- 1 AN ACT in relation to firearms.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is
- 5 amended by changing Sections 3 and 14 as follows:
- 6 (430 ILCS 65/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3)
- 7 Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in Section 3a, no person
- 8 may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any
- 9 firearm or any firearm ammunition to any person within this
- 10 State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays a
- 11 currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card which has
- 12 previously been issued in his name by the Department of State
- 13 Police under the provisions of this Act. In addition, all
- 14 firearm transfers by federally licensed firearm dealers <u>must</u>
- be in accordance with are-subject-to Section 3.1. The person
- 16 <u>transferring the firearm or firearm ammunition must, at the</u>
- 17 <u>time of the transfer, personally inspect the Firearm Owner's</u>
- 18 <u>Identification Card to verify the identity of the person to</u>
- 19 whom the firearm or firearm ammunition is being transferred.
- 20 A person may not be convicted of failing to inspect a Firearm
- 21 Owner's Identification Card prior to the transfer of a
- 22 <u>firearm or firearm ammunition to another person if the person</u>
- 23 proves that the person to whom the firearm or firearm
- 24 <u>ammunition</u> was transferred possessed a valid Firearm Owner's
- 25 <u>Identification Card at the time of the transfer.</u>
- 26 (b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes
- to be transferred any firearm <u>must</u>, in a manner and form the
- 28 <u>Department of State Police may by rule prescribe</u>, shall keep
- 29 a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the
- 30 date of transfer. Such record shall contain the date of the
- 31 transfer; the description, serial number or other information

1 identifying the firearm if no serial number is available; the 2 name and address of the person to whom the firearm is being transferred; and, if the transfer was completed within this 3 4 State, the transferee's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number. On demand of a peace officer such transferor shall 5 produce for inspection such record of transfer. If the 6 transfer is completed to a resident of Iowa, Missouri, 7 8 Indiana, Wisconsin, or Kentucky under subsection (b) of 9 Section 3a of this Act, the transferor must keep a record of the transferee's state driver's license number or state 10 identification card number. The record of transfer must be 11 made at the time of transfer. On demand of a peace officer 12 such transferor shall produce for inspection such record of 13 transfer and if the person is a dealer, allow the peace 14 officer to inspect all stock on hand. If the transferor does 15 16 not have each record available for inspection at the time of 17 the peace officer's demand for inspection, the transferor must be given 72 hours to produce the records for inspection 18 at a location and time the peace officer designates in 19 writing. A person who negligently fails to keep or produce 20 records as required by this subsection (b) is guilty of a 21 22 Class B misdemeanor. A person who wilfully refuses to keep records or produce them as required by this subsection (b) 23 24 must be sentenced as set forth in paragraph (3) of subsection 25 (d). (b-5) For the purpose of subsection (b), it may be 26 27 inferred that a person wilfully refused to keep or produce records if: 28 29 (1) the person states that he or she did not 30 transfer the firearm because the firearm was lost or 31 stolen, but failed to report the firearm lost or stolen under subsection (c-5) of this Section; 32 33 (2) the person states that the records were lost, stolen, or destroyed, but failed to report the loss, 34

1	theft, or destruction as required by subsection (c-5) of
2	this Section;
3	(3) the information contained in the records was
4	<u>false; or</u>
5	(4) in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the
6	person's failure to produce or keep records of the
7	transfer of a firearm traced to his or her possession is
8	unexplained.
9	(b-10) A person may not be convicted of willful failure
10	to keep or produce records if the person proves that the
11	records the person produced, although incomplete, were
12	sufficiently complete so as to enable law enforcement
13	officers to clearly identify the person to whom the firearm
14	was transferred.
15	(c) The provisions of this Section regarding the
16	transfer of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those
17	persons specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.
18	(c-5)(1) The owner of a firearm must report the loss or
19	theft of a firearm to the law enforcement agency of the
20	municipality or unincorporated area in which he or she
21	resides within 72 hours of his or her discovery of the loss
22	or theft and keep a record of the time and date of the report
23	and of the name of the person and law enforcement agency to
24	which the report was made.
25	(2) Any person required to keep records under
26	subsection (b) must report the loss, theft, or
27	destruction of those records within 72 hours of his or
28	her discovery of the loss, theft, or destruction to the
29	law enforcement agency of the municipality or
30	unincorporated area in which he or she resides and keep a
31	record of the time and date of the report of the person
32	and the law enforcement agency to which the report was
33	made.
34	(3) The information supplied by a person under this

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subsection (c-5) is not admissible in any prosecution of
the person making the report under any municipal or
county ordinance.

- (4) A person who fails to report the theft, loss, or destruction of a firearm or of records required to be kept is guilty of a petty offense and may be fined not more than \$50.
- 8 (5) A person who knowingly makes a false report of
  9 the loss, theft, or destruction of a firearm or of
  10 firearm records to any employee acting on behalf of a law
  11 enforcement agency is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (c-10) For purposes of this Section, the word "transfer" 12 13 means the selling, giving away, loaning, pawning (with or without consideration), of a firearm or of firearm 14 ammunition. "Transfer" does not include the temporary 15 16 delivery of a firearm or of firearm ammunition by a person who has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card 17 to a person of the age of 18 years or over for inspection of 18 the firearm or firearm ammunition in the immediate presence 19 of the transferor where the transfer of the firearm or 20 firearm ammunition by the transferor and possession of the 2.1 22 firearm or firearm ammunition by the transferee occur on the transferor's own land or in the transferor's place of abode. 23
  - (c-15) It may be inferred that a person transferred a firearm or firearm ammunition when, in the absence of a reasonable explanation to the contrary, the firearm or firearm ammunition has been traced to the possession of that person and the person no longer has possession of the firearm or firearm ammunition.
- 30 (d) Sentence. (1) A person who violates subsection (a)
  31 by transferring or causing to be transferred in this State
  32 any firearm to a person he or she knows or has reasonable
  33 cause to believe does not possess a valid Firearm Owner's
  34 Identification Card or by failing to inspect the Card before

1	transfer of a firearm is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person
2	who commits more than one violation of subsection (a) as
3	described in this Section:
4	(A) is guilty of a Class 3 felony for transfer of
5	not less than 2 firearms and not more than 5 firearms at
6	the same time or within a one-year period;
7	(B) is guilty of a Class 2 felony for transfer of
8	not less than 6 firearms and not more than 10 firearms at
9	the same time or within a 2-year period;
10	(C) is guilty of a Class 1 felony for transfer of
11	not less than 11 firearms and not more than 20 firearms
12	at the same time or within a 3-year period;
13	(D) is guilty of a Class X felony for transfer of
14	more than 20 firearms at the same time or within a 4-year
15	period.
16	(2) A person who violates subsection (a) by transferring
17	or causing to be transferred in this State any firearm
18	ammunition to a person he or she knows or has reasonable
19	cause to believe does not possess a currently valid Firearm
20	Owner's Identification Card is guilty of a Class A
21	misdemeanor for a first conviction, a Class 4 felony for a
22	second conviction, and a Class 3 felony for a third or
23	subsequent conviction.
24	(3) A person who violates subsection (b) by willfully
25	failing to keep records of the transfer of a firearm is
26	guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who willfully fails to
27	keep records relating to the transfer of more than one
28	<pre>firearm:</pre>
29	(A) is guilty of a Class 3 felony for transfer of
30	not less than 2 firearms and not more than 5 firearms at
31	the same time or within a one-year period;
32	(B) is guilty of a Class 2 felony for transfer of
33	not less than 6 firearms and not more than 10 firearms at
34	the same time or within a 2-year period;

- (C) is guilty of a Class 1 felony for transfer of
- 2 <u>not less than 11 firearms and not more than 20 firearms</u>
- 3 at the same time or within a 3-year period;
- 4 (D) is guilty of a Class X felony for transfer of
- 5 <u>not more than 20 firearms at the same time or within a</u>
- 6 <u>4-year period</u>.
- 7 (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the
- 8 transfer of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those
- 9 persons specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 92-442, eff. 8-17-01.)
- 11 (430 ILCS 65/14) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-14)
- 12 Sec. 14. Sentence.
- 13 (a) A violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of
- 14 Section 2, when the person's Firearm Owner's Identification
- 15 Card is expired but the person is not otherwise disqualified
- 16 from renewing the card, is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 17 (b) Except as provided in subsection (a) with respect to
- 18 an expired card, a violation of paragraph (1) of subsection
- 19 (a) of Section 2 is a Class A misdemeanor when the person
- 20 does not possess a currently valid Firearm Owner's
- 21 Identification Card, but is otherwise eligible under this
- 22 Act. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
- 23 (c) A violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of
- 24 Section 2 is a Class 3 felony when:
- 25 (1) the person's Firearm Owner's Identification
- 26 Card is revoked or subject to revocation under Section 8;
- 27 or
- 28 (2) the person's Firearm Owner's Identification
- 29 Card is expired and not otherwise eligible for renewal
- 30 under this Act; or
- 31 (3) the person does not possess a currently valid
- 32 Firearm Owner's Identification Card, and the person is
- not otherwise eligible under this Act.

- 1 (d) A violation of Section 3 is punishable as provided
- 2 <u>in that Section.</u> A-violation-of-subsection-(a)-of--Section--3
- 3 is--a--Class--4-felony.-A-third-or-subsequent-conviction-is-a
- 4 Class-1-felony.
- 5 (d-5) Any person who knowingly enters false information
- on an application for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card,
- 7 who knowingly gives a false answer to any question on the
- 8 application, or who knowingly submits false evidence in
- 9 connection with an application is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- 10 (e) Except as provided by Section 6.1 of this Act, any
- other violation of this Act is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 91-694, eff. 4-13-00; 92-414, eff. 1-1-02;
- 13 92-442, eff. 8-17-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)