

Sen. Terry Link

## Filed: 5/10/2005

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LRB094 06634 RSP 46233 a

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 414

AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 414 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Section 5.640 and by changing Section 8h as follows:

- 6 (30 ILCS 105/5.640 new)
- Sec. 5.640. The Private Sewage Disposal Program Fund.
- 8 (30 ILCS 105/8h)
- 9 Sec. 8h. Transfers to General Revenue Fund.
- 10 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, the Governor may, through 11 June 30, 2007, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and 12 13 Comptroller to transfer a specified sum from any fund held by 14 the State Treasurer to the General Revenue Fund in order to 15 help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year. The total transfer under this Section from any fund in any 16 17 fiscal year shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 8% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year 18 or (ii) an amount that leaves a remaining fund balance of 25% 19 20 of the July 1 fund balance of that fiscal year. In fiscal year 2005 only, prior to calculating the July 1, 2004 final 21 balances, the Governor may calculate and direct the State 22 Treasurer with the Comptroller to transfer additional amounts 23

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determined by applying the formula authorized in Public Act 93-839 to the funds balances on July 1, 2003. No transfer may be made from a fund under this Section that would have the effect of reducing the available balance in the fund to an amount less than the amount remaining unexpended and unreserved from the total appropriation from that fund estimated to be expended for that fiscal year. This Section does not apply to any funds that are restricted by federal law to a specific use, to any funds in the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Hospital Provider Fund, the Medicaid Provider Relief Fund, the Private Sewage Disposal Program Fund, or the Reviewing Court Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund, or to any funds to which subsection (f) of Section 20-40 of the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act applies. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for fiscal year 2004, the total transfer under this Section from the Road Fund or the State Construction Account Fund shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 5% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year or (ii) 25% of the beginning balance in the fund. For fiscal year 2005 through fiscal year 2007, no amounts may be transferred under this Section from the Road Fund, the State Construction Account Fund, the Criminal Justice Information Systems Trust Fund, the Wireless Service Emergency Fund, or the Mandatory Arbitration Fund.

In determining the available balance in a fund, the Governor may include receipts, transfers into the fund, and other resources anticipated to be available in the fund in that fiscal year.

The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the amounts designated under this Section as soon as may be practicable after receiving the direction to transfer from the Governor.

(b) This Section does not apply to any fund established under the Community Senior Services and Resources Act.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 6-20-03; 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-674,
- 2 eff. 6-10-04; 93-714, eff. 7-12-04; 93-801, eff. 7-22-04;
- 3 93-839, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1054, eff. 11-18-04; 93-1067, eff.
- 4 1-15-05.)
- 5 Section 10. The Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act is
- amended by changing Sections 3, 4, 5, 5a, and 8 as follows:
- 7 (225 ILCS 225/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.303)
- 8 Sec. 3. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise
- 9 requires:
- 10 (1) "Domestic Sewage" means waste water derived
- 11 principally from dwellings, business or office buildings,
- 12 institutions, food service establishments, and similar
- 13 facilities.
- 14 (2) "Director" means Director of the Illinois Department of
- 15 Public Health.
- 16 (3) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public
- 17 Health.
- 18 (4) "Human Wastes" means undigested food and by-products of
- metabolism which are passed out of the human body.
- 20 (5) "Person" means any individual, group of individuals,
- 21 association, trust, partnership, corporation, person doing
- 22 business under an assumed name, the State of Illinois or any
- 23 Department thereof, or any other entity.
- 24 (6) "Population Equivalent" means an average waste loading
- 25 equivalent to that produced by one person which is defined as
- 26 100 gallons per day.
- 27 (7) "Private Sewage Disposal System" means any sewage
- 28 handling or treatment facility receiving domestic sewage from
- less than 15 people or population equivalent and having a
- 30 ground surface discharge or any sewage handling or treatment
- 31 facility receiving domestic sewage and having no ground surface
- 32 discharge.

- 1 "Private Sewage Disposal System Installation (8)
- 2 Contractor" means any person constructing, installing,
- 3 repairing, modifying, or maintaining private sewage disposal
- 4 systems.
- 5 (9) "Property Owner" means the person in whose name legal
- title to the real estate is recorded. 6
- 7 (10) "Waste" means either human waste or domestic sewage or
- 8 both.
- (11) "Private Sewage Disposal System Pumping Contractor" 9
- 10 means any person who cleans or pumps waste from a private
- 11 sewage disposal system or hauls or disposes of wastes removed
- therefrom. 12
- (12) "NPDES" means the National Pollutant Discharge 13
- 14 Elimination System.
- (13) "Off-lot discharging private sewage disposal system" 15
- means any private sewage disposal system that has a surface 16
- discharge point from which effluent leaves the property and 17
- enters waters of the State. 18
- (Source: P.A. 84-670.) 19
- 20 (225 ILCS 225/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.304)
- Sec. 4. (a) After January 1, 1974, no person or private 21
- 22 sewage disposal system contractor may construct, install,
- 23 modify, repair, maintain, or service a private sewage disposal
- 24 system or transport and dispose of waste removed therefrom, in
- 25 such a manner that does not comply with the requirements of
- 26 this Act and the private sewage disposal code promulgated
- 27 hereunder by the Department. A person who owns and occupies a
- 28 single family dwelling and who constructs, installs,
- maintains, services or cleans the private sewage disposal 29
- 30 system which serves his single family residence shall not be
- 31 required to be licensed under this Act, however, such person
- shall comply with all other provisions of this Act and the 32
- private sewage disposal code promulgated hereunder by the 33

Department.

Any person who constructs, installs, repairs, modifies, or maintains a private sewage disposal system, other than a system which serves his own single family residence, shall be licensed by the Department as a Private Sewage System Installation Contractor and any person who cleans or pumps waste from a private sewage disposal system, other than a system which serves his own single family residence, or hauls or disposes of wastes removed therefrom shall be licensed by the Department as a Private Sewage Disposal System Pumping Contractor in accordance with this Act.

- (b) No new private sewage disposal system shall be installed by any person until drawings, specifications and other information requested by the Department are submitted to and reviewed by the Department and found to comply with the private sewage disposal code, and until approval for the installation of such system is issued by the Department.
- (c) The licensing requirements of this Act shall not apply to any person who cleans or pumps, hauls or disposes of waste from chemical toilets located in an underground coal mine. This waste shall be (i) transported to and disposed of at a sewage treatment facility permitted by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency and located on the mine property, or (ii) stored on-site in a sanitary manner pending removal and subsequent disposal by a licensed private sewage disposal pumping contractor.
- (d) No person may operate an off-lot discharging private sewage disposal system installed on or after January 1, 2006, unless all of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The owner provides for the operation and maintenance of the system by a licensed Private Sewage

    Disposal System Installation Contractor, pursuant to this

    Act and the rules adopted by the Department.
    - (2) Monitoring of the discharge is conducted.

1	(3) The owner or operator has filed a Notice of Intent
2	with the State to allow coverage under the State's blanket
3	NPDES permit for the system.
4	(4) The effluent quality meets applicable limitations
5	of State and federal laws and rules.
6	(5) To the maximum extent practicable, the owner
7	minimizes off-lot discharges from the system.
8	(e) There is hereby created in the State treasury a special
9	fund to be known as the Private Sewage Disposal Program Fund.
10	All fees collected by the Department for exams, licenses,
11	permits, and fines in accordance with this Act shall be
12	deposited into the Fund and shall be appropriated by the
13	General Assembly to the Department. Gifts, grants, and other
14	moneys from any source may be deposited into the Fund. Subject
15	to appropriation, money from the Fund shall be used by the
16	Department to administer this Act, including establishing and
17	maintaining an NPDES permit program for private sewage disposal
18	systems in conjunction with the Illinois Environmental
19	Protection Agency and supporting private sewage disposal
20	education and training. Interest generated by this Fund shall
21	be returned to the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be
22	appropriated and used only for the purposes stated in this Act.
23	(f) No later than January 1, 2006, the Department shall
24	amend the Private Sewage Disposal Code to make the Code
25	consistent with this Act. The amendments shall include all of
26	<pre>the following:</pre>
27	(1) Continuing education requirements for persons
28	seeking to renew a license under this Act.
29	(2) For off-lot discharging private sewage disposal
30	systems proposed for installation on or after January 1,
31	2008, soil evaluations or percolation tests shall be
32	conducted to support the use of a subsurface system.
33	(3) Site evaluations shall be conducted by a Private
34	Sewage Disposal System Installation Contractor prior to

1	the issuance of a construction permit. Consideration shall
2	be given without limitation to the impact of the following:
3	topography, drainage-ways, terraces, flood plains, the
4	percentage of land slope, the location of property lines,
5	the location of easements, buried utilities, existing and
6	proposed tile lines, proposed and abandoned water wells,
7	the amount of available area for the installation of the
8	system, evidence of unstable ground, alteration, including
9	the cutting, filling, and compacting of existing soil
10	profile, and soil factors determined from a soil analysis
11	percolation test and soil survey maps, if available.
12	(4) Requirements for effluent reduction methods to be
13	used when an off-lot discharging system is installed.
14	(5) Criteria for the maintenance, operation, and
15	monitoring of off-lot discharging private sewage disposal
16	systems.
17	(g) In order to ensure that the analysis of wastewater
18	samples submitted for NPDES compliance is conducted properly,
19	laboratories that conduct wastewater testing must be certified
20	by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to conduct this
21	wastewater analysis.
22	(h) No later than January 1, 2006, the Department shall
23	adopt rules concerning the routine maintenance of all private
24	sewage disposal systems.
25	(i) All off-lot discharging sewage disposal systems
26	existing on January 1, 2006 must be brought into compliance

(Source: P.A. 86-1195.) 29

ownership or complaint.

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(225 ILCS 225/5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.305) 30

Sec. 5. (a) The Director shall issue a private sewage system installation contractor license or a private sewage disposal system pumping contractor license to persons applying

with subsection (d) of this Section upon change of property

(Source: P.A. 85-1261.)

for such license who successfully pass a written examination or training course or both prepared or approved by the Department and who pay the required annual license fee in an amount determined by the Department. Each person who holds a currently valid plumbing license issued under the "Illinois Plumbing License Law", as now or hereafter amended, shall not be required to pay the annual license fee required by this Section, and but such licensed person shall comply with all other provisions of this Act, including the requirements requirement for examination or training or both for licensure.

(b) A license issued under this Act shall expire on December 31 of the year issued, except that an original license issued after October 1 and before December 31 shall expire on December 31 of the following year.

The Department shall reinstate a license which expires while a licensee is in the active military service of the United States upon application to the Department by the former licensee within 2 years after termination of such military service, payment of the annual license fee and submission of evidence of such military service. Such license shall be reinstated without examination and without payment of the reinstatement fee.

(c) A private sewage disposal system pumping contractor or a private sewage system installation contractor whose license has expired for a period of less than 3 years may apply to the Department for reinstatement of his license. The Department shall issue such renewed license provided the applicant pays to the Department all lapsed license fees, plus a reinstatement fee determined by the Department. A license which has expired for more than 3 years may be restored only by reapplying to take the examination and by successfully passing the written examination or training course or both.

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1 (225 ILCS 225/5a) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.305a)

Sec. 5a. All applicants shall be tested and required to attain a passing grade prescribed by the Department on an examination which evaluates the applicants' general knowledge of the design, installation, operation, maintenance and servicing of on-site waste water disposal systems or to successfully complete a training course developed or approved by the Department or to do both.

Applications for examination shall be in the form prescribed by the Department and shall be accompanied by the required fee determined by the Department. The Department shall conduct written examinations at least 2 times a year and may require a practical demonstration by each applicant. The written examination shall be prepared by the Department.

Persons holding a valid license on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985 shall be required to pass the written examination by December 31, 1989. A license will not be renewed after December 31, 1989, unless the person holding the license has successfully passed the written examination.

20 (Source: P.A. 84-670.)

21 (225 ILCS 225/8) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.308)

Sec. 8. In addition to promulgating and publishing the private sewage disposal code, the Department has the following powers and duties:

- (1) Make such inspections as are necessary to determine satisfactory compliance with this Act and the private sewage disposal code.
- (2) Cause investigations to be made when a violation of any provisions of this Act or the private sewage disposal code is reported to the Department.
- 31 (3) Subject to constitutional limitations, by its 32 representatives after identification, enter at reasonable 33 times upon private or public property for the purpose of

- inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the 1
- 2 administration and enforcement of this Act and the private
- 3 sewage disposal code.
- (4) Institute or cause to be instituted legal proceedings 4
- in the circuit court by the State's Attorney of the county 5
- where such non-compliance occurred or by the Attorney General 6
- of the State of Illinois in cases of non-compliance with the 7
- 8 provisions of this Act and the private sewage disposal code.
- (5) Authorize the trial or experimental use of new 9
- 10 innovative systems for private sewage disposal, upon such
- conditions as the Department may set. 11
- (6) Adopt minimum performance standards for private sewage 12
- 13 disposal system contractors.
- (7) Issue an annual license to every applicant who complies 14
- 15 with the requirements of this Act and the private sewage
- 16 disposal code and who pays the required annual license fee.
- (8) Collect an annual license fee in an amount determined 17
- by the Department from each contractor and any examination and 18
- 19 reinstatement fees.
- 20 (9) Prescribe rules of procedure for hearings following
- 21 denial, suspension or revocation of licenses as provided in
- this Act. 22
- (10) Issue operating permits for off-lot discharging 23
- 24 disposal systems to ensure NPDES compliance.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 85-1261.)
- Section 15. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by 26
- changing Sections 3.330 and 21 as follows: 27
- (415 ILCS 5/3.330) (was 415 ILCS 5/3.32) 28
- 29 Sec. 3.330. Pollution control facility.
- 30 (a) "Pollution control facility" is any waste storage site,
- 31 sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste
- station, waste treatment facility, or waste incinerator. This 32

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1 includes sewers, sewage treatment plants, and any other 2 facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act. 3

The following are not pollution control facilities:

- (1) (Blank);
- (2) waste storage sites regulated under 40 CFR, Part 761.42;
- (3) sites or facilities used by any person conducting a waste storage, waste treatment, waste disposal, waste transfer or waste incineration operation, or a combination thereof, for wastes generated by such person's own activities, when such wastes are stored, treated, disposed of, transferred or incinerated within the site or facility owned, controlled or operated by such person, or when such wastes are transported within or between sites or facilities owned, controlled or operated by such person;
- sites or facilities at which the State is performing removal or remedial action pursuant to Section 22.2 or 55.3;
- (5) abandoned quarries used solely for the disposal of concrete, earth materials, gravel, or aggregate debris resulting from road construction activities conducted by a unit of government or construction activities due to the construction and installation of underground pipes, lines, conduit or wires off of the premises of a public utility company which are conducted by a public utility;
- sites or facilities used by any person to specifically conduct a landscape composting operation;
- (7) regional facilities as defined in the Central Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact;
- (8) the portion of a site or facility where coal combustion wastes are stored or disposed of in accordance with subdivision (r)(2) or (r)(3) of Section 21;
  - (9) the portion of a site or facility used for the

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1 collection, storage or processing of waste tires as defined 2 in Title XIV:

- (10) the portion of a site or facility used for of treatment petroleum contaminated materials bv application onto or incorporation into the soil surface and any portion of that site or facility used for storage of petroleum contaminated materials before treatment. Only those categories of petroleum listed in Section 57.9(a)(3) are exempt under this subdivision (10);
- (11) the portion of a site or facility where used oil is collected or stored prior to shipment to a recycling or energy recovery facility, provided that the used oil is generated by households or commercial establishments, and the site or facility is a recycling center or a business where oil or gasoline is sold at retail;
- (12) the portion of a site or facility utilizing coal combustion waste for stabilization and treatment of only waste generated on that site or facility when used in connection with response actions pursuant to the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, or the Illinois Environmental Protection Act or as authorized by the Agency;
- (13) the portion of a site or facility accepting exclusively general construction or demolition debris, located in a county with a population over 700,000 as of January 1, 2000, and operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act; and
- (14) the portion of a site or facility, located within a unit of local government that has enacted local zoning requirements, used to accept, separate, and process uncontaminated broken concrete, with or without protruding metal bars, provided that the uncontaminated broken concrete and metal bars are not speculatively accumulated,

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- are at the site or facility no longer than one year after their acceptance, and are returned to the economic
- 3 mainstream in the form of raw materials or products.
  - (b) A new pollution control facility is:
- 5 (1) a pollution control facility initially permitted 6 for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or
  - (2) the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a currently permitted pollution control facility; or
- 9 (3) a permitted pollution control facility requesting 10 approval to store, dispose of, transfer or incinerate, for 11 the first time, any special or hazardous waste.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 92-574, eff. 6-26-02; 93-998, eff. 8-23-04.)
- 13 (415 ILCS 5/21) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1021)
- 14 Sec. 21. Prohibited acts. No person shall:
- 15 (a) Cause or allow the open dumping of any waste.
- 16 (b) Abandon, dump, or deposit any waste upon the public 17 highways or other public property, except in a sanitary 18 landfill approved by the Agency pursuant to regulations adopted
- 19 by the Board.
- 20 (c) Abandon any vehicle in violation of the "Abandoned Vehicles Amendment to the Illinois Vehicle Code", as enacted by the 76th General Assembly.
- 23 (d) Conduct any waste-storage, waste-treatment, or waste-disposal operation:
- 25 (1) without a permit granted by the Agency or in 26 violation of any conditions imposed by such permit, 27 including periodic reports and full access to adequate 28 records and the inspection of facilities, as may be necessary to assure compliance with this Act and with 29 30 regulations and standards adopted thereunder; provided, however, that, except for municipal solid waste landfill 31 32 units that receive waste on or after October 9, 1993, no permit shall be required for (i) any person conducting a 33

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waste-storage, waste-treatment, or waste-disposal operation for wastes generated by such person's own activities which are stored, treated, or disposed within the site where such wastes are generated, or (ii) a facility located in a county with a population over 700,000 as of January 1, 2000, operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act, and used exclusively for the transfer, storage, or treatment of general construction or demolition debris;

- (2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
- (3) which receives waste after August 31, 1988, does not have a permit issued by the Agency, and is (i) a landfill used exclusively for the disposal of waste generated at the site, (ii) a surface impoundment receiving special waste not listed in an NPDES permit, (iii) a waste pile in which the total volume of waste is greater than 100 cubic yards or the waste is stored for over one year, or (iv) a land treatment facility receiving special waste generated at the site; without giving notice of the operation to the Agency by January 1, 1989, or 30 days after the date on which the operation commences, whichever is later, and every 3 years thereafter. The form for such notification shall be specified by the Agency, and shall be limited to information regarding: the name and address of the location of the operation; the type of operation; the types and amounts of waste stored, treated or disposed of on an annual basis; the remaining capacity of the operation; and the remaining expected life the operation.

Item (3) of this subsection (d) shall not apply to any person engaged in agricultural activity who is disposing of a substance that constitutes solid waste, if the substance was acquired for use by that person on his own property, and the

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1 substance is disposed of on his own property in accordance with 2 regulations or standards adopted by the Board.

3 This subsection (d) shall not apply to hazardous waste.

- Dispose, treat, store or abandon any waste, transport any waste into this State for disposal, treatment, storage or abandonment, except at a site or facility which meets the requirements of this Act and of regulations and standards thereunder.
- (f) Conduct any hazardous waste-storage, hazardous waste-treatment or hazardous waste-disposal operation:
  - (1) without a RCRA permit for the site issued by the Agency under subsection (d) of Section 39 of this Act, or in violation of any condition imposed by such permit, including periodic reports and full access to adequate records and the inspection of facilities, as may be necessary to assure compliance with this Act and with regulations and standards adopted thereunder; or
  - (2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
  - (3) in violation of any RCRA permit filing requirement established under standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or
- (4) in violation of any order adopted by the Board under this Act.

Notwithstanding the above, no RCRA permit shall be required under this subsection or subsection (d) of Section 39 of this Act for any person engaged in agricultural activity who is disposing of a substance which has been identified as a hazardous waste, and which has been designated by Board regulations as being subject to this exception, if substance was acquired for use by that person on his own property and the substance is disposed of on his own property in accordance with regulations or standards adopted by the Board.

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- (g) Conduct any hazardous waste-transportation operation:
- (1) without registering with and obtaining a permit from the Agency in accordance with the Uniform Program implemented under subsection (1-5) of Section 22.2; or
- in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act.
- (h) Conduct any hazardous waste-recycling or hazardous waste-reclamation or hazardous waste-reuse operation violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act.
- (i) Conduct any process or engage in any act which produces hazardous waste in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under subsections (a) and (c) of Section 22.4 of this Act.
- (j) Conduct any special waste transportation operation in violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act. However, sludge from a water or sewage treatment plant owned and operated by a unit of local government which (1) is subject to a sludge management plan approved by the Agency or a permit granted by the Agency, and (2) has been tested and determined not to be a hazardous waste as required by applicable State and federal laws and regulations, may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling permit, and the preparation and carrying of a manifest shall not be required for such sludge under the rules of the Pollution Control Board. The unit of local government which operates the treatment plant producing such sludge shall file a semiannual report with the Agency identifying the volume of such sludge transported during the reporting period, the hauler of the sludge, and the disposal sites to which it was transported. This subsection (j) shall not apply to hazardous waste.
  - (k) Fail or refuse to pay any fee imposed under this Act.
  - (1) Locate a hazardous waste disposal site above an active

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or inactive shaft or tunneled mine or within 2 miles of an active fault in the earth's crust. In counties of population less than 225,000 no hazardous waste disposal site shall be located (1) within 1 1/2 miles of the corporate limits as defined on June 30, 1978, of any municipality without the approval of the governing body of the municipality in an official action; or (2) within 1000 feet of an existing private well or the existing source of a public water supply measured from the boundary of the actual active permitted site and excluding existing private wells on the property of the permit applicant. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to publicly-owned sewage works or the disposal or utilization of sludge from publicly-owned sewage works.

- (m) Transfer interest in any land which has been used as a hazardous waste disposal site without written notification to the Agency of the transfer and to the transferee of the conditions imposed by the Agency upon its use under subsection (q) of Section 39.
- (n) Use any land which has been used as a hazardous waste disposal site except in compliance with conditions imposed by the Agency under subsection (g) of Section 39.
- (o) Conduct a sanitary landfill operation which is required to have a permit under subsection (d) of this Section, in a manner which results in any of the following conditions:
  - (1) refuse in standing or flowing waters;
  - (2) leachate flows entering waters of the State;
  - (3) leachate flows exiting the landfill confines (as determined by the boundaries established for the landfill by a permit issued by the Agency);
  - (4) open burning of refuse in violation of Section 9 of this Act;
  - (5) uncovered refuse remaining from any previous operating day or at the conclusion of any operating day, unless authorized by permit;

1	(6) failure to provide final cover within time limits
2	established by Board regulations;
3	(7) acceptance of wastes without necessary permits;
4	(8) scavenging as defined by Board regulations;
5	(9) deposition of refuse in any unpermitted portion of
6	the landfill;
7	(10) acceptance of a special waste without a required
8	manifest;
9	(11) failure to submit reports required by permits or
10	Board regulations;
11	(12) failure to collect and contain litter from the
12	site by the end of each operating day;
13	(13) failure to submit any cost estimate for the site
14	or any performance bond or other security for the site as
15	required by this Act or Board rules.
16	The prohibitions specified in this subsection (o) shall be
17	enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation
18	under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this
19	Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit
20	the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards
21	applicable to sanitary landfills.
22	(p) In violation of subdivision (a) of this Section, cause
23	or allow the open dumping of any waste in a manner which
24	results in any of the following occurrences at the dump site:
25	(1) litter;
26	(2) scavenging;
27	(3) open burning;
28	(4) deposition of waste in standing or flowing waters;
29	(5) proliferation of disease vectors;
30	(6) standing or flowing liquid discharge from the dump
31	site;
32	(7) deposition of:
33	(i) general construction or demolition debris as
34	defined in Section 3.160(a) of this Act; or

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(ii) clean construction or demolition debris as 1 defined in Section 3.160(b) of this Act. 2

The prohibitions specified in this subsection (p) shall be enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards applicable to open dumping.

- (q) Conduct a landscape waste composting operation without an Agency permit, provided, however, that no permit shall be required for any person:
  - (1) conducting a landscape waste composting operation for landscape wastes generated by such person's own activities which are stored, treated or disposed of within the site where such wastes are generated; or
  - (2) applying landscape waste or composted landscape waste at agronomic rates; or
  - (3) operating a landscape waste composting facility on a farm, if the facility meets all of the following criteria:
    - (A) the composting facility is operated by the farmer on property on which the composting material is utilized, and the composting facility constitutes no more than 2% of the property's total acreage, except that the Agency may allow a higher percentage for individual sites where the owner or operator has demonstrated to the Agency that the site's soil characteristics or crop needs require a higher rate;
    - (B) the property on which the composting facility is located, and any associated property on which the compost is used, is principally and diligently devoted to the production of agricultural crops and is not owned, leased or otherwise controlled by any waste hauler or generator of nonagricultural compost

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materials, and the operator of the composting facility is not an employee, partner, shareholder, or in any way connected with or controlled by any such waste hauler or generator;

- (C) all compost generated by the composting facility is applied at agronomic rates and used as mulch, fertilizer or soil conditioner on land actually by the person operating the composting facility, and the finished compost is not stored at the composting site for a period longer than 18 months prior to its application as mulch, fertilizer, or soil conditioner;
- (D) the owner or operator, by January 1, 1990 (or the January 1 following commencement of operation, whichever is later) and January 1 of each year thereafter, (i) registers the site with the Agency, (ii) reports to the Agency on the volume of composting material received and used at the site, (iii) certifies the Agency that the site complies with requirements set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph (q)(3), and (iv) certifies to the Agency that all composting material was placed more than 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply well, was placed outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or on a part of the site that is floodproofed, was placed at least 1/4 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on the same property as the facility) and there are not more than 10 occupied non-farm residences within 1/2 mile of the boundaries of the site on the date of application, and was placed more than 5 feet above the water table.

For the purposes of this subsection (q), "agronomic rates" means the application of not more than 20 tons per acre per

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- 1 year, except that the Agency may allow a higher rate for individual sites where the owner or operator has demonstrated 2 3 to the Agency that the site's soil characteristics or crop 4 needs require a higher rate.
  - (r) Cause or allow the storage or disposal of coal combustion waste unless:
    - (1) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or facility for which a permit has been obtained or is not otherwise required under subsection (d) of this Section; or
    - (2) such waste is stored or disposed of as a part of the design and reclamation of a site or facility which is an abandoned mine site in accordance with the Abandoned Mined Lands and Water Reclamation Act; or
    - (3) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or facility which is operating under NPDES and Subtitle D permits issued by the Agency pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board for mine-related water pollution and permits issued pursuant to the Federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (P.L. 95-87) or the rules and regulations thereunder or any law or rule or regulation adopted by the State of Illinois pursuant thereto, and the owner or operator of the facility agrees to accept the waste; and either
      - (i) such waste is stored or disposed of in accordance with requirements applicable to refuse disposal under regulations adopted by the Board for mine-related water pollution and pursuant to NPDES and Subtitle D permits issued by the Agency under such regulations; or
      - the owner or operator of the demonstrates all of the following to the Agency, and the facility is operated in accordance with demonstration as approved by the Agency: (1)disposal area will be covered in a manner that will

support continuous vegetation, (2) the facility will be adequately protected from wind and water erosion, (3) the pH will be maintained so as to prevent excessive leaching of metal ions, and (4) adequate containment or other measures will be provided to protect surface water and groundwater from contamination at levels prohibited by this Act, the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act, or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, the disposal of coal combustion waste pursuant to item (2) or (3) of this subdivision (r) shall be exempt from the other provisions of this Title V, and notwithstanding the provisions of Title X of this Act, the Agency is authorized to grant experimental permits which include provision for the disposal of wastes from the combustion of coal and other materials pursuant to items (2) and (3) of this subdivision (r).

- (s) After April 1, 1989, offer for transportation, transport, deliver, receive or accept special waste for which a manifest is required, unless the manifest indicates that the fee required under Section 22.8 of this Act has been paid.
- (t) Cause or allow a lateral expansion of a municipal solid waste landfill unit on or after October 9, 1993, without a permit modification, granted by the Agency, that authorizes the lateral expansion.
- (u) Conduct any vegetable by-product treatment, storage, disposal or transportation operation in violation of any regulation, standards or permit requirements adopted by the Board under this Act. However, no permit shall be required under this Title V for the land application of vegetable by-products conducted pursuant to Agency permit issued under Title III of this Act to the generator of the vegetable by-products. In addition, vegetable by-products may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling

permit, and without the preparation and carrying of a manifest.

(v) (Blank).

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3 (w) Conduct any generation, transportation, or recycling 4 of construction or demolition debris, clean or general, or 5 uncontaminated soil generated during construction, remodeling, repair, and demolition of utilities, structures, and roads that 6 7 is not commingled with any waste, without the maintenance of 8 documentation identifying the hauler, generator, place of origin of the debris or soil, the weight or volume of the 9 10 debris or soil, and the location, owner, and operator of the facility where the debris or soil was transferred, disposed, 11 recycled, or treated. This documentation must be maintained by 12 the generator, transporter, or recycler for 3 years. This 13 14 subsection (w) shall not apply to (1) a permitted pollution 15 control facility that transfers or accepts construction or demolition debris, clean or general, or uncontaminated soil for 16 17 final disposal, recycling, or treatment, (2) a public utility 18 (as that term is defined in the Public Utilities Act) or a utility, 19 municipal (3) the Illinois Department 20 Transportation, or (4) a municipality or a county highway 21 department, with the exception of any municipality or county highway department located within a county having a population 22 23 of over 3,000,000 inhabitants or located in a county that is 2.4 contiguous to a county having a population of over 3,000,000 25 inhabitants; but it shall apply to an entity that contracts 26 with a public utility, a municipal utility, the Illinois Department of Transportation, or a municipality or a county 27 28 highway department. The terms "generation" and "recycling" as 29 used in this subsection do not apply to clean construction or demolition debris when (i) used as fill material below grade 30 31 outside of a setback zone if covered by sufficient 32 uncontaminated soil to support vegetation within 30 days of the 33 completion of filling or if covered by a road or structure, (ii) solely broken concrete without protruding metal bars is 34

- used for erosion control, or (iii) milled asphalt or crushed 1
- 2 concrete is used as aggregate in construction of the shoulder
- of a roadway. The terms "generation" and "recycling", as used 3
- in this subsection, do not apply to uncontaminated soil that is 4
- 5 not commingled with any waste when (i) used as fill material
- 6 below grade or contoured to grade, or (ii) used at the site of
- 7 generation.
- (Source: P.A. 92-574, eff. 6-26-02; 93-179, eff. 7-11-03.) 8
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.". 10