

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 02/09/04, by Roger L. Eddy

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Makes it unlawful for a child sex offender to be knowingly present in a licensed child care facility or to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a licensed child care facility. Makes it unlawful for a child sex offender to reside within 500 feet of a licensed child care facility. Provides that a violation is a Class 4 felony.

LRB093 18063 RLC 43750 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:

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(720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

- Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex offenders prohibited.
- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 9 present in any school building or licensed child care facility, 10 on real property comprising any school or licensed child care 11 facility, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by 12 a school to transport students to or from school or a school 13 14 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present 15 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student or child 16 17 present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance or unless the offender has permission to be present from the 18 19 superintendent or the school board or director of the licensed child care facility or in the case of a private school from the 20 21 principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is 22 granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will 23 be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex 24 offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 25 be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for 26 notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on 27 28 school property and when he or she departs from school 29 property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity 30 of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender 31 who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 32

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- 1 (1) (Blank; or)
- 2 (2) (Blank.)
 - (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school building or <u>licensed</u> child care facility or real property comprising any school or licensed child care facility while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student or child present in the building or on the grounds or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or director of the licensed child care facility or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 25 (1) (Blank; or)
- 26 (2) (Blank.)

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or licensed child care facility or the real property comprising any school or licensed child care facility that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5)

prohi	bits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of
a lic	censed child care facility or the real property comprising
any I	licensed child care facility if the property is owned by
the d	child sex offender and was purchased before the effective
date	of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.
((c) Definitions. In this Section:
	(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
	substantially similar federal law or law of another
	state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
	this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an
	included sex offense, and:
	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
	to commit such offense; or
	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
	offense; or
	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
	commission or attempted commission of such
	offense; or
	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
	federal law or the law of another state
	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
	offense; or
	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting

in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to

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- (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or
- (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
 "sex offense" means:
- (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting Section 10-5(b)(10), child abduction under 10-5 (b) (10) luring), 11-6 (child (indecent solicitation of а child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child

1	pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1
2	(predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33
3	(ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when
4	that offense was committed in any school, on real
5	property comprising any school, in any conveyance
6	owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport
7	students to or from school or a school related
8	activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
9	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
10	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
11	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
12	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
13	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
14	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
15	these offenses.
16	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
17	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
18	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
19	parent of the victim:
20	10-1 (kidnapping),
21	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
22	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
23	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
24	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
25	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
26	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
27	clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
28	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection $(b-5)$ only, a sex
29	offense means:
30	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
31	the Criminal Code of 1961:
32	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
33	abetting child abduction under Section
34	10-5(b)(10), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
35	child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an

adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile

prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile
prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
a child). An attempt to commit any of these
offenses.

- (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
- (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
- (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.

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of a Class 4 felony.

1	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
2	elementary, or secondary school.
3	(5) "Loiter" means:
4	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
5	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
6	property.
7	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
8	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
9	property, for the purpose of committing or attempting
10	to commit a sex offense.
11	(6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
12	or any other certified employee of the school, the
13	superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.

it in Section 2.05 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)

(7) "Child care facility" has the meaning ascribed to

(d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty

(Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;