

## 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004 HB4360

Introduced 02/03/04, by Ed Sullivan Jr.

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that it is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 1,000 (rather than 500) feet of a school building or school grounds while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds. Provides that it is unlawful for a child sex offender to reside within 1,000 (rather than 500) feet of a school building or school grounds that persons under 18 years of age attend. Exempts persons who purchased property before the effective date of the amendatory Act.

LRB093 17974 RLC 43657 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: 3

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing 4 5 Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3) 6
- 7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex 8 offenders prohibited.
- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 9 present in any school building, on real property comprising any 10 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 11 school to transport students to or from school or a school 12 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present 13 14 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless 15 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance or unless the 16 17 offender has permission to be present from the superintendent 18 or the school board or in the case of a private school from the 19 principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must 20 inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will 21 be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex 22 offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 23 be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for 24 25 notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on 26 school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity 27 28 of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender 29 30 who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (1) (Blank; or) 31
- (2) (Blank.) 32

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- (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within  $1,000 \frac{500}{500}$  feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building or on the grounds or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
  - (1) (Blank; or)
- 22 (2) (Blank.)

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 1,000 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before July 7, 2000 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing between 500 and 1,000 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased on or after July 7, 2000 and before the effective

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date of this amendat	ory Act of the	93rd General Assembly.
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(c) Definitions. In this Section:					
(C) Delinilions in ints Section*	/ ~ \	D = E ; = ; + ; = = =	Т	<u> </u>	C +
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- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
  - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
  - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
  - (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
  - (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or
  - (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
  - (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission

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of such offense; or

(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
  "sex offense" means:
- (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10), 10-5 (b) (10) luring), 11-6 (child (indecent child), 11-6.5 solicitation of a (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 pornography), (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real

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1	property comprising any school, in any conveyance
2	owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport
3	students to or from school or a school related
4	activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
5	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
6	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
7	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
8	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
9	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
10	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
11	these offenses.
12	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
13	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
14	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
15	parent of the victim:
16	10-1 (kidnapping),
17	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
18	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
19	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
20	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
21	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
22	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
23	clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
24	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
25	offense means:
26	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
27	the Criminal Code of 1961:
28	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
29	abetting child abduction under Section
30	10-5(b)(10), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
31	child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an
32	adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile
33	prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
34	prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile

prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2

(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child

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1	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
2	assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
3	a child). An attempt to commit any of these
4	offenses.
5	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections

- (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
- (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:
  - 10-1 (kidnapping),
  - 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 19 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
  - An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
    - (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
    - (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
    - (4) "School" means a public or private pre-school, elementary, or secondary school.
      - (5) "Loiter" means:
        - (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the

of a Class 4 felony.

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1	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
2	property.
3	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
4	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school
5	property, for the purpose of committing or attempting
6	to commit a sex offense.
7	(6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
8	or any other certified employee of the school, the
9	superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
10	(d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty

(Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;

91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)