- 1 AN ACT concerning State mandates.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The State Mandates Act is amended by changing
- 5 Section 3 as follows:
- 6 (30 ILCS 805/3) (from Ch. 85, par. 2203)
- 7 Sec. 3. <u>Definitions</u> Definition. As used in this Act:
- 8 (a) "Local government" means a municipality, county,
- 9 township, other unit of local government, school district, or
- 10 community college district.
- 11 (b) "State mandate" means any State-initiated statutory
- 12 or executive action that requires a local government to
- 13 establish, expand or modify its activities in such a way as
- 14 to necessitate additional expenditures from local revenues,
- 15 excluding any order issued by a court other than any order
- 16 enforcing such statutory or executive action. State mandates
- 17 may be reimbursable or nonreimbursable as provided in this
- 18 Act. However, where the General Assembly enacts legislation
- 19 to comply with a federal mandate, the State shall be exempt
- 20 from the requirement of reimbursing for the cost of the
- 21 mandated program.

28

- 22 (c) "Local government organization and structure
- 23 mandate" means a State mandate concerning such matters as (1)
- 24 the form of local government and the adoption and revision of
- 25 statutes on the organization of local government; (2) the
- 26 establishment of multi-county districts, councils of
- 27 governments, or other forms and structures for interlocal

cooperation and coordination; (3) the holding of local

- 29 elections; (4) the designation of public officers, and their
- duties, powers and responsibilities; and (5) the prescription
- 31 of administrative practices and procedures for local

- 1 governing bodies.
- (d) "Due process mandate" means a State 2
- concerning such matters as the (1) administration of justice; 3
- 4 notification and conduct of public hearings; (3)
- 5 procedures for administrative and judicial review of actions
- 6 taken by local governing bodies and (4) protection of the
- 7 public from malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance by local
- 8 government officials.
- 9 (e) "Benefit spillover" means the process of accrual of
- social or other benefits from a governmental service to 10
- 11 jurisdictions adjacent to or beyond the jurisdiction
- providing the service. 12
- (f) "Service mandate" means a State mandate as to 13
- creation or expansion of governmental services or delivery 14
- standards therefor and those applicable to services having 15
- 16 substantial benefit spillover and consequently being wider
- than local concern. For purposes of this Act, applicable 17
- 18 services include but are not limited to (1) elementary and
- 19 secondary education, (2) community colleges, (3) public
- health, (4) hospitals, (5) public assistance, (6) 20
- pollution control, (7) water pollution control, (8) solid 21
- waste treatment and disposal. A State mandate that expands 22
- 23 the duties of a public official by requiring the provision of
- additional services is a "service mandate" rather than a 24
- 25 "local government organization and structure mandate".
- (g) "Tax exemption mandate" means a State mandate that 26
- exempts privately owned property or other specified items 27
- from the local tax base, such as (1) exemption of business 28
- 29 inventories from the local property tax base,
- 30 exemption of food or medicine from the local "sales" tax.
- (h) "Personnel mandate" means a State mandate concerning 31
- 32 or affecting local government (1) salaries and wages; (2)
- employee qualifications and training (except when any civil 33
- service commission, professional licensing board, or 34

- 1 personnel board or agency established by State law sets and
- 2 administers standards relative to merit-based recruitment or
- 3 candidates for employment or conducts and grades examinations
- 4 and rates candidates in order of their relative excellence
- 5 for purposes of making appointments or promotions to
- positions in the competitive division of the classified 6
- 7 service of the public employer served by such commission,
- board, or agency); (3) hours, location of employment, and 8
- 9 other working conditions; and (4) fringe benefits including
- 10 insurance, health, medical care, retirement and other
- benefits. 11
- (Source: P.A. 81-1562.) 12