

Rep. William "Will" Davis

## Filed: 4/30/2024

	10300SB3156ham001 LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3156
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 3156 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
5	Sections 2-3.47a, 2-3.170, 10-17a, 10-20.12a, 10-20.17a,
6	10-20.56, 10-22.24b, 10-27.1A, 10-27.1B, 18-8.15, 21B-45,
7	21B-50, 26-2, 27-22.2, and 34-8.05 as follows:
8	(105 ILCS 5/2-3.47a)
9	Sec. 2-3.47a. Strategic plan.
10	(a) The State Board of Education shall develop and
11	maintain a continuing comprehensive strategic plan for
12	elementary and secondary education. The strategic plan shall
13	address how the State Board of Education will focus its
14	efforts to increase equity in all Illinois schools and shall
15	include, without limitation, all of the following topic areas:
16	(1) Service and support to school districts to improve

1 student performance. Programs to improve equitable and strategic 2 (2)resource allocation in all schools. 3 4 (3) Efforts to enhance the social-emotional well-being 5 of Illinois students. (4) (Blank). 6 (5) (Blank). 7 8 (6) (Blank). 9 (7) (Blank). 10 (8) (Blank). (9) (Blank). 11 (10) (Blank). 12 13 (11) (Blank). 14 (12) (Blank). 15 (13) (Blank). 16 (14) Attraction and retention of diverse and qualified teachers and leaders. 17 18 (15) (Blank). Board of Education shall consult with 19 The State the 20 educational community, hold public hearings, and receive input from all interested groups in drafting the strategic plan. 21 (b) To meet the requirements of this Section, the State 22 23 Board of Education shall issue to the Governor and General 24 Assembly a preliminary report within 6 months after the

25 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General 26 Assembly and a final 5-year strategic plan within one year 10300SB3156ham001 -3- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd
2	General Assembly. Thereafter, <u>the State Board shall annually</u>
3	review the strategic plan and, if necessary, update its
4	contents. The State Board shall provide updates regarding the
5	topic areas contained in the strategic plan and any updates to
6	its contents, if applicable, shall be updated and issued to
7	the Governor and General Assembly on or before July 1 of each
8	year.
9	(Source: P.A. 102-539, eff. 8-20-21.)
10	(105 ILCS 5/2-3.170)
11	Sec. 2-3.170. Property tax relief pool grants.
12	(a) As used in this Section,
13	"EAV" means equalized assessed valuation as defined under
14	Section 18-8.15 of this Code.
15	"Property tax multiplier" equals one minus the square of
16	the school district's Local Capacity Percentage, as defined in
17	Section 18-8.15 of this Code.
18	"Local capacity percentage multiplier" means one minus the
19	school district's Local Capacity Percentage, as defined in
20	Section 18-8.15.
21	"State Board" means the State Board of Education.
22	(b) Subject to appropriation, the State Board shall
23	provide grants to eligible school districts that provide tax
24	relief to the school district's residents, which may be no
25	greater than 1% of EAV for a unit district, 0.69% of EAV for an

elementary school district, or 0.31% of EAV for a high school
 district, as provided in this Section.

(b-5) School districts may apply for property tax relief 3 4 under this Section concurrently to setting their levy for the 5 fiscal year. The intended relief may not be greater than 1% of the EAV for a unit district, 0.69% of the EAV for an elementary 6 school district, or 0.31% of the EAV for a high school 7 8 district, multiplied by the school district's local capacity 9 percentage multiplier. The State Board shall process 10 applications for relief, providing a grant to those districts 11 with the highest adjusted operating tax rate, as determined by those districts with the highest percentage of the simple 12 13 average adjusted operating tax rate of districts of the same 14 type, either elementary, high school, or unit, first, in an 15 amount equal to the intended relief multiplied by the property 16 tax multiplier. The State Board shall provide grants to school districts in order of priority until the property tax relief 17 pool is exhausted. If more school districts apply for relief 18 under this subsection than there are funds available, the 19 20 State Board must distribute the grants and prorate any remaining funds to the final school district that qualifies 21 22 for grant relief. The abatement amount for that district must 23 be equal to the grant amount divided by the property tax 24 multiplier.

If a school district receives the State Board's approval of a grant under this Section by March 1 of the fiscal year, 10300SB3156ham001 -5- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 the school district shall present a duly authorized and approved abatement resolution by March 30 of the fiscal year 2 3 to the county clerk of each county in which the school files 4 its levy, authorizing the county clerk to lower the school 5 district's levy by the amount designated in its application to the State Board. When the preceding requisites are satisfied, 6 the county clerk shall reduce the amount collected for the 7 school district by the amount indicated in the school 8 9 district's abatement resolution for that fiscal year.

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(c) (Blank).

(d) School districts seeking grants under this Section shall apply to the State Board each year. All applications to the State Board for grants shall include the amount of the tax relief intended by the school district.

(e) Each year, based on the most recent available data provided by school districts pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this Code, the State Board shall calculate the order of priority for grant eligibility under subsection (b-5) and publish a list of the school districts eligible for relief. The State Board shall provide grants in the manner provided under subsection (b-5).

(f) The State Board shall publish a final list of eligible grant recipients and provide payment of the grants by March 1 of each year.

25 (g) If notice of eligibility from the State Board is 26 received by a school district by March 1, then by March 30, the 10300SB3156ham001 -6- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 school district shall file an abatement of its property tax
2 levy in an amount equal to the grant received under this
3 Section divided by the property tax multiplier. Payment of all
4 grant amounts shall be made by June 1 each fiscal year. The
5 State Superintendent of Education shall establish the timeline
6 in such cases in which notice cannot be made by March 1.

(h) The total property tax relief allowable to a school 7 district under this Section shall be calculated based on the 8 9 total amount of reduction in the school district's aggregate 10 extension. The total grant shall be equal to the reduction, 11 multiplied by the property tax multiplier. The reduction shall be equal to 1% of a district's EAV for a unit school district, 12 13 0.69% for an elementary school district, or 0.31% for a high 14 school district, multiplied by the school district's local 15 capacity percentage multiplier.

(i) If the State Board does not expend all appropriations
allocated pursuant to this Section, then any remaining funds
shall be allocated pursuant to Section 18-8.15 of this Code.

(j) The State Board shall prioritize payments under
Section 18-8.15 of this Code over payments under this Section,
if necessary.

(k) Any grants received by a school district shall be included in future calculations of that school district's Base Funding Minimum under Section 18-8.15 of this Code. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2020, if a school district receives a grant under this Section, the school district must present to the 10300SB3156ham001 -7- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 county clerk a duly authorized and approved abatement resolution by March 30 for the year in which the school 2 3 district receives the grant and the successive fiscal year 4 following the receipt of the grant, authorizing the county 5 clerk to lower the school district's levy by the amount designated in its original application to the State Board. 6 After receiving a resolution, the county clerk must reduce the 7 8 amount collected for the school district by the amount 9 indicated in the school district's abatement resolution for 10 that fiscal year. If a school district does not abate in this 11 amount for the successive fiscal year, the grant amount may not be included in the school district's Base Funding Minimum 12 13 under Section 18-8.15 in the fiscal year following the tax 14 year in which the abatement is not authorized and in any future 15 fiscal year thereafter, and the county clerk must notify the 16 State Board of the increase no later 30 days after it occurs.

(1) In the immediate 2 consecutive tax years following receipt of a Property Tax Pool Relief Grant, the aggregate extension base of any school district receiving a grant under this Section, for purposes of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, shall include the tax relief the school district provided in the previous taxable year under this Section.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-465, eff. 8-31-17; 100-582, eff. 3-23-18; 25 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-17, eff. 6-14-19; 101-643, eff. 26 6-18-20.)

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(105 ILCS 5/10-17a)

Sec. 10-17a. State, school district, and school report
 cards; Expanded High School Snapshot Report.

(1) By October 31, 2013 and October 31 of each subsequent 4 5 school year, the State Board of Education, through the State Superintendent of Education, shall prepare a State report 6 7 card, school district report cards, and school report cards, and shall by the most economical means provide to each school 8 9 district in this State, including special charter districts 10 and districts subject to the provisions of Article 34, the report cards for the school district and each of its schools. 11 12 Because of the impacts of the COVID-19 public health emergency during school year 2020-2021, the State Board of Education 13 14 shall have until December 31, 2021 to prepare and provide the 15 report cards that would otherwise be due by October 31, 2021. During a school year in which the Governor has declared a 16 17 disaster due to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 18 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, the report 19 cards for the school districts and each of its schools shall be 20 prepared by December 31.

(2) In addition to any information required by federal law, the State Superintendent shall determine the indicators and presentation of the school report card, which must include, at a minimum, the most current data collected and maintained by the State Board of Education related to the 1 following:

(A) school characteristics and student demographics, 2 3 including average class size, average teaching experience, student racial/ethnic breakdown, and the percentage of 4 students classified as low-income; the percentage of 5 students classified as English learners, the number of 6 7 students who graduate from a bilingual or English learner 8 program, and the number of students who graduate from, 9 transfer from, or otherwise leave bilingual programs; the 10 percentage of students who have individualized education plans or 504 plans that provide for special education 11 12 services; the number and the percentage of all students in 13 grades kindergarten through 8, disaggregated by the 14 student students demographics described in this paragraph 15 (A), in each of the following categories: (i) those who 16 have been assessed for placement in a gifted education program or accelerated placement, (ii) those who have 17 enrolled in a gifted education program or in accelerated 18 19 placement, and (iii) for each of categories (i) and (ii), 20 those who received direct instruction from a teacher who 21 holds a gifted education endorsement; the number and the 22 percentage of all students in grades 9 through 12, 23 disaggregated by the student demographics described in 24 this paragraph (A), who have been enrolled in an advanced 25 academic program; the percentage of students scoring at 26 "exceeds expectations" level on the assessments the

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required under Section 2-3.64a-5 of this Code; the percentage of students who annually transferred in or out of the school district; average daily attendance; the per-pupil operating expenditure of the school district; and the per-pupil State average operating expenditure for the district type (elementary, high school, or unit);

7 curriculum information, including, where (B) 8 applicable, Advanced Placement, International 9 Baccalaureate or equivalent courses, dual credit courses, 10 foreign language classes, computer science courses, school personnel resources (including Career Technical Education 11 12 teachers), before and after school programs, 13 extracurricular activities, subjects in which elective 14 classes are offered, health and wellness initiatives 15 (including the average number of days of Physical Education per week per student), approved programs of 16 study, awards received, community partnerships, and 17 special programs such as programming for the gifted and 18 19 talented, students with disabilities, and work-study 20 students;

21 (C) student outcomes, including, where applicable, the 22 percentage of students deemed proficient on assessments of 23 State standards, the percentage of students in the eighth 24 grade who pass Algebra, the percentage of students who 25 participated in workplace learning experiences, the 26 percentage of students enrolled in post-secondary

1 institutions (including colleges, universities, community colleges, trade/vocational schools, and training programs 2 3 leading to career certification within 2 semesters of high school graduation), the percentage of students graduating 4 5 from high school who are college and career ready, the percentage of graduates enrolled in community colleges, 6 colleges, and universities who are in one or more courses 7 8 that the community college, college, or universitv 9 identifies as a developmental course, and the percentage 10 students with disabilities under the federal of Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Article 14 11 12 of this Code who have fulfilled the minimum State 13 graduation requirements set forth in Section 27-22 of this 14 Code and have been issued a regular high school diploma;

15 (D) student progress, including, where applicable, the 16 percentage of students in the ninth grade who have earned 17 5 credits or more without failing more than one core 18 class, a measure of students entering kindergarten ready 19 to learn, a measure of growth, and the percentage of 20 students who enter high school on track for college and 21 career readiness;

22 (E) the school environment, including, where 23 applicable, high school dropout rate by grade level, the 24 percentage of students with less than 10 absences in a 25 school year, the percentage of teachers with less than 10 26 absences in a school year for reasons other than

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1 professional development, leaves taken pursuant to the federal Family Medical Leave Act of 1993, long-term 2 3 disability, or parental leaves, the 3-year average of the percentage of teachers returning to the school from the 4 5 previous year, the number of different principals at the school in the last 6 years, the number of teachers who hold 6 a gifted education endorsement, the process and criteria 7 8 used by the district to determine whether a student is 9 eligible for participation in a gifted education program 10 or advanced academic program and the manner in which parents and quardians are made aware of the process and 11 criteria, the number of teachers who are National Board 12 13 Certified Teachers, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, 2 14 or more indicators from any school climate survey selected 15 or approved by the State and administered pursuant to Section 2-3.153 of this Code, with the same or similar 16 17 indicators included on school report cards for all surveys selected or approved by the State pursuant to Section 18 19 2-3.153 of this Code, the combined percentage of teachers 20 rated as proficient or excellent in their most recent 21 evaluation, and, beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, data on the number of incidents of violence that occurred 22 on school grounds or during school-related activities and 23 24 that resulted in an out-of-school suspension, expulsion, 25 or removal to an alternative setting, as reported pursuant 26 to Section 2-3.162;

(F) a school district's and its individual schools'
 balanced accountability measure, in accordance with
 Section 2-3.25a of this Code;

4 (G) the total and per pupil normal cost amount the 5 State contributed to the Teachers' Retirement System of 6 the State of Illinois in the prior fiscal year for the 7 school's employees, which shall be reported to the State 8 Board of Education by the Teachers' Retirement System of 9 the State of Illinois;

10 (H) for a school district organized under Article 34 11 of this Code only, State contributions to the Public 12 School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago 13 and State contributions for health care for employees of 14 that school district;

(I) a school district's Final Percent of Adequacy, as
defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (f) of Section
18-8.15 of this Code;

(J) a school district's Local Capacity Target, as
defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of Section
18-8.15 of this Code, displayed as a percentage amount;

(K) a school district's Real Receipts, as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 18-8.15 of this Code, divided by a school district's Adequacy Target, as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 18-8.15 of this Code, displayed as a percentage amount; (L) a school district's administrative costs; 1 (M) whether or not the school has participated in the 2 Illinois Youth Survey. In this paragraph (M), "Illinois 3 Youth Survey" means a self-report survey, administered in 4 school settings every 2 years, designed to gather 5 information about health and social indicators, including 6 substance abuse patterns and the attitudes of students in 7 grades 8, 10, and 12;

8 (N) whether the school offered its students career and 9 technical education opportunities; and

10 (0) beginning Beginning with the October 2024 report card, the total number of school counselors, school social 11 workers, school nurses, and school psychologists by 12 13 school, district, and State, the average number of 14 students per school counselor in the school, district, and 15 State, the average number of students per school social worker in the school, district, and State, the average 16 17 number of students per school nurse in the school, district, and State, and the average number of students 18 19 per school psychologist in the school, district, and 20 State.

The school report card shall also provide information that allows for comparing the current outcome, progress, and environment data to the State average, to the school data from the past 5 years, and to the outcomes, progress, and environment of similar schools based on the type of school and enrollment of low-income students, special education students, 1 and English learners.

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As used in this subsection (2):

3 "Accelerated placement" has the meaning ascribed to that4 term in Section 14A-17 of this Code.

5 "Administrative costs" means costs associated with 6 executive, administrative, or managerial functions within the 7 school district that involve planning, organizing, managing, 8 or directing the school district.

9 "Advanced academic program" means a course of study, 10 including, but not limited to, accelerated placement, advanced 11 placement coursework, International Baccalaureate coursework, dual credit, or any course designated as enriched or honors, 12 13 that a student is enrolled in based on advanced cognitive 14 ability or advanced academic achievement compared to local age 15 in which the curriculum is substantially peers and 16 differentiated from the general curriculum to provide 17 appropriate challenge and pace.

"Computer science" means the study of computers and algorithms, including their principles, their hardware and software designs, their implementation, and their impact on society. "Computer science" does not include the study of everyday uses of computers and computer applications, such as keyboarding or accessing the Internet.

24 "Gifted education" means educational services, including 25 differentiated curricula and instructional methods, designed 26 to meet the needs of gifted children as defined in Article 14A 1 of this Code.

For the purposes of paragraph (A) of this subsection (2), "average daily attendance" means the average of the actual number of attendance days during the previous school year for any enrolled student who is subject to compulsory attendance by Section 26-1 of this Code at each school and charter school.

7 (2.5) For any school report card prepared after July 1, 8 2025, for all high school graduation completion rates that are 9 reported on the school report card as required under this 10 Section or by any other State or federal law, the State 11 Superintendent of Education shall also report the percentage of students who did not meet the requirements of high school 12 13 graduation completion for any reason and, of those students, 14 the percentage that are classified as students who fulfill the 15 requirements of Section 14-16 of this Code.

16 The State Superintendent shall ensure that for the 17 2023-2024 school year there is a specific code for districts 18 to report students who fulfill the requirements of Section 19 14-16 of this Code to ensure accurate reporting under this 20 Section.

All reporting requirements under this subsection (2.5) shall be included on the school report card where high school graduation completion rates are reported, along with a brief explanation of how fulfilling the requirements of Section 14-16 of this Code is different from receiving a regular high school diploma. 10300SB3156ham001 -17- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 (3) At the discretion of the State Superintendent, the school district report card shall include a subset of the 2 3 information identified in paragraphs (A) through (E) of 4 subsection (2) of this Section, as well as information 5 relating to the operating expense per pupil and other finances of the school district, and the State report card shall 6 include a subset of the information identified in paragraphs 7 8 (A) through (E) and paragraph (N) of subsection (2) of this 9 Section. The school district report card shall include the 10 average daily attendance, as that term is defined in 11 subsection (2) of this Section, of students who have individualized education programs and students who have 504 12 13 plans that provide for special education services within the school district. 14

15 (4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this 16 Section, in consultation with key education stakeholders, the 17 State Superintendent shall at any time have the discretion to 18 amend or update any and all metrics on the school, district, or 19 State report card.

(5) Annually, no more than 30 calendar days after receipt of the school district and school report cards from the State Superintendent of Education, each school district, including special charter districts and districts subject to the provisions of Article 34, shall present such report cards at a regular school board meeting subject to applicable notice requirements, post the report cards on the school district's 10300SB3156ham001 -18- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 Internet web site, if the district maintains an Internet web site, make the report cards available to a newspaper of 2 3 general circulation serving the district, and, upon request, 4 send the report cards home to a parent (unless the district 5 does not maintain an Internet web site, in which case the report card shall be sent home to parents without request). If 6 the district posts the report card on its Internet web site, 7 the district shall send a written notice home to parents 8 9 stating (i) that the report card is available on the web site, 10 (ii) the address of the web site, (iii) that a printed copy of 11 the report card will be sent to parents upon request, and (iv) the telephone number that parents may call to request a 12 13 printed copy of the report card.

14 (6) Nothing contained in Public Act 98-648 repeals,
15 supersedes, invalidates, or nullifies final decisions in
16 lawsuits pending on July 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
17 Act 98-648) in Illinois courts involving the interpretation of
18 Public Act 97-8.

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(7) As used in this subsection (7):

"Advanced Advanced-track coursework or programs" means any 20 21 high school courses, sequence of courses, or class or grouping 22 of students organized to provide more rigorous, enriched, 23 accelerated, gifted, advanced, or above grade-level 24 instruction. This may include, but is not limited to, Advanced 25 Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, 26 honors, weighted, advanced, or enriched courses, or gifted or

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1 accelerated programs, classrooms, or courses. 2 "Course" means any high school class or course offered by a school that is assigned a school course code by the State 3 4 Board of Education. 5 "High school" means a school that maintains any of grades 9 through 12. 6 7 "English learner coursework or English learner program" 8 means a high school English learner course or program 9 designated to serve English learners, who may be designated as 10 English language learners or limited English proficiency 11 learners. "Standard coursework or programs" means any high school 12 13 courses or classes other than advanced advanced-track 14 coursework or programs, English learner coursework 15 programs, or special education coursework or programs. 16 By December <del>October</del> 31, 2027 and by December <del>October</del> 31 of each subsequent year, the State Board of Education, through 17 the State Superintendent of Education, shall prepare a 18 stand-alone report covering all public high schools in this 19 20 State, to be referred to as the Expanded High School Coursework Snapshot Report. The State Board shall post the 21 Report on the State Board's Internet website. Each school 22 23 district with a high school enrollment for the reporting year shall include on the school district's Internet website, if 24 25 the district maintains an Internet website, a hyperlink to the 26 Report on the State Board's Internet website titled "Expanded 10300SB3156ham001

High School <u>Coursework</u> Snapshot Report". Hyperlinks under this subsection (7) shall be displayed in a manner that is easily accessible to the public.

4 The Expanded High School <u>Coursework</u> Snapshot Report shall
5 include:

6 (A) a listing of all standard coursework or programs
7 that have offered by a high school student enrollment;

8 (B) a listing of all <u>advanced</u> <del>advanced track</del> 9 coursework or programs <u>that have</u> <del>offered by a</del> high school 10 <u>student enrollment</u>;

11 (C) a listing of all English learner coursework or 12 programs that have high school student enrollment by 13 English learners offered by a high school;

(D) a listing of all special education coursework or
 programs that have high school student enrollment by
 students with disabilities offered by a high school;

(E) data tables and graphs comparing <u>advanced</u>
 advanced track coursework or programs <u>enrollment</u> with
 standard coursework or programs <u>enrollment</u> according to
 the following parameters:

(i) the average years of experience of all
teachers in a high school who are assigned to teach
<u>advanced</u> advanced-track coursework or programs
compared with the average years of experience of all
teachers in the high school who are assigned to teach
standard coursework or programs;

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(ii) the average years of experience of all teachers in a high school who are assigned to teach <del>special education</del> coursework or programs <u>that have</u> <u>high school enrollment by students with disabilities</u> compared with the average years of experience of all teachers in the high school who are <u>not</u> assigned to teach <del>standard</del> coursework or programs <u>that have high</u> <u>school student enrollment by students with</u> disabilities;

10 (iii) the average years of experience of all 11 teachers in a high school who are assigned to teach English learner coursework or programs that have high 12 13 school student enrollment by English learners compared 14 with the average years of experience of all teachers 15 in the high school who are <u>not</u> assigned to teach 16 standard coursework or programs that have high school student enrollment by English learners; 17

18 (iv) the number of high school teachers who possess bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, 19 or 20 higher doctorate degrees and who are assigned to teach 21 advanced coursework advanced -track courses or programs compared with the number of teachers who 22 23 possess bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, or 24 higher degrees and who are assigned to teach 25 standard coursework or programs;

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(v) the number of high school teachers who possess

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bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, or higher 1 2 doctorate degrees and who are assigned to teach 3 special education coursework or programs that have high school student enrollment by students with 4 disabilities compared with the number of teachers who 5 6 possess bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, or 7 higher doctorate degrees and who are not assigned to 8 teach standard coursework or programs that have high 9 school student enrollment by students with 10 disabilities;

11 (vi) the number of high school teachers who possess bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, 12 or 13 higher degrees and who are assigned to teach 14 English learner coursework or programs that have high 15 school student enrollment by English learners compared 16 with the number of teachers who possess bachelor's 17 degrees, master's degrees, or higher doctorate degrees and who are not assigned to teach standard coursework 18 19 or programs that have high school student enrollment 20 by English learners;

(vii) the average student enrollment and class size of <u>advanced</u> advanced-track coursework or programs offered in a high school compared with the average student enrollment and class size of standard coursework or programs;

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(viii) the percentages of <u>high school</u> students<u>,</u>

delineated by <u>race</u>, gender, and program student group, who are enrolled in <u>advanced</u> <del>advanced-track</del> coursework or programs in a high school compared with the gender of students enrolled in standard coursework or <del>programs</del>;

6 (ix) (blank); the percentages of students 7 delineated by gender who are enrolled in special 8 education coursework or programs in a high school 9 compared with the percentages of students enrolled in 10 standard coursework or programs;

11 (x) (blank); the percentages of students 12 delineated by gender who are enrolled in English 13 learner coursework or programs in a high school 14 compared with the gender of students enrolled in 15 standard coursework or programs;

16(xi)(blank);the percentages of high school17students in each individual race and ethnicity18category, as defined in the most recent federal19decennial census, who are enrolled in advanced track20coursework or programs compared with the percentages21of students in each individual race and ethnicity22category enrolled in standard coursework or programs;

23 (xii) (blank); the percentages of high school
24 students in each of the race and ethnicity categories,
25 as defined in the most recent federal decennial
26 census, who are enrolled in special education

1coursework or programs compared with the percentages2of students in each of the race and ethnicity3categories who are enrolled in standard coursework or4programs;

5 (xiii) (blank); the percentages of high school students in each of the race and ethnicity categories, 6 7 as defined in the most recent federal decennial 8 census, who are enrolled in English learner coursework 9 or programs in a high school compared with the 10 percentages of high school students in each of the 11 race and ethnicity categories who are enrolled in 12 standard coursework or programs;

13 (xiv) the percentage of high school students, by 14 race, gender, and program student group, who earn 15 reach proficiency (the equivalent of a C grade or 16 higher on a grade A through F scale + in one or more 17 advanced advanced track coursework or programs 18 compared with the percentage of <u>high school</u> students, 19 by race, gender, and program student group, who earn 20 proficiency (the equivalent of a C grade or higher on a 21 grade A through F scale + in one or more standard 22 coursework or programs;

23 (xv) (blank); the percentage of high school
 24 students who reach proficiency (the equivalent of a C
 25 grade or higher on a grade A through F scale) in
 26 special education coursework or programs compared with

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the percentage of high school students who earn proficiency (the equivalent of a C grade or higher on a grade A through F scale) in standard coursework or programs; and

5 (xvi) (blank); and the percentage of high school students who reach proficiency (the equivalent of a C 6 7 grade or higher on a grade A through F scale) in 8 English learner coursework or programs compared with 9 the percentage of high school students who earn 10 proficiency (the equivalent of a C grade or higher on a 11 grade A through F scale) in standard coursework or 12 programs; and

(F) data tables and graphs for each race and ethnicity
category, as defined in the most recent federal decennial
census, and gender category, as defined in the most recent
federal decennial census, describing:

17 (i) the total <u>student</u> number <u>and student</u>
 18 <u>percentage for</u> <del>of</del> Advanced Placement courses taken by
 19 race and ethnicity category and gender category, as
 20 defined in the most recent federal decennial census;

(ii) the total <u>student</u> number <u>and student</u> <u>percentage for</u> <del>of</del> International Baccalaureate courses</del> taken by race and ethnicity category and gender category<del>, as defined in the most recent federal</del> decennial census;

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(iii) (blank); for each race and ethnicity

1category and gender category, as defined in the most2recent federal decennial census, the percentage of3high school students enrolled in Advanced Placement4courses;

5 (iv) (blank); and for each race and ethnicity 6 category and gender category, as defined in the most 7 recent federal decennial census, the percentage of 8 high school students enrolled in International 9 Baccalaureate courses; and

10 (v) for each race and ethnicity category, as 11 defined in the most recent federal decennial census, 12 the total <u>student</u> number and <u>student</u> percentage of 13 high school students who earn a score of 3 or higher on 14 the Advanced Placement exam associated with an 15 Advanced Placement course.

For data on teacher experience and education under this 16 17 subsection (7), a teacher who teaches a combination of courses designated as <u>advanced</u> advanced track coursework or programs, 18 19 courses or programs that have high school student enrollment by English learners <del>learner coursework or programs</del>, or 20 21 standard coursework or programs shall be included in all relevant categories and the teacher's level of experience 22 23 shall be added to the categories.

24 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-294, eff. 1-1-22;
25 102-539, eff. 8-20-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-594, eff.
26 7-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-116, eff. 6-30-23; 103-263,

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1 eff. 6-30-23; 103-413, eff, 1-1-24; 103-503, eff. 1-1-24; 2 revised 9-12-23.)

3 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.12a)
 4 Sec. 10-20.12a. Tuition for non-resident pupils.

5 (a) To charge non-resident pupils who attend the schools 6 of the district tuition in an amount not exceeding 110% of the 7 per capita cost of maintaining the schools of the district for 8 the preceding school year.

9 Such per capita cost shall be computed by dividing the 10 total cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the 11 district by the average daily attendance, including tuition 12 pupils. Depreciation on the buildings and equipment of the 13 schools of the district, and the amount of annual depreciation 14 on such buildings and equipment shall be dependent upon the 15 useful life of such property.

The tuition charged shall in no case exceed 110% of the per 16 17 capita cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district attended, as determined with reference to the most 18 19 recent audit prepared under Section 3-7 which is available at the commencement of the current school year. Non-resident 20 pupils attending the schools of the district for less than the 21 22 school term shall have their tuition apportioned, however pupils who become non-resident during a school term shall not 23 24 be charged tuition for the remainder of the school term in 25 which they became non-resident pupils.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, a school district may adopt a policy to waive tuition costs for a 2 3 non-resident pupil who if the pupil is the a child of a 4 district employee if the district adopts a policy approving 5 such waiver. For purposes of this paragraph, "child" means a 6 district employee's child who is a biological child, adopted child, foster child, stepchild, or a child for which the 7 8 employee serves as a legal guardian.

9 (b) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties involved and 10 where the educational services are not otherwise provided for, 11 educational services for an Illinois student under the age of 21 (and not eligible for services pursuant to Article 14 of 12 13 this Code) in any residential program shall be provided by the district in which the facility is located and financed as 14 15 follows. The cost of educational services shall be paid by the 16 district in which the student resides in an amount equal to the cost of providing educational services in the residential 17 facility. Payments shall be made by the district of the 18 student's residence and shall be made to the district wherein 19 20 the facility is located no less than once per month unless 21 otherwise agreed to by the parties.

The funding provision of this subsection (b) applies to all Illinois students under the age of 21 (and not eligible for services pursuant to Article 14 of this Code) receiving educational services in residential facilities, irrespective of whether the student was placed therein pursuant to this 10300SB3156ham001 -29- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 Code or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or by an Illinois public agency or a court. The changes to this subsection (b) made by 2 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to all 3 4 placements in effect on July 1, 2007 and all placements 5 thereafter. For purposes of this subsection (b), a student's 6 district of residence shall be determined in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 10-20.12b of this Code. 7 The placement of a student in a residential facility shall not 8 9 affect the residency of the student. When a dispute arises 10 over the determination of the district of residence under this 11 subsection (b), any person or entity, including without limitation a school district or residential facility, may make 12 a written request for a residency decision to the State 13 Superintendent of Education, who, upon review of materials 14 15 submitted and any other items or information he or she may 16 request for submission, shall issue his or her decision in writing. The decision of the State Superintendent of Education 17 is final. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 103-111, eff. 6-29-23.)

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(105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.17a)

Sec. 10-20.17a. Hazardous materials training. To enhance the safety of pupils and staff by providing in-service training programs on the safe handling and use of hazardous or toxic materials for personnel in the district who work with such materials on a regular basis. Such programs <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> be 10300SB3156ham001 -30- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

<u>identified</u> approved by the State Board of Education, in
 consultation with the <del>Illinois</del> Department of Public Health,
 for use by school boards in implementing this Section.

4 (Source: P.A. 84-1294.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.56)

6 Sec. 10-20.56. E-learning days.

7 (a) The State Board of Education shall establish and 8 maintain, for implementation in school districts, a program 9 for use of electronic-learning (e-learning) days, as described 10 in this Section. School districts may utilize a program 11 approved under this Section for use during remote learning 12 days and blended remote learning days under Section 10-30 or 13 34-18.66.

14 (b) The school board of a school district may, bv 15 resolution, adopt a research-based program or research-based programs for e-learning days district-wide that shall permit 16 student instruction to be received electronically while 17 students are not physically present in lieu of the district's 18 19 scheduled emergency days as required by Section 10-19 of this 20 Code or because a school was selected to be a polling place under Section 11-4.1 of the Election Code. The research-based 21 22 program or programs may not exceed the minimum number of 23 emergency days in the approved school calendar and must be 24 verified annually by the regional office of education or 25 intermediate service center for the school district before the

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1 implementation of any e-learning days in that school year on or before September 1st annually to ensure access for all 2 students. The regional office of education or intermediate 3 4 service center shall ensure that the specific needs of all 5 students are met, including special education students and English learners, and that all mandates are still met using 6 the proposed research-based program. The e-learning program 7 may utilize the Internet, telephones, texts, chat rooms, or 8 9 other similar means of electronic communication for 10 instruction and interaction between teachers and students that 11 meet the needs of all learners. The e-learning program shall address the school district's responsibility to ensure that 12 13 all teachers and staff who may be involved in the provision of 14 e-learning have access to any and all hardware and software 15 that may be required for the program. If a proposed program 16 does not address this responsibility, the school district must 17 propose an alternate program.

(c) Before its adoption by a school board, the school 18 19 board must hold a public hearing on a school district's 20 initial proposal for an e-learning program or for renewal of 21 such a program, at a regular or special meeting of the school 22 board, in which the terms of the proposal must be 23 substantially presented and an opportunity for allowing public 24 comments must be provided. Notice of such public hearing must 25 be provided at least 10 days prior to the hearing by:

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(1) publication in a newspaper of general circulation

in the school district;

2 (2) written or electronic notice designed to reach the 3 parents or guardians of all students enrolled in the 4 school district; and

5 (3) written or electronic notice designed to reach any 6 exclusive collective bargaining representatives of school 7 district employees and all those employees not in a 8 collective bargaining unit.

9 (d) The regional office of education or intermediate 10 service center for the school district must timely verify that 11 a proposal for an e-learning program has met the requirements 12 specified in this Section and that the proposal contains 13 provisions designed to reasonably and practicably accomplish 14 the following:

(1) to ensure and verify at least 5 clock hours of instruction or school work, as required under Section 17 10-19.05, for each student participating in an e-learning 18 day;

19 (2) to ensure access from home or other appropriate 20 remote facility for all students participating, including 21 computers, the Internet, and other forms of electronic 22 communication that must be utilized in the proposed 23 program;

(2.5) to ensure that non-electronic materials are made
 available to students participating in the program who do
 not have access to the required technology or to

participating teachers or students who are prevented from
 accessing the required technology;

3 (3) to ensure appropriate learning opportunities for
4 students with special needs;

5 (4) to monitor and verify each student's electronic
6 participation;

7 (5) to address the extent to which student 8 participation is within the student's control as to the 9 time, pace, and means of learning;

10 (6) to provide effective notice to students and their 11 parents or guardians of the use of particular days for 12 e-learning;

13 (7) to provide staff and students with adequate 14 training for e-learning days' participation;

(8) to ensure an opportunity for any collective bargaining negotiations with representatives of the school district's employees that would be legally required, including all classifications of school district employees who are represented by collective bargaining agreements and who would be affected in the event of an e-learning day;

(9) to review and revise the program as implemented toaddress difficulties confronted; and

(10) to ensure that the protocol regarding general
 expectations and responsibilities of the program is
 communicated to teachers, staff, and students at least 30

days prior to utilizing an e-learning day <u>in a school</u>
 <u>year</u>.

The school board's approval of a school district's initial e-learning program and renewal of the e-learning program shall be for a term of 3 <u>school</u> years, <u>beginning with the first</u> <u>school year in which the program was approved and verified by</u> <u>the regional office of education or intermediate service</u> <u>center for the school district</u>.

9 (d-5) A school district shall pay to its contractors who 10 provide educational support services to the district, 11 including, but not limited to, custodial, transportation, or food service providers, their daily, regular rate of pay or 12 13 billings rendered for any e-learning day that is used because a school was selected to be a polling place under Section 14 15 11-4.1 of the Election Code, except that this requirement does 16 not apply to contractors who are paid under contracts that are entered into, amended, or renewed on or after March 15, 2022 or 17 to contracts that otherwise address compensation for such 18 19 e-learning days.

(d-10) A school district shall pay to its employees who provide educational support services to the district, including, but not limited to, custodial employees, building maintenance employees, transportation employees, food service providers, classroom assistants, or administrative staff, their daily, regular rate of pay and benefits rendered for any school closure or e-learning day if the closure precludes them 10300SB3156ham001 -35- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 from performing their regularly scheduled duties and the 2 employee would have reported for work but for the closure, 3 except this requirement does not apply if the day is 4 rescheduled and the employee will be paid their daily, regular 5 rate of pay and benefits for the rescheduled day when services 6 are rendered.

(d-15) A school district shall make full payment that 7 8 would have otherwise been paid to its contractors who provide 9 educational support services to the district, including, but 10 limited to, custodial, building not maintenance, 11 transportation, food service providers, classroom assistants, or administrative staff, their daily, regular rate of pay and 12 13 benefits rendered for any school closure or e-learning day if 14 any closure precludes them from performing their regularly 15 scheduled duties and employees would have reported for work 16 but for the closure. The employees who provide the support services covered by such contracts shall be paid their daily 17 bid package rates and benefits as defined by their local 18 19 operating agreements or collective bargaining agreements, except this requirement does not apply if the day is 20 21 rescheduled and the employee will be paid their daily, regular 22 rate of pay and benefits for the rescheduled day when services 23 are rendered.

24 (d-20) A school district shall make full payment or 25 reimbursement to an employee or contractor as specified in 26 subsection (d-10) or (d-15) of this Section for any school 10300SB3156ham001 -36- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 closure or e-learning day in the 2021-2022 school year that occurred prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 2 the 102nd General Assembly if the employee or contractor did 3 4 not receive pay or was required to use earned paid time off, 5 except this requirement does not apply if the day is rescheduled and the employee will be paid their daily, regular 6 rate of pay and benefits for the rescheduled day when services 7 8 are rendered.

9 (e) The State Board of Education may adopt rules 10 consistent with the provision of this Section.

(f) For purposes of subsections (d-10), (d-15), and (d-20) of this Section:

13 "Employee" means anyone employed by a school district on 14 or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd 15 General Assembly.

16 "School district" includes charter schools established 17 under Article 27A of this Code, but does not include the 18 Department of Juvenile Justice School District.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-12, eff. 7-1-19; 101-643, eff. 6-18-20;
20 102-584, eff. 6-1-22; 102-697, eff. 4-5-22.)

21 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.24b)

22 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-542)
23 Sec. 10-22.24b. School counseling services.

23 Sec. 10-22.24b. School counseling services. School 24 counseling services in public schools may be provided by 25 school counselors as defined in Section 10-22.24a of this Code 10300SB3156ham001 -37- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 or by individuals who hold a Professional Educator License 2 with a school support personnel endorsement in the area of 3 school counseling under Section 21B-25 of this Code.

4 School counseling services may include, but are not 5 limited to:

6 (1) designing and delivering a comprehensive school 7 counseling program <u>through a standards-based</u>, 8 <u>data-informed program</u> that promotes student achievement 9 and wellness;

10 (2) (blank); incorporating the common core language 11 into the school counselor's work and role;

12 (3) school counselors working as culturally skilled 13 professionals who act sensitively to promote social 14 justice and equity in a pluralistic society;

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(4) providing individual and group counseling;

16 (5) providing a core counseling curriculum that serves 17 all students and addresses the knowledge and skills 18 appropriate to their developmental level through a 19 collaborative model of delivery involving the school 20 counselor, classroom teachers, and other appropriate 21 education professionals, and including prevention and 22 pre-referral activities;

(6) making referrals when necessary to appropriate
 offices or outside agencies;

25 (7) providing college and career development 26 activities and counseling; 10300SB3156ham001

(8) developing individual career plans with students, which includes planning for post-secondary education, as appropriate, and engaging in related and relevant career and technical education coursework in high school as described in paragraph (55);

assisting all students with a college or 6 (9) post-secondary education plan, which must include a 7 8 discussion on all post-secondary education options, 9 including 4-year colleges or universities, community 10 colleges, and vocational schools, and includes planning 11 for post-secondary education, as appropriate, and engaging in related and relevant career and technical education 12 13 coursework in high school as described in paragraph (55);

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(10) <u>(blank);</u> intentionally addressing the career and college needs of first generation students;

16 (11) educating all students on scholarships, financial
17 aid, and preparation of the Federal Application for
18 Federal Student Aid;

19 (12) collaborating with institutions of higher 20 education and local community colleges so that students 21 understand post-secondary education options and are ready 22 to transition successfully;

(13) providing crisis intervention and contributing to the development of a specific crisis plan within the school setting in collaboration with multiple stakeholders; 10300SB3156ham001

(14) providing educational opportunities for educating 1 2 students, teachers, and parents on mental health anxiety, depression, cutting, and suicide issues and intervening 3 4 with students who present with these issues; 5 (15) providing counseling and other resources to students who are in crisis; 6 (16) working to address barriers that prohibit or 7 8 limit access providing resources for those students who do 9 not have access to mental health services; 10 (17) addressing bullying and conflict resolution with all students: 11 12 (18) teaching communication skills and helping 13 students develop positive relationships; 14 (19) using culturally sensitive skills in working with 15 all students to promote wellness; (20) working to address addressing the needs of all 16 undocumented students with regard to citizenship status in 17 the school, as well as students who are legally in the 18 19 United States, but whose parents are undocumented; 20 (21) (blank); contributing to a student's functional 21 behavioral assessment, as well as assisting in the development of non-aversive behavioral intervention 22 23 strategies; 24 (22) providing academic, social-emotional, and college 25 and career supports to all students irrespective of special education or Section 504 status (i) assisting 26

1 in need of special education services <del>by</del> students 2 implementing the academic supports and social-emotional 3 and college or career development counseling services or 4 interventions per a student's individualized education 5 program (IEP); (ii) participating in or contributing to a student's IEP and completing a social developmental 6 history; or (iii) providing services to a student with a 7 disability under the student's IEP or federal Section 504 8 9 plan, as recommended by the student's IEP team or Section 10 504 plan team and in compliance with federal and State laws and rules governing the provision of educational and 11 related services and school-based accommodations to 12 13 students with disabilities and the qualifications <del>of</del> 14 school personnel to provide such services and 15 accommodations;

16 (23) assisting <u>students</u> in <u>goal setting and success</u> 17 <u>skills for classroom behavior, study skills, test</u> 18 <u>preparation, internal motivation, and intrinsic rewards</u> 19 <u>the development of a personal educational plan with each</u> 20 <del>student</del>;

(24) (blank); educating students on dual credit and
 learning opportunities on the Internet;

(25) providing information for all students in the
 selection of courses that will lead to post-secondary
 education opportunities toward a successful career;

26 (26) interpreting achievement test results and guiding

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students in appropriate directions;

2 (27) (blank); counseling with students, families, and
 3 teachers, in compliance with federal and State laws;

4 (28) providing families with opportunities for 5 education and counseling as appropriate in relation to the 6 student's educational assessment;

7 (29) consulting and collaborating with teachers and
8 other school personnel regarding behavior management and
9 intervention plans and inclusion in support of students;

10 (30) teaming and partnering with staff, parents, 11 businesses, and community organizations to support student 12 achievement and social-emotional learning standards for 13 all students;

14 (31) developing and implementing school-based 15 prevention programs, including, but not limited to, mediation and violence prevention, implementing social and 16 17 emotional education programs and services. and establishing and implementing bullying prevention 18 and 19 intervention programs;

20 (32) developing culturally sensitive assessment 21 instruments for measuring school counseling prevention and 22 intervention effectiveness and collecting, analyzing, and 23 interpreting data;

(33) participating on school and district committees
 to advocate for student programs and resources, as well as
 establishing a school counseling advisory council that

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includes representatives of key stakeholders selected to review and advise on the implementation of the school counseling program;

4 (34) acting as a liaison between the public schools 5 and community resources and building relationships with 6 important stakeholders, such as families, administrators, 7 teachers, and board members;

(35) maintaining organized, clear, and useful records 8 9 in a confidential manner consistent with Section 5 of the 10 Illinois School Student Records Act, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and the 11 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; 12

13 (36) presenting an annual agreement to the 14 administration, including a formal discussion of the 15 alignment of school and school counseling program missions 16 goals and detailing specific school counselor and 17 responsibilities;

18 (37) identifying and implementing culturally sensitive 19 measures of success for student competencies in each of 20 the 3 domains of academic, social and emotional, and 21 college and career learning based on planned and periodic 22 assessment of the comprehensive developmental school 23 counseling program;

(38) collaborating as a team member in <u>Multi-Tiered</u>
 <u>Systems of Support</u> Response to Intervention (RtI) and
 other school initiatives;

1 (39) conducting observations and participating in 2 recommendations or interventions regarding the placement 3 of children in educational programs or special education

classes;

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5 (40) analyzing data and results of school counseling 6 program assessments, including curriculum, small-group, 7 and closing-the-gap results reports, and designing 8 strategies to continue to improve program effectiveness;

9 (41) analyzing data and results of school counselor
10 competency assessments;

11 (42) following American School Counselor Association 12 Ethical Standards for School Counselors to demonstrate 13 high standards of integrity, leadership, and 14 professionalism;

15 (43) <u>using student competencies to assess student</u> 16 <u>growth and development to inform decisions regarding</u> 17 <u>strategies, activities, and services that help students</u> 18 <u>achieve the highest academic level possible knowing and</u> 19 <u>embracing common core standards by using common core</u> 20 <del>language</del>;

(44) practicing as a culturally skilled school counselor by infusing the multicultural competencies within the role of the school counselor, including the practice of culturally sensitive attitudes and beliefs, knowledge, and skills;

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(45) infusing the Social-Emotional Standards, as

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1 presented in the State Board of Education standards, 2 across the curriculum and in the counselor's role in ways 3 that empower and enable students to achieve academic 4 success across all grade levels;

5 (46) providing services only in areas in which the 6 school counselor has appropriate training or expertise, as 7 well as only providing counseling or consulting services 8 within his or her employment to any student in the 9 district or districts which employ such school counselor, 10 in accordance with professional ethics;

11 (47) having adequate training in supervision knowledge 12 and skills in order to supervise school counseling interns 13 enrolled in graduate school counselor preparation programs 14 that meet the standards established by the State Board of 15 Education;

16 (48) being involved with State and national 17 professional associations;

(49) participating, at least once every 2 years, in an 18 19 in-service training program for school counselors 20 conducted by persons with expertise in domestic and sexual 21 violence and the needs of expectant and parenting youth, 22 which shall include training concerning (i) communicating 23 with and listening to youth victims of domestic or sexual 24 violence and expectant and parenting youth, (ii) 25 connecting youth victims of domestic or sexual violence 26 and expectant and parenting youth to appropriate in-school 10300SB3156ham001 -45- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 services and other agencies, programs, and services as needed, and (iii) implementing the school district's 2 policies, procedures, and protocols with regard to such 3 youth, including confidentiality; at a minimum, school 4 5 personnel must be trained to understand, provide information and referrals, and address issues pertaining 6 to youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of 7 8 domestic or sexual violence;

9 (50) participating, at least every 2 years, in an 10 in-service training program for school counselors 11 conducted by persons with expertise in anaphylactic 12 reactions and management;

13 (51) participating, at least once every 2 years, in an 14 in-service training on educator ethics, teacher-student 15 conduct, and school employee-student conduct for all 16 personnel;

17 (52) participating, in addition to other topics at 18 in-service training programs, in training to identify the 19 warning signs of mental illness and suicidal behavior in 20 adolescents and teenagers and learning appropriate 21 intervention and referral techniques;

(53) (blank); obtaining training to have a basic
 knowledge of matters relating to acquired immunodeficiency
 syndrome (AIDS), including the nature of the disease, its
 causes and effects, the means of detecting it and
 preventing its transmission, and the availability of

1appropriate sources of counseling and referral and any2other information that may be appropriate considering the3age and grade level of the pupils; the school board shall4supervise such training and the State Board of Education5and the Department of Public Health shall jointly develop6standards for such training;

7 (54) (blank); and participating in mandates from the
8 State Board of Education for bullying education and
9 social-emotional literacy; and

10 (55) promoting career and technical education by 11 assisting each student to determine an appropriate 12 postsecondary plan based upon the student's skills, 13 strengths, and goals and assisting the student to 14 implement the best practices that improve career or 15 workforce readiness after high school.

16 School districts may employ a sufficient number of school 17 counselors to maintain the national and State recommended 18 student-counselor ratio of 250 to 1. School districts may have 19 school counselors spend at least 80% of his or her work time in 20 direct contact with students.

Nothing in this Section prohibits other qualified professionals, including other endorsed school support personnel, from providing the services listed in this Section. (Source: P.A. 102-876, eff. 1-1-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)

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(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-542)

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1 Sec. 10-22.24b. School counseling services. School counseling services in public schools may be provided by 2 school counselors as defined in Section 10-22.24a of this Code 3 or by individuals who hold a Professional Educator License 4 5 with a school support personnel endorsement in the area of school counseling under Section 21B-25 of this Code. 6 7 School counseling services may include, but are not limited to: 8 9 (1) designing and delivering a comprehensive school 10 counseling program through a standards-based, 11 data-informed program that promotes student achievement and wellness: 12 13 (2) (blank); incorporating the common core language into the school counselor's work and role; 14 15 (3) school counselors working as culturally skilled 16 professionals who act sensitively to promote social justice and equity in a pluralistic society; 17 18 (4) providing individual and group counseling; (5) providing a core counseling curriculum that serves 19 20 all students and addresses the knowledge and skills 21 appropriate to their developmental level through a 22 collaborative model of delivery involving the school counselor, classroom teachers, and other appropriate 23 24 education professionals, and including prevention and 25 pre-referral activities; (6) making referrals when necessary to appropriate

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offices or outside agencies;

2 (7) providing college and career development
3 activities and counseling;

4 (8) developing individual career plans with students,
5 which includes planning for post-secondary education, as
6 appropriate, and engaging in related and relevant career
7 and technical education coursework in high school as
8 described in paragraph (55);

9 (9) assisting all students with a college or 10 post-secondary education plan, which must include a discussion on all post-secondary education options, 11 including 4-year colleges or universities, community 12 13 colleges, and vocational schools, and includes planning 14 for post-secondary education, as appropriate, and engaging 15 in related and relevant career and technical education coursework in high school as described in paragraph (55); 16

(10) (blank); intentionally addressing the career and
 college needs of first generation students;

(11) educating all students on scholarships, financial
aid, and preparation of the Federal Application for
Federal Student Aid;

(12) collaborating with institutions of higher education and local community colleges so that students understand post-secondary education options and are ready to transition successfully;

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(13) providing crisis intervention and contributing to

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the development of a specific crisis plan within the 1 setting in collaboration with 2 school multiple 3 stakeholders; 4 (14) providing educational opportunities for educating 5 students, teachers, and parents on mental health anxiety, depression, cutting, and suicide issues and intervening 6 with students who present with these issues; 7 8 (15) providing counseling and other resources to 9 students who are in crisis; 10 (16) working to address barriers that prohibit or limit access providing resources for those students who do 11 not have access to mental health services; 12 13 (17) addressing bullying and conflict resolution with all students; 14 15 (18) teaching communication skills and helping students develop positive relationships; 16 (19) using culturally sensitive skills in working with 17 18 all students to promote wellness; 19 (20) working to address addressing the needs of all 20 undocumented students with regard to citizenship status in 21 the school, as well as students who are legally in the 22 United States, but whose parents are undocumented; 23 (21) (blank); contributing to a student's functional 24 behavioral assessment, as well as assisting in the 25 development of non aversive behavioral intervention 26 strategies;

1	(22) providing academic, social-emotional, and college
2	and career supports to all students irrespective of
3	<u>special education or Section 504 status; <del>(i) assisting</del></u>
4	students in need of special education services by
5	implementing the academic supports and social emotional
6	and college or career development counseling services or
7	interventions per a student's individualized education
8	program (IEP); (ii) participating in or contributing to a
9	student's IEP and completing a social-developmental
10	history; or (iii) providing services to a student with a
11	disability under the student's IEP or federal Section 504
12	plan, as recommended by the student's IEP team or Section
13	504 plan team and in compliance with federal and State
14	laws and rules governing the provision of educational and
15	related services and school based accommodations to
16	students with disabilities and the qualifications of
17	school personnel to provide such services and
18	accommodations;
10	(22) accipting students in goal acting and suggess

19 (23) assisting students in goal setting and success skills for classroom behavior, study skills, test 20 preparation, internal motivation, and intrinsic rewards 21 the development of a personal educational plan with each 22 23 student;

24 (24) (blank); educating students on dual credit and 25 learning opportunities on the Internet;

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(25) providing information for all students in the

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1 selection of courses that will lead to post-secondary education opportunities toward a successful career;

3 (26) interpreting achievement test results and guiding students in appropriate directions; 4

(27) (blank); counseling with students, families, and teachers, in compliance with federal and State laws;

7 providing families with opportunities for (28)8 education and counseling as appropriate in relation to the 9 student's educational assessment;

10 (29) consulting and collaborating with teachers and other school personnel regarding behavior management and 11 intervention plans and inclusion in support of students; 12

13 (30) teaming and partnering with staff, parents, 14 businesses, and community organizations to support student 15 achievement and social-emotional learning standards for 16 all students;

17 (31)developing and implementing school-based prevention programs, including, but not 18 limited to, mediation and violence prevention, implementing social and 19 20 emotional education programs and services, and 21 establishing and implementing bullying prevention and intervention programs; 22

23 developing culturally sensitive (32) assessment 24 instruments for measuring school counseling prevention and 25 intervention effectiveness and collecting, analyzing, and 26 interpreting data;

1 (33) participating on school and district committees 2 to advocate for student programs and resources, as well as 3 establishing a school counseling advisory council that 4 includes representatives of key stakeholders selected to 5 review and advise on the implementation of the school 6 counseling program;

7 (34) acting as a liaison between the public schools
8 and community resources and building relationships with
9 important stakeholders, such as families, administrators,
10 teachers, and board members;

(35) maintaining organized, clear, and useful records in a confidential manner consistent with Section 5 of the Illinois School Student Records Act, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act;

16 presenting annual (36)an agreement to the 17 administration, including a formal discussion of the alignment of school and school counseling program missions 18 19 and goals and detailing specific school counselor 20 responsibilities;

(37) identifying and implementing culturally sensitive measures of success for student competencies in each of the 3 domains of academic, social and emotional, and college and career learning based on planned and periodic assessment of the comprehensive developmental school counseling program;

1 (38) collaborating as a team member in Multi-Tiered Systems of Support Response to Intervention (RtI) and 2 3 other school initiatives; 4 (39) conducting observations and participating in 5 recommendations or interventions regarding the placement of children in educational programs or special education 6 7 classes: 8 (40) analyzing data and results of school counseling 9 program assessments, including curriculum, small-group, 10 and closing-the-gap results reports, and designing 11 strategies to continue to improve program effectiveness; (41) analyzing data and results of school counselor 12 13 competency assessments; (42) following American School Counselor Association 14 15 Ethical Standards for School Counselors to demonstrate standards of integrity, leadership, 16 hiqh and 17 professionalism; (43) using student competencies to assess student 18 19 growth and development to inform decisions regarding 20 strategies, activities, and services that help students achieve the highest academic level possible knowing and 21 embracing common core standards by using common core 22 23 language;

(44) practicing as a culturally skilled school
 counselor by infusing the multicultural competencies
 within the role of the school counselor, including the

practice of culturally sensitive attitudes and beliefs,
 knowledge, and skills;

3 (45) infusing the Social-Emotional Standards, as 4 presented in the State Board of Education standards, 5 across the curriculum and in the counselor's role in ways 6 that empower and enable students to achieve academic 7 success across all grade levels;

8 (46) providing services only in areas in which the 9 school counselor has appropriate training or expertise, as 10 well as only providing counseling or consulting services 11 within his or her employment to any student in the 12 district or districts which employ such school counselor, 13 in accordance with professional ethics;

14 (47) having adequate training in supervision knowledge 15 and skills in order to supervise school counseling interns 16 enrolled in graduate school counselor preparation programs 17 that meet the standards established by the State Board of 18 Education;

19 (48) being involved with State and national 20 professional associations;

21 (49) complete the required training as outlined in 22 Section 10-22.39;

- 23 (50) (blank);
- 24 (51) (blank);
- 25 (52) (blank);
- 26 (53) (blank);

1 (54) (blank); and participating in mandates from the 2 State Board of Education for bullying education and 3 social-emotional literacy; and

4 (55) promoting career and technical education by 5 assisting each student to determine an appropriate 6 postsecondary plan based upon the student's skills, 7 strengths, and goals and assisting the student to 8 implement the best practices that improve career or 9 workforce readiness after high school.

10 School districts may employ a sufficient number of school 11 counselors to maintain the national and State recommended 12 student-counselor ratio of 250 to 1. School districts may have 13 school counselors spend at least 80% of his or her work time in 14 direct contact with students.

Nothing in this Section prohibits other qualified professionals, including other endorsed school support personnel, from providing the services listed in this Section. (Source: P.A. 102-876, eff. 1-1-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-542, eff. 7-1-24 (see Section 905 of P.A. 103-563 for effective date of P.A. 103-542.)

21

(105 ILCS 5/10-27.1A)

22 Sec. 10-27.1A. Firearms in schools.

(a) All school officials, including teachers, school
 counselors, and support staff, shall immediately notify the
 office of the principal in the event that they observe any

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1 person in possession of a firearm on school grounds; provided that taking such immediate action to notify the office of the 2 3 principal would not immediately endanger the health, safety, 4 or welfare of students who are under the direct supervision of 5 the school official or the school official. If the health, safety, or welfare of students under the direct supervision of 6 the school official or of the school official is immediately 7 endangered, the school official shall notify the office of the 8 9 principal as soon as the students under his or her supervision 10 and he or she are no longer under immediate danger. A report is 11 not required by this Section when the school official knows that the person in possession of the firearm is a law 12 13 enforcement official engaged in the conduct of his or her 14 official duties. Any school official acting in good faith who 15 makes such a report under this Section shall have immunity 16 from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred as a result of making the report. The identity of the 17 school official making such report shall not be disclosed 18 except as expressly and specifically authorized by law. 19 20 Knowingly and willfully failing to comply with this Section is a petty offense. A second or subsequent offense is a Class C 21 22 misdemeanor.

(b) Upon receiving a report from any school official pursuant to this Section, or from any other person, the principal or his or her designee shall immediately notify a local law enforcement agency. If the person found to be in 10300SB3156ham001 -57- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 possession of a firearm on school grounds is a student, the principal or his or her designee shall also immediately notify 2 that student's parent or quardian. Any principal or his or her 3 4 designee acting in good faith who makes such reports under 5 this Section shall have immunity from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a 6 result of making the reports. Knowingly and willfully failing 7 to comply with this Section is a petty offense. A second or 8 9 subsequent offense is a Class C misdemeanor. If the person 10 found to be in possession of the firearm on school grounds is a 11 minor, the law enforcement agency shall detain that minor until such time as the agency makes a determination pursuant 12 13 to clause (a) of subsection (1) of Section 5-401 of the 14 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, as to whether the agency 15 reasonably believes that the minor is delinquent. If the law 16 enforcement agency determines that probable cause exists to believe that the minor committed a violation of item (4) of 17 subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 18 while on school grounds, the agency shall detain the minor for 19 20 processing pursuant to Section 5-407 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 21

(c) Upon receipt of any written, electronic, or verbal report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving a firearm in a school or on school owned or leased property, including any conveyance owned, leased, or used by the school for the transport of students or school personnel, 10300SB3156ham001 -58- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

the superintendent or his or her designee shall report all such firearm-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property to the local law enforcement authorities immediately, who shall report to the Illinois State Police in a form, manner, and frequency as prescribed by the Illinois State Police.

7 The State Board of Education shall receive an annual 8 statistical compilation and related data associated with 9 incidents involving firearms in schools from the Illinois 10 State Police. The State Board of Education shall compile this 11 information by school district and make it available to the 12 public.

13 (c-5) Schools shall report any written, electronic, or verbal report of a verified incident involving a firearm made 14 15 under subsection (c) to the State Board of Education through existing school incident reporting systems as they occur 16 during the year by no later than July 31 for the previous 17 school year. The State Board of Education shall report data by 18 school district, as collected from school districts, and make 19 20 it available to the public via its website. The local law enforcement authority shall, by March 1 of each year, report 21 the required data from the previous year to the Illinois State 22 Police's Illinois Uniform Crime Reporting Program, which shall 23 24 be included in its annual Crime in Illinois report.

(d) As used in this Section, the term "firearm" shall havethe meaning ascribed to it in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners

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1 Identification Card Act.

As used in this Section, the term "school" means any public or private elementary or secondary school.

As used in this Section, the term "school grounds" includes the real property comprising any school, any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, or any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-197, eff. 7-30-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
11 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23.)

12 (105 ILCS 5/10-27.1B)

13 Sec. 10-27.1B. Reporting drug-related incidents in 14 schools.

15 (a) In this Section:

"Drug" means "cannabis" as defined under subsection (a) of Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act, "narcotic drug" as defined under subsection (aa) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or "methamphetamine" as defined under Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

22 "School" means any public or private elementary or 23 secondary school.

(b) Upon receipt of any written, electronic, or verbalreport from any school personnel regarding a verified incident

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involving drugs in a school or on school owned or leased 1 property, including any conveyance owned, leased, or used by 2 the school for the transport of students or school personnel, 3 4 the superintendent or his or her designee, or other 5 appropriate administrative officer for a private school, shall 6 report all such drug-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property to the local law enforcement authorities 7 immediately and to the Illinois State Police in a form, 8 9 manner, and frequency as prescribed by the Illinois State 10 Police.

11 (c) <u>(Blank).</u> The State Board of Education shall receive an 12 annual statistical compilation and related data associated 13 with drug-related incidents in schools from the Illinois State 14 Police. The State Board of Education shall compile this 15 information by school district and make it available to the 16 public.

(d) Schools shall report any written, electronic, or 17 verbal report of an incident involving drugs made under 18 19 subsection (b) to the State Board of Education through 20 existing school incident reporting systems as they occur during the year by no later than July 31 for the previous 21 22 school year. The State Board of Education shall report data by school district, as collected from school districts, and make 23 24 it available to the public via its website. The local law 25 enforcement authority shall, by March 1 of each year, report 26 the required data from the previous year to the Illinois State 10300SB3156ham001

1	Police's Illinois Uniform Crime Reporting Program, which shall
2	be included in its annual Crime in Illinois report.
3	(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
4	(105 ILCS 5/18-8.15)
5	Sec. 18-8.15. Evidence-Based Funding for student success
6	for the 2017-2018 and subsequent school years.
7	(a) General provisions.
8	(1) The purpose of this Section is to ensure that, by
9	June 30, 2027 and beyond, this State has a kindergarten
10	through grade 12 public education system with the capacity
11	to ensure the educational development of all persons to
12	the limits of their capacities in accordance with Section
13	1 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of
14	Illinois. To accomplish that objective, this Section
15	creates a method of funding public education that is
16	evidence-based; is sufficient to ensure every student
17	receives a meaningful opportunity to learn irrespective of
18	race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender, or
19	community-income level; and is sustainable and
20	predictable. When fully funded under this Section, every
21	school shall have the resources, based on what the
22	evidence indicates is needed, to:

(A) provide all students with a high quality
education that offers the academic, enrichment, social
and emotional support, technical, and career-focused

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programs that will allow them to become competitive workers, responsible parents, productive citizens of this State, and active members of our national democracy;

5 (B) ensure all students receive the education they 6 need to graduate from high school with the skills 7 required to pursue post-secondary education and 8 training for a rewarding career;

9 (C) reduce, with a goal of eliminating, the 10 achievement gap between at-risk and non-at-risk 11 students by raising the performance of at-risk 12 students and not by reducing standards; and

(D) ensure this State satisfies its obligation to
assume the primary responsibility to fund public
education and simultaneously relieve the
disproportionate burden placed on local property taxes
to fund schools.

(2) The Evidence-Based Funding formula under this 18 19 Section shall be applied to all Organizational Units in 20 this State. The Evidence-Based Funding formula outlined in this Act is based on the formula outlined in Senate Bill 1 21 22 of the 100th General Assembly, as passed by both 23 legislative chambers. As further defined and described in 24 this Section, there are 4 major components of the 25 Evidence-Based Funding model:

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(A) First, the model calculates a unique Adequacy

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Target for each Organizational Unit in this State that considers the costs to implement research-based activities, the unit's student demographics, and regional wage differences.

5 (B) Second, the model calculates each 6 Organizational Unit's Local Capacity, or the amount 7 each Organizational Unit is assumed to contribute 8 toward its Adequacy Target from local resources.

9 (C) Third, the model calculates how much funding 10 the State currently contributes to the Organizational 11 Unit and adds that to the unit's Local Capacity to 12 determine the unit's overall current adequacy of 13 funding.

(D) Finally, the model's distribution method
allocates new State funding to those Organizational
Units that are least well-funded, considering both
Local Capacity and State funding, in relation to their
Adequacy Target.

(3) An Organizational Unit receiving any funding under
this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received
for which that Organizational Unit is authorized to make
expenditures by law.

(4) As used in this Section, the following terms shall
have the meanings ascribed in this paragraph (4):

25 "Adequacy Target" is defined in paragraph (1) of26 subsection (b) of this Section.

"Adjusted EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of
 subsection (d) of this Section.

"Adjusted Local Capacity Target" is defined in
 paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of this Section.

5 "Adjusted Operating Tax Rate" means a tax rate for all Organizational Units, for which the State Superintendent 6 7 shall calculate and subtract for the Operating Tax Rate a 8 transportation rate based on total expenses for 9 transportation services under this Code, as reported on 10 recent Annual Financial Report in the most Pupil 11 Transportation Services, function 2550 in both the Education and Transportation funds and functions 4110 and 12 13 4120 in the Transportation fund, less any corresponding 14 fiscal year State of Illinois scheduled payments excluding 15 net adjustments for prior years for regular, vocational, 16 or special education transportation reimbursement pursuant to Section 29-5 or subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of 17 18 this Code divided by the Adjusted EAV. Ιf an 19 Organizational Unit's corresponding fiscal year State of 20 Illinois scheduled payments excluding net adjustments for 21 prior years for regular, vocational, or special education 22 transportation reimbursement pursuant to Section 29-5 or subsection (b) of Section 14-13.01 of this Code exceed the 23 24 total transportation expenses, as defined in this 25 paragraph, no transportation rate shall be subtracted from 26 the Operating Tax Rate.

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"Allocation Rate" is defined in paragraph (3) of
 subsection (g) of this Section.

3 "Alternative School" means a public school that is
4 created and operated by a regional superintendent of
5 schools and approved by the State Board.

6 "Applicable Tax Rate" is defined in paragraph (1) of 7 subsection (d) of this Section.

8 "Assessment" means any of those benchmark, progress 9 monitoring, formative, diagnostic, and other assessments, 10 in addition to the State accountability assessment, that 11 assist teachers' needs in understanding the skills and 12 meeting the needs of the students they serve.

"Assistant principal" means a school administrator
duly endorsed to be employed as an assistant principal in
this State.

"At-risk student" means a student who is at risk of 16 17 not meeting the Illinois Learning Standards or not graduating from elementary or high school and 18 who 19 demonstrates a need for vocational support or social 20 services beyond that provided by the regular school 21 program. All students included in an Organizational Unit's 22 Low-Income Count, as well as all English learner and 23 disabled students attending the Organizational Unit, shall 24 be considered at-risk students under this Section.

25 "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" for fiscal year
26 2018 means, for an Organizational Unit, the greater of the

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1 average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit 2 3 on October 1 in the immediately preceding school year, plus the pre-kindergarten students who receive special 4 education services of 2 or more hours a day as reported to 5 the State Board on December 1 in the immediately preceding 6 7 school year, or the average number of students (grades K 8 through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the 9 Organizational Unit on October 1, plus the 10 pre-kindergarten students who receive special education services of 2 or more hours a day as reported to the State 11 12 Board on December 1, for each of the immediately preceding 13 3 school years. For fiscal year 2019 and each subsequent 14 fiscal year, "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" means, 15 for an Organizational Unit, the greater of the average number of students (grades K through 12) reported to the 16 State Board as enrolled in the Organizational Unit on 17 October 1 and March 1 in the immediately preceding school 18 19 year, plus the pre-kindergarten students who receive 20 special education services as reported to the State Board 21 on October 1 and March 1 in the immediately preceding 22 school year, or the average number of students (grades K 23 through 12) reported to the State Board as enrolled in the 24 Organizational Unit on October 1 and March 1, plus the 25 pre-kindergarten students who receive special education 26 services as reported to the State Board on October 1 and 10300SB3156ham001 -67-LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 March 1, for each of the immediately preceding 3 school years. For the purposes of this definition, "enrolled in 2 3 the Organizational Unit" means the number of students reported to the State Board who are enrolled in schools 4 5 within the Organizational Unit that the student attends or would attend if not placed or transferred to another 6 7 school or program to receive needed services. For the 8 purposes of calculating "ASE", all students, grades K 9 through 12, excluding those attending kindergarten for a 10 half day and students attending an alternative education program operated by a regional office of education or 11 intermediate service center, shall be counted as 1.0. All 12 13 students attending kindergarten for a half day shall be 14 counted as 0.5, unless in 2017 by June 15 or by March 1 in 15 subsequent years, the school district reports to the State Board of Education the intent to implement full-day 16 17 kindergarten district-wide for all students, then all students attending kindergarten shall be counted as 1.0. 18 19 Special education pre-kindergarten students shall be 20 counted as 0.5 each. If the State Board does not collect or has not collected both an October 1 and March 1 enrollment 21 22 count by grade or a December 1 collection of special 23 education pre-kindergarten students as of August 31, 2017 24 (the effective date of Public Act 100-465), it shall 25 establish such collection for all future years. For any 26 year in which a count by grade level was collected only

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once, that count shall be used as the single count 1 available for computing a 3-year average ASE. Funding for 2 3 programs operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center must be calculated using the 4 5 Evidence-Based Funding formula under this Section for the 6 2019-2020 school year and each subsequent school year 7 until separate adequacy formulas are developed and adopted 8 for each type of program. ASE for a program operated by a 9 regional office of education or an intermediate service 10 center must be determined by the March 1 enrollment for the program. For the 2019-2020 school year, the ASE used 11 12 in the calculation must be the first-year ASE and, in that 13 year only, the assignment of students served by a regional 14 office of education or intermediate service center shall 15 not result in a reduction of the March enrollment for any school district. For the 2020-2021 school year, the ASE 16 17 must be the greater of the current-year ASE or the 2-year average ASE. Beginning with the 2021-2022 school year, the 18 19 ASE must be the greater of the current-year ASE or the 20 3-year average ASE. School districts shall submit the data 21 for the ASE calculation to the State Board within 45 days 22 of the dates required in this Section for submission of 23 enrollment data in order for it to be included in the ASE 24 fiscal year 2018 calculation. For onlv, the ASE 25 calculation shall include only enrollment taken on October 26 recognition of the impact of COVID-19, the 1. In

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definition of "Average Student Enrollment" or "ASE" shall 1 be adjusted for calculations under this Section for fiscal 2 3 years 2022 through 2024. For fiscal years 2022 through 2024, the enrollment used in the calculation of ASE 4 5 representing the 2020-2021 school year shall be the greater of the enrollment for the 2020-2021 school year or 6 7 the 2019-2020 school year.

8 "Base Funding Guarantee" is defined in paragraph (10)
9 of subsection (g) of this Section.

10 "Base Funding Minimum" is defined in subsection (e) of11 this Section.

12 "Base Tax Year" means the property tax levy year used 13 to calculate the Budget Year allocation of primary State 14 aid.

15 "Base Tax Year's Extension" means the product of the 16 equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county clerk 17 in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as 18 calculated by the county clerk and defined in PTELL.

"Bilingual Education Allocation" means the amount of 19 20 Organizational Unit's final Adequacy an Target 21 attributable to bilingual education divided by the 22 Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target, the product 23 of which shall be multiplied by the amount of new funding 24 received pursuant to this Section. An Organizational 25 Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to bilingual education shall include all additional investments in 26

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English learner students' adequacy elements.

Budget Year" means the school year for which primary
State aid is calculated and awarded under this Section.

4 "Central office" means individual administrators and
5 support service personnel charged with managing the
6 instructional programs, business and operations, and
7 security of the Organizational Unit.

8 "Comparable Wage Index" or "CWI" means a regional cost differentiation metric that measures systemic, regional 9 10 variations in the salaries of college graduates who are 11 not educators. The CWI utilized for this Section shall, 12 for the first 3 years of Evidence-Based Funding 13 implementation, be the CWI initially developed by the 14 National Center for Education Statistics, as most recently 15 updated by Texas A & M University. In the fourth and 16 subsequent years of Evidence-Based Funding implementation, the State Superintendent shall re-determine the CWI using 17 a similar methodology to that identified in the Texas A & M 18 19 University study, with adjustments made no less frequently 20 than once every 5 years.

21 "Computer technology and equipment" means computers 22 servers, notebooks, network equipment, copiers, printers, 23 instructional software, security software, curriculum 24 management courseware, and other similar materials and 25 equipment.

26 "Computer technology and equipment investment

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1 allocation" means the final Adequacy Target amount of an Organizational Unit assigned to Tier 1 or Tier 2 in the 2 3 prior school year attributable to the additional \$285.50 per student computer technology and equipment investment 4 5 grant divided by the Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target, the result of which shall be multiplied by the 6 7 amount of new funding received pursuant to this Section. 8 An Organizational Unit assigned to a Tier 1 or Tier 2 final 9 Adequacy Target attributable to the received computer 10 technology and equipment investment grant shall include 11 all additional investments in computer technology and 12 equipment adequacy elements.

13 "Core subject" means mathematics; science; reading, 14 English, writing, and language arts; history and social 15 studies; world languages; and subjects taught as Advanced 16 Placement in high schools.

17 "Core teacher" means a regular classroom teacher in 18 elementary schools and teachers of a core subject in 19 middle and high schools.

20 "Core Intervention teacher (tutor)" means a licensed 21 teacher providing one-on-one or small group tutoring to 22 students struggling to meet proficiency in core subjects.

23 "CPPRT" means corporate personal property replacement 24 tax funds paid to an Organizational Unit during the 25 calendar year one year before the calendar year in which a 26 school year begins, pursuant to "An Act in relation to the 10300SB3156ham001 -72- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

abolition of ad valorem personal property tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

6 "EAV" means equalized assessed valuation as defined in 7 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section and 8 calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection 9 (d) of this Section.

10 "ECI" means the Bureau of Labor Statistics' national 11 employment cost index for civilian workers in educational 12 services in elementary and secondary schools on a 13 cumulative basis for the 12-month calendar year preceding 14 the fiscal year of the Evidence-Based Funding calculation.

"EIS Data" means the employment information system
data maintained by the State Board on educators within
Organizational Units.

18 "Employee benefits" means health, dental, and vision 19 insurance offered to employees of an Organizational Unit, 20 the costs associated with the statutorily required payment 21 of the normal cost of the Organizational Unit's teacher 22 pensions, Social Security employer contributions, and 23 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund employer contributions.

24 "English learner" or "EL" means a child included in 25 the definition of "English learners" under Section 14C-2 26 of this Code participating in a program of transitional 10300SB3156ham001 -73- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

bilingual education or 1 a transitional program of 2 instruction meeting the requirements and program 3 application procedures of Article 14C of this Code. For the purposes of collecting the number of EL students 4 5 enrolled, the same collection and calculation methodology defined above for "ASE" shall apply to English 6 as 7 learners, with the exception that EL student enrollment 8 shall include students in grades pre-kindergarten through 9 12.

10 "Essential Elements" means those elements, resources, and educational programs that have been identified through 11 12 academic research as necessary to improve student success, 13 improve academic performance, close achievement gaps, and 14 provide for other per student costs related to the 15 delivery and leadership of the Organizational Unit, as well as the maintenance and operations of the unit, and 16 17 which are specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section. 18

19 "Evidence-Based Funding" means State funding provided20 to an Organizational Unit pursuant to this Section.

21 "Extended day" means academic and enrichment programs 22 provided to students outside the regular school day before 23 and after school or during non-instructional times during 24 the school day.

25 "Extension Limitation Ratio" means a numerical ratio
 26 in which the numerator is the Base Tax Year's Extension

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and the denominator is the Preceding Tax Year's Extension.

"Final Percent of Adequacy" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection (f) of this Section.

4 "Final Resources" is defined in paragraph (3) of
5 subsection (f) of this Section.

6 "Full-time equivalent" or "FTE" means the full-time 7 equivalency compensation for staffing the relevant 8 position at an Organizational Unit.

9 "Funding Gap" is defined in paragraph (1) of 10 subsection (g).

"Hybrid District" means a partial elementary unit
 district created pursuant to Article 11E of this Code.

"Instructional assistant" means a core or special
education, non-licensed employee who assists a teacher in
the classroom and provides academic support to students.

16 "Instructional facilitator" means a qualified teacher or licensed teacher leader who facilitates and coaches 17 continuous improvement in classroom instruction; provides 18 19 instructional support to teachers in the elements of 20 research-based instruction or demonstrates the alignment of instruction with curriculum standards and assessment 21 22 tools; develops or coordinates instructional programs or 23 strategies; develops and implements training; chooses 24 standards-based instructional materials; provides teachers with an understanding of current research; serves 25 26 as a mentor, site coach, curriculum specialist, or lead 10300SB3156ham001 -75- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 teacher; or otherwise works with fellow teachers, in 2 collaboration, to use data to improve instructional 3 practice or develop model lessons.

4 "Instructional materials" means relevant 5 instructional materials for student instruction, including, but not limited to, textbooks, consumable 6 7 workbooks, laboratory equipment, library books, and other 8 similar materials.

9 "Laboratory School" means a public school that is 10 created and operated by a public university and approved 11 by the State Board.

12 "Librarian" means a teacher with an endorsement as a 13 library information specialist or another individual whose 14 primary responsibility is overseeing library resources 15 within an Organizational Unit.

16 "Limiting rate for Hybrid Districts" means the17 combined elementary school and high school limiting rates.

18 "Local Capacity" is defined in paragraph (1) of19 subsection (c) of this Section.

20 "Local Capacity Percentage" is defined in subparagraph
21 (A) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.

"Local Capacity Ratio" is defined in subparagraph (B)
 of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section.

24 "Local Capacity Target" is defined in paragraph (2) of25 subsection (c) of this Section.

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"Low-Income Count" means, for an Organizational Unit

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in a fiscal year, the higher of the average number of 1 students for the prior school year or the immediately 2 3 preceding 3 school years who, as of July 1 of the immediately preceding fiscal year (as determined by the 4 5 Department of Human Services), are eligible for at least one of the following low-income programs: Medicaid, the 6 7 Children's Health Insurance Program, Temporary Assistance 8 for Needy Families (TANF), or the Supplemental Nutrition 9 Assistance Program, excluding pupils who are eligible for 10 services provided by the Department of Children and Family 11 Services. Until such time that grade level low-income 12 populations become available, grade level low-income 13 populations shall be determined by applying the low-income 14 percentage to total student enrollments by grade level. 15 The low-income percentage is determined by dividing the Low-Income Count by the Average Student Enrollment. The 16 17 low-income percentage for programs operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center 18 19 operating one or more alternative education programs must 20 set to the weighted average of the low-income be 21 percentages of all of the school districts in the service 22 region. The weighted low-income percentage is the result 23 of multiplying the low-income percentage of each school 24 district served by the regional office of education or 25 intermediate service center by each school district's 26 Average Student Enrollment, summarizing those products and dividing the total by the total Average Student Enrollment
 for the service region.

3 "Maintenance and operations" means custodial services,
4 facility and ground maintenance, facility operations,
5 facility security, routine facility repairs, and other
6 similar services and functions.

7 "Minimum Funding Level" is defined in paragraph (9) of
8 subsection (g) of this Section.

9 "New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds" means, for any
10 given fiscal year, all State funds appropriated under
11 Section 2-3.170 of this Code.

12 "New State Funds" means, for a given school year, all 13 State funds appropriated for Evidence-Based Funding in 14 excess of the amount needed to fund the Base Funding 15 Minimum for all Organizational Units in that school year.

16 "Nurse" means an individual licensed as a certified 17 school nurse, in accordance with the rules established for 18 nursing services by the State Board, who is an employee of 19 and is available to provide health care-related services 20 for students of an Organizational Unit.

21 "Operating Tax Rate" means the rate utilized in the 22 previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes, 23 except Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital 24 Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes. 25 For Hybrid Districts, the Operating Tax Rate shall be the 26 combined elementary and high school rates utilized in the

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previous year to extend property taxes for all purposes, except Bond and Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational Education Building purposes.

4 "Organizational Unit" means a Laboratory School or any 5 public school district that is recognized as such by the State Board and that contains elementary schools typically 6 serving kindergarten through 5th grades, middle schools 7 8 typically serving 6th through 8th grades, high schools 9 typically serving 9th through 12th grades, a program 10 established under Section 2-3.66 or 2-3.41, or a program 11 operated by a regional office of education or an intermediate service center under Article 13A or 13B. The 12 13 General Assembly acknowledges that the actual grade levels 14 served by a particular Organizational Unit may vary 15 slightly from what is typical.

16 "Organizational Unit CWI" is determined by calculating 17 the CWI in the region and original county in which an Organizational Unit's primary administrative office is 18 19 located as set forth in this paragraph, provided that if 20 the Organizational Unit CWI as calculated in accordance 21 with this paragraph is less than 0.9, the Organizational 22 Unit CWI shall be increased to 0.9. Each county's current 23 CWI value shall be adjusted based on the CWI value of that 24 county's neighboring Illinois counties, to create a 25 "weighted adjusted index value". This shall be calculated 26 by summing the CWI values of all of a county's adjacent

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1 Illinois counties and dividing by the number of adjacent Illinois counties, then taking the weighted value of the 2 3 original county's CWI value and the adjacent Illinois county average. To calculate this weighted value, if the 4 5 number of adjacent Illinois counties is greater than 2, the original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.25 6 7 and the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted 8 at 0.75. If the number of adjacent Illinois counties is 2, 9 the original county's CWI value will be weighted at 0.33 10 and the adjacent Illinois county average will be weighted 11 at 0.66. The greater of the county's current CWI value and its weighted adjusted index value shall be used as the 12 13 Organizational Unit CWI.

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14 "Preceding Tax Year" means the property tax levy year15 immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

16 "Preceding Tax Year's Extension" means the product of 17 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the county 18 clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the 19 Operating Tax Rate.

20 "Preliminary Percent of Adequacy" is defined in
 21 paragraph (2) of subsection (f) of this Section.

22 "Preliminary Resources" is defined in paragraph (2) of
 23 subsection (f) of this Section.

24 "Principal" means a school administrator duly endorsed25 to be employed as a principal in this State.

26 "Professional development" means training programs for

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1 licensed staff in schools, including, but not limited to, programs that assist in implementing new curriculum 2 3 programs, provide data focused or academic assessment data 4 training to help staff identify a student's weaknesses and 5 strengths, target interventions, improve instruction, encompass instructional strategies for English learner, 6 gifted, or at-risk students, address inclusivity, cultural 7 sensitivity, or implicit bias, or otherwise provide 8 9 professional support for licensed staff.

10 "Prototypical" means 450 special education 11 pre-kindergarten and kindergarten through grade 5 students 12 for an elementary school, 450 grade 6 through 8 students 13 for a middle school, and 600 grade 9 through 12 students 14 for a high school.

15 "PTELL" means the Property Tax Extension Limitation16 Law.

17 "PTELL EAV" is defined in paragraph (4) of subsection18 (d) of this Section.

19 "Pupil support staff" means a nurse, psychologist, 20 social worker, family liaison personnel, or other staff 21 member who provides support to at-risk or struggling 22 students.

23 "Real Receipts" is defined in paragraph (1) of24 subsection (d) of this Section.

25 "Regionalization Factor" means, for a particular
 26 Organizational Unit, the figure derived by dividing the

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Organizational Unit CWI by the Statewide Weighted CWI.

"School counselor" means a licensed school counselor who provides guidance and counseling support for students within an Organizational Unit.

5 "School site staff" means the primary school secretary 6 and any additional clerical personnel assigned to a 7 school.

8 "Special education" means special educational 9 facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of 10 this Code.

11 "Special Education Allocation" means the amount of an Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable 12 13 to special education divided by the Organizational Unit's 14 final Adequacy Target, the product of which shall be 15 multiplied by the amount of new funding received pursuant 16 to this Section. An Organizational Unit's final Adequacy Target attributable to special education shall include all 17 18 special education investment adequacy elements.

19 "Specialist teacher" means a teacher who provides 20 instruction in subject areas not included in core 21 subjects, including, but not limited to, art, music, 22 physical education, health, driver education, 23 career-technical education, and such other subject areas as may be mandated by State law or provided by an 24 25 Organizational Unit.

"Specially Funded Unit" means an Alternative School,

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1 safe school, Department of Juvenile Justice school, special education cooperative or entity recognized by the 2 3 State Board as а special education cooperative, 4 State-approved charter school, or alternative learning 5 opportunities program that received direct funding from the State Board during the 2016-2017 school year through 6 7 any of the funding sources included within the calculation 8 of the Base Funding Minimum or Glenwood Academy.

9 "Supplemental Grant Funding" means supplemental 10 general State aid funding received by an Organizational 11 Unit during the 2016-2017 school year pursuant to 12 subsection (H) of Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now 13 repealed).

14 "State Adequacy Level" is the sum of the Adequacy15 Targets of all Organizational Units.

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"State Board" means the State Board of Education.

17 "State Superintendent" means the State Superintendent18 of Education.

19 "Statewide Weighted CWI" means a figure determined by 20 multiplying each Organizational Unit CWI times the ASE for 21 that Organizational Unit creating a weighted value, 22 summing all Organizational Units' weighted values, and 23 dividing by the total ASE of all Organizational Units, 24 thereby creating an average weighted index.

25 "Student activities" means non-credit producing
 26 after-school programs, including, but not limited to,

clubs, bands, sports, and other activities authorized by
 the school board of the Organizational Unit.

3 "Substitute teacher" means an individual teacher or 4 teaching assistant who is employed by an Organizational 5 Unit and is temporarily serving the Organizational Unit on 6 a per diem or per period-assignment basis to replace 7 another staff member.

8 "Summer school" means academic and enrichment programs 9 provided to students during the summer months outside of 10 the regular school year.

11 "Supervisory aide" means a non-licensed staff member 12 who helps in supervising students of an Organizational 13 Unit, but does so outside of the classroom, in situations 14 such as, but not limited to, monitoring hallways and 15 playgrounds, supervising lunchrooms, or supervising 16 students when being transported in buses serving the 17 Organizational Unit.

18 "Target Ratio" is defined in paragraph (4) of 19 subsection (g).

20 "Tier 1", "Tier 2", "Tier 3", and "Tier 4" are defined 21 in paragraph (3) of subsection (g).

22 "Tier 1 Aggregate Funding", "Tier 2 Aggregate
23 Funding", "Tier 3 Aggregate Funding", and "Tier 4
24 Aggregate Funding" are defined in paragraph (1) of
25 subsection (g).

26 (b) Adequacy Target calculation.

1 (1) Each Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target is the 2 sum of the Organizational Unit's cost of providing 3 Essential Elements, as calculated in accordance with this 4 subsection (b), with the salary amounts in the Essential 5 Elements multiplied by a Regionalization Factor calculated 6 pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection (b).

7 (2) The Essential Elements are attributable on a pro 8 rata basis related to defined subgroups of the ASE of each 9 Organizational Unit as specified in this paragraph (2), 10 with investments and FTE positions pro rata funded based 11 on ASE counts in excess of or less than the thresholds set forth in this paragraph (2). The method for calculating 12 13 attributable pro rata costs and the defined subgroups 14 thereto are as follows:

(A) Core class size investments. Each
Organizational Unit shall receive the funding required
to support that number of FTE core teacher positions
as is needed to keep the respective class sizes of the
Organizational Unit to the following maximum numbers:

(i) For grades kindergarten through 3, the
Organizational Unit shall receive funding required
to support one FTE core teacher position for every
15 Low-Income Count students in those grades and
one FTE core teacher position for every 20
non-Low-Income Count students in those grades.

26 (ii) For grades 4 through 12, the

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Organizational Unit shall receive funding required 1 2 to support one FTE core teacher position for every 3 20 Low-Income Count students in those grades and FTE core teacher position for every 25 4 one 5 non-Low-Income Count students in those grades. The number of non-Low-Income Count students in a 6 7 shall be determined by subtracting the grade 8 Low-Income students in that grade from the ASE of the 9 Organizational Unit for that grade. 10 Specialist teacher investments. Each (B) 11 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover that number of FTE specialist teacher 12 13 positions that correspond to the following 14 percentages: 15 (i) if the Organizational Unit operates an 16 elementary or middle school, then 20.00% of the 17 number of the Organizational Unit's core teachers,

as determined under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2); and

20 (ii) if such Organizational Unit operates a
21 high school, then 33.33% of the number of the
22 Organizational Unit's core teachers.

(C) Instructional facilitator investments. Each
 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed
 to cover one FTE instructional facilitator position
 for every 200 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten

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children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students of the Organizational Unit.

3 (D) Core intervention teacher (tutor) investments. 4 Each Organizational Unit shall receive the funding 5 needed to cover one FTE teacher position for each 6 prototypical elementary, middle, and high school.

Substitute teacher investments. 7 (E) Each 8 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed 9 to cover substitute teacher costs that is equal to 10 5.70% of the minimum pupil attendance days required under Section 10-19 of this Code for all full-time 11 12 equivalent core, specialist, and intervention teachers, school nurses, special education teachers 13 14 and instructional assistants, instructional 15 facilitators, and summer school and extended day 16 teacher positions, as determined under this paragraph (2), at a salary rate of 33.33% of the average salary 17 18 for grade K through 12 teachers and 33.33% of the 19 average salary of each instructional assistant 20 position.

Core school counselor investments. 21 (F) Each 22 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE school counselor for each 450 23 24 pre-kindergarten children combined ASE of with 25 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 5 26 students, plus one FTE school counselor for each 250

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grades 6 through 8 ASE middle school students, plus 1 one FTE school counselor for each 250 grades 9 through 12 ASE high school students.

4 (G) Nurse investments. Each Organizational Unit 5 shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE nurse for each 750 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten 6 children with disabilities and all kindergarten 7 8 through grade 12 students across all grade levels it 9 serves.

10 Supervisory aide investments. Each (H) 11 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE for each 225 combined ASE of 12 13 pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 14 kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE 15 for each 225 ASE middle school students, plus one FTE 16 for each 200 ASE high school students.

17 (I) Librarian investments. Each Organizational 18 Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE 19 librarian for each prototypical elementary school, 20 middle school, and high school and one FTE aide or media technician for every 300 combined ASE of 21 22 pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 23 kindergarten through grade 12 students.

24 (J) Principal investments. Each Organizational 25 Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE 26 principal position for each prototypical elementary

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school, plus one FTE principal position for each prototypical middle school, plus one FTE principal position for each prototypical high school.

4 (K) Assistant principal investments. Each 5 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed to cover one FTE assistant principal position for each 6 7 prototypical elementary school, plus one FTE assistant 8 principal position for each prototypical middle 9 school, plus one FTE assistant principal position for 10 each prototypical high school.

11 (L) School site staff investments. Each 12 Organizational Unit shall receive the funding needed 13 for FTE position for each 225 one ASE of 14 pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 15 kindergarten through grade 5 students, plus one FTE 16 position for each 225 ASE middle school students, plus 17 one FTE position for each 200 ASE high school students. 18

(M) Gifted investments. Each Organizational Unit
 shall receive \$40 per kindergarten through grade 12
 ASE.

(N) Professional development investments. Each
 Organizational Unit shall receive \$125 per student of
 the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with
 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12
 students for trainers and other professional

1 development-related expenses for supplies and 2 materials.

3 (0) Instructional material investments. Each
4 Organizational Unit shall receive \$190 per student of
5 the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with
6 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12
7 students to cover instructional material costs.

8 (P) Assessment investments. Each Organizational 9 Unit shall receive \$25 per student of the combined ASE 10 of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all 11 kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover 12 assessment costs.

13 (Q) Computer technology and equipment investments. 14 Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$285.50 per 15 student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten 16 children with disabilities and all kindergarten 17 through grade 12 students to cover computer technology and equipment costs. For the 2018-2019 school year and 18 19 subsequent school years, Organizational Units assigned 20 to Tier 1 and Tier 2 in the prior school year shall receive an additional \$285.50 per student of the 21 22 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 23 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 24 students to cover computer technology and equipment 25 costs in the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target. 26 The State Board may establish additional requirements

for Organizational Unit expenditures of funds received 1 pursuant to this subparagraph (Q), 2 including a 3 requirement that funds received pursuant to this 4 subparagraph (Q) may be used only for serving the 5 technology needs of the district. It is the intent of Public Act 100-465 that all Tier 1 and Tier 2 districts 6 receive the addition to their Adequacy Target in the 7 8 following year, subject to compliance with the 9 requirements of the State Board.

activities 10 (R) Student investments. Each 11 Organizational Unit shall receive the following funding amounts to cover student activities: \$100 per 12 13 kindergarten through grade 5 ASE student in elementary 14 school, plus \$200 per ASE student in middle school, 15 plus \$675 per ASE student in high school.

16 (S) Maintenance and operations investments. Each Organizational Unit shall receive \$1,038 per student 17 18 of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 19 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 20 students for day-to-day maintenance and operations 21 expenditures, including salary, supplies, and 22 materials, as well as purchased services, but 23 excluding employee benefits. The proportion of salary 24 for the application of a Regionalization Factor and 25 the calculation of benefits is equal to \$352.92.

26 (T) Central office investments. Each

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Organizational Unit shall receive \$742 per student of the combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students to cover central office operations, including administrators and classified personnel charged with managing the instructional programs, business and operations of the school district, and security personnel. The proportion of salary for the application of a Regionalization Factor and the calculation of benefits is equal to \$368.48.

11 Employee benefit investments. (U) Each Organizational Unit shall receive 30% of the total of 12 13 all salary-calculated elements of the Adequacy Target, 14 excluding substitute teachers and student activities 15 investments, to cover benefit costs. For central 16 office and maintenance and operations investments, the 17 benefit calculation shall be based upon the salary proportion of each investment. If at any time the 18 19 responsibility for funding the employer normal cost of 20 teacher pensions is assigned to school districts, then 21 that amount certified by the Teachers' Retirement 22 System of the State of Illinois to be paid by the 23 Organizational Unit for the preceding school year 24 shall be added to the benefit investment. For any 25 fiscal year in which a school district organized under 26 Article 34 of this Code is responsible for paying the -92- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

employer normal cost of teacher pensions, then that 1 amount of its employer normal cost plus the amount for 2 retiree health insurance as certified by the Public 3 School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of 4 Chicago to be paid by the school district for the 5 preceding school year that is statutorily required to 6 cover employer normal costs and the amount for retiree 7 8 health insurance shall be added to the 30% specified in this subparagraph (U). The Teachers' Retirement 9 10 System of the State of Illinois and the Public School 11 Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago shall submit such information as the State Superintendent 12 13 may require for the calculations set forth in this 14 subparagraph (U).

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(V) Additional investments in low-income students.
In addition to and not in lieu of all other funding
under this paragraph (2), each Organizational Unit
shall receive funding based on the average teacher
salary for grades K through 12 to cover the costs of:

20(i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor)21position for every 125 Low-Income Count students;

(ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for every 125 Low-Income Count students;

24 (iii) one FTE extended day teacher position
25 for every 120 Low-Income Count students; and
26 (iv) one FTE summer school teacher position

for every 120 Low-Income Count students. 1 (W) Additional investments in English learner 2 students. In addition to and not in lieu of all other 3 funding under this paragraph (2), each Organizational 4 Unit shall receive funding based on the average 5 teacher salary for grades K through 12 to cover the 6 7 costs of: 8 (i) one FTE intervention teacher (tutor) 9 position for every 125 English learner students; 10 (ii) one FTE pupil support staff position for 11 every 125 English learner students; (iii) one FTE extended day teacher position 12 13 for every 120 English learner students; 14 (iv) one FTE summer school teacher position 15 for every 120 English learner students; and 16 (v) one FTE core teacher position for every 100 English learner students. 17 education investments. 18 Special (X) Each 19 Organizational Unit shall receive funding based on the 20 average teacher salary for grades K through 12 to 21 cover special education as follows: (i) one FTE teacher position for every 141 22 23 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with 24 disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 25 students; 26 (ii) one FTE instructional assistant for every

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141 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students; and

(iii) one FTE psychologist position for every 1,000 combined ASE of pre-kindergarten children with disabilities and all kindergarten through grade 12 students.

8 (3) For calculating the salaries included within the 9 Essential Elements, the State Superintendent shall 10 annually calculate average salaries to the nearest dollar 11 using the employment information system data maintained by the State Board, limited to public schools only and 12 13 excluding special education and vocational cooperatives, 14 schools operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice, 15 and charter schools, for the following positions:

16 (A) Teacher for grades K through 8. (B) Teacher for grades 9 through 12. 17 18 (C) Teacher for grades K through 12. 19 (D) School counselor for grades K through 8. 20 (E) School counselor for grades 9 through 12. 21 (F) School counselor for grades K through 12. (G) Social worker. 22 23 (H) Psychologist. 24 (I) Librarian. 25 (J) Nurse. 26 (K) Principal.

(L) Assistant principal.

For the purposes of this paragraph (3), "teacher" 2 includes core teachers, specialist and elective teachers, 3 4 instructional facilitators, tutors, special education 5 teachers, pupil support staff teachers, English learner teachers, extended day teachers, 6 and summer school teachers. Where specific grade data is not required for 7 8 the Essential Elements, the average salary for 9 corresponding positions shall apply. For substitute 10 teachers, the average teacher salary for grades K through 12 shall apply. 11

For calculating the salaries included within the Essential Elements for positions not included within EIS Data, the following salaries shall be used in the first year of implementation of Evidence-Based Funding:

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(i) school site staff, \$30,000; and

17 (ii) non-instructional assistant, instructional
18 assistant, library aide, library media tech, or
19 supervisory aide: \$25,000.

In the second and subsequent years of implementation of Evidence-Based Funding, the amounts in items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph (3) shall annually increase by the ECI.

The salary amounts for the Essential Elements determined pursuant to subparagraphs (A) through (L), (S) and (T), and (V) through (X) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Section shall be multiplied by a
 Regionalization Factor.

3 (c) Local Capacity calculation.

4 (1)Each Organizational Unit's Local Capacity 5 an amount of funding it is assumed to represents contribute toward its Adequacy Target for purposes of the 6 Fundina formula calculation. 7 Evidence-Based "Local 8 Capacity" means either (i) the Organizational Unit's Local 9 Capacity Target as calculated in accordance with paragraph 10 (2) of this subsection (c) if its Real Receipts are equal 11 to or less than its Local Capacity Target or (ii) the 12 Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity, as 13 calculated in accordance with paragraph (3) of this 14 subsection (c) if Real Receipts are more than its Local 15 Capacity Target.

16 (2) "Local Capacity Target" means, for an
17 Organizational Unit, that dollar amount that is obtained
18 by multiplying its Adequacy Target by its Local Capacity
19 Ratio.

20 (A) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Percentage is the conversion of the Organizational 21 Capacity Ratio, as 22 Unit's Local such ratio is 23 determined in accordance with subparagraph (B) of this 24 cumulative distribution paragraph (2), into a 25 resulting in a percentile ranking to determine each 26 Organizational Unit's relative position to all other

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1 Organizational Units in this State. The calculation of 2 Local Capacity Percentage is described in subparagraph 3 (C) of this paragraph (2).

(B) An Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio in a given year is the percentage obtained by dividing its Adjusted EAV or PTELL EAV, whichever is less, by its Adequacy Target, with the resulting ratio further adjusted as follows:

9 (i) for Organizational Units serving grades 10 kindergarten through 12 and Hybrid Districts, no 11 further adjustments shall be made;

12 (ii) for Organizational Units serving grades 13 kindergarten through 8, the ratio shall be 14 multiplied by 9/13;

(iii) for Organizational Units serving grades
9 through 12, the Local Capacity Ratio shall be
multiplied by 4/13; and

18 (iv) for an Organizational Unit with a 19 different grade configuration than those specified 20 in items (i) through (iii) of this subparagraph 21 (B), the State Superintendent shall determine a 22 comparable adjustment based on the grades served.

(C) The Local Capacity Percentage is equal to the
 percentile ranking of the district. Local Capacity
 Percentage converts each Organizational Unit's Local
 Capacity Ratio to a cumulative distribution resulting

percentile ranking 1 in а to determine each Organizational Unit's relative position to all other 2 3 Organizational Units in this State. The Local Capacity 4 Percentage cumulative distribution resulting in a 5 percentile ranking for each Organizational Unit shall be calculated using the standard normal distribution 6 of the score in relation to the weighted mean and 7 8 weighted standard deviation and Local Capacity Ratios 9 of all Organizational Units. If the value assigned to 10 any Organizational Unit is in excess of 90%, the value 11 shall be adjusted to 90%. For Laboratory Schools, the Local Capacity Percentage shall be set at 10% in 12 13 recognition of the absence of EAV and resources from 14 the public university that are allocated to the 15 Laboratory School. For programs operated by a regional 16 office of education or an intermediate service center 17 operating one or more alternative education programs, 18 the Local Capacity Percentage must be set at 10% in recognition of the absence of EAV and resources from 19 school districts that are allocated to the regional 20 office of education or intermediate service center. 21 22 The weighted mean for the Local Capacity Percentage 23 shall be determined by multiplying each Organizational 24 Unit's Local Capacity Ratio times the ASE for the unit 25 creating a weighted value, summing the weighted values 26 of all Organizational Units, and dividing by the total

ASE of all Organizational Units. The weighted standard 1 deviation shall be determined by taking the square 2 3 root of the weighted variance of all Organizational Units' Local Capacity Ratio, where the variance is 4 calculated by squaring the difference between each 5 unit's Local Capacity Ratio and the weighted mean, 6 7 then multiplying the variance for each unit times the 8 ASE for the unit to create a weighted variance for each 9 unit, then summing all units' weighted variance and 10 dividing by the total ASE of all units.

Unit, 11 Organizational (D) For any the Organizational Unit's Adjusted Local Capacity Target 12 13 shall be reduced by either (i) the school board's 14 remaining contribution pursuant to paragraph (ii) of 15 subsection (b-4) of Section 16-158 of the Illinois 16 Pension Code in a given year or (ii) the board of pursuant remaining contribution 17 education's to paragraph (iv) of subsection (b) of Section 17-129 of 18 19 the Illinois Pension Code absent the employer normal 20 cost portion of the required contribution and amount 21 allowed pursuant to subdivision (3) of Section 22 17-142.1 of the Illinois Pension Code in a given year. 23 In the preceding sentence, item (i) shall be certified 24 to the State Board of Education by the Teachers' 25 Retirement System of the State of Illinois and item 26 shall be certified to the State Board of (ii)

Education by the Public School Teachers' Pension and
 Retirement Fund of the City of Chicago.

3 (3) If an Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are more 4 than its Local Capacity Target, then its Local Capacity 5 shall equal an Adjusted Local Capacity Target as calculated in accordance with this paragraph (3). The 6 Adjusted Local Capacity Target is calculated as the sum of 7 the Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Target and its 8 9 Real Receipts Adjustment. The Real Receipts Adjustment 10 equals the Organizational Unit's Real Receipts less its 11 Local Capacity Target, with the resulting figure 12 multiplied by the Local Capacity Percentage.

As used in this paragraph (3), "Real Percent of Adequacy" means the sum of an Organizational Unit's Real Receipts, CPPRT, and Base Funding Minimum, with the resulting figure divided by the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target.

18 (d) Calculation of Real Receipts, EAV, and Adjusted EAV19 for purposes of the Local Capacity calculation.

20 (1) An Organizational Unit's Real Receipts are the
21 product of its Applicable Tax Rate and its Adjusted EAV.
22 An Organizational Unit's Applicable Tax Rate is its
23 Adjusted Operating Tax Rate for property within the
24 Organizational Unit.

(2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the
 equalized assessed valuation, or EAV, of all taxable

property of each Organizational Unit as of September 30 of the previous year in accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (d). The State Superintendent shall then determine the Adjusted EAV of each Organizational Unit in accordance with paragraph (4) of this subsection (d), which Adjusted EAV figure shall be used for the purposes of calculating Local Capacity.

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8 (3) To calculate Real Receipts and EAV, the Department 9 of Revenue shall supply to the State Superintendent the 10 value as equalized or assessed by the Department of 11 Revenue of all taxable property of every Organizational Unit, together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in 12 13 extending taxes for the funds of the Organizational Unit 14 as of September 30 of the previous year and (ii) the 15 limiting rate for all Organizational Units subject to 16 property tax extension limitations as imposed under PTELL.

(A) The Department of Revenue shall add to the 17 18 equalized assessed value of all taxable property of 19 each Organizational Unit situated entirelv or 20 partially within a county that is or was subject to the 21 provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property 22 Tax Code (i) an amount equal to the total amount by 23 which the homestead exemption allowed under Section 24 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code for real 25 property situated in that Organizational Unit exceeds 26 the total amount that would have been allowed in that

Organizational Unit if the maximum reduction under 1 Section 15-176 was (I) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 2 3 in all other counties in tax year 2003 or (II) \$5,000 4 in all counties in tax year 2004 and thereafter and 5 (ii) an amount equal to the aggregate amount for the taxable year of all additional exemptions under 6 7 Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners 8 with a household income of \$30,000 or less. The county 9 clerk of any county that is or was subject to the 10 provisions of Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property 11 Tax Code shall annually calculate and certify to the 12 Department of Revenue for each Organizational Unit all 13 homestead exemption amounts under Section 15-176 or 14 15-177 of the Property Tax Code and all amounts of 15 additional exemptions under Section 15-175 of the 16 Property Tax Code for owners with a household income \$30,000 or less. It is the intent of this 17 of 18 subparagraph (A) that if the general homestead 19 exemption for a parcel of property is determined under Section 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code 20 rather than Section 15-175, then the calculation of 21 22 EAV shall not be affected by the difference, if any, 23 between the amount of the general homestead exemption 24 allowed for that parcel of property under Section 25 15-176 or 15-177 of the Property Tax Code and the 26 amount that would have been allowed had the general

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homestead exemption for that parcel of property been determined under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code. It is further the intent of this subparagraph (A) that if additional exemptions are allowed under Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code for owners with a household income of less than \$30,000, then the calculation of EAV shall not be affected by the difference, if any, because of those additional exemptions.

10 (B) With respect to any part of an Organizational 11 Unit within a redevelopment project area in respect to 12 which a municipality has adopted tax increment 13 allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment 14 Allocation Redevelopment Act, Division 74.4 of Article 15 11 of the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Industrial 16 Jobs Recovery Law, Division 74.6 of Article 11 of the 17 Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current EAV of real property located in any such project area that is 18 attributable to an increase above the total initial 19 20 EAV of such property shall be used as part of the EAV 21 of the Organizational Unit, until such time as all 22 redevelopment project costs have been paid, as 23 provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment 24 Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 25 of the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose 26 of the EAV of the Organizational Unit, the total

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initial EAV or the current EAV, whichever is lower, shall be used until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid.

4 (B-5) The real property equalized assessed 5 valuation for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the real property value, as equalized 6 or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the 7 8 district an amount computed by dividing the amount of 9 any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the 10 Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a district maintaining 11 grades kindergarten through 12, by 2.30% for a 12 district maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, or 13 by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 through 14 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing the 15 amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) 16 of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type as specified in 17 this subparagraph (B-5). 18

19 (C) For Organizational Units that are Hybrid 20 Districts, the State Superintendent shall use the 21 lesser of the adjusted equalized assessed valuation 22 for property within the partial elementary unit 23 district for elementary purposes, as defined in 24 Article 11E of this Code, or the adjusted equalized 25 assessed valuation for property within the partial 26 elementary unit district for high school purposes, as

defined in Article 11E of this Code.

(D) 2 Τf a school district's boundaries span 3 multiple counties, then the Department of Revenue shall send to the State Board, for the purposes of 4 5 calculating Evidence-Based Funding, the limiting rate and individual rates by purpose for the county that 6 contains the majority of the school district's 7 8 equalized assessed valuation.

9 (4) An Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV shall be the 10 average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 years 11 or the lesser of its EAV in the immediately preceding year or the average of its EAV over the immediately preceding 3 12 13 years if the EAV in the immediately preceding year has 14 declined by 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent 15 years. In the event of Organizational Unit reorganization, 16 consolidation, or annexation, the Organizational Unit's Adjusted EAV for the first 3 years after such change shall 17 be as follows: the most current EAV shall be used in the 18 19 first year, the average of a 2-year EAV or its EAV in the 20 immediately preceding year if the EAV declines by 10% or 21 more when comparing the 2 most recent years for the second 22 year, and the lesser of a 3-year average EAV or its EAV in 23 immediately preceding year if the Adjusted EAV the 24 declines by 10% or more when comparing the 2 most recent 25 years for the third year. For any school district whose 26 in the immediately preceding year is used in EAV

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1 calculations, in the following year, the Adjusted EAV 2 shall be the average of its EAV over the immediately 3 preceding 2 years or the immediately preceding year if 4 that year represents a decline of 10% or more when 5 comparing the 2 most recent years.

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"PTELL EAV" means a figure calculated by the State 6 7 for Organizational Units subject to PTELL Board as 8 described in this paragraph (4) for the purposes of 9 calculating an Organizational Unit's Local Capacity Ratio. 10 Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (4), the PTELL EAV of an Organizational Unit shall be equal to the 11 12 product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in 13 the calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 14 of this Code (now repealed) or Evidence-Based Funding 15 under this Section and the Organizational Unit's Extension Limitation Ratio. If an Organizational Unit has approved 16 17 or does approve an increase in its limiting rate, pursuant to Section 18-190 of the Property Tax Code, affecting the 18 19 Base Tax Year, the PTELL EAV shall be equal to the product of the equalized assessed valuation last used in the 20 21 calculation of general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of 22 this Code (now repealed) or Evidence-Based Funding under 23 this Section multiplied by an amount equal to one plus the 24 percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index 25 for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the 26 United States Department of Labor for the 12-month calendar year preceding the Base Tax Year, plus the equalized assessed valuation of new property, annexed property, and recovered tax increment value and minus the equalized assessed valuation of disconnected property.

5 As used in this paragraph (4), "new property" and 6 "recovered tax increment value" shall have the meanings 7 set forth in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

(e) Base Funding Minimum calculation.

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9 (1) For the 2017-2018 school year, the Base Funding 10 Minimum of an Organizational Unit or a Specially Funded 11 Unit shall be the amount of State funds distributed to the Organizational Unit or Specially Funded Unit during the 12 13 2016-2017 school year prior to any adjustments and 14 specified appropriation amounts described in this 15 paragraph (1) from the following Sections, as calculated 16 by the State Superintendent: Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed); Section 5 of Article 224 of Public Act 17 18 99-524 (equity grants); Section 14-7.02b of this Code 19 (funding for children requiring special education 20 services); Section 14-13.01 of this Code (special 21 education facilities and staffing), except for 22 reimbursement of the cost of transportation pursuant to 23 Section 14-13.01; Section 14C-12 of this Code (English 24 learners); and Section 18-4.3 of this Code (summer 25 school), based on an appropriation level of \$13,121,600. 26 For a school district organized under Article 34 of this

Code, the Base Funding Minimum also includes (i) the funds 1 allocated to the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1 2 3 of this Code attributable to funding programs authorized by the Sections of this Code listed in the preceding 4 sentence and (ii) the difference between (I) the funds 5 allocated to the school district pursuant to Section 1D-1 6 7 this Code attributable to the funding programs of 8 authorized by Section 14-7.02 (non-public special 9 education reimbursement), subsection (b) of Section 10 14-13.01 (special education transportation), Section 29-5 (transportation), Section 2-3.80 (agricultural 11 2 - 3.6612 education), Section (truants' alternative education), Section 2-3.62 (educational service centers), 13 14 and Section 14-7.03 (special education - orphanage) of this Code and Section 15 of the Childhood Hunger Relief 15 (free breakfast program) 16 and (II) the school Act 17 district's actual expenditures for its non-public special special education 18 education, transportation, 19 transportation programs, agricultural education, truants' 20 alternative education, services that would otherwise be 21 performed by a regional office of education, special 22 education orphanage expenditures, and free breakfast, as recently calculated and reported pursuant 23 most to subsection (f) of Section 1D-1 of this Code. The Base 24 25 Funding Minimum for Glenwood Academy shall be \$952,014. For programs operated by a regional office of education or 26

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1 an intermediate service center, the Base Funding Minimum must be the total amount of State funds allocated to those 2 3 programs in the 2018-2019 school year and amounts provided pursuant to Article 34 of Public Act 100-586 and Section 4 5 3-16 of this Code. All programs established after June 5, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-10) and 6 administered by a regional office of education or an 7 8 intermediate service center must have an initial Base 9 Funding Minimum set to an amount equal to the first-year 10 ASE multiplied by the amount of per pupil funding received in the previous school year by the lowest funded similar 11 existing program type. If the enrollment for a program 12 13 regional office of education or operated by a an 14 intermediate service center is zero, then it may not 15 receive Base Funding Minimum funds for that program in the next fiscal year, and those funds must be distributed to 16 17 Organizational Units under subsection (g).

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18 (2) For the 2018-2019 and subsequent school years, the
19 Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units and Specially
20 Funded Units shall be the sum of (i) the amount of
21 Evidence-Based Funding for the prior school year, (ii) the
22 Base Funding Minimum for the prior school year, and (iii)
23 any amount received by a school district pursuant to
24 Section 7 of Article 97 of Public Act 100-21.

For the 2022-2023 school year, the Base Funding Minimum of Organizational Units shall be the amounts 10300SB3156ham001 -110- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

recalculated by the State Board of Education for Fiscal 1 Year 2019 through Fiscal Year 2022 that were necessary due 2 3 to average student enrollment errors for districts organized under Article 34 of this Code, plus the Fiscal 4 Year 2022 property tax relief grants provided under 5 Section 2-3.170 of this Code, ensuring each Organizational 6 Unit has the correct amount of resources for Fiscal Year 7 8 2023 Evidence-Based Funding calculations and that Fiscal 9 Year 2023 Evidence-Based Funding Distributions are made in 10 accordance with this Section.

(3) Subject to approval by the General Assembly as provided in this paragraph (3), an Organizational Unit that meets all of the following criteria, as determined by the State Board, shall have District Intervention Money added to its Base Funding Minimum at the time the Base Funding Minimum is calculated by the State Board:

(A) The Organizational Unit is operating under an
Independent Authority under Section 2-3.25f-5 of this
Code for a minimum of 4 school years or is subject to
the control of the State Board pursuant to a court
order for a minimum of 4 school years.

(B) The Organizational Unit was designated as a
Tier 1 or Tier 2 Organizational Unit in the previous
school year under paragraph (3) of subsection (g) of
this Section.

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(C) The Organizational Unit demonstrates

sustainability through a 5-year financial and strategic plan.

3 (D) The Organizational Unit has made sufficient 4 progress and achieved sufficient stability in the 5 areas of governance, academic growth, and finances.

As part of its determination under this paragraph (3), 6 the State Board may consider the Organizational Unit's 7 8 summative designation, any accreditations of the 9 Organizational Unit, or the Organizational Unit's 10 financial profile, as calculated by the State Board.

11 If the State Board determines that an Organizational 12 Unit has met the criteria set forth in this paragraph (3), 13 it must submit a report to the General Assembly, no later 14 than January 2 of the fiscal year in which the State Board 15 it determination, on the amount of District makes 16 Intervention Money to add to the Organizational Unit's 17 Base Funding Minimum. The General Assembly must review the State Board's report and may approve or disapprove, by 18 joint resolution, the addition of District Intervention 19 20 Money. If the General Assembly fails to act on the report 21 within 40 calendar days from the receipt of the report, 22 the addition of District Intervention Money is deemed 23 approved. If the General Assembly approves the amount of 24 Money to be District Intervention added to the 25 Organizational Unit's Base Funding Minimum, the District 26 Intervention Money must be added to the Base Funding 1

Minimum annually thereafter.

For the first 4 years following the initial year that 2 3 the State Board determines that an Organizational Unit has met the criteria set forth in this paragraph (3) and has 4 received funding under this Section, the Organizational 5 Unit must annually submit to the State Board, on or before 6 7 November 30, a progress report regarding its financial and 8 strategic plan under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph 9 (3). The plan shall include the financial data from the 10 past 4 annual financial reports or financial audits that must be presented to the State Board by November 15 of each 11 12 year and the approved budget financial data for the 13 current year. The plan shall be developed according to the 14 quidelines presented to the Organizational Unit by the 15 State Board. The plan shall further include financial projections for the next 3 fiscal years and include a 16 17 discussion and financial summary of the Organizational Unit's facility needs. If the Organizational Unit does not 18 19 demonstrate sufficient progress toward its 5-year plan or if it has failed to file an annual financial report, an 20 21 annual budget, a financial plan, a deficit reduction plan, 22 or other financial information as required by law, the 23 State Board may establish a Financial Oversight Panel 24 under Article 1H of this Code. However, if the Organizational Unit already has a Financial Oversight 25 26 Panel, the State Board may extend the duration of the

Panel.

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(f) Percent of Adequacy and Final Resources calculation.

3 (1) The Evidence-Based Funding formula establishes a Percent of Adequacy for each Organizational Unit in order 4 5 to place such units into tiers for the purposes of the funding distribution system described in subsection (g) of 6 Initially, 7 this Section. an Organizational Unit's 8 Preliminary Resources and Preliminary Percent of Adequacy 9 calculated pursuant to paragraph (2) of this are 10 subsection (f). Then, an Organizational Unit's Final Resources and Final Percent of Adequacy are calculated to 11 12 account for the Organizational Unit's poverty 13 concentration levels pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of 14 this subsection (f).

15 (2) An Organizational Unit's Preliminary Resources are
16 equal to the sum of its Local Capacity Target, CPPRT, and
17 Base Funding Minimum. An Organizational Unit's Preliminary
18 Percent of Adequacy is the lesser of (i) its Preliminary
19 Resources divided by its Adequacy Target or (ii) 100%.

20 (3) for Specially Funded Units, Except an 21 Organizational Unit's Final Resources are equal to the sum 22 of its Local Capacity, CPPRT, and Adjusted Base Funding 23 Minimum. The Base Funding Minimum of each Specially Funded 24 Unit shall serve as its Final Resources, except that the 25 Base Funding Minimum for State-approved charter schools 26 shall not include any portion of general State aid

allocated in the prior year based on the per capita tuition charge times the charter school enrollment.

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(4) An Organizational Unit's Final Percent of Adequacy is its Final Resources divided by its Adequacy Target. An 4 5 Organizational Unit's Adjusted Base Funding Minimum is equal to its Base Funding Minimum less its Supplemental 6 Grant Funding, with the resulting figure added to the 7 8 product of its Supplemental Grant Funding and Preliminary 9 Percent of Adequacy.

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(q) Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system.

11 (1) In each school year under the Evidence-Based 12 Funding formula, each Organizational Unit receives funding 13 equal to the sum of its Base Funding Minimum and the unit's 14 allocation of New State Funds determined pursuant to this 15 То allocate New State subsection (q). Funds, the 16 Evidence-Based Funding formula distribution system first places all Organizational Units into one of 4 tiers in 17 accordance with paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), 18 19 based on the Organizational Unit's Final Percent of 20 Adequacy. New State Funds are allocated to each of the 4 21 tiers as follows: Tier 1 Aggregate Funding equals 50% of 22 all New State Funds, Tier 2 Aggregate Funding equals 49% 23 of all New State Funds, Tier 3 Aggregate Funding equals 24 0.9% of all New State Funds, and Tier 4 Aggregate Funding 25 equals 0.1% of all New State Funds. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 1 or Tier 2 receives an allocation of New 26

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1 State Funds equal to its tier Funding Gap, as defined in following sentence, multiplied by the 2 the tier's 3 Allocation Rate determined pursuant to paragraph (4) of 4 this subsection (g). For Tier 1, an Organizational Unit's 5 Funding Gap equals the tier's Target Ratio, as specified in paragraph (5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the 6 Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting 7 reduced by the Organizational Unit's 8 amount Final 9 Resources. For Tier 2, an Organizational Unit's Funding 10 Gap equals the tier's Target Ratio, as described in 11 paragraph (5) of this subsection (g), multiplied by the Organizational Unit's Adequacy Target, with the resulting 12 amount reduced by the Organizational Unit's 13 Final 14 Resources and its Tier 1 funding allocation. To determine 15 the Organizational Unit's Funding Gap, the resulting 16 amount is then multiplied by a factor equal to one minus Unit's 17 the Organizational Local Capacity Target 18 percentage. Each Organizational Unit within Tier 3 or Tier 4 receives an allocation of New State Funds equal to the 19 20 product of its Adequacy Target and the tier's Allocation 21 Rate, as specified in paragraph (4) of this subsection 22 (q).

(2) To ensure equitable distribution of dollars for
all Tier 2 Organizational Units, no Tier 2 Organizational
Unit shall receive fewer dollars per ASE than any Tier 3
Organizational Unit. Each Tier 2 and Tier 3 Organizational

1 Unit shall have its funding allocation divided by its ASE. Any Tier 2 Organizational Unit with a funding allocation 2 3 per ASE below the greatest Tier 3 allocation per ASE shall 4 get a funding allocation equal to the greatest Tier 3 5 allocation funding per ASE multiplied by the Organizational Unit's ASE. Each Tier 2 Organizational 6 Unit's Tier 2 funding allocation shall be multiplied by 7 8 the percentage calculated by dividing the original Tier 2 9 Aggregate Funding by the sum of all Tier 2 Organizational 10 Units' Tier 2 funding allocation after adjusting 11 districts' funding below Tier 3 levels.

12 (3) Organizational Units are placed into one of 413 tiers as follows:

(A) Tier 1 consists of all Organizational Units,
except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of
Adequacy less than the Tier 1 Target Ratio. The Tier 1
Target Ratio is the ratio level that allows for Tier 1
Aggregate Funding to be distributed, with the Tier 1
Allocation Rate determined pursuant to paragraph (4)
of this subsection (g).

(B) Tier 2 consists of all Tier 1 Units and all
other Organizational Units, except for Specially
Funded Units, with a Percent of Adequacy of less than
0.90.

(C) Tier 3 consists of all Organizational Units,
 except for Specially Funded Units, with a Percent of

Adequacy of at least 0.90 and less than 1.0. 1 (D) Tier 4 consists of all Organizational Units 2 3 with a Percent of Adequacy of at least 1.0. 4 (4) The Allocation Rates for Tiers 1 through 4 are 5 determined as follows: (A) The Tier 1 Allocation Rate is 30%. 6 (B) The Tier 2 Allocation Rate is the result of the 7 8 following equation: Tier 2 Aggregate Funding, divided 9 by the sum of the Funding Gaps for all Tier 2 10 Organizational Units, unless the result of such equation is higher than 1.0. If the result of such 11 equation is higher than 1.0, then the Tier 2 12 13 Allocation Rate is 1.0. (C) The Tier 3 Allocation Rate is the result of the 14

following equation: Tier 3 Aggregate Funding, divided by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 3 Organizational Units.

(D) The Tier 4 Allocation Rate is the result of the
following equation: Tier 4 Aggregate Funding, divided
by the sum of the Adequacy Targets of all Tier 4
Organizational Units.

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(5) A tier's Target Ratio is determined as follows:

(A) The Tier 1 Target Ratio is the ratio level that
allows for Tier 1 Aggregate Funding to be distributed
with the Tier 1 Allocation Rate.

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(B) The Tier 2 Target Ratio is 0.90.

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(C) The Tier 3 Target Ratio is 1.0.

2 (6) If, at any point, the Tier 1 Target Ratio is 3 greater than 90%, then all Tier 1 funding shall be 4 allocated to Tier 2 and no Tier 1 Organizational Unit's 5 funding may be identified.

6 (7) In the event that all Tier 2 Organizational Units 7 receive funding at the Tier 2 Target Ratio level, any 8 remaining New State Funds shall be allocated to Tier 3 and 9 Tier 4 Organizational Units.

10 (8) If any Specially Funded Units, excluding Glenwood Academy, recognized by the State Board do not qualify for 11 direct funding following the implementation of Public Act 12 13 100-465 from any of the funding sources included within 14 the definition of Base Funding Minimum, the unqualified 15 portion of the Base Funding Minimum shall be transferred to one or more appropriate Organizational Units as 16 17 determined by the State Superintendent based on the prior year ASE of the Organizational Units. 18

19 (8.5) If a school district withdraws from a special 20 education cooperative, the portion of the Base Funding 21 Minimum that is attributable to the school district may be 22 redistributed to the school district upon withdrawal. The 23 school district and the cooperative must include the 24 amount of the Base Funding Minimum that is to be 25 reapportioned in their withdrawal agreement and notify the 26 State Board of the change with a copy of the agreement upon withdrawal.

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(9) The Minimum Funding Level is intended to establish 2 3 a target for State funding that will keep pace with inflation and continue to advance equity through the 4 5 Evidence-Based Funding formula. The target for State funding of New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds 6 is 7 \$50,000,000 for State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State fiscal years. The Minimum Funding Level is equal to 8 9 \$350,000,000. In addition to any New State Funds, no more 10 than \$50,000,000 New Property Tax Relief Pool Funds may be 11 counted toward the Minimum Funding Level. If the sum of New State Funds and applicable New Property Tax Relief 12 13 Pool Funds are less than the Minimum Funding Level, than 14 funding for tiers shall be reduced in the following 15 manner:

16 (A) First, Tier 4 funding shall be reduced by an
17 amount equal to the difference between the Minimum
18 Funding Level and New State Funds until such time as
19 Tier 4 funding is exhausted.

(B) Next, Tier 3 funding shall be reduced by an
amount equal to the difference between the Minimum
Funding Level and New State Funds and the reduction in
Tier 4 funding until such time as Tier 3 funding is
exhausted.

(C) Next, Tier 2 funding shall be reduced by an
 amount equal to the difference between the Minimum

Funding Level and New State Funds and the reduction in
 Tier 4 and Tier 3.

3 (D) Finally, Tier 1 funding shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the Minimum 4 Funding level and New State Funds and the reduction in 5 Tier 2, 3, and 4 funding. In addition, the Allocation 6 7 Rate for Tier 1 shall be reduced to a percentage equal 8 to the Tier 1 Allocation Rate set by paragraph (4) of 9 this subsection (g), multiplied by the result of New 10 State Funds divided by the Minimum Funding Level.

11 (9.5) For State fiscal year 2019 and subsequent State 12 fiscal years, if New State Funds exceed \$300,000,000, then 13 any amount in excess of \$300,000,000 shall be dedicated 14 for purposes of Section 2-3.170 of this Code up to a 15 maximum of \$50,000,000.

(10) In the event of a decrease in the amount of the 16 17 appropriation for this Section in any fiscal year after implementation of this Section, the Organizational Units 18 19 receiving Tier 1 and Tier 2 funding, as determined under 20 paragraph (3) of this subsection (g), shall be held 21 harmless by establishing a Base Funding Guarantee equal to 22 the per pupil kindergarten through grade 12 funding 23 received in accordance with this Section in the prior 24 fiscal year. Reductions shall be made to the Base Funding 25 Minimum of Organizational Units in Tier 3 and Tier 4 on a 26 per pupil basis equivalent to the total number of the ASE -121- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 in Tier 3-funded and Tier 4-funded Organizational Units divided by the total reduction in State funding. The Base 2 3 Funding Minimum as reduced shall continue to be applied to Tier 3 and Tier 4 Organizational Units and adjusted by the 4 5 relative formula when increases in appropriations for this Section resume. In no event may State funding reductions 6 to Organizational Units in Tier 3 or Tier 4 exceed an 7 8 amount that would be less than the Base Funding Minimum 9 established in the first year of implementation of this 10 Section. If additional reductions are required, all school districts shall receive a reduction by a per pupil amount 11 equal to the aggregate additional appropriation reduction 12 13 divided by the total ASE of all Organizational Units.

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(11) The State Superintendent shall make minor
adjustments to the distribution formula set forth in this
subsection (g) to account for the rounding of percentages
to the nearest tenth of a percentage and dollar amounts to
the nearest whole dollar.

(h) State Superintendent administration of funding anddistrict submission requirements.

(1) The State Superintendent shall, in accordance with
 appropriations made by the General Assembly, meet the
 funding obligations created under this Section.

(2) The State Superintendent shall calculate the
 Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit under this
 Section. No Evidence-Based Funding shall be distributed

within an Organizational Unit without the approval of the
 unit's school board.

3 (3) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate and report to each Organizational Unit the unit's 4 5 aggregate financial adequacy amount, which shall be the sum of the Adequacy Target for each Organizational Unit. 6 State Superintendent shall calculate and report 7 The 8 separately for each Organizational Unit the unit's total 9 State funds allocated for its students with disabilities. 10 State Superintendent shall calculate and report The 11 separately for each Organizational Unit the amount of funding and applicable FTE calculated for each Essential 12 13 Element of the unit's Adequacy Target.

14 (4) Annually, the State Superintendent shall calculate 15 and report to each Organizational Unit the amount the unit 16 must expend on special education and bilingual education and computer technology and equipment for Organizational 17 Units assigned to Tier 1 or Tier 2 that received an 18 19 additional \$285.50 per student computer technology and 20 equipment investment grant to their Adequacy Target 21 pursuant to the unit's Base Funding Minimum, Special 22 Education Allocation, Bilingual Education Allocation, and 23 computer technology and equipment investment allocation.

(5) Moneys distributed under this Section shall be
 calculated on a school year basis, but paid on a fiscal
 year basis, with payments beginning in August and

extending through June. Unless otherwise provided, the 1 moneys appropriated for each fiscal year shall 2 be 3 distributed in 22 equal payments at least 2 times monthly to each Organizational Unit. If moneys appropriated for 4 5 any fiscal year are distributed other than monthly, the distribution shall be on 6 the same basis for each 7 Organizational Unit.

8 (6) Any school district that fails, for any given 9 school year, to maintain school as required by law or to 10 maintain a recognized school is not eligible to receive Evidence-Based Funding. In case of non-recognition of one 11 or more attendance centers in a school district otherwise 12 13 operating recognized schools, the claim of the district 14 shall be reduced in the proportion that the enrollment in 15 the attendance center or centers bears to the enrollment of the school district. "Recognized school" means any 16 17 public school that meets the standards for recognition by the State Board. A school district or attendance center 18 19 not having recognition status at the end of a school term 20 is entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal 21 claim that was filed while it was recognized.

(7) School district claims filed under this Section
are subject to Sections 18-9 and 18-12 of this Code,
except as otherwise provided in this Section.

(8) Each fiscal year, the State Superintendent shall
 calculate for each Organizational Unit an amount of its

1 Base Funding Minimum and Evidence-Based Funding that shall be deemed attributable to the provision of special 2 3 educational facilities and services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, in a manner that ensures compliance 4 5 with maintenance of State financial support requirements under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education 6 7 Act. An Organizational Unit must use such funds only for 8 the provision of special educational facilities and 9 services, as defined in Section 14-1.08 of this Code, and 10 must comply with any expenditure verification procedures 11 adopted by the State Board.

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(9) All Organizational Units in this State must submit 12 13 annual spending plans, as part of the budget submission 14 process, no later than October 31 of each year to the State 15 spending plan shall describe Board. The how each 16 Organizational Unit will utilize the Base Funding Minimum and Evidence-Based Funding it receives from this State 17 under this Section with specific identification of the 18 19 intended utilization of Low-Income, English learner, and 20 special education resources. Additionally, the annual 21 spending plans of each Organizational Unit shall describe 22 how the Organizational Unit expects to achieve student 23 growth and how the Organizational Unit will achieve State 24 education goals, as defined by the State Board. The State 25 Superintendent may, from time to time, identify additional 26 requisites for Organizational Units to satisfy when compiling the annual spending plans required under this subsection (h). The format and scope of annual spending plans shall be developed by the State Superintendent and the State Board of Education. School districts that serve students under Article 14C of this Code shall continue to submit information as required under Section 14C-12 of this Code.

8 (10) No later than January 1, 2018, the State 9 Superintendent shall develop a 5-year strategic plan for 10 all Organizational Units to help in planning for adequacy 11 funding under this Section. The State Superintendent shall submit the plan to the Governor and the General Assembly, 12 13 as provided in Section 3.1 of the General Assembly 14 Organization Act. The plan shall include recommendations 15 for:

16 (A) a framework for collaborative, professional,
17 innovative, and 21st century learning environments
18 using the Evidence-Based Funding model;

(B) ways to prepare and support this State's
 educators for successful instructional careers;

(C) application and enhancement of the current
financial accountability measures, the approved State
plan to comply with the federal Every Student Succeeds
Act, and the Illinois Balanced Accountability Measures
in relation to student growth and elements of the
Evidence-Based Funding model; and

1 (D) implementation of an effective school adequacy funding system based on projected and recommended 2 3 funding levels from the General Assembly. (11) On an annual basis, the State Superintendent must 4 5 recalibrate all of the following per pupil elements of the Adequacy Target and applied to the formulas, based on the 6 study of average expenses and as reported in the most 7 8 recent annual financial report: 9 (A) Gifted under subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) 10 of subsection (b). 11 (B) Instructional materials under subparagraph (O) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b). 12 13 (C) Assessment under subparagraph (P) of paragraph 14 (2) of subsection (b). 15 (D) Student activities under subparagraph (R) of 16 paragraph (2) of subsection (b). 17 (E) Maintenance and operations under subparagraph 18 (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b). 19 (F) Central office under subparagraph (T) of 20 paragraph (2) of subsection (b). (i) Professional Review Panel. 21 22 (1) A Professional Review Panel is created to study 23 and review topics related to the implementation and effect 24 Evidence-Based Funding, as assigned by a joint of 25 resolution or Public Act of the General Assembly or a 26 motion passed by the State Board of Education. The Panel

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1 must provide recommendations to and serve the Governor, the General Assembly, and the State Board. The State 2 Superintendent or his or her designee must serve as a 3 voting member and chairperson of the Panel. The State 4 5 Superintendent must appoint a vice chairperson from the membership of the Panel. The Panel 6 must advance 7 recommendations based on a three-fifths majority vote of 8 Panel members present and voting. A minority opinion may 9 also accompany any recommendation of the Panel. The Panel 10 shall be appointed by the State Superintendent, except as 11 otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (i) and include the following members: 12

(A) Two appointees that represent district
 superintendents, recommended by a statewide
 organization that represents district superintendents.

16 (B) Two appointees that represent school boards,
17 recommended by a statewide organization that
18 represents school boards.

19 (C) Two appointees from districts that represent 20 school business officials, recommended by a statewide 21 organization that represents school business 22 officials.

(D) Two appointees that represent school
principals, recommended by a statewide organization
that represents school principals.

26 (E) Two appointees that represent teachers,

1 recommended by a statewide organization that 2 represents teachers. 3 (F) Two appointees that represent teachers, 4 recommended by another statewide organization that 5 represents teachers. appointees that represent regional 6 (G) Two superintendents of schools, recommended 7 by 8 organizations that represent regional superintendents. 9 (H) Two independent experts selected solely by the 10 State Superintendent. 11 (I) Two independent experts recommended by public universities in this State. 12 13 (J) One member recommended by a statewide 14 organization that represents parents. 15 (K) Two representatives recommended by collective 16 impact organizations that represent major metropolitan areas or geographic areas in Illinois. 17 18 (L) One member from a statewide organization 19 focused on research-based education policy to support 20 a school system that prepares all students for 21 college, a career, and democratic citizenship. 22 (M) One representative from a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. 23 24 State Superintendent shall ensure that the The

25 membership of the Panel includes representatives from 26 school districts and communities reflecting the -129- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 geographic, socio-economic, racial, and ethnic diversity 2 of this State. The State Superintendent shall additionally 3 ensure that the membership of the Panel includes 4 representatives with expertise in bilingual education and 5 special education. Staff from the State Board shall staff 6 the Panel.

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7 (2) In addition to those Panel members appointed by 8 the State Superintendent, 4 members of the General 9 Assembly shall be appointed as follows: one member of the 10 House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one member of the Senate 11 12 appointed by the President of the Senate, one member of 13 the House of Representatives appointed by the Minority 14 Leader of the House of Representatives, and one member of 15 the Senate appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate. There shall be one additional member appointed by the 16 17 Governor. All members appointed by legislative leaders or the Governor shall be non-voting, ex officio members. 18

19 (3) The Panel must study topics at the direction of 20 the General Assembly or State Board of Education, as 21 provided under paragraph (1). The Panel may also study the 22 following topics at the direction of the chairperson:

(A) The format and scope of annual spending plans
referenced in paragraph (9) of subsection (h) of this
Section.

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(B) The Comparable Wage Index under this Section.

1 (C) Maintenance and operations, including capital maintenance and construction costs. 2 (D) "At-risk student" definition. 3 4 (E) Benefits. 5 (F) Technology. (G) Local Capacity Target. 6 (H) Funding for Alternative Schools, Laboratory 7 Schools, safe schools, and alternative learning 8 9 opportunities programs. 10 (I) Funding for college and career acceleration 11 strategies. (J) Special education investments. 12 13 (K) Early childhood investments, in collaboration 14 with the Illinois Early Learning Council. 15 (4) (Blank). 16 (5) Within 5 years after the implementation of this Section, and every 5 years thereafter, the Panel shall 17 18 complete an evaluative study of the entire Evidence-Based 19 Funding model, including an assessment of whether or not 20 the formula is achieving State goals. The Panel shall report to the State Board, the General Assembly, and the 21 22 Governor on the findings of the study. 23 (6) (Blank).

(7) To ensure that (i) the Adequacy Target calculation
 under subsection (b) accurately reflects the needs of
 students living in poverty or attending schools located in

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areas of high poverty, (ii) racial equity within the 1 Evidence-Based Funding formula is explicitly explored and 2 advanced, and (iii) the funding goals of the formula 3 distribution system established under this Section are 4 5 sufficient to provide adequate funding for every student and to fully fund every school in this State, the Panel 6 shall review the Essential Elements under paragraph (2) of 7 8 subsection (b). The Panel shall consider all of the 9 following in its review:

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10 (A) The financial ability of school districts to 11 provide instruction in a foreign language to every 12 student and whether an additional Essential Element 13 should be added to the formula to ensure that every 14 student has access to instruction in a foreign 15 language.

16 (B) The adult-to-student ratio for each Essential
17 Element in which a ratio is identified. The Panel
18 shall consider whether the ratio accurately reflects
19 the staffing needed to support students living in
20 poverty or who have traumatic backgrounds.

(C) Changes to the Essential Elements that may be
 required to better promote racial equity and eliminate
 structural racism within schools.

(D) The impact of investing \$350,000,000 in
 additional funds each year under this Section and an
 estimate of when the school system will become fully

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funded under this level of appropriation.

(E) Provide an overview of alternative funding structures that would enable the State to become fully funded at an earlier date.

5 (F) The potential to increase efficiency and to 6 find cost savings within the school system to expedite 7 the journey to a fully funded system.

8 (G) The appropriate levels for reenrolling and 9 graduating high-risk high school students who have 10 been previously out of school. These outcomes shall 11 include enrollment, attendance, skill gains, credit gains, graduation or promotion to the next grade 12 13 level, and the transition to college, training, or 14 employment, with an emphasis on progressively 15 increasing the overall attendance.

16 (H) The evidence-based or research-based practices 17 that are shown to reduce the gaps and disparities 18 experienced by African American students in academic 19 achievement and educational performance, including 20 practices that have been shown to reduce disparities 21 in disciplinary rates, drop-out rates, graduation rates, college matriculation rates, and college 22 23 completion rates.

On or before December 31, 2021, the Panel shall report to the State Board, the General Assembly, and the Governor on the findings of its review. This paragraph (7) is 1

inoperative on and after July 1, 2022.

(8) On or before April 1, 2024, the Panel must submit a
report to the General Assembly on annual adjustments to
Glenwood Academy's base-funding minimum in a similar
fashion to school districts under this Section.

6 (j) References. Beginning July 1, 2017, references in 7 other laws to general State aid funds or calculations under 8 Section 18-8.05 of this Code (now repealed) shall be deemed to 9 be references to evidence-based model formula funds or 10 calculations under this Section.

11 (Source: P.A. 102-33, eff. 6-25-21; 102-197, eff. 7-30-21; 12 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-699, eff. 4-19-22; 102-782, eff. 13 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; 103-8, 14 eff. 6-7-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-175, eff. 6-30-23; 15 revised 8-30-23.)

16 (105 ILCS 5/21B-45)

17

Sec. 21B-45. Professional Educator License renewal.

(a) Individuals holding a Professional Educator License
are required to complete the licensure renewal requirements as
specified in this Section, unless otherwise provided in this
Code.

Individuals holding a Professional Educator License shall meet the renewal requirements set forth in this Section, unless otherwise provided in this Code. If an individual holds a license endorsed in more than one area that has different 1 renewal requirements, that individual shall follow the renewal 2 requirements for the position for which he or she spends the 3 majority of his or her time working.

4 (b) All Professional Educator Licenses not renewed as 5 provided in this Section shall lapse on September 1 of that year. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, if 6 a license holder's electronic mail address is available, the 7 State Board of Education shall send him or her notification 8 electronically that his or her license will lapse if not 9 10 renewed, to be sent no more than 6 months prior to the license 11 lapsing. Lapsed licenses may be immediately reinstated upon (i) payment to the State Board of Education by the applicant of 12 13 a \$50 penalty or (ii) the demonstration of proficiency by completing 9 semester hours of coursework from a regionally 14 15 accredited institution of higher education in the content area that most aligns with one or more of the educator's 16 endorsement areas. Any and all back fees, including without 17 limitation registration fees owed from the time of expiration 18 of the license until the date of reinstatement, shall be paid 19 20 and kept in accordance with the provisions in Article 3 of this Code concerning an institute fund and the provisions in 21 22 Article 21B of this Code concerning fees and requirements for 23 registration. Licenses not registered in accordance with 24 Section 21B-40 of this Code shall lapse after a period of 6 25 months from the expiration of the last year of registration or 26 on January 1 of the fiscal year following initial issuance of

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1 license. An unregistered license is invalid after the September 1 for employment and performance of services in an 2 3 Illinois public or State-operated school or cooperative and in 4 a charter school. Any license or endorsement may be 5 voluntarily surrendered by the license holder. A voluntarily surrendered license shall be treated as a revoked license. An 6 7 Educator License with Stipulations with onlv а 8 paraprofessional endorsement does not lapse.

9 (c) From July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014, in order to 10 satisfy the requirements for licensure renewal provided for in 11 this Section, each professional educator licensee with an 12 administrative endorsement who is working in a position 13 requiring such endorsement shall complete one Illinois 14 Administrators' Academy course, as described in Article 2 of 15 this Code, per fiscal year.

16 (c-5) All licenses issued by the State Board of Education 17 under this Article that expire on June 30, 2020 and have not 18 been renewed by the end of the 2020 renewal period shall be 19 extended for one year and shall expire on June 30, 2021.

(d) Beginning July 1, 2014, in order to satisfy the requirements for licensure renewal provided for in this Section, each professional educator licensee may create a professional development plan each year. The plan shall address one or more of the endorsements that are required of his or her educator position if the licensee is employed and performing services in an Illinois public or State-operated 10300SB3156ham001 -136- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 school or cooperative. If the licensee is employed in a 2 charter school, the plan shall address that endorsement or 3 those endorsements most closely related to his or her educator 4 position. Licensees employed and performing services in any 5 other Illinois schools may participate in the renewal 6 requirements by adhering to the same process.

7 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the 8 licensee's professional development activities shall align 9 with one or more of the following criteria:

- (1) activities are of a type that engages participants
  over a sustained period of time allowing for analysis,
  discovery, and application as they relate to student
  learning, social or emotional achievement, or well-being;
- 14 (2) professional development aligns to the licensee's 15 performance;
- 16 (3) outcomes for the activities must relate to student 17 growth or district improvement;
- 18

(4) activities align to State-approved standards; and

19

(5) higher education coursework.

(e) For each renewal cycle, each professional educator licensee shall engage in professional development activities. Prior to renewal, the licensee shall enter electronically into the Educator Licensure Information System (ELIS) the name, date, and location of the activity, the number of professional development hours, and the provider's name. The following provisions shall apply concerning professional development 1 activities:

(1) Each licensee shall complete a total of 120 hours
of professional development per 5-year renewal cycle in
order to renew the license, except as otherwise provided
in this Section.

(2) Beginning with his or her first full 5-year cycle, 6 any licensee with an administrative endorsement who is not 7 working in a position requiring such endorsement is not 8 9 required to complete Illinois Administrators' Academy 10 courses, as described in Article 2 of this Code. Such 11 licensees must complete one Illinois Administrators' Academy course within one year after returning to a 12 13 position that requires the administrative endorsement.

14 (3) Any licensee with an administrative endorsement 15 who is working in a position requiring such endorsement or an individual with a Teacher Leader endorsement serving in 16 an administrative capacity at least 50% of the day shall 17 complete one Illinois Administrators' Academy course, as 18 described in Article 2 of this Code, each fiscal year in 19 20 addition to 100 hours of professional development per 5-year renewal cycle in accordance with this Code. 21 22 However, for the 2021-2022 school year only, a licensee 23 under this paragraph (3) is not required to complete an 24 Illinois Administrators' Academy course.

(4) Any licensee holding a current National Board for
 Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) master teacher

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designation shall complete a total of 60 hours of professional development per 5-year renewal cycle in order to renew the license.

4 (5) Licensees working in a position that does not 5 require educator licensure or working in a position for 6 less than 50% for any particular year are considered to be 7 exempt and shall be required to pay only the registration 8 fee in order to renew and maintain the validity of the 9 license.

10 (6) Licensees who are retired and qualify for benefits from a State of Illinois retirement system shall be listed 11 as retired, and the license shall be maintained in retired 12 13 status. For any renewal cycle in which a licensee retires 14 during the renewal cycle, the licensee must complete 15 professional development activities on a prorated basis 16 depending on the number of years during the renewal cycle the educator held an active license. If a licensee retires 17 during a renewal cycle, the license status must be updated 18 19 using ELIS indicating that the licensee wishes to maintain 20 the license in retired status and the licensee must show 21 proof of completion of professional development activities 22 on a prorated basis for all years of that renewal cycle for 23 which the license was active. An individual with a license 24 in retired status shall not be required to complete 25 professional development activities until returning to a 26 position that requires educator licensure. Upon returning 10300SB3156ham001 -139- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

to work in a position that requires the Professional 1 2 Educator License, the license status shall immediately be 3 updated using ELIS and the licensee shall complete renewal requirements for that year. A retired teacher, even if 4 5 returning to a position that requires educator licensure, shall not be required to pay registration fees. A license 6 in retired status cannot lapse. Beginning on January 6, 7 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-920) through 8 9 December 31, 2017, any licensee who has retired and whose 10 license has lapsed for failure to renew as provided in this Section may reinstate that license and maintain it in 11 retired status upon providing proof to the State Board of 12 13 Education using ELIS that the licensee is retired and is 14 not working in a position that requires a Professional 15 Educator License.

16 (7) For any renewal cycle in which professional 17 development hours were required, but not fulfilled, the licensee shall complete any missed hours to total the 18 19 minimum professional development hours required in this 20 Section prior to September 1 of that year. Professional 21 development hours used to fulfill the minimum required 22 hours for a renewal cycle may be used for only one renewal 23 cycle. For any fiscal year or renewal cycle in which an 24 Illinois Administrators' Academy course was required but 25 not completed, the licensee shall complete any missed 26 Illinois Administrators' Academy courses prior to

1 September 1 of that year. The licensee may complete all 2 deficient hours and Illinois Administrators' Academy 3 courses while continuing to work in a position that 4 requires that license until September 1 of that year.

5 who has not fulfilled Any licensee the (8) professional development renewal requirements set forth in 6 this Section at the end of any 5-year renewal cycle is 7 8 ineligible to register his or her license and may submit 9 an appeal to the State Superintendent of Education for reinstatement of the license. 10

11 (9) If professional development opportunities were unavailable to a licensee, proof that opportunities were 12 13 unavailable and request for an extension of time beyond 14 August 31 to complete the renewal requirements may be 15 submitted from April 1 through June 30 of that year to the State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board. If an 16 17 extension is approved, the license shall remain valid during the extension period. 18

19 (10) Individuals who hold exempt licenses prior to 20 December 27, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 21 98-610) shall commence the annual renewal process with the 22 first scheduled registration due after December 27, 2013 23 (the effective date of Public Act 98-610).

(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
 subsection (e), if a licensee earns more than the required
 number of professional development hours during a renewal

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1 cycle, then the licensee may carry over any hours earned from April 1 through June 30 of the last year of the 2 3 renewal cycle. Any hours carried over in this manner must 4 applied to the next renewal cycle. Illinois be 5 Administrators' Academy courses or hours earned in those courses may not be carried over. 6

7 (e-5) The number of professional development hours
8 required under subsection (e) is reduced by 20% for any
9 renewal cycle that includes the 2021-2022 school year.

10 (f) At the time of renewal, each licensee shall respond to 11 the required questions under penalty of perjury.

(f-5) The State Board of Education shall conduct random 12 13 audits of licensees to verify a licensee's fulfillment of the 14 professional development hours required under this Section. 15 Upon completion of a random audit, if it is determined by the 16 State Board of Education that the licensee did not complete the required number of professional development hours or did 17 not provide sufficient proof of completion, the licensee shall 18 be notified that his or her license has lapsed. A license that 19 20 has lapsed under this subsection may be reinstated as provided in subsection (b). 21

(g) The following entities shall be designated as approved
to provide professional development activities for the renewal
of Professional Educator Licenses:

25

(1) The State Board of Education.

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(2) Regional offices of education and intermediate

1	service centers.
2	(3) Illinois professional associations representing
3	the following groups that are approved by the State
4	Superintendent of Education:
5	(A) school administrators;
6	(B) principals;
7	(C) school business officials;
8	(D) teachers, including special education
9	teachers;
10	(E) school boards;
11	(F) school districts;
12	(G) parents; and
13	(H) school service personnel.
14	(4) Regionally accredited institutions of higher
15	education that offer Illinois-approved educator
16	preparation programs and public community colleges subject
17	to the Public Community College Act.
18	(5) Illinois public school districts, charter schools
19	authorized under Article 27A of this Code, and joint
20	educational programs authorized under Article 10 of this
21	Code for the purposes of providing career and technical
22	education or special education services.
23	(6) A not-for-profit organization that, as of December
24	31, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1147), has
25	had or has a grant from or a contract with the State Board

26 of Education to provide professional development services

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1 in the area of English Learning to Illinois school districts, teachers, or administrators. 2 3 (7)State agencies, State boards, and State commissions. 4 5 (8) Museums as defined in Section 10 of the Museum Disposition of Property Act. 6 (h) Approved providers under subsection (q) of this 7 available professional development 8 Section shall make 9 opportunities that satisfy at least one of the following: 10 (1) increase the knowledge and skills of school and 11 district leaders who guide continuous professional 12 development; 13 (2) improve the learning of students; 14 (3) organize adults into learning communities whose 15 goals are aligned with those of the school and district; 16 (4) deepen educator's content knowledge; 17 (5)provide educators with research-based 18 instructional strategies to assist students in meeting 19 rigorous academic standards; 20 (6) prepare educators to appropriately use various types of classroom assessments; 21 22 (7) use learning strategies appropriate to the 23 intended goals; 24 (8) provide educators with the knowledge and skills to 25 collaborate: 26 (9) prepare educators to apply research to decision

1 making;

2 (10) provide educators with training on inclusive 3 practices in the classroom that examines instructional and 4 behavioral strategies that improve academic and 5 social-emotional outcomes for all students, with or 6 without disabilities, in a general education setting; or

7 (11) beginning on July 1, 2022, provide educators with 8 training on the physical and mental health needs of 9 students, student safety, educator ethics, professional 10 conduct, and other topics that address the well-being of 11 students and improve the academic and social-emotional 12 outcomes of students.

13 (i) Approved providers under subsection (g) of this14 Section shall do the following:

(1) align professional development activities to the
State-approved national standards for professional
learning;

18 (2) meet the professional development criteria for19 Illinois licensure renewal;

(3) produce a rationale for the activity that explains
how it aligns to State standards and identify the
assessment for determining the expected impact on student
learning or school improvement;

24 (4) maintain original documentation for completion of25 activities;

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(5) provide license holders with evidence of

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completion of activities;

2 (6) request an Illinois Educator Identification Number
3 (IEIN) for each educator during each professional
4 development activity; and

5 (7) beginning on July 1, 2019, register annually with 6 the State Board of Education prior to offering any 7 professional development opportunities in the current 8 fiscal year.

9 (j) The State Board of Education shall conduct annual 10 audits of a subset of approved providers, except for school 11 districts, which shall be audited by regional offices of education and intermediate service centers. The State Board of 12 13 Education shall ensure that each approved provider, except for 14 a school district, is audited at least once every 5 years. The 15 State Board of Education may conduct more frequent audits of 16 providers if evidence suggests the requirements of this Section or administrative rules are not being met. 17

18 (1) (Blank).

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19 (2) Approved providers shall comply with the 20 requirements in subsections (h) and (i) of this Section by 21 annually submitting data to the State Board of Education 22 demonstrating how the professional development activities 23 impacted one or more of the following:

24 (A) educator and student growth in regards to25 content knowledge or skills, or both;

(B) educator and student social and emotional

1 growth; or

2 (C) alignment to district or school improvement3 plans.

(3) The State Superintendent of Education shall review
the annual data collected by the State Board of Education,
regional offices of education, and intermediate service
centers in audits <u>conducted under this subsection (j)</u> to
determine if the approved provider has met the criteria
and should continue to be an approved provider or if
further action should be taken as provided in rules.

11 (k) Registration fees shall be paid for the next renewal 12 cycle between April 1 and June 30 in the last year of each 13 5-year renewal cycle using ELIS. If all required professional 14 development hours for the renewal cycle have been completed 15 and entered by the licensee, the licensee shall pay the 16 registration fees for the next cycle using a form of credit or 17 debit card.

18 (1) Any professional educator licensee endorsed for school 19 support personnel who is employed and performing services in 20 Illinois public schools and who holds an active and current 21 professional license issued by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or a national certification board, as 22 23 approved by the State Board of Education, related to the 24 endorsement areas on the Professional Educator License shall 25 be deemed to have satisfied the continuing professional 26 development requirements provided for in this Section. Such

individuals shall be required to pay only registration fees to renew the Professional Educator License. An individual who does not hold a license issued by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall complete professional development requirements for the renewal of a Professional Educator License provided for in this Section.

7 Appeals to the State Educator Preparation (m) and 8 Licensure Board must be made within 30 days after receipt of 9 notice from the State Superintendent of Education that a 10 license will not be renewed based upon failure to complete the 11 requirements of this Section. A licensee may appeal that decision to the State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board 12 13 in a manner prescribed by rule.

14 (1) Each appeal shall state the reasons why the State
15 Superintendent's decision should be reversed and shall be
16 sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the
17 State Board of Education.

(2) The State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board 18 shall review each appeal regarding renewal of a license 19 20 within 90 days after receiving the appeal in order to 21 determine whether the licensee has met the requirements of 22 this Section. The State Educator Preparation and Licensure 23 Board may hold an appeal hearing or may make its 24 determination based upon the record of review, which shall 25 consist of the following:

26

(A) the regional superintendent of education's

rationale for recommending nonrenewal of the license,
 if applicable;

3 (B) any evidence submitted to the State
4 Superintendent along with the individual's electronic
5 statement of assurance for renewal; and

6 (C) the State Superintendent's rationale for 7 nonrenewal of the license.

8 (3) The State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board 9 shall notify the licensee of its decision regarding 10 license renewal by certified mail, return receipt 11 requested, no later than 30 days after reaching a decision. Upon receipt of notification of renewal, the 12 13 licensee, using ELIS, shall pay the applicable 14 registration fee for the next cycle using a form of credit 15 or debit card.

16 (n) The State Board of Education may adopt rules as may be 17 necessary to implement this Section.

18 (Source: P.A. 102-676, eff. 12-3-21; 102-710, eff. 4-27-22; 19 102-730, eff. 5-6-22; 102-852, eff. 5-13-22; 103-154, eff. 20 6-30-23.)

21 (105 ILCS 5/21B-50)

Sec. 21B-50. Alternative Educator Licensure Program <u>for</u>
 <u>Teachers</u>.

(a) There is established an alternative educator licensureprogram, to be known as the Alternative Educator Licensure

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1 Program for Teachers.

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2 (b) The Alternative Educator Licensure Program for 3 Teachers may be offered by a recognized institution approved 4 to offer educator preparation programs by the State Board of 5 Education, in consultation with the State Educator Preparation 6 and Licensure Board.

The program shall be comprised of up to 3 phases:

8 (1) A course of study that at a minimum includes 9 instructional planning; instructional strategies, 10 including special education, reading, and English language 11 learning; classroom management; and the assessment of 12 students and use of data to drive instruction.

13 (2) A year of residency, which is a candidate's 14 assignment to a full-time teaching position or as a 15 co-teacher for one full school year. An individual must 16 hold an Educator License with Stipulations with an alternative provisional educator endorsement in order to 17 enter the residency. In residency, the candidate must: be 18 assigned an effective, fully licensed teacher by the 19 20 principal or principal equivalent to act as a mentor and 21 coach the candidate through residency, complete additional 22 program requirements that address required State and 23 national standards, pass the State Board's teacher 24 performance assessment, if required under Section 21B-30, 25 recommended by the principal or qualified and be equivalent of a principal, as required under subsection 26

1 (d) of this Section, and the program coordinator to be 2 recommended for full licensure or to continue with a 3 second year of the residency.

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(3) (Blank).

5 (4) A comprehensive assessment of the candidate's teaching effectiveness, as evaluated by the principal or 6 qualified equivalent of a principal, as required under 7 this Section, 8 subsection (d) of and the program 9 coordinator, at the end of either the first or the second 10 year of residency. If there is disagreement between the 2 evaluators about the candidate's teaching effectiveness at 11 12 the end of the first year of residency, a second year of 13 residency shall be required. If there is disagreement 14 between the 2 evaluators at the end of the second year of 15 residency, the candidate may complete one additional year of residency teaching under a professional development 16 17 plan developed by the principal or qualified equivalent and the preparation program. At the completion of the 18 19 third year, a candidate must have positive evaluations and 20 a recommendation for full licensure from both the 21 principal or qualified equivalent and the program 22 coordinator or no Professional Educator License shall be 23 issued.

Successful completion of the program shall be deemed to satisfy any other practice or student teaching and content matter requirements established by law. 10300SB3156ham001 -151- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 (c) An alternative provisional educator endorsement on an Educator License with Stipulations is valid for up to 2 years 2 teaching in the public schools, including without 3 of limitation a preschool educational program under Section 4 5 2-3.71 of this Code or charter school, or in a State-recognized nonpublic school in which 6 the chief 7 administrator is required to have the licensure necessary to 8 be a principal in a public school in this State and in which a 9 majority of the teachers are required to have the licensure 10 necessary to be instructors in a public school in this State, 11 but may be renewed for a third year if needed to complete the Alternative Educator Licensure Program for Teachers. 12 The 13 endorsement shall be issued only once to an individual who 14 meets all of the following requirements:

(1) Has graduated from a regionally accredited collegeor university with a bachelor's degree or higher.

17

(2) (Blank).

(3) Has completed a major in the content area if 18 seeking a middle or secondary level endorsement or, if 19 20 seeking an early childhood, elementary, or special education endorsement, has completed a major 21 in the 22 content area of early childhood reading, English/language 23 mathematics, or one of the sciences. If arts, the 24 individual does not have a major in a content area for any 25 level of teaching, he or she must submit transcripts to 26 State Board of Education to be reviewed for the

1 equivalency.

2 (4) Has successfully completed phase (1) of subsection
3 (b) of this Section.

4 (5) Has passed a content area test required for the
5 specific endorsement for admission into the program, as
6 required under Section 21B-30 of this Code.

7 candidate possessing the alternative provisional А 8 educator endorsement may receive a salary, benefits, and any 9 other terms of employment offered to teachers in the school 10 who are members of an exclusive bargaining representative, if 11 any, but a school is not required to provide these benefits during the years of residency if the candidate is serving only 12 13 as a co-teacher. If the candidate is serving as the teacher of 14 record, the candidate must receive a salary, benefits, and any 15 other terms of employment. Residency experiences must not be 16 counted towards tenure.

(d) The recognized institution offering the Alternative 17 18 Educator Licensure Program for Teachers must partner with a school district, including without limitation a preschool 19 20 educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this Code or charter school, or a State-recognized, nonpublic school in 21 this State in which the chief administrator is required to 22 23 have the licensure necessary to be a principal in a public 24 school in this State and in which a majority of the teachers 25 are required to have the licensure necessary to be instructors 26 in a public school in this State. A recognized institution 10300SB3156ham001 -153- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 that partners with a public school district administering a preschool educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this 2 3 Code must require a principal to recommend or evaluate 4 candidates in the program. A recognized institution that 5 partners with an eligible entity administering a preschool 6 educational program under Section 2-3.71 of this Code and that is not a public school district must require a principal or 7 qualified equivalent of a principal to recommend or evaluate 8 9 candidates in the program. The program presented for approval 10 by the State Board of Education must demonstrate the supports 11 that are to be provided to assist the provisional teacher during the one-year 1-year or 2-year residency period and if 12 the residency period is to be less than 2 years in length, 13 14 assurances from the partner school districts to provide 15 intensive mentoring and supports through at least the end of 16 the second full year of teaching for educators who completed 17 the Alternative <u>Educator</u> <u>Educators</u> Licensure Program <u>for</u> Teachers in less than 2 years. These supports must, at a 18 minimum, provide additional contact hours with mentors during 19 20 the first year of residency.

(e) Upon completion of phases under paragraphs (1), (2),
(4), and, if needed, (3) in subsection (b) of this Section and
all assessments required under Section 21B-30 of this Code, an
individual shall receive a Professional Educator License.

(f) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the
 State Educator Preparation and Licensure Board, may adopt such

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rules as may be necessary to establish and implement the
 Alternative Educator Licensure Program for Teachers.
 (Source: P.A. 103-111, eff. 6-29-23; 103-488, eff. 8-4-23;

4 revised 9-1-23.)

5 (105 ILCS 5/26-2) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-2)

6 Sec. 26-2. Enrolled pupils not of compulsory school age.

7 (a) Any person having custody or control of a child who is 8 below the age of 6 years or is 17 years of age or above and who 9 is enrolled in any of grades kindergarten through 12 in the 10 public school shall cause the child to attend the public 11 school in the district wherein he or she resides when it is in 12 session during the regular school term, unless the child is 13 excused under Section 26-1 of this Code.

14 (b) A school district shall deny reenrollment in its 15 secondary schools to any child 19 years of age or above who has dropped out of school and who could not, because of age and 16 17 lack of credits, attend classes during the normal school year 18 and graduate before his or her twenty-first birthday. A 19 district may, however, enroll the child in a graduation incentives program under Section 26-16 of this Code or an 20 21 alternative learning opportunities program established under Article 13B. No child shall be denied reenrollment for the 22 23 above reasons unless the school district first offers the 24 child due process as required in cases of expulsion under Section 10-22.6. If a child is denied reenrollment after being 25

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1 provided with due process, the school district must provide 2 counseling to that child and must direct that child to 3 alternative educational programs, including adult education 4 programs, that lead to graduation or receipt of a State of 5 Illinois High School Diploma.

6 (c) A school or school district may deny enrollment to a 7 student 17 years of age or older for one semester for failure 8 to meet minimum attendance standards if all of the following 9 conditions are met:

10 (1) The student was absent without valid cause for 20%
11 or more of the attendance days in the semester immediately
12 prior to the current semester.

13 (2) The student and the student's parent or guardian
14 are given written notice warning that the student is
15 subject to denial from enrollment for one semester unless
16 the student is absent without valid cause less than 20% of
17 the attendance days in the current semester.

18 (3) The student's parent or guardian is provided with
19 the right to appeal the notice, as determined by the State
20 Board of Education in accordance with due process.

(4) The student is provided with attendance
 remediation services, including without limitation
 assessment, counseling, and support services.

(5) The student is absent without valid cause for 20%
or more of the attendance days in the current semester.
A school or school district may not deny enrollment to a

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student (or reenrollment to a dropout) who is at least 17 years of age or older but below 19 years for more than one consecutive semester for failure to meet attendance standards.

4 (d) No child may be denied reenrollment under this Section
5 in violation of the federal Individuals with Disabilities
6 Education Act or the Americans with Disabilities Act.

(e) In this subsection (e), "reenrolled student" means a 7 8 dropout who has reenrolled full-time in a public school. Each school district shall identify, track, and report on the 9 10 educational progress and outcomes of reenrolled students as a 11 subset of the district's required reporting on all 12 enrollments. A reenrolled student who again drops out must not 13 be counted again against a district's dropout rate performance 14 measure. The State Board of Education shall set performance 15 standards for programs serving reenrolled students.

16 (f) The State Board of Education shall adopt any rules 17 necessary to implement the changes to this Section made by 18 Public Act 93-803.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-981, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1100, eff. 1-1-23; 20 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)

(105 ILCS 5/27-22.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-22.2)
Sec. 27-22.2. <u>Career and technical</u> <del>Vocational</del> education
elective. Whenever the school board of any school district
which maintains grades 9 through 12 establishes a list of
courses from which secondary school students each must elect

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1 at least one course, to be completed along with other course 2 requirements as a pre-requisite to receiving a high school 3 diploma, that school board must include on the list of such 4 elective courses at least one course in <u>career and technical</u> 5 <del>vocational</del> education.

6 (Source: P.A. 84-1334; 84-1438.)

7

(105 ILCS 5/34-8.05)

Sec. 34-8.05. Reporting firearms in schools. On or after 8 9 January 1, 1997, upon receipt of any written, electronic, or 10 verbal report from any school personnel regarding a verified incident involving a firearm in a school or on school owned or 11 12 leased property, including any conveyance owned, leased, or 13 used by the school for the transport of students or school 14 personnel, the general superintendent or his or her designee 15 shall report all such firearm-related incidents occurring in a school or on school property to the local law enforcement 16 authorities no later than 24 hours after the occurrence of the 17 incident and to the Illinois State Police in a form, manner, 18 19 and frequency as prescribed by the Illinois State Police.

The general superintendent or the general superintendent's designee shall report any written, electronic, or verbal report of a verified incident involving a firearm to the State Board of Education through existing school incident reporting systems as they occur during the year by no later than July 31 for the previous school year. The State Board of Education 10300SB3156ham001 -158- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

1 shall report the data and make it available to the public via its website. The local law enforcement authority shall, by 2 March 1 of each year, report the required data from the 3 4 previous year to the Illinois State Police's Illinois Uniform 5 Crime Reporting Program, which shall be included in its annual Crime in Illinois report. 6 The State Board of Education shall receive an annual 7 statistical compilation and related data associated with 8 9 incidents involving firearms in schools from the Illinois

10 State Police. As used in this Section, the term "firearm" 11 shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 1.1 of the 12 Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

Section 10. The School Safety Drill Act is amended by changing Sections 45 and 50 as follows:

16 (105 ILCS 128/45)

17 Sec. 45. Threat assessment procedure.

18 (a) Each school district must implement a threat 19 assessment procedure that may be part of a school board policy 20 on targeted school violence prevention. The procedure must include the creation of a threat assessment team. The team 21 22 must include at least one law enforcement official and 23 cross-disciplinary representatives of the district who are 24 most directly familiar with the mental and behavioral health

1 needs of students and staff. Such cross-disciplinary representatives may include all of the following members: 2 3 (1) An administrator employed by the school district or a special education cooperative that serves the school 4 district and is available to serve. 5 (2) A teacher employed by the school district or a 6 special education cooperative that serves the school 7 district and is available to serve. 8 9 (3) A school counselor employed by the school district 10 or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve. 11 (4) A school psychologist employed by the school 12 13 district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve. 14 15 (5) A school social worker employed by the school 16 district or a special education cooperative that serves the school district and is available to serve. 17 18 (6) (Blank). At least one law enforcement official. If a school district is unable to establish a threat 19 20 assessment team with school district staff and resources, it may utilize a regional behavioral threat assessment and 21 22 intervention team that includes mental health professionals

and representatives from the State, county, and local law enforcement agencies.

(b) A school district shall establish the threat
 assessment team under this Section no later than 180 days

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1 after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455) and must implement an initial threat assessment 2 3 procedure no later than 120 days after August 23, 2019 (the 4 effective date of Public Act 101-455). Each year prior to the 5 start of the school year, the school board shall file the threat assessment procedure and a list identifying the members 6 of the school district's threat assessment team or regional 7 8 behavior threat assessment and intervention team with (i) a 9 local law enforcement agency and (ii) the regional office of 10 education or, with respect to a school district organized 11 under Article 34 of the School Code, the State Board of Education. 12

(b-5) A charter school operating under a charter issued by a local board of education may adhere to the local board's threat assessment procedure or may implement its own threat assessment procedure in full compliance with the requirements of this Section. The charter agreement shall specify in detail how threat assessment procedures will be determined for the charter school.

20 (b-10) A special education cooperative operating under a 21 joint agreement must implement its own threat assessment 22 procedure in full compliance with the requirements of this 23 Section, including the creation of a threat assessment team, 24 which may consist of individuals employed by the member 25 districts. The procedure must include actions the special 26 education cooperative will take in partnership with its member 10300SB3156ham001

1 districts to address a threat.

(c) Any sharing of student information under this Section
must comply with the federal Family Educational Rights and
Privacy Act of 1974 and the Illinois School Student Records
Act.

6 (d) (Blank).

7 (Source: P.A. 102-791, eff. 5-13-22; 102-894, eff. 5-20-22; 8 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-175, eff. 6-30-23.)

9 (105 ILCS 128/50)

10

Sec. 50. Crisis response mapping data grants.

(a) Subject to appropriation, a public school district, a 11 12 charter school, a special education cooperative or district, 13 an education for employment system, a State-approved area 14 career center, a public university laboratory school, the 15 Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy, the Department of Juvenile Justice School District, a regional office of 16 education, the Illinois School for the Deaf, the Illinois 17 18 School for the Visually Impaired, the Philip J. Rock Center 19 and School, an early childhood or preschool program supported by the Early Childhood Block Grant, or any other public school 20 21 entity designated by the State Board of Education by rule, may 22 apply to the State Board of Education or the State Board of 23 Education or the State Board's designee for a grant to obtain 24 crisis response mapping data and to provide copies of the 25 crisis response mapping data to appropriate local, county,

1 State, and federal first responders for use in response to 2 emergencies. The crisis response mapping data shall be stored 3 and provided in an electronic or digital format to assist 4 first responders in responding to emergencies at the school.

5 (b) Subject to appropriation, including funding for any administrative costs reasonably incurred by the State Board of 6 Education or the State Board's designee in the administration 7 8 of the grant program described by this Section, the State Board shall provide grants to any entity in subsection (a) 9 10 upon approval of an application submitted by the entity to 11 cover the costs incurred in obtaining crisis response mapping data under this Section. The grant application must include 12 13 crisis response mapping data for all schools under the 14 jurisdiction of the entity submitting the application, 15 including, in the case of a public school district, any 16 charter schools authorized by the school board for the school 17 district.

18 (c) To be eligible for a grant under this Section, the19 crisis response mapping data must, at a minimum:

(1) be compatible and integrate into security software
platforms in use by the specific school for which the data
is provided without requiring local law enforcement
agencies or the school district to purchase additional
software or requiring the integration of third-party
software to view the data;

26

(2) be compatible with security software platforms in

use by the specific school for which the data is provided without requiring local public safety agencies or the school district to purchase additional software or requiring the integration of third-party software to view the data;

6 (3) be capable of being provided in a printable 7 format;

8 (4) be verified for accuracy by an on-site
9 walk-through of the school building and grounds;

10

(5) be oriented to true north;

11 (6) be overlaid on current aerial imagery or plans of 12 the school building;

13 (7) contain site-specific labeling that matches the 14 structure of the school building, including room labels, 15 hallway names, and external door or stairwell numbers and the location of hazards, critical utilities, key boxes, 16 automated external defibrillators, and trauma kits, and 17 that matches the school grounds, including parking areas, 18 athletic fields, surrounding roads, and neighboring 19 20 properties; and

21

(8) be overlaid with gridded x/y coordinates.

(d) Subject to appropriation, the crisis response mappingdata may be reviewed annually to update the data as necessary.

(e) Crisis response mapping data obtained pursuant to this
 Section are confidential and exempt from disclosure under the
 Freedom of Information Act.

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1 (f) The State Board may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this Section. 2 (Source: P.A. 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; revised 1-20-24.) 3 4 Section 15. The Vocational Education Act is amended by 5 changing Section 2.1 as follows: (105 ILCS 435/2.1) (from Ch. 122, par. 697.1) 6 7 Sec. 2.1. Gender Equity Advisory Committee. 8 (a) The Superintendent of the State Board of Education 9 shall appoint a Gender Equity Advisory Committee consisting of at least 9 members to advise and consult with the State Board 10 11 of Education and the State Board of Education's gender equity 12 liaison <del>coordinator</del> in all aspects relating to ensuring that 13 all students have equal educational opportunities to pursue high wage, high skill, and in-demand occupations leading to 14 economic self-sufficiency. 15 (b) Membership shall include, without limitation, one 16 17 regional career and technical education system director with 18 experience in gender equity coordinator, 2 State Board of Education employees, an appointee of the Director of Labor, 19 20 and 5 citizen appointees who have expertise in one or more of 21 the following areas: nontraditional training and placement;  $\tau$ 22 service delivery to single parents;  $\tau$  service delivery to 23 displaced homemakers; - service delivery to female, male, and nonbinary teens;  $\overline{\tau}$  service delivery to students of color; 24

1 service delivery to members of special populations, including, but not limited to, individuals from economically 2 disadvantaged families, English learners, individuals with 3 4 disabilities, individuals who are out of the workforce, 5 individuals experiencing homelessness, migrants, individuals 6 in foster care, and military students; business and industry career and technical education 7 experience;  $\tau$  and Education to Careers experience. Membership also may include 8 9 employees from the Department of Commerce and Economic 10 Opportunity, the Department of Human Services, and the 11 Illinois Community College Board who have expertise in one or more of the areas listed in this subsection (b) for the citizen 12 13 appointees. Appointments shall be made taking into 14 consideration expertise of services provided in secondary, 15 postsecondary, and community-based community based programs.

16 (c) Members shall initially be appointed to one-year one year terms commencing in January 1, 1990, and thereafter, 17 until January 1, 2025, to 2-year two year terms commencing on 18 19 January 1 of each odd numbered year. Beginning on January 1, 20 2025, members shall be appointed as follows. The career and technical education system director appointee, one State Board 21 of Education appointee, the appointee of the Director of 22 Labor, and 2 citizen appointees, as determined by the State 23 24 Superintendent of Education, shall initially be appointed to 25 3-year terms and thereafter to 2-year terms; the remaining members of the committee shall initially and thereafter be 26

1 <u>appointed to 2-year terms; and all terms shall commence on</u> 2 January 1.

3 Vacancies shall be filled as prescribed in subsection (b)4 for the remainder of the unexpired term.

5 (d) At the first meeting following the start of each calendar year, the Each newly appointed committee shall elect 6 a Chair and Secretary from its members to serve until the first 7 meeting of the subsequent calendar year. Members shall serve 8 9 without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for expenses 10 incurred in the performance of their duties. The Committee 11 shall meet at least bi-annually and at other times at the call of the Chair or at the request of the State Board of 12 13 Education's gender equity liaison coordinator.

(e) On or before December 15, 2023, the Committee shall submit recommendations to the Governor, General Assembly, and State Board of Education regarding how school districts and the State Board of Education can better support historically disadvantaged males, including African American students and other students of color, to ensure educational equity.

20 (f) On and after December 31, 2023, subsection (e) is 21 inoperative.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-863, eff. 1-1-23.)

23 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 24 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 25 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 10300SB3156ham001 -167- LRB103 36143 RJT 72620 a

represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon6 becoming law.".