103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB2747

Introduced 1/16/2024, by Sen. Mary Edly-Allen

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

525 ILCS	10/1	from	Ch.	5,	par.	931	
525 ILCS	10/2	from	Ch.	5,	par.	932	
525 ILCS	10/3	from	Ch.	5,	par.	933	
525 ILCS	10/4	from	Ch.	5,	par.	934	
525 ILCS	10/5	from	Ch.	5,	par.	935	
525 ILCS	55/5						
705 ILCS	135/1-5						
740 ILCS	185/2	from	Ch.	96	1/2,	par.	9402
740 ILCS	185/2.5						

Amends the Illinois Exotic Weed Act. Changes the title of the Act to the Illinois Exotic Weeds Act. Provides that the Department of Natural Resources shall determine the plants that are exotic weeds for the purposes of the Act and shall compile and keep current a list of such exotic weeds, which list shall be published and incorporated in the rules of the Department. Provides that the Department of Natural Resources may (rather than shall) issue permits to buy, sell, offer for sale, distribute, or plant seeds, plants, or plant parts of exotic weeds pursuant to administrative rule. Provides that the Department rule. Provides that, for the control of exotic weeds, a municipality may adopt an ordinance to eradicate exotic weeds listed in the rules of the Department. Deletes the listing of specified exotic weeds from the Act. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes.

LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

1 AN ACT concerning conservation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Exotic Weed Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 as follows:

6 (525 ILCS 10/1) (from Ch. 5, par. 931)
7 Sec. 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known and may be
8 cited as the Illinois Exotic <u>Weeds</u> Weed Act.
9 (Source: P.A. 85-150.)

10 (525 ILCS 10/2) (from Ch. 5, par. 932)

11 Sec. 2. Definition. <u>In this Act:</u>

12 "Department" means the Department of Natural Resources.

13 <u>"Exotic weeds" means</u> are plants not native to North 14 America which, when planted either spread vegetatively or 15 naturalize and degrade natural communities, reduce the value 16 of fish and wildlife habitat, or threaten an Illinois 17 endangered or threatened species.

18 (Source: P.A. 85-150.)

19 (525 ILCS 10/3) (from Ch. 5, par. 933)

20 Sec. 3. <u>Designation of</u> Designated exotic weeds. <u>The</u> 21 <u>Department shall determine the plants that are exotic weeds</u>

for the purposes of this Act and shall compile and keep current 1 2 a list of such exotic weeds, which list shall be published and 3 incorporated in the rules of the Department. The Department Japanese honeysuckle (Lonicera japonica), multiflora rose 4 (Rosa multiflora), purple loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria), 5 common buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica), glossy buckthorn 6 7 (Rhamnus frangula), saw toothed buckthorn (Rhamnus arguta), dahurian buckthorn (Rhamnus davurica), Japanese buckthorn 8 (Rhamnus japonica), Chinese buckthorn (Rhamnus utilis), kudzu 9 10 (Pueraria lobata), exotic bush honeysuckles (Lonicera maackii, Lonicera tatarica, Lonicera morrowii, and Lonicera 11 12 fragrantissima), exotic olives (Elacagnus umbellata, Elacagnus pungens, Elacagnus angustifolia), salt cedar (all members of 13 the Tamarix genus), poison hemlock (Conium maculatum), giant 14 hogweed (Heracleum mantegazzianum), Oriental bittersweet 15 16 (Celastrus orbiculatus), and lesser celandine (Ficaria verna), 17 teasel (all members of the Dipsacus genus), and Japanese, giant, and Bohemian knotweed (Fallopia japonica, 18 svn. Polygonum cuspidatum; Fallopia sachalinensis; and Fallopia x 19 20 bohemica, resp.) are hereby designated exotic weeds. Upon 21 petition the Director of Natural Resources, by rule, shall 22 exempt varieties of any species listed in the rule this Act 23 that can be demonstrated by published or current research not to be an exotic weed as defined in Section 2. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 99-81, eff. 1-1-16.)

SB2747 - 3 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

(525 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 5, par. 934) 1 2 Sec. 4. Control of exotic weeds. 3 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation, political subdivision, agency or department of the State to 4 5 buy, sell, offer for sale, distribute, or plant seeds, plants, or plant parts of exotic weeds without a permit issued by the 6 7 Department of Natural Resources. Such permits may shall be issued by the Department pursuant to administrative rule. 8 9 only: 10 (1) for experiments into controlling and eradicating 11 exotic weeds; 12 (2) for research to demonstrate that a variety of a species listed in this Act is not an exotic 13 wood 14 in Section 2; or 15 (3) for the use of exotic olive (Elacagnus umbellata, 16 Elaeagnus pungens, Elaeagnus angustifolia) berries in the 17 manufacture of value added products, not to include the resale of whole berries or seeds. The exotic berry permit 18 19 holder must register annually with the Department of 20 Natural Resources and be able to demonstrate to the 21 Department that seeds remaining post-manufacture are 22 sterile or otherwise unviable. 23 (b) The commercial propagation of exotic weeds for sale 24 outside Illinois, certified under the Insect Pest and Plant 25 Disease Act, is exempted from the provisions of this Section. 26 (c) The Department of Natural Resources may adopt rules

SB2747 - 4 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

1 for the administration of this <u>Act</u> Section.

2 (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this Section, 3 to for the control of exotic weeds, a municipality may adopt an ordinance to eradicate on all public and private property 4 5 within its geographic boundaries the exotic weeds listed in the rules of the Department common buckthorn (Rhamnus 6 7 cathartica), glossy buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula), saw toothed 8 buckthorn (Rhamnus arguta), dahurian buckthorn (Rhamnus 9 davurica), Japanese buckthorn (Rhamnus japonica), and Chinese 10 buckthorn (Rhamnus utilis) on all public and private property 11 within its geographic boundaries.

12 (Source: P.A. 102-840, eff. 1-1-23.)

13 (525 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 5, par. 935)

Sec. 5. Penalty. Violators of this Act shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. When the violation is a continuing offense, each day shall be considered a separate violation.

Exotic weeds offered for sale in Illinois except as provided in Section 4 are subject to confiscation and destruction by agents of the Department of Natural Resources. (Source: P.A. 89-445, eff. 2-7-96.)

21 Section 10. The Pollinator-Friendly Solar Site Act is 22 amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

23 (525 ILCS 55/5)

SB2747 - 5 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act: 1 "Department" means the Department of Natural Resources. 2 3 "Exotic weed" has the same meaning ascribed to the term in Section 2 of the Illinois Exotic Weeds Weed Act. 4 5 "Noxious weed" has the same meaning ascribed to the term in Section 2 of the Illinois Noxious Weed Law. 6 (Source: P.A. 100-1022, eff. 8-21-18.) 7 8 Section 15. The Criminal and Traffic Assessment Act is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows: 9 10 (705 ILCS 135/1-5) 11 Sec. 1-5. Definitions. In this Act: 12 "Assessment" means any costs imposed on a defendant under 13 schedules 1 through 13 of this Act. 14 "Business offense" means any offense punishable by a fine 15 in excess of \$1,000 and for which a sentence of imprisonment is not an authorized disposition. 16 17 "Case" means all charges and counts filed against a single 18 defendant which are being prosecuted as a single proceeding before the court. 19 20 "Count" means each separate offense charged in the same 21 indictment, information, or complaint when the indictment, 22 information, or complaint alleges the commission of more than 23 one offense. 24 "Conservation offense" means any violation of the SB2747

following Acts, Codes, or ordinances, except any offense 1 2 punishable upon conviction by imprisonment in the 3 penitentiary: (1) Fish and Aquatic Life Code; 4 5 (2) Wildlife Code; (3) Boat Registration and Safety Act; 6 7 (4) Park District Code; 8 (5) Chicago Park District Act; 9 (6) State Parks Act: 10 (7) State Forest Act; (8) Forest Fire Protection District Act; 11 12 (9) Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act; 13 (10) Endangered Species Protection Act; 14 (11) Forest Products Transportation Act; 15 (12) Timber Buyers Licensing Act; 16 (13) Downstate Forest Preserve District Act; 17 (14) Illinois Exotic Weeds Act Exotic Weed Act; (15) Ginseng Harvesting Act; 18 19 (16) Cave Protection Act; (17) ordinances adopted under the Counties Code for 20 21 the acquisition of property for parks or recreational 22 areas; 23 (18) Recreational Trails of Illinois Act; 24 (19) Herptiles-Herps Act; or 25 (20) any rule, regulation, proclamation, or ordinance 26 adopted under any Code or Act named in paragraphs (1)

SB2747 - 7 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

1 through (19) of this definition.

2 "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or sentence 3 entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a verdict or finding of 4 guilty of an offense, rendered by a legally constituted jury 5 or by a court of competent jurisdiction authorized to try the 6 case without a jury.

"Drug offense" means any violation of the Cannabis Control 7 Controlled 8 Act, the Illinois Substances Act, the 9 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or any 10 similar local ordinance which involves the possession or 11 delivery of a drug.

"Drug-related emergency response" means the act of collecting evidence from or securing a site where controlled substances were manufactured, or where by-products from the manufacture of controlled substances are present, and cleaning up the site, whether these actions are performed by public entities or private contractors paid by public entities.

18 "Electronic citation" means the process of transmitting 19 traffic, misdemeanor, ordinance, conservation, or other 20 citations and law enforcement data via electronic means to a 21 circuit court clerk.

22 "Emergency response" means any incident requiring a 23 response by a police officer, an ambulance, a firefighter 24 carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire 25 department or fire protection district, a firefighter of a 26 volunteer fire department, or a member of a recognized not-for-profit rescue or emergency medical service provider.
 "Emergency response" does not include a drug-related emergency
 response.

4 "Felony offense" means an offense for which a sentence to
5 a term of imprisonment in a penitentiary for one year or more
6 is provided.

7 "Fine" means a pecuniary punishment for a conviction or8 supervision disposition as ordered by a court of law.

9 "Highest classified offense" means the offense in the case
10 which carries the most severe potential disposition under
11 Article 4.5 of Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections.

12 "Major traffic offense" means a traffic offense, as 13 defined by paragraph (f) of Supreme Court Rule 501, other than 14 a petty offense or business offense.

15 "Minor traffic offense" means a traffic offense, as 16 defined by paragraph (f) of Supreme Court Rule 501, that is a 17 petty offense or business offense.

18 "Misdemeanor offense" means any offense for which a 19 sentence to a term of imprisonment in other than a 20 penitentiary for less than one year may be imposed.

21 "Offense" means a violation of any local ordinance or 22 penal statute of this State.

23 "Petty offense" means any offense punishable by a fine of 24 up to \$1,000 and for which a sentence of imprisonment is not an 25 authorized disposition.

26 "Service provider costs" means costs incurred as a result

SB2747

- 9 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b

of services provided by an entity including, but not limited 1 2 safety programs, laboratories, to, traffic ambulance 3 companies, and fire departments. "Service provider costs" includes conditional amounts under this Act 4 that are 5 reimbursements for services provided.

6 "Street value" means the amount determined by the court on the basis of testimony of law enforcement personnel and the 7 8 defendant as to the amount of drug or materials seized and any 9 testimony as may be required by the court as to the current 10 street value of the cannabis, controlled substance, 11 methamphetamine salt of optical isomer of or an 12 methamphetamine, or methamphetamine manufacturing materials 13 seized.

14 "Supervision" means a disposition of conditional and 15 revocable release without probationary supervision, but under 16 the conditions and reporting requirements as are imposed by 17 the court, at the successful conclusion of which disposition 18 the defendant is discharged and a judgment dismissing the 19 charges is entered.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-987, eff. 7-1-19; 100-994, eff. 7-1-19; 21 100-1161, eff. 7-1-19.)

22 Section 20. The Wrongful Tree Cutting Act is amended by 23 changing Sections 2 and 2.5 as follows:

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(740 ILCS 185/2) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 9402)

SB2747

SB2747 - 10 - LRB103 35729 RLC 65810 b
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1	Sec. 2. Except as provided in Sections 2.5, 2.7, and 7, any
2	party found to have intentionally cut or knowingly caused to
3	be cut any timber or tree, other than a tree or woody plant
4	referenced in the Illinois Exotic <u>Weeds</u> Weed Act, which he or
5	she did not have the legal right to cut or cause to be cut
6	shall pay the owner of the timber or tree 3 times its stumpage
7	value.

8 (Source: P.A. 101-102, eff. 7-19-19.)

9 (740 ILCS 185/2.5)

10 Sec. 2.5. Trees intentionally cut or knowingly caused to 11 cut on protected land. Any party found to have be 12 intentionally cut or knowingly caused to be cut any standing timber or tree, other than a tree or woody plant referenced in 13 the Illinois Exotic Weeds Weed Act, on protected land, which 14 15 he or she did not have the legal right to so cut or cause to be 16 cut, must pay 3 times stumpage value plus remediation costs to the party that owns an interest in the land, including, but not 17 limited to, holding a conservation right to the land. 18 19 Remediation costs include one or more of the following:

(1) cleanup to remove trees, portions of trees, or
debris from trees cut, damaged, moved, placed, or left as
a result of tree cutting from perennial drainage ways or
water holding basins;

24 (2) soil erosion stabilization and remediation for
 25 issues that were not pre-existing;

SB2747

1 (3) remediation of damages to the native standing 2 trees and other native woody or herbaceous plant 3 understory;

4 (4) remediation of damages to the native tree 5 understory through coppicing, planting of potted native 6 trees, planting of native tree seedlings as individual 7 practices or in combination as deemed appropriate under 8 Section 3.5 of this Act. Any work under this item (4) must 9 be done by a qualified professional forester or ecological 10 restoration professional;

11 (5) associated exotic invasive plant species control 12 for a period of 3 years with one treatment per year on 13 those portions of the property where trees were wrongfully 14 cut if prior to the encroachment there had been an active 15 and ongoing effort made to control the plants, and due to 16 the disturbance, advantage was given to pre-existing or 17 new exotic invasive plant growth. Exotic plant control must be done by a qualified professional forester or 18 19 ecological restoration professional;

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(6) seeding of annual grass to skid trails; or

(7) staff salaries, contractor fees, and materials as
 directly related, documented, and required to address
 remediation costs under this Section.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-102, eff. 7-19-19.)