103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB3426

Introduced 2/8/2024, by Sen. Christopher Belt

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 110/3-5 35 ILCS 115/3-5 35 ILCS 120/2-5 35 ILCS 505/2 235 ILCS 5/8-1

from Ch. 120, par. 418

Amends the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Makes changes concerning the exemption for materials, parts, equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or upon an aircraft. Amends the Liquor Control Act of 1934. Provides that the tax imposed on manufacturers or importing distributors of alcoholic liquor containing not less than 0.5% alcohol by volume nor more than 10% alcohol by volume, other than cider, wine, or beer, is imposed at the rate of \$0.231 per gallon. Amends the Motor Fuel Tax Law. Sets forth the method for calculating the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for the purpose of the annual adjustment in the tax rate. Effective immediately.

LRB103 37529 HLH 67652 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
Section 3-5 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 110/3-5)

Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible
personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

9 Personal property purchased from a corporation, (1)institution. association, foundation, 10 society, or 11 organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 12 13 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 14 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise. 15

(2) Personal property purchased by a non-profit Illinois
 county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or
 promoting the county fair.

(3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or

support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 1 2 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 3 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 4 5 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the 6 7 effective date of Public Act 92-35), however, an entity 8 otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free 9 purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department. 10

11 (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 12 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 13 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 14 country, and bullion.

15 (5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and 16 17 equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or 18 purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used 19 20 primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the 21 22 chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and 23 immediate change upon a graphic arts product. Beginning on July 1, 2017, graphic arts machinery and equipment is included 24 25 in the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment 26 exemption under Section 2 of this Act.

or

1 (6) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored 2 student organization affiliated with an elementary secondary school located in Illinois. 3

(7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 4 5 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 6 7 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 8 9 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including 10 implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 11 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 12 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle 13 Code, but excluding other motor vehicles required to be 14 registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural 15 16 polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or 17 overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender 18 tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a 19 20 motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price 21 22 of the tender is separately stated.

23 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision 24 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 25 installed on farm machinery and equipment, including, but not 26 limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders,

or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

5 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the 6 7 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture 8 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 9 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and 10 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 11 agricultural chemicals.

Beginning on January 1, 2024, farm machinery and equipment also includes electrical power generation equipment used primarily for production agriculture.

15 This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 16 3-75.

(8) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of

its business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or package for hire from the city of origination to the city of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft.

8 Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately (9) 9 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of 10 food and beverages acquired as an incident to the purchase of a 11 service from a serviceman, to the extent that the proceeds of 12 the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly 13 in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or 14 15 beverage function with respect to which the service charge is 16 imposed.

17 (10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of 18 rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) 19 20 pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow 21 22 lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field 23 exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding 24 25 motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. 26

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1 (11) Proceeds from the sale of photoprocessing machinery 2 and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both 3 new and used, including that manufactured on special order, 4 certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for 5 photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and 6 equipment purchased for lease.

7 (12) Until July 1, 2028, coal and aggregate exploration, 8 mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, and 9 reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and 10 equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but 11 excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the 12 Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim 13 for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 14 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid 15 during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16 17 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).

18 (13) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock19 for direct agricultural production.

(14) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or racing for prizes. This item (14) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75, and the exemption provided for under this item (14) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88).

7 (15) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 8 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 9 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 10 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or 11 longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 12 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 13 14 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 15 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased 16 in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used 17 in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case 18 19 may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the 20 time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 21 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that 22 purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this 23 Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not 24 been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any 25 such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal 26 right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If,

however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(16) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases 4 5 the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to 6 7 the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has 8 been issued an active tax exemption identification number by 9 the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation 10 Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 11 qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt 12 manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 13 this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the 14 fair market value of the property at the time the 15 non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 16 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 17 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid 18 19 by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 20 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that 21 22 amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor 23 is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(17) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after
 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or
 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated

for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area.

8 (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 9 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 10 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in 11 the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including, but not limited to, municipal roads and streets, 12 access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, 13 14 water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention 15 16 facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a 17 State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located 18 in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the 19 20 disaster.

(19) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(20) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section
1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a

corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 1 2 foundation, or institution that is determined by the 3 Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a 4 5 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively 6 7 for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in 8 9 useful branches of learning by methods common to public 10 schools and that compare favorably in their scope and 11 intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported 12 schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes 13 organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare 14 15 individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, 16 technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial 17 occupation.

(21) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, 18 19 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the 20 benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 21 22 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school 23 district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph 24 25 does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 26

entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(22) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 6 7 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 8 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and 9 other items, and replacement parts for these machines. 10 Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines 11 and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated 12 amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the 13 14 commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This 15 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

16 (23) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, 17 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 18 soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate 19 20 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 21 drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing 22 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 23 use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who 24 25 resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in 26 the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined

in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the
 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

(24) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 3 Public Act 92-227), computers and communications equipment 4 5 utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the analysis, or treatment of hospital 6 diagnosis, patients 7 purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease 8 of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the 9 lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this 10 Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 11 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 12 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used 13 14 in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for 15 the tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case 16 may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the 17 time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that 18 19 purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this 20 Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any 21 22 such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal 23 right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, 24 however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any 25 reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the 26 Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of

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1 Section 3-75.

(25) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 2 Public Act 92-227), personal property purchased by a lessor 3 who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer 4 5 executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body 6 that has been issued an active tax exemption identification 7 8 number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' 9 Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that 10 does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other 11 nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax 12 imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, 13 based on the fair market value of the property at the time the 14 nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 15 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 16 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 17 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 18 19 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a 20 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor 21 22 is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph 23 is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(26) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property
 used in the construction or maintenance of a community water
 supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental

Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

5 (27) Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through December 31, 2029, materials, parts, equipment, components, 6 7 and furnishings incorporated into or upon an aircraft as part 8 of the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, 9 repair, or maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption 10 includes consumable supplies used in the modification, 11 refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, and 12 maintenance of aircraft. However, until January 1, 2024, this 13 excludes materials, exemption any parts, equipment, components, and consumable supplies used in the modification, 14 15 replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or 16 power plants, whether such engines or power plants are 17 installed or uninstalled upon any such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not limited to, adhesive, tape, 18 19 sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, 20 latex gloves, and protective films.

Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through December 31, 2023, this exemption applies only to the use of qualifying tangible personal property transferred incident to the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of aircraft by persons who (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved

repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) 1 2 have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. 3 From January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2029, this exemption 4 5 applies only to the use of qualifying tangible personal property transferred incident to by: (A) the modification, 6 7 refurbishment, completion, repair, replacement, or maintenance 8 of an aircraft by persons who modify, refurbish, complete, 9 repair, replace, or maintain aircraft and who (i) hold an Air 10 Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved 11 repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) 12 have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in 13 accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations; 14 and (B) persons who engage in the modification, replacement, 15 repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants 16 without regard to whether or not those persons meet the 17 qualifications of item (A).

The exemption does not include aircraft operated by a 18 commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air 19 20 service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 129 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The changes made to 21 22 this paragraph (27) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of 23 existing law. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the exemption under this paragraph (27) applies continuously from 24 January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2024; however, no claim 25 26 for credit or refund is allowed for taxes paid as a result of

the disallowance of this exemption on or after January 1, 2015 and prior to February 5, 2020 (the effective date of Public Act 101-629).

(28)Tangible personal property purchased 4 by а 5 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 6 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but 7 8 only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is 9 transferred to the municipality without any further 10 consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time 11 of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the 12 retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in 13 14 connection with the development of the municipal convention 15 hall. This exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois 16 17 Municipal Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 18

19 (29) Beginning January 1, 2017 and through December 31,
20 2026, menstrual pads, tampons, and menstrual cups.

(30) Tangible personal property transferred to a purchaser who is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act by operation of federal law. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(31) Qualified tangible personal property used in theconstruction or operation of a data center that has been

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granted a certificate of exemption by the Department of 1 2 Commerce and Economic Opportunity, whether that tangible 3 personal property is purchased by the owner, operator, or tenant of the data center or by a contractor or subcontractor 4 5 of the owner, operator, or tenant. Data centers that would have qualified for a certificate of exemption prior to January 6 7 1, 2020 had Public Act 101-31 been in effect, may apply for and 8 obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases of computer 9 equipment or enabling software purchased or leased to upgrade, 10 supplement, or replace computer equipment or enabling software 11 purchased or leased in the original investment that would have 12 qualified.

13 The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall 14 grant a certificate of exemption under this item (31) to 15 qualified data centers as defined by Section 605-1025 of the 16 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 17 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

18 For the purposes of this item (31):

19 "Data center" means a building or a series of 20 buildings rehabilitated or constructed to house working 21 servers in one physical location or multiple sites within 22 the State of Illinois.

23 "Qualified tangible personal property" means: 24 electrical systems and equipment; climate control and 25 chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and 26 equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency

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1 generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage 2 devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets; 3 telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor systems; peripheral components or systems; 4 software; 5 mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery 6 systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control 7 other cabling; and other data systems; center 8 infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate 9 qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures; 10 and component parts of any of the foregoing, including 11 installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and 12 replacement of qualified tangible personal property to 13 generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage 14 electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible 15 personal property; and all other tangible personal 16 property that is essential to the operations of a computer 17 The term "qualified tangible personal data center. property" also includes building materials physically 18 incorporated into in to the qualifying data center. To 19 document the exemption allowed under this Section, the 20 21 retailer must obtain from the purchaser a copy of the 22 certificate of eligibility issued by the Department of 23 Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

This item (31) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

26 (32) Beginning July 1, 2022, breast pumps, breast pump

1 collection and storage supplies, and breast pump kits. This 2 item (32) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. As 3 used in this item (32):

⁴ "Breast pump" means an electrically controlled or ⁵ manually controlled pump device designed or marketed to be ⁶ used to express milk from a human breast during lactation, ⁷ including the pump device and any battery, AC adapter, or ⁸ other power supply unit that is used to power the pump ⁹ device and is packaged and sold with the pump device at the ¹⁰ time of sale.

"Breast pump collection and storage supplies" means items of tangible personal property designed or marketed to be used in conjunction with a breast pump to collect milk expressed from a human breast and to store collected milk until it is ready for consumption.

16 "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" 17 includes, but is not limited to: breast shields and breast shield connectors; breast pump tubes and tubing adapters; 18 19 breast pump valves and membranes; backflow protectors and 20 backflow protector adaptors; bottles and bottle caps 21 specific to the operation of the breast pump; and breast 22 milk storage bags.

23 "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" does not 24 include: (1) bottles and bottle caps not specific to the 25 operation of the breast pump; (2) breast pump travel bags 26 and other similar carrying accessories, including ice

1 packs, labels, and other similar products; (3) breast pump cleaning supplies; (4) nursing bras, bra pads, breast 2 3 shells, and other similar products; and (5) creams, ointments, and other similar products that 4 relieve 5 breastfeeding-related symptoms or conditions of the breasts or nipples, unless sold as part of a breast pump 6 7 kit that is pre-packaged by the breast pump manufacturer 8 or distributor.

9 "Breast pump kit" means a kit that: (1) contains no 10 more than a breast pump, breast pump collection and 11 storage supplies, a rechargeable battery for operating the 12 breast pump, a breastmilk cooler, bottle stands, ice 13 packs, and a breast pump carrying case; and (2) is 14 pre-packaged as a breast pump kit by the breast pump 15 manufacturer or distributor.

16 (33) Tangible personal property sold by or on behalf of 17 the State Treasurer pursuant to the Revised Uniform Unclaimed 18 Property Act. This item (33) is exempt from the provisions of 19 Section 3-75.

20 (34) Beginning on January 1, 2024, tangible personal 21 property purchased by an active duty member of the armed 22 forces of the United States who presents valid military 23 identification and purchases the property using a form of 24 payment where the federal government is the payor. The member 25 of the armed forces must complete, at the point of sale, a form 26 prescribed by the Department of Revenue documenting that the

is eligible for the exemption under 1 transaction this 2 paragraph. Retailers must keep the form as documentation of the exemption in their records for a period of not less than 6 3 vears. "Armed forces of the United States" means the United 4 5 States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. 6 This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 7 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-700, Article 70, Section 70-10, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 75, Section 8 75-10, eff. 4-19-22; 102-1026, eff. 5-27-22; 103-9, Article 5, 9 Section 5-10, eff. 6-7-23; 103-9, Article 15, Section 15-10, 10 11 eff. 6-7-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-384, eff. 1-1-24; 12 revised 12-12-23.)

Section 10. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:

15 (35 ILCS 115/3-5)

Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. The following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

(1) Personal property sold by a corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise.

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(2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit
 Illinois county fair association for use in conducting,
 operating, or promoting the county fair.

(3) Personal property purchased by any not-for-profit arts 4 5 or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption 6 7 under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 8 9 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 10 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 11 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 12 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 13 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the 14 effective date of Public Act 92-35), however, an entity 15 16 otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free 17 purchases unless it has an active identification number issued 18 by the Department.

19 (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 20 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 21 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 22 country, and bullion.

(5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1,
2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery and
equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new
and used, and including that manufactured on special order or

purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used 1 2 primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the 3 chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and 4 5 immediate change upon a graphic arts product. Beginning on July 1, 2017, graphic arts machinery and equipment is included 6 in the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment 7 exemption under Section 2 of this Act. 8

9 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student 10 organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school 11 located in Illinois.

12 (7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 13 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 14 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 15 16 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 17 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 18 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 19 20 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle 21 22 Code, but excluding other motor vehicles required to be 23 registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or 24 25 overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender 26

1 tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a 2 motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted 3 on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price 4 of the tender is separately stated.

5 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 6 7 installed on farm machinery and equipment, including, but not 8 limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, 9 or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not 10 limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, 11 software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other 12 such equipment.

13 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 14 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the agriculture 15 computer-assisted operation of production 16 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 17 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 18 19 agricultural chemicals.

Beginning on January 1, 2024, farm machinery and equipment also includes electrical power generation equipment used primarily for production agriculture.

23 This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 24 3-55.

(8) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold
to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier

to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products sold 6 to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be 7 8 used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of 9 its business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is 10 engaged in foreign trade or is engaged in trade between the 11 United States and any of its possessions and (ii) transports 12 at least one individual or package for hire from the city of 13 origination to the city of final destination on the same 14 aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of 15 that aircraft.

16 (9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 17 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the 18 service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a 19 20 substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or 21 22 beverage function with respect to which the service charge is 23 imposed.

(10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of
rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii)

pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

8 (11) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including 9 repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including 10 that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser 11 to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including 12 photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

13 (12) Until July 1, 2028, coal and aggregate exploration, mining, off-highway hauling, processing, maintenance, 14 and reclamation equipment, 15 including replacement parts and 16 equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but 17 excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The changes made to this Section by 18 Public Act 97-767 apply on and after July 1, 2003, but no claim 19 20 for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid 21 22 during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 23 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).

(13) Beginning January 1, 1992 and through June 30, 2016,
food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the
premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages,

soft drinks and food that has been prepared for immediate 1 2 consumption) and prescription and non-prescription medicines, 3 medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing drugs, materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 4 5 use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code who 6 resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in 7 8 the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as defined 9 in the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the 10 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013.

(14) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestockfor direct agricultural production.

13 (15) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 14 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 15 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 16 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 17 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or racing for prizes. This item (15) is exempt from the 18 19 provisions of Section 3-55, and the exemption provided for 20 under this item (15) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after 21 22 January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for 23 such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 24 25 95-88).

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(16) Computers and communications equipment utilized for

any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

8 (17) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the 9 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 10 effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that 11 has been issued an active tax exemption identification number 12 by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' 13 Occupation Tax Act.

(18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 14 15 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 16 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated 17 for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a 18 disaster area 19 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 20 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 21 22 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 23 who reside within the declared disaster area.

(19) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after
December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or
before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in

the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, 1 2 including, but not limited to, municipal roads and streets, 3 access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and 4 5 purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a 6 7 State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering 8 Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located 9 in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the 10 disaster.

11 (20) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a 12 "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that term is used 13 in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is exempt from the 14 provisions of Section 3-55.

15 (21) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 16 17 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the 18 19 Department to be organized and operated exclusively for 20 educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a 21 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 22 foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively 23 for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public 24 schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in 25 useful branches of learning by methods common to public 26 schools and that compare favorably in their scope and

intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

Beginning January 1, 2000, personal 8 (22) property, 9 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the 10 benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, 11 a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 12 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 13 14 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of 15 16 private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 17 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the 18 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 19 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is 20 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. 21

(23) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 23 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 24 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and 25 other items, and replacement parts for these machines. 26 Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines

and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

6 (24) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 7 Public Act 92-227), computers and communications equipment 8 utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the 9 diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to 10 a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or 11 longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 12 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 13 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt 14 15 from the provisions of Section 3-55.

16 (25) Beginning on August 2, 2001 (the effective date of 17 Public Act 92-227), personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer 18 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 19 20 governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 21 22 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt 23 from the provisions of Section 3-55.

(26) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30,
 2016, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois
 retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing

activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property 1 2 in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) 3 for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this 4 5 State or (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 6 7 tangible personal property to be transported outside this 8 State and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this 9 State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with the Illinois Administrative 10 11 Procedure Act, issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing 12 with the Department who is eligible for the exemption under this paragraph (26). The permit issued under this paragraph 13 (26) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the 14 15 manner specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to 16 purchase tangible personal property from a retailer exempt 17 from the taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all necessary books and records to substantiate the use and 18 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of 19 the State of Illinois. 20

(27) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This

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paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

2 (28)Tangible personal property sold to а 3 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 4 5 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, but only if the legal title to the municipal convention hall is 6 7 transferred to the municipality without any further 8 consideration by or on behalf of the municipality at the time 9 of the completion of the municipal convention hall or upon the 10 retirement or redemption of any bonds or other debt 11 instruments issued by the public-facilities corporation in 12 connection with the development of the municipal convention 13 hall. This exemption includes existing public-facilities corporations as provided in Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois 14 15 Municipal Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 16 of Section 3-55.

17 (29) Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through December 31, 2029, materials, parts, equipment, components, 18 19 and furnishings incorporated into or upon an aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, 20 repair, or maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption 21 22 includes consumable supplies used in the modification, 23 completion, replacement, refurbishment, repair, and maintenance of aircraft. However, until January 1, 2024, this 24 25 excludes any materials, parts, exemption equipment, 26 components, and consumable supplies used in the modification,

1 replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or 2 power plants, whether such engines or power plants are 3 installed or uninstalled upon any such aircraft. "Consumable 4 supplies" include, but are not limited to, adhesive, tape, 5 sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, 6 latex gloves, and protective films.

7 Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through December 8 31, 2023, this exemption applies only to the transfer of 9 qualifying tangible personal property incident to the 10 modification, refurbishment, completion, replacement, repair, 11 or maintenance of an aircraft by persons who (i) hold an Air 12 Agency Certificate and are empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) 13 14 have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in 15 accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. 16 The exemption does not include aircraft operated by a 17 commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or Part 18 129 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. From January 1, 2024 19 through December 31, 2029, this exemption applies only to the 20 21 transfer use of qualifying tangible personal property incident 22 to by: (A) the modification, refurbishment, completion, 23 repair, replacement, or maintenance of an aircraft by persons who modify, refurbish, complete, repair, replace, or maintain 24 25 aircraft and who (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and are 26 empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal

Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations; and (B) persons who engage in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants without regard to whether or not those persons meet the qualifications of item (A).

The changes made to this paragraph (29) by Public Act 7 8 98-534 are declarative of existing law. It is the intent of the 9 General Assembly that the exemption under this paragraph (29) 10 applies continuously from January 1, 2010 through December 31, 11 2024; however, no claim for credit or refund is allowed for 12 taxes paid as a result of the disallowance of this exemption on or after January 1, 2015 and prior to February 5, 2020 (the 13 effective date of Public Act 101-629). 14

(30) Beginning January 1, 2017 and through December 31,
2026, menstrual pads, tampons, and menstrual cups.

17 (31) Tangible personal property transferred to a purchaser
18 who is exempt from tax by operation of federal law. This
19 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

20 (32) Qualified tangible personal property used in the 21 construction or operation of a data center that has been 22 granted a certificate of exemption by the Department of 23 Commerce and Economic Opportunity, whether that tangible 24 personal property is purchased by the owner, operator, or 25 tenant of the data center or by a contractor or subcontractor 26 of the owner, operator, or tenant. Data centers that would

have qualified for a certificate of exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had Public Act 101-31 been in effect, may apply for and obtain an exemption for subsequent purchases of computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased to upgrade, supplement, or replace computer equipment or enabling software purchased or leased in the original investment that would have qualified.

8 The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall 9 grant a certificate of exemption under this item (32) to 10 qualified data centers as defined by Section 605-1025 of the 11 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 12 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

13 For the purposes of this item (32):

14 "Data center" means a building or a series of 15 buildings rehabilitated or constructed to house working 16 servers in one physical location or multiple sites within 17 the State of Illinois.

personal 18 "Qualified tangible property" means: 19 electrical systems and equipment; climate control and 20 chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and 21 equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency 22 generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage 23 devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; cabinets; telecommunications cabling infrastructure; raised floor 24 25 systems; peripheral components or systems; software; 26 mechanical, electrical, or plumbing systems; battery

1 systems; cooling systems and towers; temperature control 2 systems; other cabling; and other data center 3 infrastructure equipment and systems necessary to operate qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures; 4 5 and component parts of any of the foregoing, including 6 installation, maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and replacement of qualified tangible personal property to 7 8 generate, transform, transmit, distribute, or manage 9 electricity necessary to operate qualified tangible personal property; and all other tangible 10 personal 11 property that is essential to the operations of a computer 12 data center. The term "qualified tangible personal 13 property" also includes building materials physically 14 incorporated into in to the qualifying data center. To 15 document the exemption allowed under this Section, the 16 retailer must obtain from the purchaser a copy of the 17 certificate of eligibility issued by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. 18

19 This item (32) is exempt from the provisions of Section 20 3-55.

(33) Beginning July 1, 2022, breast pumps, breast pump collection and storage supplies, and breast pump kits. This item (33) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. As used in this item (33):

25 "Breast pump" means an electrically controlled or 26 manually controlled pump device designed or marketed to be used to express milk from a human breast during lactation, including the pump device and any battery, AC adapter, or other power supply unit that is used to power the pump device and is packaged and sold with the pump device at the time of sale.

6 "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" means 7 items of tangible personal property designed or marketed 8 to be used in conjunction with a breast pump to collect 9 milk expressed from a human breast and to store collected 10 milk until it is ready for consumption.

11 "Breast collection and storage supplies" pump 12 includes, but is not limited to: breast shields and breast shield connectors; breast pump tubes and tubing adapters; 13 14 breast pump valves and membranes; backflow protectors and 15 backflow protector adaptors; bottles and bottle caps 16 specific to the operation of the breast pump; and breast 17 milk storage bags.

"Breast pump collection and storage supplies" does not 18 19 include: (1) bottles and bottle caps not specific to the 20 operation of the breast pump; (2) breast pump travel bags and other similar carrying accessories, including ice 21 22 packs, labels, and other similar products; (3) breast pump cleaning supplies; (4) nursing bras, bra pads, breast 23 24 shells, and other similar products; and (5) creams, 25 ointments, and other similar products that relieve 26 breastfeeding-related symptoms or conditions of the

breasts or nipples, unless sold as part of a breast pump kit that is pre-packaged by the breast pump manufacturer or distributor.

"Breast pump kit" means a kit that: (1) contains no
more than a breast pump, breast pump collection and
storage supplies, a rechargeable battery for operating the
breast pump, a breastmilk cooler, bottle stands, ice
packs, and a breast pump carrying case; and (2) is
pre-packaged as a breast pump kit by the breast pump
manufacturer or distributor.

11 (34) Tangible personal property sold by or on behalf of 12 the State Treasurer pursuant to the Revised Uniform Unclaimed 13 Property Act. This item (34) is exempt from the provisions of 14 Section 3-55.

(35) Beginning on January 1, 2024, tangible personal 15 16 property purchased by an active duty member of the armed 17 forces of the United States who presents valid military identification and purchases the property using a form of 18 19 payment where the federal government is the payor. The member 20 of the armed forces must complete, at the point of sale, a form 21 prescribed by the Department of Revenue documenting that the 22 transaction is eligible for the exemption under this 23 paragraph. Retailers must keep the form as documentation of the exemption in their records for a period of not less than 6 24 25 years. "Armed forces of the United States" means the United 26 States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard.

This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.
(Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-700, Article 70,
Section 70-15, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 75, Section
75-15, eff. 4-19-22; 102-1026, eff. 5-27-22; 103-9, Article 5,
Section 5-15, eff. 6-7-23; 103-9, Article 15, Section 15-15,
eff. 6-7-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-384, eff. 1-1-24;
revised 12-12-23.)

8 Section 15. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended 9 by changing Section 2-5 as follows:

10 (35 ILCS 120/2-5)

11 Sec. 2-5. Exemptions. Gross receipts from proceeds from 12 the sale of the following tangible personal property are 13 exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

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(1) Farm chemicals.

15 (2) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by 16 17 the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, 18 including individual replacement parts for the machinery 19 20 and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased 21 for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm 22 23 machinery and agricultural chemical and fertilizer 24 spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered

under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, but 1 2 excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered 3 under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses hoop houses used for propagating, 4 or arowing, or 5 overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (2). Agricultural chemical 6 7 tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed 8 9 and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be 10 licensed, if the selling price of the tender is separately 11 stated.

12 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 13 14 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but 15 not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, 16 seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment 17 includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and 18 19 mapping systems, and other such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals.

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Beginning on January 1, 2024, farm machinery and equipment also includes electrical power generation equipment used primarily for production agriculture.

This item (2) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

6 (3) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and 7 equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed 8 by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for 9 the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for 10 consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel 11 for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale 12 or resale.

13 (4) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again September 1, 2004 through August 30, 2014, graphic arts machinery 14 and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, 15 16 both new and used, and including that manufactured on 17 special order or purchased for lease, certified by the be used primarily for graphic arts 18 purchaser to 19 production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals 20 acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change 21 22 upon a graphic arts product. Beginning on July 1, 2017, 23 graphic arts machinery and equipment is included in the manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment 24 25 exemption under paragraph (14).

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(5) A motor vehicle that is used for automobile

renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation
 and Use Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from the
 provisions of Section 2-70.

4 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored
5 student organization affiliated with an elementary or
6 secondary school located in Illinois.

7 (7) Until July 1, 2003, proceeds of that portion of
8 the selling price of a passenger car the sale of which is
9 subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.

(8) Personal property sold to an Illinois county fair
 association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting
 the county fair.

13 (9) Personal property sold to a not-for-profit arts or 14 cultural organization that establishes, by proof required 15 by the Department by rule, that it has received an 16 exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 17 Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, 18 19 activities, or services. These organizations include, but 20 are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations 21 such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts 22 and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, 23 visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after July 1, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 24 25 92-35), however, an entity otherwise eligible for this 26 exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has

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an active identification number issued by the Department.

(10) Personal property sold by a corporation, society,
association, foundation, institution, or organization,
other than a limited liability company, that is organized
and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for
the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the
personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for
the purpose of resale by the enterprise.

9 (11) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, personal property sold to a governmental body, to a 10 11 corporation, society, association, foundation, or 12 institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or to a 13 14 not-for-profit corporation, society, association, 15 foundation, institution, or organization that has no 16 compensated officers or employees and that is organized 17 and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may 18 19 qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited liability company is organized and operated 20 21 exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 22 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this 23 exemption shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an 24 active identification number issued by the Department.

(12) (Blank).

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(12-5) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30,

2004, motor vehicles of the second division with a gross 1 2 vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds that are subject 3 to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 4 5 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of 6 motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross 7 vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed 8 9 under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and 10 (iii) that are primarily used for commercial purposes. 11 Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair 12 and replacement parts added after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a 13 14 manner that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption 15 otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this 16 paragraph, "used for commercial purposes" means the 17 transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise whether for-hire 18 19 or not.

20 (13)Proceeds from sales to owners, lessors, or 21 shippers of tangible personal property that is utilized by 22 interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a 23 24 telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier 25 Federal Communications Commission, by the which is 26 permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in

1 interstate commerce.

2 (14) Machinery and equipment that will be used by the 3 purchaser, or a lessee of the purchaser, primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal 4 5 property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether 6 the sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the 7 8 process are owned by the manufacturer or some other 9 person, or whether the sale or lease is made apart from or 10 as an incident to the seller's engaging in the service 11 occupation of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, 12 patterns, gauges, or other similar items of no commercial value on special order for a particular purchaser. The 13 14 exemption provided by this paragraph (14) does not include 15 machinery and equipment used in (i) the generation of 16 electricity for wholesale or retail sale; (ii) the 17 generation or treatment of natural or artificial gas for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to customers 18 19 through pipes, pipelines, or mains; or (iii) the treatment 20 of water for wholesale or retail sale that is delivered to 21 customers through pipes, pipelines, or mains. The 22 provisions of Public Act 98-583 are declaratory of 23 as to the meaning and scope of this existing law 24 exemption. Beginning on July 1, 2017, the exemption 25 provided by this paragraph (14) includes, but is not 26 limited to, graphic arts machinery and equipment, as

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defined in paragraph (4) of this Section.

2 (15) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 3 stated on customers' bills for purchase and consumption of food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the 4 5 service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate 6 7 directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the 8 food or beverage function with respect to which the 9 service charge is imposed.

10 (16) Tangible personal property sold to a purchaser if 11 the purchaser is exempt from use tax by operation of 12 federal law. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 13 of Section 2-70.

14 (17) Tangible personal property sold to a common 15 carrier by rail or motor that receives the physical 16 possession of the property in Illinois and that transports 17 the property, or shares with another common carrier in the transportation of the property, out of Illinois on a 18 19 standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the 20 property as the shipper or consignor of the property to a destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois. 21

(18) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or
silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the
government of the United States of America, or the
government of any foreign country, and bullion.

(19) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration,

drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and 1 2 parts of rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover 3 rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) 4 5 storage tanks and flow lines, (v) anv individual 6 replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment 7 purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required 8 9 to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

10 (20) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, 11 including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, 12 including that manufactured on special order, certified by 13 the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, 14 and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment 15 purchased for lease.

16 (21)Until July 1, 2028, coal and aggregate 17 exploration, mining, off-highway hauling, processing, reclamation equipment, 18 maintenance. and including 19 replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment 20 purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. The 21 22 changes made to this Section by Public Act 97-767 apply on 23 and after July 1, 2003, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after August 16, 2013 (the effective date 24 25 of Public Act 98-456) for such taxes paid during the period beginning July 1, 2003 and ending on August 16, 26

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2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-456).

2 (22) Until June 30, 2013, fuel and petroleum products 3 sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier 4 to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the 5 conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a 6 flight destined for or returning from a location or 7 locations outside the United States without regard to 8 previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

9 Beginning July 1, 2013, fuel and petroleum products 10 sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier 11 to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the 12 conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight that (i) is engaged in foreign trade or is engaged 13 14 in trade between the United States and any of its 15 possessions and (ii) transports at least one individual or 16 package for hire from the city of origination to the city 17 of final destination on the same aircraft, without regard to a change in the flight number of that aircraft. 18

19 (23) A transaction in which the purchase order is 20 received by a florist who is located outside Illinois, but 21 who has a florist located in Illinois deliver the property 22 to the purchaser or the purchaser's donee in Illinois.

(24) Fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships,
 barges, or vessels that are used primarily in or for the
 transportation of property or the conveyance of persons
 for hire on rivers bordering on this State if the fuel is

1 2 delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or vessel while it is afloat upon that bordering river.

3 Except as provided in item (25-5) of (25)this motor vehicle sold in this State to 4 Section, а а 5 nonresident even though the motor vehicle is delivered to the nonresident in this State, if the motor vehicle is not 6 7 to be titled in this State, and if a drive-away permit is issued to the motor vehicle as provided in Section 3-603 8 9 the Illinois Vehicle Code or if the nonresident of 10 purchaser has vehicle registration plates to transfer to 11 the motor vehicle upon returning to his or her home state. 12 issuance of the drive-away permit or having the The out-of-state registration plates to be transferred is 13 14 prima facie evidence that the motor vehicle will not be 15 titled in this State.

16 (25-5) The exemption under item (25) does not apply if 17 the state in which the motor vehicle will be titled does not allow a reciprocal exemption for a motor vehicle sold 18 19 and delivered in that state to an Illinois resident but titled in Illinois. The tax collected under this Act on 20 the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of 21 22 another state that does not allow a reciprocal exemption 23 shall be imposed at a rate equal to the state's rate of tax 24 on taxable property in the state in which the purchaser is 25 a resident, except that the tax shall not exceed the tax 26 that would otherwise be imposed under this Act. At the

1 time of the sale, the purchaser shall execute a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, of his or her intent to 2 3 title the vehicle in the state in which the purchaser is a resident within 30 days after the sale and of the fact of 4 5 the payment to the State of Illinois of tax in an amount 6 equivalent to the state's rate of tax on taxable property 7 in his or her state of residence and shall submit the statement to the appropriate tax collection agency in his 8 9 or her state of residence. In addition, the retailer must 10 retain a signed copy of the statement in his or her 11 records. Nothing in this item shall be construed to 12 require the removal of the vehicle from this state following the filing of an intent to title the vehicle in 13 14 the purchaser's state of residence if the purchaser titles 15 the vehicle in his or her state of residence within 30 days 16 after the date of sale. The tax collected under this Act in 17 accordance with this item (25-5) shall be proportionately distributed as if the tax were collected at the 6.25% 18 19 general rate imposed under this Act.

20 (25-7) Beginning on July 1, 2007, no tax is imposed 21 under this Act on the sale of an aircraft, as defined in 22 Section 3 of the Illinois Aeronautics Act, if all of the 23 following conditions are met:

(1) the aircraft leaves this State within 15 days
after the later of either the issuance of the final
billing for the sale of the aircraft, or the

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authorized approval for return to service, completion of the maintenance record entry, and completion of the test flight and ground test for inspection, as required by 14 CFR 91.407;

(2) the aircraft is not based or registered in this State after the sale of the aircraft; and

7 (3) the seller retains in his or her books and records and provides to the Department a signed and 8 9 dated certification from the purchaser, on a form 10 prescribed by the Department, certifying that the 11 requirements of this item (25-7) are met. The 12 certificate must also include the name and address of 13 the purchaser, the address of the location where the 14 aircraft is to be titled or registered, the address of 15 the primary physical location of the aircraft, and 16 other information that the Department may reasonably 17 require.

18 For purposes of this item (25-7):

19 "Based in this State" means hangared, stored, or 20 otherwise used, excluding post-sale customizations as 21 defined in this Section, for 10 or more days in each 22 12-month period immediately following the date of the sale 23 of the aircraft.

24 "Registered in this State" means an aircraft
25 registered with the Department of Transportation,
26 Aeronautics Division, or titled or registered with the

1 Federal Aviation Administration to an address located in

This paragraph (25-7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

5 (26) Semen used for artificial insemination of
 6 livestock for direct agricultural production.

7 (27) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse 8 9 Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American 10 Ouarter Horse Association, United States Trotting 11 Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for 12 purposes of breeding or racing for prizes. This item (27) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70, and the 13 14 exemption provided for under this item (27) applies for 15 all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for 16 credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 2008 17 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending 18 on January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 19 20 95-88).

(28) Computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax

this State.

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- exemption identification number by the Department under
 Section 1g of this Act.

3 (29) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the 4 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or 5 in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental 6 body that has been issued an active tax exemption 7 identification number by the Department under Section 1g 8 of this Act.

9 (30) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 10 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on 11 or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or 12 federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering 13 14 Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, 15 16 foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that 17 assists victims of the disaster who reside within the 18 19 declared disaster area.

20 (31) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 21 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on 22 or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is 23 used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this 24 State, including, but not limited to, municipal roads and 25 streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal 26 systems, water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

7 (32) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold
8 at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" as that
9 term is used in the Wildlife Code. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

11 (33) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in 12 Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is 13 donated to a corporation, limited liability company, 14 society, association, foundation, or institution that is 15 determined by the Department to be organized and operated 16 exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this 17 exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution organized 18 and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means 19 all tax-supported public schools, private schools that 20 offer systematic instruction in useful branches 21 of 22 learning by methods common to public schools and that 23 compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 24 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and 25 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized 26 and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of

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not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

5 (34) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, 6 including food, purchased through fundraising events for 7 the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary 8 school, a group of those schools, or one or more school 9 districts if the events are sponsored by an entity 10 recognized by the school district that consists primarily 11 of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the 12 school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home 13 14 instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity 15 purchases the personal property sold at the events from 16 another individual or entity that sold the property for 17 the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This 18 19 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

20 (35) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that 21 22 prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including 23 coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for 24 these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 25 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in 26 commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business

if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

5 (35-5) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2016, food for human consumption that is to be consumed 6 7 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 8 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared 9 immediate consumption) and for prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and 10 11 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles 12 used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V 13 14 of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed 15 long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home 16 Care Act, or a licensed facility as defined in the ID/DD 17 Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, or the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013. 18

19 Beginning August 2, 2001, computers (36)and 20 communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose 21 and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or 22 treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases 23 equipment, under a lease of one year or longer the 24 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 25 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 26 identification number by the Department under Section 1q

of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
 of Section 2-70.

(37) Beginning August 2, 2001, personal property sold 3 to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one 4 5 year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the 6 purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an 7 exemption identification number active tax by the 8 Department under Section 1q of this Act. This paragraph is 9 exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

10 (38) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 11 2016, tangible personal property purchased from an 12 Illinois retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized 13 purchasing activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt 14 the property in Illinois, temporarily store the of 15 property in Illinois (i) for the purpose of subsequently 16 transporting it outside this State for use or consumption 17 thereafter solely outside this State or (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured 18 19 into, attached to, or incorporated into other tangible 20 personal property to be transported outside this State and 21 thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The 22 Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 23 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, 24 issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the 25 Department who is eligible for the exemption under this 26 paragraph (38). The permit issued under this paragraph

1 (38) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the 2 manner specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to 3 purchase tangible personal property from a retailer exempt 4 from the taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall 5 maintain all necessary books and records to substantiate 6 the use and consumption of all such tangible personal 7 property outside of the State of Illinois.

8 (39) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal 9 property used in the construction or maintenance of a 10 community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of 11 the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a 12 not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply issued under Title IV of the Environmental 13 permit 14 Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 2-70.

16 (40) Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through 17 31, 2029, materials, parts, December equipment, components, and furnishings incorporated into or upon an 18 19 aircraft as part of the modification, refurbishment, 20 completion, replacement, repair, or maintenance of the aircraft. This exemption includes consumable supplies used 21 22 in the modification, refurbishment, completion, 23 replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft. However, 24 until January 1, 2024, this exemption excludes any 25 materials, parts, equipment, components, and consumable 26 supplies used in the modification, replacement, repair,

and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants, whether such engines or power plants are installed or uninstalled upon any such aircraft. "Consumable supplies" include, but are not limited to, adhesive, tape, sandpaper, general purpose lubricants, cleaning solution, latex gloves, and protective films.

7 Beginning January 1, 2010 and continuing through 8 December 31, 2023, this exemption applies only to the sale 9 of qualifying tangible personal property to persons who 10 modify, refurbish, complete, replace, or maintain an 11 aircraft and who (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and 12 are empowered to operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation Administration, (ii) have a Class IV 13 14 Rating, and (iii) conduct operations in accordance with 15 Part 145 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The 16 exemption does not include aircraft operated by a 17 commercial air carrier providing scheduled passenger air service pursuant to authority issued under Part 121 or 18 19 Part 129 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. From January 20 1, 2024 through December 31, 2029, this exemption applies 21 only to the sale use of qualifying tangible personal 22 property to by: (A) persons who modify, refurbish, 23 complete, repair, replace, or maintain aircraft and who 24 (i) hold an Air Agency Certificate and are empowered to 25 operate an approved repair station by the Federal Aviation 26 Administration, (ii) have a Class IV Rating, and (iii)

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conduct operations in accordance with Part 145 of the 1 2 Federal Aviation Regulations; and (B) persons who engage 3 in the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft engines or power plants without regard to 5 whether or not those persons meet the qualifications of 6 item (A).

7 The changes made to this paragraph (40) by Public Act 98-534 are declarative of existing law. It is the intent 8 9 of the General Assembly that the exemption under this 10 paragraph (40) applies continuously from January 1, 2010 11 through December 31, 2024; however, no claim for credit or 12 refund is allowed for taxes paid as a result of the disallowance of this exemption on or after January 1, 2015 13 14 and prior to February 5, 2020 (the effective date of 15 Public Act 101-629).

16 (41)Tangible personal property sold to а 17 public-facilities corporation, as described in Section 11-65-10 of the Illinois Municipal Code, for purposes of 18 19 constructing or furnishing a municipal convention hall, 20 but only if the legal title to the municipal convention 21 hall is transferred to the municipality without any 22 further consideration by or on behalf of the municipality 23 at the time of the completion of the municipal convention 24 hall or upon the retirement or redemption of any bonds or 25 other debt instruments issued by the public-facilities 26 corporation in connection with the development of the

municipal convention hall. This exemption includes
 existing public-facilities corporations as provided in
 Section 11-65-25 of the Illinois Municipal Code. This
 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

(42) Beginning January 1, 2017 and through December 31, 2026, menstrual pads, tampons, and menstrual cups.

7 Merchandise that is subject to the Rental (43)8 Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax. The purchaser 9 must certify that the item is purchased to be rented 10 subject to a <u>rental-purchase</u> rental purchase agreement, as 11 defined in the Rental-Purchase Rental Purchase Agreement 12 Act, and provide proof of registration under the Rental Purchase Agreement Occupation and Use Tax Act. This 13 14 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

15 (44) Qualified tangible personal property used in the 16 construction or operation of a data center that has been 17 granted a certificate of exemption by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, whether that tangible 18 19 personal property is purchased by the owner, operator, or 20 tenant of the data center or by a contractor or subcontractor of the owner, operator, or tenant. Data 21 22 centers that would have qualified for a certificate of 23 exemption prior to January 1, 2020 had Public Act 101-31 24 been in effect, may apply for and obtain an exemption for 25 subsequent purchases of computer equipment or enabling 26 software purchased or leased to upgrade, supplement, or

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1 replace computer equipment or enabling software purchased 2 or leased in the original investment that would have 3 qualified.

The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall grant a certificate of exemption under this item (44) to qualified data centers as defined by Section 605-1025 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

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For the purposes of this item (44):

Il "Data center" means a building or a series of buildings rehabilitated or constructed to house working servers in one physical location or multiple sites within the State of Illinois.

15 "Qualified tangible personal property" means: 16 electrical systems and equipment; climate control and 17 chilling equipment and systems; mechanical systems and equipment; monitoring and secure systems; emergency 18 19 generators; hardware; computers; servers; data storage 20 devices; network connectivity equipment; racks; 21 cabinets; telecommunications cabling infrastructure; 22 raised floor systems; peripheral components or 23 systems; software; mechanical, electrical, or plumbing 24 systems; battery systems; cooling systems and towers; 25 temperature control systems; other cabling; and other 26 data center infrastructure equipment and systems

1 necessary to operate qualified tangible personal property, including fixtures; and component parts of 2 3 foregoing, including installation, any of the maintenance, repair, refurbishment, and replacement of 4 5 qualified tangible personal property to generate, 6 transform, transmit, distribute, or manage electricity 7 necessary to operate qualified tangible personal property; and all other tangible personal property 8 9 that is essential to the operations of a computer data 10 center. The term "qualified tangible personal 11 property" also includes building materials physically 12 incorporated into the qualifying data center. To 13 document the exemption allowed under this Section, the 14 retailer must obtain from the purchaser a copy of the 15 certificate of eligibility issued by the Department of 16 Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

17 This item (44) is exempt from the provisions of 18 Section 2-70.

(45) Beginning January 1, 2020 and through December 19 20 31, 2020, sales of tangible personal property made by a 21 marketplace seller over a marketplace for which tax is due 22 under this Act but for which use tax has been collected and 23 remitted to the Department by a marketplace facilitator 24 under Section 2d of the Use Tax Act are exempt from tax 25 under this Act. A marketplace seller claiming this 26 exemption shall maintain books and records demonstrating

that the use tax on such sales has been collected and 1 2 remitted by a marketplace facilitator. Marketplace sellers 3 that have properly remitted tax under this Act on such sales may file a claim for credit as provided in Section 6 4 5 of this Act. No claim is allowed, however, for such taxes for which a credit or refund has been issued to the 6 7 marketplace facilitator under the Use Tax Act, or for which the marketplace facilitator has filed a claim for 8 9 credit or refund under the Use Tax Act.

(46) Beginning July 1, 2022, breast pumps, breast pump
collection and storage supplies, and breast pump kits.
This item (46) is exempt from the provisions of Section
2-70. As used in this item (46):

"Breast pump" means an electrically controlled or manually controlled pump device designed or marketed to be used to express milk from a human breast during lactation, including the pump device and any battery, AC adapter, or other power supply unit that is used to power the pump device and is packaged and sold with the pump device at the time of sale.

21 "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" means 22 items of tangible personal property designed or marketed 23 to be used in conjunction with a breast pump to collect 24 milk expressed from a human breast and to store collected 25 milk until it is ready for consumption.

"Breast pump collection and storage supplies"

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includes, but is not limited to: breast shields and breast shield connectors; breast pump tubes and tubing adapters; breast pump valves and membranes; backflow protectors and backflow protector adaptors; bottles and bottle caps specific to the operation of the breast pump; and breast milk storage bags.

7 "Breast pump collection and storage supplies" does not 8 include: (1) bottles and bottle caps not specific to the 9 operation of the breast pump; (2) breast pump travel bags 10 and other similar carrying accessories, including ice 11 packs, labels, and other similar products; (3) breast pump 12 cleaning supplies; (4) nursing bras, bra pads, breast shells, and other similar products; and (5) creams, 13 14 ointments, and other similar products that relieve 15 breastfeeding-related symptoms or conditions of the 16 breasts or nipples, unless sold as part of a breast pump 17 kit that is pre-packaged by the breast pump manufacturer or distributor. 18

"Breast pump kit" means a kit that: (1) contains no more than a breast pump, breast pump collection and storage supplies, a rechargeable battery for operating the breast pump, a breastmilk cooler, bottle stands, ice packs, and a breast pump carrying case; and (2) is pre-packaged as a breast pump kit by the breast pump manufacturer or distributor.

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(47) Tangible personal property sold by or on behalf

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- 1 of the State Treasurer pursuant to the Revised Uniform 2 Unclaimed Property Act. This item (47) is exempt from the 3 provisions of Section 2-70.

(48) Beginning on January 1, 2024, tangible personal 4 5 property purchased by an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States who presents valid military 6 7 identification and purchases the property using a form of payment where the federal government is the payor. The 8 9 member of the armed forces must complete, at the point of 10 sale, a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue 11 documenting that the transaction is eligible for the 12 exemption under this paragraph. Retailers must keep the form as documentation of the exemption in their records 13 14 for a period of not less than 6 years. "Armed forces of the 15 United States" means the United States Army, Navy, Air 16 Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. This paragraph is 17 exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

18 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-634, eff. 8-27-21;
19 102-700, Article 70, Section 70-20, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700,
20 Article 75, Section 75-20, eff. 4-19-22; 102-813, eff.
21 5-13-22; 102-1026, eff. 5-27-22; 103-9, Article 5, Section
22 5-20, eff. 6-7-23; 103-9, Article 15, Section 15-20, eff.
23 6-7-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-384, eff. 1-1-24; revised
24 12-12-23.)

Section 20. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing

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1 Section 2 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 505/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 418)

3 Sec. 2. A tax is imposed on the privilege of operating 4 motor vehicles upon the public highways and recreational-type 5 watercraft upon the waters of this State.

6 (a) Prior to August 1, 1989, the tax is imposed at the rate 7 of 13 cents per gallon on all motor fuel used in motor vehicles operating on the public highways and recreational type 8 9 watercraft operating upon the waters of this State. Beginning 10 on August 1, 1989 and until January 1, 1990, the rate of the 11 tax imposed in this paragraph shall be 16 cents per gallon. 12 Beginning January 1, 1990 and until July 1, 2019, the rate of tax imposed in this paragraph, including the tax on compressed 13 14 natural gas, shall be 19 cents per gallon. Beginning July 1, 15 2019 and until July 1, 2020, the rate of tax imposed in this 16 paragraph shall be 38 cents per gallon. Beginning July 1, 2020 and until July 1, 2021, the rate of tax imposed in this 17 18 paragraph shall be 38.7 cents per gallon. Beginning July 1, 2021 and until January 1, 2023, the rate of tax imposed in this 19 paragraph shall be 39.2 cents per gallon. On January 1, 2023, 20 21 the rate of tax imposed in this paragraph shall be increased by 22 an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items 23 24 published by the United States Department of Labor for the 12 months ending in September of 2022. On July 1, 2023, and on 25

July 1 of each subsequent year, the rate of tax imposed in this 1 2 paragraph shall be increased by an amount equal to the 3 percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United 4 5 States Department of Labor for the 12 months ending in March of 6 the year in which the increase takes place. The percentage 7 increase in the Consumer Price Index shall be calculated as 8 follows: (1) calculate the average Consumer Price Index for 9 the full 12 months ending in March of the year in which the 10 increase takes place; (2) calculate the average Consumer Price 11 Index for the full 12 months ending in March of the year 12 immediately preceding the year in which the increase takes place; (3) calculate the percentage increase, if any, in the 13 14 current-year average determined under item (1) over the preceding-year average <u>determined under item (2)</u>. The rate 15 16 shall be rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one cent.

(a-5) Beginning on July 1, 2022 and through December 31, 17 2022, each retailer of motor fuel shall cause the following 18 notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each 19 20 retail dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2022, the State of 21 22 Illinois has suspended the inflation adjustment to the motor 23 fuel tax through December 31, 2022. The price on this pump should reflect the suspension of the tax increase." The notice 24 25 shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller 26 than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to

1 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 2 required sign through December 31, 2022 is guilty of a petty 3 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 4 retail premises where a violation occurs.

5 (b) Until July 1, 2019, the tax on the privilege of operating motor vehicles which use diesel fuel, liquefied 6 7 natural gas, or propane shall be the rate according to 8 paragraph (a) plus an additional 2 1/2 cents per gallon. 9 Beginning July 1, 2019, the tax on the privilege of operating 10 motor vehicles which use diesel fuel, liquefied natural gas, 11 or propane shall be the rate according to subsection (a) plus 12 an additional 7.5 cents per gallon. "Diesel fuel" is defined 13 as any product intended for use or offered for sale as a fuel 14 for engines in which the fuel is injected into the combustion 15 chamber and ignited by pressure without electric spark.

16 (c) A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in the 17 business of selling motor fuel as a retailer or reseller on all motor fuel used in motor vehicles operating on the public 18 highways and recreational type watercraft operating upon the 19 20 waters of this State: (1) at the rate of 3 cents per gallon on motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or reseller at 21 22 12:01 a.m. on August 1, 1989; and (2) at the rate of 3 cents 23 per gallon on motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or reseller at 12:01 A.M. on January 1, 1990. 24

25 Retailers and resellers who are subject to this additional 26 tax shall be required to inventory such motor fuel and pay this

1 additional tax in a manner prescribed by the Department of 2 Revenue.

The tax imposed in this paragraph (c) shall be in addition to all other taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or any unit of local government in this State.

6 (d) Except as provided in Section 2a, the collection of a 7 tax based on gallonage of gasoline used for the propulsion of 8 any aircraft is prohibited on and after October 1, 1979, and 9 the collection of a tax based on gallonage of special fuel used 10 for the propulsion of any aircraft is prohibited on and after 11 December 1, 2019.

12 (e) The collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all products commonly or commercially known or 13 sold as 1-K kerosene, regardless of its classification or 14 uses, is prohibited (i) on and after July 1, 1992 until December 31, 15 16 1999, except when the 1-K kerosene is either: (1) delivered 17 into bulk storage facilities of a bulk user, or (2) delivered directly into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles and (ii) 18 19 on and after January 1, 2000. Beginning on January 1, 2000, the 20 collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all products 21 commonly or commercially known or sold as 1-K kerosene, 22 regardless of its classification or uses, is prohibited except 23 when the 1-K kerosene is delivered directly into a storage 24 tank that is located at a facility that has withdrawal 25 facilities that are readily accessible to and are capable of 26 dispensing 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply tanks of motor

vehicles. For purposes of this subsection (e), a facility is 1 2 considered to have withdrawal facilities that are not "readily 3 accessible to and capable of dispensing 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles" only if the 1-K kerosene 4 5 is delivered from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so that it will not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle 6 7 or (ii) a dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other 8 physical barrier so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the 9 dispenser to permit fueling.

Any person who sells or uses 1-K kerosene for use in motor vehicles upon which the tax imposed by this Law has not been paid shall be liable for any tax due on the sales or use of 1-K kerosene.

As used in this Section, "Consumer Price Index" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100.

20 (Source: P.A. 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 21 101-604, eff. 12-13-19; 102-700, eff. 4-19-22.)

22 Section 25. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by 23 changing Section 8-1 as follows:

24 (235 ILCS 5/8-1)

Sec. 8-1. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging 1 2 in business as a manufacturer or as an importing distributor of alcoholic liquor other than beer at the rate of \$0.185 per 3 gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$0.231 per gallon beginning 4 5 September 1, 2009 for cider containing not less than 0.5% 6 alcohol by volume nor more than 7% alcohol by volume, \$0.73 per 7 gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$1.39 per gallon beginning September 1, 2009 for wine other than cider containing less 8 9 than 7% alcohol by volume, and \$4.50 per gallon until 10 September 1, 2009 and \$8.55 per gallon beginning September 1, 11 2009 on alcohol and spirits manufactured and sold or used by 12 such manufacturer, or as agent for any other person, or sold or 13 used by such importing distributor, or as agent for any other person. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in 14 15 business as a manufacturer of beer or as an importing 16 distributor of beer at the rate of \$0.185 per gallon until 17 September 1, 2009 and \$0.231 per gallon beginning September 1, all beer, regardless of alcohol by volume, 18 2009 on manufactured and sold or used by such manufacturer, or as 19 20 agent for any other person, or sold or used by such importing 21 distributor, or as agent for any other person. A tax is imposed 22 upon the privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer 23 or as an importing distributor of alcoholic liquor containing 24 not less than 0.5% alcohol by volume nor more than 10% alcohol 25 by volume, other than cider, wine, or beer, at the rate of \$0.231 per gallon manufactured and sold or used by such 26

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1 <u>manufacturer, or as agent for any other person, or sold or used</u>
2 <u>by such importing distributor, or as agent for any other</u>
3 <u>person.</u> Any brewer manufacturing beer in this State shall be
4 entitled to and given a credit or refund of 75% of the tax
5 imposed on each gallon of beer up to 4.9 million gallons per
6 year in any given calendar year for tax paid or payable on beer
7 produced and sold in the State of Illinois.

8 For purposes of this Section, "beer" means beer, ale, 9 porter, stout, and other similar fermented beverages of any 10 name or description containing one-half of one percent or more 11 of alcohol by volume, brewed or produced from malt, wholly or 12 in part, or from any substitute for malt.

For the purpose of this Section, "cider" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the alcohol fermentation of the juice of apples or pears including, but not limited to, flavored, sparkling, or carbonated cider.

17 The credit or refund created by this Act shall apply to all 18 beer taxes in the calendar years 1982 through 1986.

19 The increases made by this amendatory Act of the 91st 20 General Assembly in the rates of taxes imposed under this 21 Section shall apply beginning on July 1, 1999.

A tax at the rate of 1¢ per gallon on beer and 48¢ per gallon on alcohol and spirits is also imposed upon the privilege of engaging in business as a retailer or as a distributor who is not also an importing distributor with respect to all beer and all alcohol and spirits owned or

possessed by such retailer or distributor when this amendatory 1 2 Act of 1969 becomes effective, and with respect to which the 3 additional tax imposed by this amendatory Act upon manufacturers and importing distributors does not apply. 4 5 Retailers and distributors who are subject to the additional tax imposed by this paragraph of this Section shall be 6 7 required to inventory such alcoholic liquor and to pay this 8 additional tax in a manner prescribed by the Department.

9 The provisions of this Section shall be construed to apply 10 to any importing distributor engaging in business in this 11 State, whether licensed or not.

12 However, such tax is not imposed upon any such business as any alcoholic liquor shipped outside Illinois by an 13 to 14 Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor, nor 15 as to any alcoholic liquor delivered in Illinois by an 16 Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to a 17 purchaser for immediate transportation by the purchaser to another state into which the purchaser has a legal right, 18 19 under the laws of such state, to import such alcoholic liquor, 20 nor as to any alcoholic liquor other than beer sold by one Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to 21 22 another Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing 23 distributor to the extent to which the sale of alcoholic liquor other than beer by one Illinois licensed manufacturer 24 25 importing distributor to another Illinois licensed or 26 manufacturer or importing distributor is authorized by the

licensing provisions of this Act, nor to alcoholic liquor whether manufactured in or imported into this State when sold to a "non-beverage user" licensed by the State for use in the manufacture of any of the following when they are unfit for beverage purposes:

Patent and proprietary medicines and medicinal,antiseptic, culinary and toilet preparations;

8 Flavoring extracts and syrups and food products;

9 Scientific, industrial and chemical products, excepting10 denatured alcohol;

Or for scientific, chemical, experimental or mechanical purposes;

Nor is the tax imposed upon the privilege of engaging in any business in interstate commerce or otherwise, which business may not, under the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State.

17 The tax herein imposed shall be in addition to all other 18 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by the State of Illinois 19 or political subdivision thereof.

20 If any alcoholic liquor manufactured in or imported into this State is sold to a licensed manufacturer or importing 21 22 distributor by a licensed manufacturer or importing 23 distributor to be used solely as an ingredient in the 24 manufacture of any beverage for human consumption, the tax 25 imposed upon such purchasing manufacturer or importing 26 distributor shall be reduced by the amount of the taxes which

1 have been paid by the selling manufacturer or importing 2 distributor under this Act as to such alcoholic liquor so used 3 to the Department of Revenue.

If any person received any alcoholic liquors from a 4 5 manufacturer or importing distributor, with respect to which alcoholic liquors no tax is imposed under this Article, and 6 7 such alcoholic liquor shall thereafter be disposed of in such 8 manner or under such circumstances as may cause the same to 9 become the base for the tax imposed by this Article, such 10 person shall make the same reports and returns, pay the same 11 taxes and be subject to all other provisions of this Article 12 relating to manufacturers and importing distributors.

Nothing in this Article shall be construed to require the payment to the Department of the taxes imposed by this Article more than once with respect to any quantity of alcoholic liquor sold or used within this State.

No tax is imposed by this Act on sales of alcoholic liquor by Illinois licensed foreign importers to Illinois licensed importing distributors.

All of the proceeds of the additional tax imposed by Public Act 96-34 shall be deposited by the Department into the Capital Projects Fund. The remainder of the tax imposed by this Act shall be deposited by the Department into the General Revenue Fund.

25 A manufacturer of beer that imports or transfers beer into 26 this State must comply with the provisions of this Section

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1	with regard to the beer impo	orted into this State.
2	The provisions of this	s Section 8-1 are severable under
3	Section 1.31 of the Statute	on Statutes.
4	(Source: P.A. 100-885, eff.	8-14-18; 101-16, eff. 6-14-19.)
5	Section 99. Effective	date. This Act takes effect upon

6 becoming law.