

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB0877

Introduced 2/2/2005, by Rep. Angelo Saviano

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

210 ILCS 85/7 210 ILCS 85/10.9 new 210 ILCS 86/25 from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 148

Amends the Hospital Licensing Act and the Hospital Report Card Act. Provides that a nurse or unlicensed hospital worker may not be required to work overtime except in the case of an unforeseen emergent situation. Provides that a nurse or unlicensed worker may not be disciplined, discriminated against, dismissed, discharged, or retaliated against or made subject to any other adverse employment decision for refusing to work overtime. Provides that a nurse may not be required to work more than 12 consecutive hours in a 24-hour period. Provides that work schedules must be posted at least one month in advance and may not be changed after posting except by mutual agreement between nurses or unlicensed workers and the hospital. Provides that when a nurse or unlicensed worker works 12 consecutive hours, the nurse or unlicensed worker must be allowed at least 8 consecutive hours of off-duty time immediately following the completion of the shift. Authorizes a hospital employee to file a complaint with the Department of Public Health alleging a violation of these provisions, and authorizes the Director of Public Health to impose a monetary civil penalty if he or she determines that a violation has occurred. Provides that civil penalties shall be paid to the Department of Public Health and used by the Department for the purpose of funding scholarships awarded under the Nursing Education Scholarship Law. Provides that a hospital must post a summary of these provisions approved by the Director of Labor in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the hospital premises wherever any person subject to these provisions is employed; provides that the Department of Labor must furnish copies of the summary to hospitals on request, without charge. Provides that violations of these overtime provisions must be reported to the Department of Public Health under the Hospital Report Card Act. Effective immediately.

LRB094 09350 DRJ 39592 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 7 and by adding Section 10.9 as follows:
- 6 (210 ILCS 85/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 148)
- 7 Sec. 7. (a) The Director after notice and opportunity for 8 hearing to the applicant or licensee may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit to establish a hospital or deny, suspend, or 9 10 revoke a license to open, conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital in any case in which he finds that there has been a 11 substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this Act 12 or the Hospital Report Card Act or the standards, rules, and 13 14 regulations established by virtue of either of those Acts. 15 After notice to the licensee and an opportunity for a hearing as provided in subsection (b), the Director may impose a 16 17 monetary civil penalty against a licensee for a violation of Section 10.9 as provided in that Section. 18
  - (b) Such notice shall be effected by registered mail or by personal service setting forth the particular reasons for the proposed action and fixing a date, not less than 15 days from the date of such mailing or service, at which time the applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a hearing. Such hearing shall be conducted by the Director or by an employee of the Department designated in writing by the Director as Hearing Officer to conduct the hearing. On the basis of any such hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the Director shall make a determination specifying his findings and conclusions. In case of a denial to an of a permit to establish a hospital, such determination shall specify the subsection of Section 6 under which the permit was denied and shall contain findings of fact

forming the basis of such denial. In the case of a violation of Section 10.9, the determination shall specify the amount of the monetary civil penalty imposed against the licensee. A copy of such determination shall be sent by registered mail or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The decision denying, suspending, or revoking a permit or a license shall become final 35 days after it is so mailed or served, unless the applicant or licensee, within such 35 day period, petitions for review pursuant to Section 13. A monetary civil penalty imposed against a licensee for a violation of Section 10.9 is payable to the Department within 35 days after a copy of the Director's decision imposing the penalty is sent by registered mail or served personally upon the licensee.

- (c) The procedure governing hearings authorized by this Section shall be in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department and approved by the Hospital Licensing Board. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, including the notice of hearing, complaint, and all other documents in the nature of pleadings, written motions filed in the proceedings, and the report and orders of the Director and Hearing Officer. All testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed pursuant to Section 13. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by any interested party on payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies.
- (d) The Director or Hearing Officer shall upon his own motion, or on the written request of any party to the proceeding, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and the giving of testimony by witnesses, and subpoenas duces tecum requiring the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued under the terms of this Act may be served by any person of full age. The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the Circuit Court of this State, such fees to be paid when the witness is excused from further attendance. When the witness is subpoenaed at the

instance of the Director, or Hearing Officer, such fees shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses of the Department, and when the witness is subpoenaed at the instance of any other party to any such proceeding the Department may require that the cost of service of the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum and the fee of the witness be borne by the party at whose instance the witness is summoned. In such case, the Department in its discretion, may require a deposit to cover the cost of such service and witness fees. A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued as aforesaid shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena issued out of a court.

- (e) Any Circuit Court of this State upon the application of the Director, or upon the application of any other party to the proceeding, may, in its discretion, compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda and the giving of testimony before the Director or Hearing Officer conducting an investigation or holding a hearing authorized by this Act, by an attachment for contempt, or otherwise, in the same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before the court.
- (f) The Director or Hearing Officer, or any party in an investigation or hearing before the Department, may cause the depositions of witnesses within the State to be taken in the manner prescribed by law for like depositions in civil actions in courts of this State, and to that end compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 93-563, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 29 (210 ILCS 85/10.9 new)
- 30 <u>Sec. 10.9. Overtime for nurses and unlicensed workers</u>
  31 prohibited.
- 32 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- "Nurse" means any advanced practice nurse, registered
  professional nurse, or licensed practical nurse, as defined in
  the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act, who receives an

1	hourly	wage	and	has	direct	responsibility	to	oversee	or	carry
2	Out nur	rsina	care							

"Unlicensed worker" means any unlicensed hospital employee who, under the delegation and supervision of a registered professional nurse, assists in the nursing plan of care and receives an hourly wage.

"Overtime" means (i) the hours worked in excess of an agreed-upon, predetermined, regularly scheduled shift, not to exceed 8 hours in any 24-hour period, or (ii) work in excess of 40 hours in 7 consecutive days. In hospitals where collective bargaining agreements are in place, the collective bargaining agreement shall prevail as to what constitutes "overtime" for nurses and unlicensed workers.

"Unforeseen emergent situation" means any declared national, State, or municipal disaster or other catastrophic event, or any implementation of a hospital's disaster plan, that will substantially affect or increase the need for health care services. The term does not include using overtime to fill vacancies due to short-staffing.

(b) A nurse or unlicensed worker may not be required to work overtime except in the case of an unforeseen emergent situation. A nurse or unlicensed worker may not be disciplined, discriminated against, dismissed, discharged, or retaliated against or made subject to any other adverse employment decision for refusing to work overtime.

A nurse may not be required to work more than 12 consecutive hours in a 24-hour period.

Must be posted at least one month in advance. Such work schedules may not be changed after posting except by mutual agreement between nurses or unlicensed workers and the hospital.

When a nurse or unlicensed worker works 12 consecutive hours, the nurse or unlicensed worker must be allowed at least 8 consecutive hours of off-duty time immediately following the completion of the shift.

1	(c) Any employee of a hospital that is subject to this Act
2	may file a complaint against the hospital with the Department
3	of Public Health regarding an alleged violation of this
4	Section. A hospital may be in violation of this Section
5	whenever there is evidence that a nurse or unlicensed worker is
6	forced to work overtime in any case that does not involve an
7	unforeseen emergent circumstance. The complaint must be filed
8	within 30 days following the occurrence of the incident giving
9	rise to the alleged violation.
10	The Department must forward a written notice of the alleged
11	violation to the hospital in question within 3 business days
12	after the complaint is filed. Each such notice of an alleged
13	violation must specify the nature of the violation and the
14	statutory provision alleged to have been violated. The notice
15	must inform the hospital of any action the Department may take
16	under this Section. The notice also must inform the hospital of
17	its right to a hearing under Section 7.
18	After the hearing, if the Director finds, based on the
19	evidence introduced at the hearing, that the hospital violated
20	this Section, the Director may impose a civil penalty as
21	follows:
22	(1) The penalty for a first violation of this Section
23	shall be a reprimand.
24	(2) The penalty for a second violation of this Section
25	shall be a reprimand and a monetary penalty not to exceed
26	<u>\$500.</u>
27	(3) The penalty for a third or subsequent violation of
28	this Section shall be a monetary penalty of not less than
29	\$2,500 and not more than \$5,000.
30	To be counted as a second or subsequent violation under
31	this Section, a violation must occur within 12 months after the
32	immediately preceding violation.
33	The Attorney General may bring an action in the circuit
34	court to enforce the collection of a monetary penalty imposed
35	under this Section.
36	All monetary penalties paid pursuant to this Section shall

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1	be paid to the Department of Public Health and shall be used by
2	the Department for the purpose of funding scholarships awarded
3	under the Nursing Education Scholarship Law.

- (d) Every hospital must post a summary of this Section approved by the Director of Labor in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the hospital premises wherever any person subject to this Section employed. The Department of Labor must furnish copies of the summary to hospitals on request, without charge.
- Section 10. The Hospital Report Card Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows:
- 12 (210 ILCS 86/25)
- 13 Sec. 25. Hospital reports.
- 14 (a) Individual hospitals shall prepare a quarterly report 15 including all of the following:
- 16 (1) Nursing hours per patient day, average daily
  17 census, and average daily hours worked for each clinical
  18 service area.
  - (2) Nosocomial infection rates for the facility for the specific clinical procedures determined by the Department by rule under the following categories:
    - (A) Class I surgical site infection.
    - (B) Ventilator-associated pneumonia.
- 24 (C) Central line-related bloodstream infections.
- 25 (3) Violations of Section 10.9 of the Hospital

  26 Licensing Act, as determined by the Director of Public

  27 Health.

The Department shall only disclose Illinois hospital infection rate data according to the current benchmarks of the Centers for Disease Control's National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance Program.

(b) Individual hospitals shall prepare annual reports including vacancy and turnover rates for licensed nurses per clinical service area.

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- (c) None of the information the Department discloses to the public may be made available in any form or fashion unless the information has been reviewed, adjusted, and validated according to the following process:
  - The Department shall organize (1)an advisory committee, including representatives from the Department, public and private hospitals, direct care nursing staff, physicians, academic researchers, consumers, health insurance companies, organized labor, and organizations representing hospitals and physicians. The committee must be meaningfully involved in the development of all aspects of the Department's methodology for analyzing, and disclosing the information collecting, collected under this Act, including collection methods, formatting, and methods and means for release and dissemination.
  - (2) The entire methodology for collecting and analyzing the data shall be disclosed to all relevant organizations and to all hospitals that are the subject of any information to be made available to the public before any public disclosure of such information.
  - (3) Data collection and analytical methodologies shall be used that meet accepted standards of validity and reliability before any information is made available to the public.
  - (4) The limitations of the data sources and analytic methodologies used to develop comparative hospital information shall be clearly identified and acknowledged, including but not limited to the appropriate and inappropriate uses of the data.
  - (5) To the greatest extent possible, comparative hospital information initiatives shall use standard-based norms derived from widely accepted provider-developed practice guidelines.
  - (6) Comparative hospital information and other information that the Department has compiled regarding

hospitals shall be shared with the hospitals under review prior to public dissemination of such information and these hospitals have 30 days to make corrections and to add helpful explanatory comments about the information before the publication.

- (7) Comparisons among hospitals shall adjust for patient case mix and other relevant risk factors and control for provider peer groups, when appropriate.
- (8) Effective safeguards to protect against the unauthorized use or disclosure of hospital information shall be developed and implemented.
- (9) Effective safeguards to protect against the dissemination of inconsistent, incomplete, invalid, inaccurate, or subjective hospital data shall be developed and implemented.
- (10) The quality and accuracy of hospital information reported under this Act and its data collection, analysis, and dissemination methodologies shall be evaluated regularly.
- (11) Only the most basic identifying information from mandatory reports shall be used, and information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional shall not be released. None of the information the Department discloses to the public under this Act may be used to establish a standard of care in a private civil action.
- (d) Quarterly reports shall be submitted, in a format set forth in rules adopted by the Department, to the Department by April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31 each year for the previous quarter. Data in quarterly reports must cover a period ending not earlier than one month prior to submission of the report. Annual reports shall be submitted by December 31 in a format set forth in rules adopted by the Department to the Department. All reports shall be made available to the public on-site and through the Department.
  - (e) If the hospital is a division or subsidiary of another

- 1 entity that owns or operates other hospitals or related
- 2 organizations, the annual public disclosure report shall be for
- 3 the specific division or subsidiary and not for the other
- 4 entity.
- 5 (f) The Department shall disclose information under this
- 6 Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and
- 7 copying of public records required by the Freedom of
- 8 Information Act provided that such information satisfies the
- 9 provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.
- 10 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no
- 11 circumstances shall the Department disclose information
- obtained from a hospital that is confidential under Part 21 of
- 13 Article 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 14 (h) No hospital report or Department disclosure may contain
- 15 information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed
- 16 professional.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 93-563, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.