

## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB0296

Introduced 1/18/2005, by Rep. Kurt M. Granberg - Dan Reitz

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

220 ILCS 5/9-220

from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 9-220

Amends the Public Utilities Act. Authorizes any gas utility to enter into a long-term contract with any company for synthetic natural gas produced from coal through the gasification process. Provides guidelines for determining if the cost for the synthetic natural gas is reasonable and prudent.

LRB094 06395 MKM 36480 b

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1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing Section 9-220 as follows:
- 6 (220 ILCS 5/9-220) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 9-220)
- 7 Sec. 9-220. Rate changes based on changes in fuel costs.
- 8 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9-201, the Commission may authorize the increase or decrease of rates and 9 charges based upon changes in the cost of fuel used in the 10 generation or production of electric power, changes in the cost 11 of purchased power, or changes in the cost of purchased gas 12 through the application of fuel adjustment clauses or purchased 13 14 gas adjustment clauses. The Commission may also authorize the 15 increase or decrease of rates and charges based upon expenditures or revenues resulting from the purchase or sale of 16 17 emission allowances created under the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, through such fuel adjustment clauses, as a 18 19 cost of fuel. For the purposes of this paragraph, cost of fuel 20 used in the generation or production of electric power shall include the amount of any fees paid by the utility for the 21 22 implementation and operation of а process for the 23 desulfurization of the flue gas when burning high sulfur coal at any location within the State of Illinois irrespective of 24 25 the attainment status designation of such location; but shall 26 not include transportation costs of coal (i) except to the extent that for contracts entered into on and after the 27 28 effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, the cost of the coal, including transportation costs, constitutes the lowest 29 30 cost for adequate and reliable fuel supply reasonably available to the public utility in comparison to the cost, including 31 32 transportation costs, of other adequate and reliable sources of

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fuel supply reasonably available to the public utility, or (ii) except as otherwise provided in the next 3 sentences of this paragraph. Such costs of fuel shall, when requested by a utility or at the conclusion of the utility's next general electric rate proceeding, whichever shall first occur, include transportation costs of coal purchased under existing coal purchase contracts. For purposes of this paragraph "existing coal purchase contracts" means contracts for the purchase of coal in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, as such contracts may thereafter be amended, but only to the extent that any such amendment does not increase the aggregate quantity of coal to be purchased under such contract. Nothing herein shall authorize an electric utility to recover through its fuel adjustment clause amounts any transportation costs of coal that were included in the revenue requirement used to set base rates in its most recent general rate proceeding. Cost shall be based upon uniformly applied accounting principles. Annually, the Commission shall initiate public hearings to determine whether the clauses reflect actual costs of fuel, gas, power, or coal transportation purchased to determine whether such purchases were prudent, and to reconcile any amounts collected with the actual costs of fuel, power, gas, or coal transportation prudently purchased. In each such proceeding, the burden of proof shall be upon the utility to establish the prudence of its cost of fuel, power, gas, or coal transportation purchases and costs. The Commission shall issue its final order in each such annual proceeding for an electric utility by December 31 of the year immediately following the year to which the proceeding pertains, provided, that the Commission shall issue its final order with respect to such annual proceeding for the years 1996 and earlier by December 31, 1998.

(b) A public utility providing electric service, other than a public utility described in subsections (e) or (f) of this Section, may at any time during the mandatory transition period file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate

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the public utility's fuel adjustment clause and adjust the public utility's base rate tariffs by the amount necessary for the base fuel component of the base rates to recover the public utility's average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour for the 2 most recent years for which the Commission has issued final orders in annual proceedings pursuant to subsection (a), where the average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour shall be calculated as the sum of the public utility's prudent and allowable fuel and power supply costs as found by the Commission in the 2 proceedings divided by the public utility's actual jurisdictional kilowatt-hour sales for those 2 years. Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, the Commission shall review and shall by order approve, or approve as modified, the proposed tariff sheets within 60 days after the date of the public utility's filing. The Commission may modify the public utility's proposed tariff sheets only to the extent the Commission finds necessary to achieve conformance to the requirements of this subsection (b). During the 5 years following the date of the Commission's order, but in any event no earlier than January 1, 2007, a public utility whose fuel adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant this to subsection shall not file proposed tariff sheets seeking, or otherwise petition the Commission for, reinstatement of a fuel adjustment clause.

(c) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service, other than a public utility described in subsection (e) or (f) of this Section, may at any time during the mandatory transition period file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that establish the rate per kilowatt-hour to be applied pursuant to the public utility's

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fuel adjustment clause at the average value for such rate during the preceding 24 months, provided that such average rate results in a credit to customers' bills, without making any revisions to the public utility's base rate tariffs. The proposed tariff sheets shall establish the fuel adjustment rate for a specific time period of at least 3 years but not more than 5 years, provided that the terms and conditions for any reinstatement earlier than 5 years shall be set forth in the proposed tariff sheets and subject to modification or approval by the Commission. The Commission shall review and shall by order approve the proposed tariff sheets if it finds that the requirements of this subsection are met. The Commission shall not conduct the annual hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) of this Section for the utility for the period that the factor established pursuant to this subsection is in effect.

(d) A public utility providing electric service, or a public utility providing gas service may file with Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate the public utility's fuel or purchased gas adjustment clause and adjust the public utility's base rate tariffs to provide for recovery of power supply costs or gas supply costs that would have been recovered through such clause; provided, that the provisions of this subsection (d) shall not be available to a public utility described in subsections (e) or (f) of this Section to eliminate its fuel adjustment clause. Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section, or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant subsection (g) of this Section, the Commission shall review and shall by order approve, or approve as modified in Commission's order, the proposed tariff sheets within 240 days after the date of the public utility's filing. The Commission's order shall approve rates and charges that the Commission, based on information in the public utility's filing or on the record if a hearing is held by the Commission, finds will

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recover the reasonable, prudent and necessary jurisdictional power supply costs or gas supply costs incurred or to be incurred by the public utility during a 12 month period found by the Commission to be appropriate for these purposes, provided, that such period shall be either (i) a 12 month historical period occurring during the 15 months ending on the date of the public utility's filing, or (ii) a 12 month future period ending no later than 15 months following the date of the public utility's filing. The public utility shall include with its tariff filing information showing both (1) its actual jurisdictional power supply costs or gas supply costs for a 12 month historical period conforming to (i) above and (2) its projected jurisdictional power supply costs or gas supply costs for a future 12 month period conforming to (ii) above. If the Commission's order requires modifications in the tariff sheets filed by the public utility, the public utility shall have 7 days following the date of the order to notify the Commission whether the public utility will implement the modified tariffs or elect to continue its fuel or purchased gas adjustment clause in force as though no order had been entered. The Commission's order shall provide for any reconciliation of power supply costs or gas supply costs, as the case may be, and associated revenues through the date that the public utility's fuel or purchased gas adjustment clause is eliminated. During the 5 years following the date of the Commission's order, a public utility whose fuel or purchased gas adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant to this subsection shall not file proposed tariff sheets seeking, or otherwise petition the Commission for, reinstatement or adoption of a fuel purchased gas adjustment clause. Nothing in this subsection (d) shall be construed as limiting the Commission's authority to eliminate a public utility's fuel adjustment clause purchased gas adjustment clause in accordance with any other applicable provisions of this Act.

(e) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of

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this Section, or in any rules promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service to more than 1,000,000 customers in this State may, within the first 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, file with the Commission proposed tariff sheets that eliminate, effective January 1, 1997, the public utility's fuel adjustment clause without adjusting its base rates, and such tariff sheets shall be effective upon filing. To the extent the application of the fuel adjustment clause had resulted in net charges to customers after January 1, 1997, the utility shall also file a tariff sheet that provides for a refund stated on a per kilowatt-hour basis of such charges over a period not to exceed 6 months; provided however, that such refund shall not include the proportional amounts of taxes paid under the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, and Retailers' Occupation Tax Act on fuel used in generation. The Commission shall issue an order within 45 days after the date of the public utility's filing approving or approving as modified such tariff sheet. If the fuel adjustment clause is eliminated pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall not conduct the annual hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) of this Section for the utility for any period after December 31, 1996 and prior to any reinstatement of such clause. A public utility whose fuel adjustment clause has been eliminated pursuant to this subsection shall not file a proposed tariff sheet seeking, or otherwise petition the Commission for, reinstatement of the fuel adjustment clause prior to January 1, 2007.

(f) Notwithstanding any contrary or inconsistent provisions in Section 9-201 of this Act, in subsection (a) of this Section, or in any rules or regulations promulgated by the Commission pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, a public utility providing electric service to more than 500,000 customers but fewer than 1,000,000 customers in this State may, within the first 6 months after the effective date of this

1 amendatory Act of 1997, file with the Commission proposed 2 tariff sheets that eliminate, effective January 1, 1997, the 3 public utility's fuel adjustment clause and adjust its base rates by the amount necessary for the base fuel component of 4 5 the base rates to recover 91% of the public utility's average fuel and power supply costs for the 2 most recent years for 6 which the Commission, as of January 1, 1997, has issued final 7 orders in annual proceedings pursuant to subsection (a), where 8 9 the average fuel and power supply costs per kilowatt-hour shall be calculated as the sum of the public utility's prudent and 10 11 allowable fuel and power supply costs as found by the 12 Commission in the 2 proceedings divided by the public utility's actual jurisdictional kilowatt-hour sales for those 2 years, 13 provided, that such tariff sheets shall be effective upon 14 15 filing. To the extent the application of the fuel adjustment 16 clause had resulted in net charges to customers after January 17 1, 1997, the utility shall also file a tariff sheet that provides for a refund stated on a per kilowatt-hour basis of 18 19 such charges over a period not to exceed 6 months. Provided 20 however, that such refund shall not include the proportional amounts of taxes paid under the Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax 21 Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, and Retailers' Occupation Tax 22 23 Act on fuel used in generation. The Commission shall issue an order within 45 days after the date of the public utility's 24 25 filing approving or approving as modified such tariff sheet. If 26 the fuel adjustment clause is eliminated pursuant to this 27 subsection, the Commission shall not conduct the annual hearings specified in the last 3 sentences of subsection (a) of 28 29 this Section for the utility for any period after December 31, 30 1996 and prior to any reinstatement of such clause. A public 31 utility whose fuel adjustment clause has been eliminated 32 pursuant to this subsection shall not file a proposed tariff sheet seeking, or otherwise petition the Commission for, 33 reinstatement of the fuel adjustment clause prior to January 1, 34 2007. 35

(g) The Commission shall have authority to promulgate rules

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and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Section.

(h) Any gas utility may enter into a long-term supply contract with any company for synthetic natural gas produced from coal through the gasification process. The cost for the synthetic natural gas is reasonable and prudent if, at the time the contract is entered into: (i) the coal used in the gasification process has high volatile bituminous rank and greater than 1.7 pounds of sulfur per million Btu content; (ii) the price per million Btu does not exceed \$5 in 2004 dollars, adjusted annually based on the change in the Annual Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the Midwest Region as published in April by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (or a suitable Consumer Price Index calculation if this Consumer Price Index is not available) for the previous calendar year; provided that the price per million Btu shall not exceed \$5.50 at any time during the contract; and (iii) the aggregate long-term supply contracts for the purchase of synthetic natural gas produced from coal through the gasification process shall not exceed 30% of the annual system supply requirements of the utility at the time of the contract. (Source: P.A. 92-537, eff. 6-6-02.)