

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 02/05/04, by Dan Reitz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/	8-11-1.1	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.1
65 ILCS 5/	8-11-1.2	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.2
65 ILCS 5/	8-11-1.3	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.3
65 ILCS 5/	8-11-1.4	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.4
65 ILCS 5/	8-11-1.5	from	Ch.	24,	par.	8-11-1.5

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Increases to 1.5% (now, 1/2 of 1%) the rate of a retailer's occupation tax, service occupation tax, or use tax that may be imposed by a non-home rule municipality. Provides that the taxes may be imposed for expenditure on public infrastructure, transportation projects, property tax relief, or any combination of these (now, may be provided for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief, or both). Defines "transportation project". Effective immediately.

LRB093 16624 MKM 42274 b

1 AN ACT concerning taxes.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 8-11-1.1, 8-11-1.2, 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and
- 6 8-11-1.5 as follows:
- 7 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.1) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.1)
- 8 Sec. 8-11-1.1. Non-home rule municipalities; imposition of
- 9 taxes.
- 10 (a) The corporate authorities of a non-home rule
- 11 municipality may, upon approval of the electors of the
- municipality pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, impose
- 13 by ordinance or resolution the tax authorized in Sections
- 14 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act.
- 15 (b) The corporate authorities of the municipality may by
- ordinance or resolution call for the submission to the electors
- of the municipality the question of whether the municipality
- shall impose such tax. Such question shall be certified by the
- 19 municipal clerk to the election authority in accordance with
- 20 Section 28-5 of the Election Code and shall be in a form in
- 21 accordance with Section 16-7 of the Election Code.
- 22 If a majority of the electors in the municipality voting
- 23 upon the question vote in the affirmative, such tax shall be
- 24 imposed.
- 25 An ordinance or resolution imposing the tax of not more
- 26 than 1.5% $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% hereunder or discontinuing the same shall
- 27 be adopted and a certified copy thereof, together with a
- 28 certification that the ordinance or resolution received
- 29 referendum approval in the case of the imposition of such tax,
- 30 filed with the Department of Revenue, on or before the first
- 31 day of June, whereupon the Department shall proceed to
- 32 administer and enforce the additional tax or to discontinue the

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tax, as the case may be, as of the first day of September next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing. Beginning October 1, 2002, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate of tax must either (i) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. A non-home rule municipality may file a certified copy of an ordinance or resolution, with a certification that the ordinance or resolution received referendum approval in the case of the imposition of the tax, with the Department of Revenue, as required under this Section, only after October 2, 2000.

32 The tax authorized by this Section may not be more than $\frac{1.5\%}{1/2}$ of 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments.

34 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739,

35 eff. 1-1-03.)

- 1 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.2) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.2)
- Sec. 8-11-1.2. Definition. As used in Sections 8-11-1.3,
- 3 8-11-1.4 and 8-11-1.5 of this Act:
- 4 (a) "Public infrastructure" means municipal roads and
- 5 streets, access roads, bridges, and sidewalks; waste disposal
- 6 systems; and water and sewer line extensions, water
- 7 distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage
- 8 and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities. For
- 9 purposes of referenda authorizing the imposition of taxes by
- the City of DuQuoin under Sections 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, and
- 8-11-1.5 of this Act that are approved in November, 2002,
- 12 "public infrastructure" shall also include public schools.
- 13 (b) "Property tax relief" means the action of a
- 14 municipality to reduce the levy for real estate taxes or avoid
- 15 an increase in the levy for real estate taxes that would
- otherwise have been required. Property tax relief or the
- avoidance of property tax must uniformly apply to all classes
- 18 of property.
- (c) "Transportation project" means any bridge, street,
- 20 <u>road</u>, highway, access road, interchange, intersection,
- 21 signing, signalization, parking lot, bus stop, station,
- garage, terminal, hangar, shelter, rest area, dock, wharf, lake
- or river port, airport, railroad, light rail, or other mass
- 24 transit and any similar or related improvement or
- 25 infrastructure.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 92-739, eff. 1-1-03; 92-815,
- 27 eff. 8-21-02; revised 9-10-02.)
- 28 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.3)
- Sec. 8-11-1.3. Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers'
- 30 Occupation Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home
- 31 rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged in
- 32 the business of selling tangible personal property, other than
- on an item of tangible personal property which is titled and
- registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail
- in the municipality for expenditure on public infrastructure,

1 transportation projects, or for property tax relief, or any 2 combination of these, both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if 3 approved by referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of the 4 gross receipts from such sales made in the course of such 5 business. The tax imposed may not be more than 1.5% $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% 6 and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be 7 imposed on the sale of food for human consumption that is to be 8 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 9 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 10 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription 11 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 12 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by 13 diabetics. The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an 14 15 incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State 16 Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is 17 issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit such retailer to engage in a 18 19 business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution 20 enacted pursuant to this Section without registering under such ordinance 21 separately with the Department 22 resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have 23 full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect 24 all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and 25 penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and 26 to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account 27 of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the 28 administration of, and compliance with, this Section, 29 Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall 30 have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers 31 and duties, and be subject to the same 32 restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in 33 Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in 34 35 respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of 36 tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and

- 1 penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i,
- 2 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the
- 3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- 4 Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were
- 5 set forth herein.
- No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless
- 7 the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under
- 8 Section 8-11-1.4 of this Code.
- 9 Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the
- 10 authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for
- 11 their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating
- 12 such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in
- combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers
- 14 are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such
- bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.
- 16 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be
- 17 made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a
- 18 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State
- 19 Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the
- amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification
- 21 from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State
- 22 Treasurer out of the non-home rule municipal retailers'
- 23 occupation tax fund.
- The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State
- 25 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties
- 26 collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar
- 27 month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the
- 28 Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named
- 29 municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which
- 30 retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the
- 31 Department during the second preceding calendar month. The
- 32 amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not
- including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the
- 34 second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an
- 35 amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any
- 36 amounts which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body,

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and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale, by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease such amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on and after January 1, 2002.

As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" means a city, village or incorporated town, including an

- 1 incorporated town which has superseded a civil township.
- 2 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- 3 "Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act".
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739,
- 5 eff. 1-1-03.)
- 6 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.4) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.4)

7 Sec. 8-11-1.4. Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation 8 Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home rule 9 municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged, in such 10 municipality, in the business of making sales of service for 11 expenditure on public infrastructure, transportation projects, or for property tax relief, or any combination of these, both 12 as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if approved by referendum as 13 provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of the selling price of all 14 15 tangible personal property transferred by such servicemen 16 either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. The tax 17 imposed may not be more than $1.5\% \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{of } 1\%$ and may be imposed 18 19 only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be imposed on the sale of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 20 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 21 22 drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate 23 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 24 medical appliances, and insulin, drugs, urine testing 25 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics. The tax 26 imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all 27 civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof 28 shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of 29 Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the 30 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 31 Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any 32 ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this Section 33 without registering separately with the Department under such 34 35 ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department 1

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shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the taxing municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise credit for this municipal tax may not be taken against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the taxing municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.3 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may

prescribe.

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Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the municipal retailers' occupation tax fund.

The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to t.he municipalities and the General Revenue Fund, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

The Department of Revenue shall implement this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly so as to collect the tax on and after January 1, 2002.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

As used in this Section, "municipal" or "municipality"

- 1 means or refers to a city, village or incorporated town,
- 2 including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil
- 3 township.
- 4 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- 5 "Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act".
- 6 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739,
- 7 eff. 1-1-03.)
- 8 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.5) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.5)
- 9 Sec. 8-11-1.5. Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act. The
- 10 corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality may
- impose a tax upon the privilege of using, in such municipality,
- 12 any item of tangible personal property which is purchased at
- retail from a retailer, and which is titled or registered with
- an agency of this State's government, based on the selling
- price of such tangible personal property, as "selling price" is
- 16 defined in the Use Tax Act, for expenditure on public
- infrastructure, transportation projects, or for property tax
- 18 relief, or any combination of these, both as defined in Section
- 8-11-1.2, if approved by referendum as provided in Section
- 8-11-1.1. The tax imposed may not be more than 1.5% $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1%
- 21 and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. Such tax shall be
- 22 collected from persons whose Illinois address for title or
- 23 registration purposes is given as being in such municipality.
- 24 Such tax shall be collected by the municipality imposing such
- 25 tax. A non-home rule municipality may not impose and collect
- the tax prior to January 1, 2002.
- 27 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- "Non-Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act".
- 29 (Source: P.A. 91-649, eff. 1-1-00; 92-739, eff. 1-1-03.)
- 30 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 31 becoming law.