.

Bona fide landowners or tenants who do not wish to hunt only on the land they own, rent, or lease or bona fide equity shareholders, bona fide equity members, or bona fide equity partners who do not wish to hunt only on the land owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall be charged the same fee as the applicant who is not a landowner, tenant, bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner. Nonresidents of Illinois who own at least 40 acres of land and wish to hunt on their land only shall be charged a fee set by administrative rule. The method for obtaining these permits shall be prescribed by administrative rule.

The deer hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid on all farm lands which the person to whom it is issued owns, leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued to a bona fide equity shareholder, bona fide equity member, or bona fide equity partner, the permit shall be valid on all lands owned by the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership in the county.

The standards and specifications for use of guns and bow and arrow for deer hunting shall be established by administrative rule.

No person may have in his possession any firearm not authorized by administrative rule for a specific hunting season when taking deer.

Persons having a firearm deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of shotgun, handgun, or muzzle loading rifle.

Persons having an archery deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset, and only during those

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days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of bow and arrow.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer by use of dogs, horses, automobiles, aircraft or other vehicles, or by the use of salt or bait of any kind. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of bait. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the use of a dog to track wounded deer. Any person using a dog for tracking wounded deer must maintain physical control of the dog at all times by means of a maximum 50 foot lead attached to the dog's collar or harness. Tracking wounded deer is permissible at night, but at no time outside of legal deer hunting hours or seasons shall any person handling or accompanying a dog being used for tracking wounded deer be in possession of any firearm or archery device. Persons tracking wounded deer with a dog during the firearm deer seasons shall wear blaze orange as required. Dog handlers tracking wounded deer with a dog are exempt from hunting license and deer permit requirements so long as they are accompanied by the licensed deer hunter who wounded the deer.

It shall be unlawful to possess or transport any wild deer which has been injured or killed in any manner upon a public highway or public right-of-way of this State unless exempted by administrative rule.

Persons hunting deer must have gun unloaded and no bow and arrow device shall be carried with the arrow in the nocked position during hours when deer hunting is unlawful.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by gun, to further participate with gun in any deer hunting party.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by bow and arrow, to further participate with bow and arrow in any deer hunting party.

The Department may prohibit upland game hunting during the

- 1 gun deer season by administrative rule.
- 2 It shall be legal for handicapped persons, as defined in
- 3 Section 2.33, to utilize a crossbow device, as defined in
- 4 Department rules, to take deer.
- 5 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this
- 6 Section, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a
- 7 Class B misdemeanor.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 92-177, eff. 7-27-01; 92-261, eff. 8-7-01;
- 9 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-554, eff. 8-20-03; 93-807, eff.
- 10 7-24-04; 93-823, eff. 1-1-05; revised 10-14-04.)
- 11 (520 ILCS 5/3.37) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.37)
- Sec. 3.37. The Department of Natural Resources has the 12 13 authority to designate agents to sell licenses, stamps and 14 permits on behalf of the Department. Any person receiving licenses from the Department for sale as provided for in this 15 Section, shall execute and deliver receipts therefor; and shall 16 17 on dates specified by the Department report in writing to the 18 Department the number and kind of licenses sold, and shall, 19 with such reports, make remittances to the Department covering 20 the amounts received from such sales. Failure on the part of any clerk or agent to fully comply with this Act, including 21 22 administrative rules, shall be justification for 23 Department to cancel or withdraw the issuance of licenses 24 through such clerks or agents. A Federal Migratory Bird Hunting 25 and Conservation Stamp shall be deemed a license for the 26 purpose of this Section. Any person authorized by 27 Department including any county, city, village, township, or 28 incorporated town clerk issuing licenses, permits or stamps 29 provided for in this Act, may add the following as the fees for 30 issuing such licenses: 75 cents in the case of Sportsmen's 31 Combination Licenses or nonresident hunting licenses, and 50 cents in the case of all other licenses, permits and stamps. 32
- 33 However, such clerks shall remit to the treasurer of the

political subdivision of which he is an officer or employee, 1 the added fees or any portion thereof he or she collects 2 3 provided in this Section. Issuing fees may be divided between 4 such clerks and their appointed subagents other than employees 5 of the clerk's office, but in no case may any clerk or subagent charge an issuing fee or fees totaling more than the issuing 6 7 fee set out in this Section. No person, or subagent of any 8 county, city, village, township or incorporated town clerk may charge a service fee for issuing licenses provided for in this 9 10 Act, and the charging of fees for issuing such licenses in excess of the fees authorized is a petty offense. All fees, 11 less issuing fees, collected from the sale of licenses and 12 13 permits and not remitted to the Department as provided in this Section, shall be deemed to have been embezzled and the person 14 15 or officer responsible for such remittance is subject to 16 prosecution. Any person authorized to issue licenses by telephone and electronic transmission or incurring costs for 17 customer convenience may charge in addition to the "issuing 18 19 fee" authorized by this Section a fee not to exceed an amount 20 set by the Department, by administrative rule, to cover the 21 transaction cost. 22

The Department may establish and collect a reasonable fee (application fee) for the processing and handling of applications for permits and licenses. The fees collected shall be deposited into the Illinois Department of Natural Resources Permitting Revolving Fund and are not to exceed defraying costs associated with processing, handling, and mailing of refunds of permits and licenses and costs associated with automated fish and wildlife data systems. Fees collected by the Department shall not exceed 5% of the costs of fees charged for the purchase of permits or licenses.

32 (Source: P.A. 89-445, eff. 2-7-96; 90-225, eff. 7-25-97;

33 90-743, eff. 1-1-99.)

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- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.".