

## Sen. John J. Cullerton

## Filed: 3/24/2004

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	09300SB2499sam002 LRB093 20563 RLC 49006 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2499
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 2499, AS AMENDED,
3	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
6	changing Section 21-3 as follows:
7	(720 ILCS 5/21-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-3)
8	Sec. 21-3. Criminal trespass to real property.
9	(a) Whoever:
10	(1) knowingly and without lawful authority enters or
11	remains within or on a building; or
12	(2) enters upon the land of another, after receiving,
13	prior to such entry, notice from the owner or occupant that
14	such entry is forbidden; or
15	(3) remains upon the land of another, after receiving
16	notice from the owner or occupant to depart; or
17	(4) enters upon one of the following areas in or on a
18	motor vehicle (including any all-terrain vehicle, off-road
19	vehicle, snowmobile, motorcycle, moped or any other
20	powered two, three, or four wheeled vehicle or any
21	motorized wheeled or tracked vehicle an off-road vehicle,

motorcycle, moped, or any other powered two-wheel

vehicle), after receiving prior to that entry, notice from

the owner or occupant that the entry is forbidden or

remains upon or in the area after receiving notice from the owner or occupant to depart:

- (A) any field that is used for growing crops or which is capable of being used for growing crops; or
  - (B) an enclosed area containing livestock; or
- (C) or an orchard; or
- 7 (D) a barn or other agricultural building 8 containing livestock;
- 9 commits a Class B misdemeanor.

For purposes of item (1) of this subsection, this Section shall not apply to being in a building which is open to the public while the building is open to the public during its normal hours of operation; nor shall this Section apply to a person who enters a public building under the reasonable belief that the building is still open to the public.

- (b) A person has received notice from the owner or occupant within the meaning of Subsection (a) if he has been notified personally, either orally or in writing including a valid court order as defined by subsection (7) of Section 112A-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 granting remedy (2) of subsection (b) of Section 112A-14 of that Code, or if a printed or written notice forbidding such entry has been conspicuously posted or exhibited at the main entrance to such land or the forbidden part thereof.
- (c) This Section does not apply to any person, whether a migrant worker or otherwise, living on the land with permission of the owner or of his agent having apparent authority to hire workers on such land and assign them living quarters or a place of accommodations for living thereon, nor to anyone living on such land at the request of, or by occupancy, leasing or other agreement or arrangement with the owner or his agent, nor to anyone invited by such migrant worker or other person so living on such land to visit him at the place he is so living upon the land.

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- (d) A person shall be exempt from prosecution under this Section if he beautifies unoccupied and abandoned residential and industrial properties located within any municipality. For the purpose of this subsection, "unoccupied and abandoned residential and industrial property" means any real estate (1) in which the taxes have not been paid for a period of at least 2 years; and (2) which has been left unoccupied and abandoned for a period of at least one year; and "beautifies" means to landscape, clean up litter, or to repair dilapidated conditions on or to board up windows and doors.
- (e) No person shall be liable in any civil action for money damages to the owner of unoccupied and abandoned residential and industrial property which that person beautifies pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section.
- (f) This Section does not prohibit a person from entering a building or upon the land of another for emergency purposes. For purposes of this subsection (f), "emergency" means a condition or circumstance in which an individual is or is reasonably believed by the person to be in imminent danger of serious bodily harm or in which property is or is reasonably believed to be in imminent danger of damage or destruction.

## (g) Trespass with an all-terrain vehicle.

- (1) A person may not operate a motor vehicle or motorized all-terrain vehicle (including any off-road vehicle, snowmobile, motorcycle, moped or any other powered two, three, or four wheeled vehicle) or any motorized wheeled or tracked vehicle licensed or not licensed all-terrain vehicle on land without the permission of the owner, operator, or tenant of the land. A violation of this subsection (g) is a Class B misdemeanor.
- (2) The owner, operator, or tenant of the land may recover damages in a civil action against the trespasser. The court shall award the owner, operator, or tenant the damages specified in this subsection (g). The trespasser

1	shall also be liable for court costs and the owner's,
2	operator's, or tenant's reasonable attorneys fees.
3	(3) The measure of damages shall be:
4	(A) The actual damages, but not less than \$500 if
5	the motor vehicle or motorized all-terrain vehicle
6	(including any off-road vehicle, snowmobile,
7	motorcycle, moped or any other powered two, three, or
8	four wheeled vehicle) or any motorized wheeled or
9	tracked vehicle is operated in a nature preserve area
10	as defined in Section 3.11 of the Illinois Natural
11	Areas Preservation Act; or
12	(B) Three times the actual damages, but not less
13	than \$5000, if the owner, operator, or tenant has
14	previously notified the trespasser to cease
15	trespassing; or
16	(C) Otherwise, the trespasser shall be liable for
17	actual damages, but not less than \$50.
18	(4) If the person operating the all-terrain vehicle is
19	a minor, the owner of the vehicle, and the parents and
20	legal guardians of the minor are jointly and severally
21	<u>liable.</u>
22	(5) Payment of the damages under this subsection (g) is
23	a defense to a criminal charge of trespass under this
24	Section, and to a charge of illegal operation of an
25	all-terrain vehicle in a nature preserve area under
26	subsection (c) of Section 11-1427 of the Illinois
27	Vehicle Code, and to all other civil actions for
28	trespass. Payment does not otherwise absolve the
29	operator of the all-terrain vehicle (including any
30	off-road vehicle, snowmobile, motorcycle, moped or any
31	other powered three or four wheeled vehicle) or any
32	motorized wheeled or tracked vehicle from compliance
33	with laws and regulations governing the operation of
34	those vehicles.

1	(6) Any not for profit organization may enforce the
2	prohibition of this subsection (g) as the owner. Any
3	not for profit organization devoted to protecting
4	land, plant life or wildlife may also enter into an
5	agreement to enforce the prohibition of this
6	subsection (g) on behalf of another owner. Collection
7	of damages, costs and attorneys fees shall be deemed to
8	be consistent with such organization's not for profit
9	status. If the attorney is an employee of such not for
10	profit organization, the amount of attorneys fees
11	shall be based on the usual and customary fees charged
12	by attorneys engaged in small claims collections in the
13	county in which the action is brought.
14	(7) The term "all-terrain vehicle" is as defined in
15	Section 1-101.8 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
16	(Source: P.A. 89-346, eff. 1-1-96; 89-373, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626,
17	eff. 8-9-96; 90-419, eff. 8-15-97.)".