

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB2710

Introduced 1/10/2024, by Sen. Sue Rezin

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, beginning in taxable year 2024, the maximum income limitation for the low-income senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption shall be increased each year by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index. Effective immediately.

LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

Sec. 15-172. Low-Income Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze
Homestead Exemption.

9 (a) This Section may be cited as the Low-Income Senior
10 Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

11 (b) As used in this Section:

12 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an 13 application under this Section.

14 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value 15 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed 16 value of any added improvements which increased the assessed 17 value of the residence after the base year.

"Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the property was improved with a permanent structure that was occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for paying real property taxes on the property and who was either - 2 - LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

(i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or 1 2 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written 3 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a lessee in the parcel of property that was single family 4 5 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the qualifies for the 6 applicant applies and exemption the 7 equalized assessed value of the residence is less than the 8 equalized assessed value in the existing base year (provided 9 that such equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed 10 value that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the assessed value for one or more 11 12 taxable years), then that subsequent taxable year shall become 13 the base year until a new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph. For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief 14 15 County Assessment Officer shall review (i) all taxable years 16 for which the applicant applied and qualified for the 17 exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base year the year with the 18 19 lowest equalized assessed value. An equalized assessed value 20 that is based on an assessed value that results from a 21 temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the 22 assessed value for one or more taxable years shall not be 23 considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 24 and thereafter until a new base year is established under the 25 26 terms of this paragraph.

SB2710

"Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County
 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which
 the property is located.

4 <u>"Consumer Price Index-U" means means the index published</u>
5 by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States
6 Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices
7 of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United
8 States city average, all items, 1982-84=100.

9 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as 10 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

"Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the applicant, and all persons using the residence of the applicant as their principal place of residence.

14 "Household income" means the combined income of the 15 members of a household for the calendar year preceding the 16 taxable year.

17 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 18 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property 19 Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year 20 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

21 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States 22 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws 23 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year 24 preceding the taxable year.

25 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means26 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities

SB2710

- 4 - LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

Act. 1 2 "Maximum income limitation" means: 3 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999; (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003; 4 5 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005; (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007; 6 7 (5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016; (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for gualified 8 9 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more 10 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property 11 located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants; 12 and 13 (7) taxable 2018 for years through 2023 and 14 thereafter, \$65,000 for all qualified property; and -15 (8) for taxable years 2024 and thereafter, the maximum income limitation for the immediately preceding taxable 16 17 year, multiplied by one plus the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index-U for the 12-month period 18 19 ending in September of the calendar year immediately 20 preceding the taxable year for which the limitation is 21 calculated. 22 As an alternative income valuation, a homeowner who is 23 enrolled in any of the following programs may be presumed to

have household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation for that tax year as required by this Section: Aid to the Aged, Blind or Disabled (AABD) Program or the 1 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), both of 2 which are administered by the Department of Human Services; 3 the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), which 4 is administered by the Department of Commerce and Economic 5 Opportunity; The Benefit Access program, which is administered 6 by the Department on Aging; and the Senior Citizens Real 7 Estate Tax Deferral Program.

A chief county assessment officer may indicate that he or she has verified an applicant's income eligibility for this exemption but may not report which program or programs, if any, enroll the applicant. Release of personal information submitted pursuant to this Section shall be deemed an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy under the Freedom of Information Act.

15 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and 16 appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this 17 State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel 18 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for 19 20 residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer has established a specific legal description for a portion of 21 22 property constituting the residence, then that portion of 23 property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of 24 this Section.

25 "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad 26 valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are

SB2710

1 levied.

2 (c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a low-income senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for 3 real property that is improved with a permanent structure that 4 5 is occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household 6 7 income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, 8 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the 9 property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has 10 a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a 11 written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply 12 to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a permanent structure that is a single family residence that is 13 14 occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income 15 16 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has 17 a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property 18 19 taxes on that property.

20 In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized 21 22 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which 23 application is made minus the base amount. In all other counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: 24 (i) 25 through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and 26 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the

equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount; and (ii) for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as follows:

5 (1) For an applicant who has a household income of 6 \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the 7 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable 8 year for which application is made minus the base amount.

9 (2) For an applicant who has a household income 10 exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of 11 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 12 residence in the taxable year for which application is 13 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

14 (3) For an applicant who has a household income 15 exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of 16 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 17 residence in the taxable year for which application is 18 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

19 (4) For an applicant who has a household income 20 exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of 21 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 22 residence in the taxable year for which application is 23 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

(5) For an applicant who has a household income
 exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of
 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the

1

2

SB2710

residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption under this Section has been granted, the base year and base amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for the prior year.

Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property.

14 In the case of land improved with an apartment building 15 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a 16 life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the 17 maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated 18 19 for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that 20 does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is 21 22 liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for 23 paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an 24 owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the 25 cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold 26 interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the exemption is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

8 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this 9 Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility 10 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the 11 Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health 12 Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or 13 the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent 14 years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by 15 the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining 16 unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the 17 homestead exemption.

Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who 18 19 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and 20 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section 21 22 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year 23 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that, surviving spouse meets 24 except for age, the all other 25 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those 26 years.

1 When married persons maintain separate residences, the 2 exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only 3 one of such persons and for only one residence.

For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than 4 5 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief 6 7 County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, 8 9 for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to 10 receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to 11 the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the 12 property is located during such period as may be specified by Chief County Assessment Officer. 13 The Chief County the Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or 14 Assessment more 15 inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application 16 period by mail or by publication. In counties having less than 17 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an 18 application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County 19 20 Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for 21 22 submission of applications that is different than July 1. The 23 applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status 24 25 (and if married the name and address of the applicant's 26 spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of

the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department 1 shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy 2 of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the 3 Chief County Assessment Officer may conduct audits of any 4 5 taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption. Each 6 application shall contain or be verified by a written 7 8 declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A 9 taxpayer's signing a fraudulent application under this Act is 10 perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 11 2012. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications 12 for the Low-Income Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption and must contain a notice that any taxpayer who 13 14 receives the exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief 15 County Assessment Officer.

16 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in 17 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this 18 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a 19 20 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a 21 22 timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend 23 the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant regains the capability to file the application, but in no case 24 25 may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension 26

provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the 1 2 Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 3 or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the 4 5 condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the 6 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant 7 8 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and 9 the date on which the applicant regained the capability to 10 file the application.

11 Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other 12 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the 13 application required by this Section in a timely manner and 14 15 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition 16 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of 17 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period 18 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this 19 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County 20 Officer 21 Assessment with а signed statement from the 22 applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or 23 physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice 24 25 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the 26 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant

SB2710 - 13 - LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

1

incapable of filing the application in a timely manner.

2 In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the 3 denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment 4 5 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of 6 7 determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's 8 9 exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount 10 of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995 11 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, 12 (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, 13 as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption 14 15 erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence.

The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so credited that exemption.

5 Except as provided in this Section, all information 6 received by the chief county assessment officer or the 7 Department from applications filed under this Section, or from 8 any investigation conducted under the provisions of this 9 Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes 10 or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State 11 or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or 12 sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance 13 imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such 14 information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper 15 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

16 Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the 17 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or reasonable statistics 18 making available concerning the 19 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which 20 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a 21 way that information contained in any individual claim shall 22 not be disclosed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under SB2710 - 15 - LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

1 this Section or (ii) \$2,000.

2 (c-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 3 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 4 the 2020 taxable year, without application, for any property 5 that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable 6 year, provided that:

7 (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as
8 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act
9 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

10 (2) the owner of record of the property as of January
11 1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property
12 as of January 1, 2019;

(3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not
been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by
this Code; and

16 (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not
17 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019 or 2020
18 taxable years.

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

24 (c-10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 25 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 26 the 2021 taxable year, without application, for any property 1 that was approved for this exemption for the 2020 taxable 2 year, if:

3 (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as
4 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act
5 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

6 (2) the owner of record of the property as of January 7 1, 2021 is the same as the owner of record of the property 8 as of January 1, 2020;

9 (3) the exemption for the 2020 taxable year has not 10 been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by 11 this Code; and

12 (4) the taxpayer for the 2020 taxable year has not
13 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2020 or 2021
14 taxable years.

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

(d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. The notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in SB2710 - 17 - LRB103 35938 HLH 66025 b

1 the county.

2 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates 3 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the 4 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 101-635, eff. 6-5-20; 102-136, eff. 7-23-21; 6 102-895, eff. 5-23-22.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon8 becoming law.