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1 AN ACT concerning State government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Public Labor Relations Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 315/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 1603)
- Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 9 (a) "Board" means the Illinois Labor Relations Board or,
 10 with respect to a matter over which the jurisdiction of the
 11 Board is assigned to the State Panel or the Local Panel under
 12 Section 5, the panel having jurisdiction over the matter.
- 13 (b) "Collective bargaining" means bargaining over terms
 14 and conditions of employment, including hours, wages, and
 15 other conditions of employment, as detailed in Section 7 and
 16 which are not excluded by Section 4.
 - (c) "Confidential employee" means an employee who, in the regular course of his or her duties, assists and acts in a confidential capacity to persons who formulate, determine, and effectuate management policies with regard to labor relations or who, in the regular course of his or her duties, has authorized access to information relating to the effectuation or review of the employer's collective bargaining policies.

- 1 Determinations of confidential employee status shall be based
- on actual employee job duties and not solely on written job
- 3 descriptions.
- 4 (d) "Craft employees" means skilled journeymen, crafts
- 5 persons, and their apprentices and helpers.
- 6 (e) "Essential services employees" means those public
- 7 employees performing functions so essential that the
- 8 interruption or termination of the function will constitute a
- 9 clear and present danger to the health and safety of the
- 10 persons in the affected community.
- 11 (f) "Exclusive representative", except with respect to
- 12 non-State fire fighters and paramedics employed by fire
- departments and fire protection districts, non-State peace
- officers, and peace officers in the Illinois State Police,
- means the labor organization that has been (i) designated by
- 16 the Board as the representative of a majority of public
- 17 employees in an appropriate bargaining unit in accordance with
- 18 the procedures contained in this Act; (ii) historically
- 19 recognized by the State of Illinois or any political
- 20 subdivision of the State before July 1, 1984 (the effective
- 21 date of this Act) as the exclusive representative of the
- 22 employees in an appropriate bargaining unit; (iii) after July
- 23 1, 1984 (the effective date of this Act) recognized by an
- 24 employer upon evidence, acceptable to the Board, that the
- 25 labor organization has been designated as the exclusive
- 26 representative by a majority of the employees in an

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appropriate bargaining unit; (iv) recognized as the exclusive

2 representative of personal assistants under Executive Order

2003-8 prior to July 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act

93-204), and the organization shall be considered to be the

exclusive representative of the personal assistants as defined

6 in this Section; or (v) recognized as the exclusive

representative of child and day care home providers, including

8 licensed and license exempt providers, pursuant to an election

9 held under Executive Order 2005-1 prior to January 1, 2006

(the effective date of Public Act 94-320), and the

organization shall be considered to be the exclusive

representative of the child and day care home providers as

defined in this Section.

With respect to non-State fire fighters and paramedics employed by fire departments and fire protection districts, non-State peace officers, and peace officers in the Illinois State Police, "exclusive representative" means the labor organization that has been (i) designated by the Board as the representative of a majority of peace officers or fire fighters in an appropriate bargaining unit in accordance with the procedures contained in this Act, (ii) historically recognized by the State of Illinois or any political subdivision of the State before January 1, 1986 (the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985) as the exclusive representative by a majority of the peace officers or fire fighters in an appropriate bargaining unit, or (iii) after

January 1, 1986 (the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985) recognized by an employer upon evidence, acceptable to the Board, that the labor organization has been designated as the exclusive representative by a majority of the peace officers or fire fighters in an appropriate bargaining unit.

Where a historical pattern of representation exists for the workers of a water system that was owned by a public utility, as defined in Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act, prior to becoming certified employees of a municipality or municipalities once the municipality or municipalities have acquired the water system as authorized in Section 11-124-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code, the Board shall find the labor organization that has historically represented the workers to be the exclusive representative under this Act, and shall find the unit represented by the exclusive representative to be the appropriate unit.

(g) "Fair share agreement" means an agreement between the employer and an employee organization under which all or any of the employees in a collective bargaining unit are required to pay their proportionate share of the costs of the collective bargaining process, contract administration, and pursuing matters affecting wages, hours, and other conditions of employment, but not to exceed the amount of dues uniformly required of members. The amount certified by the exclusive representative shall not include any fees for contributions related to the election or support of any candidate for

- political office. Nothing in this subsection (g) shall preclude an employee from making voluntary political contributions in conjunction with his or her fair share
- 4 payment.

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- (g-1) "Fire fighter" means, for the purposes of this Act 5 6 only, any person who has been or is hereafter appointed to a 7 fire department or fire protection district or employed by a state university and sworn or commissioned to perform fire 8 9 fighter duties or paramedic duties, including paramedics 10 employed by a unit of local government, except that the 11 following persons are not included: part-time fire fighters, 12 auxiliary, reserve or voluntary fire fighters, including paid 13 on-call fire fighters, clerks and dispatchers or other civilian employees of a fire department or fire protection 14 15 district who are not routinely expected to perform fire 16 fighter duties, or elected officials.
 - (g-2) "General Assembly of the State of Illinois" means the legislative branch of the government of the State of Illinois, as provided for under Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and includes, but is not limited to, the House of Representatives, the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, and any legislative support services agency listed in the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of

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- (h) "Governing body" means, in the case of the State, the State Panel of the Illinois Labor Relations Board, Director of the Department of Central Management Services, and the Director of the Department of Labor; the county board in the case of a county; the corporate authorities in the case of 7 a municipality; and the appropriate body authorized to provide for expenditures of its funds in the case of any other unit of government.
 - (i) "Labor organization" means any organization in which public employees participate and that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with a public employer concerning wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment, including the settlement of grievances.
 - (i-5) "Legislative liaison" means a person who is an employee of a State agency, the Attorney General, Secretary of State, the Comptroller, or the Treasurer, as the case may be, and whose job duties require the person to regularly communicate in the course of his or her employment with any official or staff of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois for the purpose of influencing any legislative action.
 - "Managerial employee" means an individual who is (†) engaged predominantly in executive and management functions and is charged with the responsibility of directing the effectuation of management policies and practices.

Determination of managerial employee status shall be based on 1 2 actual employee job duties and not solely on written job 3 descriptions. With respect only to State employees positions under the jurisdiction of the Attorney General, 4 5 Secretary of State, Comptroller, or Treasurer (i) that were certified in a bargaining unit on or after December 2, 2008, 6 7 (ii) for which a petition is filed with the Illinois Public 8 Labor Relations Board on or after April 5, 2013 (the effective 9 date of Public Act 97-1172), or (iii) for which a petition is 10 pending before the Illinois Public Labor Relations Board on 11 that date, "managerial employee" means an individual who is 12 engaged in executive and management functions or who is 13 charged with the effectuation of management policies and 14 practices or who represents management interests by taking or 15 recommending discretionary actions that effectively control or 16 implement policy. Nothing in this definition prohibits an 17 individual from also meeting the definition of "supervisor" under subsection (r) of this Section. Notwithstanding any 18 other provision of this Act, beginning on the effective date 19 of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, 20 "managerial employee" does not include Assistant State's 21 22 Attorneys, Assistant Public Defenders, Assistant Appellate Defenders, Assistant Appellate Prosecutors, or attorneys in 23 24 the office of the Cook County Public Guardian so long as the duties and responsibilities performed by a given position do 25 not otherwise establish those Assistant State's Attorneys, 26

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Assistant Public Defenders, Assistant Appellate Prosecutors, 1 2 Assistant Appellate Defenders, or attorneys in the office of 3 the Cook County Public Guardian as managerial employees as defined in this Act. Assistant State's Attorneys, Assistant 4 5 Public Defenders, Assistant Appellate Prosecutors, Assistant Appellate Defenders, and attorneys in the office of the Cook 6 7 County Public Guardian shall not be determined to be 8 managerial employees as a matter of law.

(k) "Peace officer" means, for the purposes of this Act only, any persons who have been or are hereafter appointed to a police force, department, or agency and sworn or commissioned to perform police duties, except that the following persons are not included: part-time police officers, special police officers, auxiliary police as defined by Section 3.1-30-20 of Illinois Municipal Code, night watchmen, police", court security officers as defined by Section 3-6012.1 of the Counties Code, temporary employees, traffic quards or wardens, civilian parking meter and parking facilities personnel or other individuals specially appointed to aid or direct traffic at or near schools or public functions or to aid in civil defense or disaster, parking enforcement employees who are not commissioned as peace officers and who are not armed and who are not routinely expected to effect arrests, parking lot attendants, clerks and dispatchers or other civilian employees of a police department who are not routinely expected to effect arrests, or elected officials.

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- (1) "Person" includes one or more individuals, labor organizations, public employees, associations, corporations, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, or the State of Illinois or any political subdivision of the State or governing body, but does not include the General Assembly of the State of Illinois or any individual employed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois.
- (m) "Professional employee" means any employee engaged in work predominantly intellectual and varied in character rather than routine mental, manual, mechanical or physical work; involving the consistent exercise of discretion and adjustment in its performance; of such a character that the output produced or the result accomplished cannot be standardized in relation to a given period of time; and requiring advanced knowledge in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized intellectual instruction and study in an institution of higher learning or a hospital, as distinguished from a general academic education or from apprenticeship or from training in the performance of routine mental, manual, or physical processes; or any employee who has completed the courses of specialized intellectual instruction and study prescribed in this subsection (m) and is performing related work under the supervision professional person to qualify to become a professional employee as defined in this subsection (m).

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(n) "Public employee" or "employee", for the purposes of this Act, means any individual employed by a public employer, including (i) interns and residents at public hospitals, (ii) as of July 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-204), but not before, personal assistants working under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, subject to the limitations set forth in this Act and in the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, (iii) as of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320), but not before, child and day care home providers participating in the child care assistance program under Section 9A-11 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, subject to the limitations set forth in this Act and in Section 9A-11 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, (iv) as of January 29, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1158), but not before except as otherwise provided in this subsection (n), home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants and individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, no matter whether the State provides those services through direct fee-for-service arrangements, with the assistance of a managed care organization or other intermediary, or otherwise, (v) beginning on July 19, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-100) and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any person employed by a public employer and who is

classified as or who holds the employment title of Chief 1 2 Stationary Engineer, Assistant Chief Stationary Engineer, 3 Sewage Plant Operator, Water Plant Operator, Stationary Engineer, Plant Operating Engineer, and any other employee who 5 holds the position of: Civil Engineer V, Civil Engineer VI, 6 Civil Engineer VII, Technical Manager I, Technical Manager II, 7 Technical Manager III, Technical Manager IV, Technical Manager 8 Technical Manager VI, Realty Specialist III, Realty 9 Specialist IV, Realty Specialist V, Technical Advisor I, 10 Technical Advisor II, Technical Advisor III, Technical Advisor 11 IV, or Technical Advisor V employed by the Department of 12 Transportation who is in a position which is certified in a bargaining unit on or before July 19, 2013 (the effective date 13 of Public Act 98-100), and (vi) beginning on July 19, 2013 (the 14 effective date of Public Act 98-100) and notwithstanding any 15 16 other provision of this Act, any mental health administrator 17 in the Department of Corrections who is classified as or who holds the position of Public Service Administrator (Option 18 19 8K), any employee of the Office of the Inspector General in the 20 Department of Human Services who is classified as or who holds 21 the position of Public Service Administrator (Option 7), any 22 Deputy of Intelligence in the Department of Corrections who is 23 classified as or who holds the position of Public Service 24 Administrator (Option 7), and any employee of the Illinois 25 State Police who handles issues concerning the Illinois State 26 Police Sex Offender Registry and who is classified as or holds

1 the position of Public Service Administrator (Option 7), but 2 excluding all of the following: employees of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois; 3 elected officials; executive heads of a department; members of boards or 5 commissions; the Executive Inspectors General; any special Executive Inspectors General; employees of each Office of an 6 7 Executive Inspector General; commissioners and employees of Executive Ethics Commission; the Auditor General's 8 9 Inspector General; employees of the Office of the Auditor 10 General's Inspector General; the Legislative Inspector 11 General; any special Legislative Inspectors General; employees 12 of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General; 13 employees of the commissioners and Legislative Ethics 14 Commission; employees of any agency, board or commission 15 created by this Act; employees appointed to State positions of 16 a temporary or emergency nature; all employees of school 17 higher education institutions districts and firefighters and peace officers employed by a state university 18 and except peace officers employed by a school district in its 19 20 own police department in existence on July 23, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1257); managerial employees; 21 22 short-term employees; legislative liaisons; a person who is a 23 State employee under the jurisdiction of the Office of the Attorney General who is licensed to practice law or whose 24 position authorizes, either directly or indirectly, meaningful 25 26 input into government decision-making on issues where there is

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principled for disagreement on goals or their room implementation; a person who is a State employee under the jurisdiction of the Office of the Comptroller who holds the position of Public Service Administrator or whose position is otherwise exempt under the Comptroller Merit Employment Code; a person who is a State employee under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of State who holds the position classification of Executive I or higher, whose position authorizes, either directly or indirectly, meaningful input into government decision-making on issues where there is room for principled disagreement on goals or their implementation, or who is otherwise exempt under the Secretary of State Merit Employment Code; employees in the Office of the Secretary of State who are completely exempt from jurisdiction B of the Secretary of State Merit Employment Code and who are in Rutan-exempt positions on or after April 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1172); a person who is a State employee under the jurisdiction of the Treasurer who holds a position that is exempt from the State Treasurer Employment Code; any employee of a State agency who (i) holds the title or position of, or substantially similar duties as a legislative exercises liaison, Agency General Counsel, Agency Chief of Staff, Agency Executive Director, Agency Deputy Director, Agency Chief Fiscal Officer, Agency Human Resources Director, Public Information Officer, or Chief Information Officer and (ii) was neither included in a bargaining unit nor subject to an active

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petition for certification in a bargaining unit; any employee of a State agency who (i) is in a position that is Rutan-exempt, as designated by the employer, and completely exempt from jurisdiction B of the Personnel Code and (ii) was neither included in a bargaining unit nor subject to an active petition for certification in a bargaining unit; any term appointed employee of a State agency pursuant to Section 8b.18 or 8b.19 of the Personnel Code who was neither included in a bargaining unit nor subject to an active petition for certification in a bargaining unit; any employment position properly designated pursuant to Section 6.1 of this Act; confidential employees; independent contractors; and supervisors except as provided in this Act.

Home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants and individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act shall not be considered public employees for any purposes not specifically provided for in Public Act 93-204 or Public Act 97-1158, including, but not limited to, purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants and individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act shall not be covered by the State Employees

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1 Group Insurance Act of 1971.

Child and day care home providers shall not be considered public employees for any purposes not specifically provided for in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to, purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and day care home providers shall not be covered by the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

Notwithstanding Section 9, subsection (c), or any other provisions of this Act, all peace officers above the rank of captain in municipalities with more than 1,000,000 inhabitants shall be excluded from this Act.

(o) Except as otherwise in subsection (o-5), "public employer" or "employer" means the State of Illinois; any political subdivision of the State, unit of local government school district; authorities including departments, divisions, bureaus, boards, commissions, or other agencies of the foregoing entities; and any person acting within the scope of his or her authority, express or implied, on behalf of those entities in dealing with its employees. As of July 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-204), but not before, the State of Illinois shall be considered the employer of the personal assistants working under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, subject to the limitations set forth in this Act and in the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities

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Act. As of January 29, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1158), but not before except as otherwise provided in this subsection (o), the State shall be considered the employer of home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants and individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, no matter whether the State provides those services through direct fee-for-service arrangements, with the assistance of a managed care organization or other intermediary, or otherwise, but subject to the limitations set forth in this Act and the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act. The State shall not be considered to be the employer of home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants and individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act, for any purposes not specifically provided for in Public Act 93-204 or Public Act 97-1158, including but not limited to, purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Home care and home health workers who function as personal assistants individual maintenance home health workers and who also work under the Home Services Program under Section 3 of the Rehabilitation of Persons with Disabilities Act shall not be covered by the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971. As

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of January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-320), but not before, the State of Illinois shall be considered the employer of the day and child care home providers participating in the child care assistance program under Section 9A-11 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, subject to the limitations set forth in this Act and in Section 9A-11 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. The State shall not be considered to be the employer of child and day care home providers for any purposes not specifically provided for in Public Act 94-320, including, but not limited to, purposes of vicarious liability in tort and purposes of statutory retirement or health insurance benefits. Child and day care home providers shall not be covered by the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971.

"Public employer" or "employer" as used in this Act, however, does not mean and shall not include the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Executive Ethics Commission, the Offices of the Executive Inspectors General, the Legislative Ethics Commission, the Office $\circ f$ Legislative Inspector General, the Office of the Auditor General's Inspector General, the Office of the Governor, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, the Illinois Finance Authority, the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, the State Board of Elections, and educational employers or employers as defined in the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, except with respect to a state university in 1 its employment of firefighters and peace officers and except

2 with respect to a school district in the employment of peace

officers in its own police department in existence on July 23,

4 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1257). County boards

and county sheriffs shall be designated as joint or

co-employers of county peace officers appointed under the

authority of a county sheriff. Nothing in this subsection (o)

shall be construed to prevent the State Panel or the Local

Panel from determining that employers are joint or

10 co-employers.

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- (o-5) With respect to wages, fringe benefits, hours, holidays, vacations, proficiency examinations, sick leave, and other conditions of employment, the public employer of public employees who are court reporters, as defined in the Court Reporters Act, shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) For court reporters employed by the Cook County Judicial Circuit, the chief judge of the Cook County Circuit Court is the public employer and employer representative.
 - (2) For court reporters employed by the 12th, 18th, 19th, and, on and after December 4, 2006, the 22nd judicial circuits, a group consisting of the chief judges of those circuits, acting jointly by majority vote, is the public employer and employer representative.
 - (3) For court reporters employed by all other judicial circuits, a group consisting of the chief judges of those

- circuits, acting jointly by majority vote, is the public employer and employer representative.
 - (p) "Security employee" means an employee who is responsible for the supervision and control of inmates at correctional facilities. The term also includes other non-security employees in bargaining units having the majority of employees being responsible for the supervision and control of inmates at correctional facilities.
 - (q) "Short-term employee" means an employee who is employed for less than 2 consecutive calendar quarters during a calendar year and who does not have a reasonable assurance that he or she will be rehired by the same employer for the same service in a subsequent calendar year.
 - (q-5) "State agency" means an agency directly responsible to the Governor, as defined in Section 3.1 of the Executive Reorganization Implementation Act, and the Illinois Commerce Commission, the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission, the Civil Service Commission, the Pollution Control Board, the Illinois Racing Board, and the Illinois State Police Merit Board.

(r) "Supervisor" is:

(1) An employee whose principal work is substantially different from that of his or her subordinates and who has authority, in the interest of the employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, direct, reward, or discipline employees, to adjust their

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supervisory status.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, in determining supervisory status in fire fighter employment, no fire fighter shall be excluded as a

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supervisor who has established representation rights under Section 9 of this Act. Further, in fire fighter units, employees shall consist of fire fighters of the highest rank of company officer and below. A company officer may be responsible for multiple companies or apparatus on a shift, multiple stations, or an entire shift. There may be more than one company officer per shift. If a company officer otherwise qualifies as a supervisor under the preceding paragraph, however, he or she shall not be included in the fire fighter unit. If there is no rank between that of chief and the highest company officer, the employer may designate a position on each shift as a Shift Commander, and the persons occupying those positions shall be supervisors. All other ranks above that of the highest company officer shall be supervisors.

(2) With respect only to State employees in positions under the jurisdiction of the Attorney General, Secretary State, Comptroller, or of Treasurer (i) that certified in a bargaining unit on or after December 2, 2008, (ii) for which a petition is filed with the Illinois Public Labor Relations Board on or after April 5, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 97-1172), or (iii) for which a petition is pending before the Illinois Public Labor Relations Board on that date, an employee who qualifies as a supervisor under (A) Section 152 of the National Labor Relations Act and (B) orders of the

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National Labor Relations Board interpreting that provision

or decisions of courts reviewing decisions of the National

Labor Relations Board.

(s)(1) "Unit" means a class of jobs or positions that are held by employees whose collective interests may suitably be represented by a labor organization for collective bargaining. Except with respect to non-State fire fighters and paramedics employed by fire departments and fire protection districts, non-State peace officers, and peace officers in the Illinois State Police, a bargaining unit determined by the Board shall not include both employees and supervisors, or supervisors only, except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (s) and except for bargaining units in existence on July 1, 1984 (the effective date of this Act). With respect to non-State fire fighters and paramedics employed by fire departments and fire protection districts, non-State peace officers, and peace officers in the Illinois State Police, a bargaining unit determined by the Board shall not include both supervisors and nonsupervisors, or supervisors only, except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection (s) and except for bargaining units in existence on January 1, 1986 (the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985). A bargaining unit determined by the Board to contain peace officers shall contain no employees other than peace officers unless otherwise agreed to by the employer and the labor organization or labor organizations involved. Notwithstanding any other

- (2) Notwithstanding the exclusion of supervisors from bargaining units as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (s), a public employer may agree to permit its supervisory employees to form bargaining units and may bargain with those units. This Act shall apply if the public employer chooses to bargain under this subsection.
- (3) Public employees who are court reporters, as defined in the Court Reporters Act, shall be divided into 3 units for collective bargaining purposes. One unit shall be court reporters employed by the Cook County Judicial Circuit; one unit shall be court reporters employed by the 12th, 18th, 19th, and, on and after December 4, 2006, the 22nd judicial circuits; and one unit shall be court reporters employed by all other judicial circuits.
- (t) "Active petition for certification in a bargaining unit" means a petition for certification filed with the Board under one of the following case numbers: S-RC-11-110;

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     S-RC-11-098;
                     S-UC-11-080;
                                    S-RC-11-086;
                                                   S-RC-11-074;
                                    S-UC-11-052;
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     S-RC-11-076;
                    S-RC-11-078;
                                                   S-UC-11-054;
     S-RC-11-062;
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                    S-RC-11-060;
                                    S-RC-11-042;
                                                   S-RC-11-014;
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     S-RC-11-016;
                    S-RC-11-020;
                                    S-RC-11-030;
                                                   S-RC-11-004;
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     S-RC-10-244; S-RC-10-228;
                                    S-RC-10-222;
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     S-RC-10-214;
                   S-RC-10-196;
                                    S-RC-10-194;
                                                   S-RC-10-178;
                    S-RC-10-162;
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     S-RC-10-176;
                                    S-RC-10-156;
                                                   S-RC-10-088;
     S-RC-10-074;
                    S-RC-10-076;
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     S-RC-10-070;
                  S-RC-10-044;
                                    S-RC-10-038;
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     S-RC-10-042; S-RC-10-018;
                                    S-RC-10-024;
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     S-RC-10-006;
                     S-RC-10-008;
                                    S-RC-10-010;
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     S-RC-09-202;
                    S-RC-09-182;
                                    S-RC-09-180;
                                                   S-RC-09-156;
     S-UC-09-196;
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                   S-UC-09-182; S-RC-08-130; S-RC-07-110; or
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     S-RC-07-100.
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     (Source: P.A. 102-151, eff. 7-23-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
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     102-686, eff. 6-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; revised 6-13-22.)
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17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18 becoming law.