103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB2364

Introduced 2/10/2023, by Sen. Laura Ellman

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/316 720 ILCS 570/317

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Eliminates the provision that the dispenser of a Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance must transmit to the central repository the date the controlled substance is dispensed. Provides that a dispenser must transmit the information electronically as defined in administrative rules. Provides that it is the responsibility of the healthcare facility and its selected Electronic Health Records System or Pharmacy Management System to ensure integration with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Provides that within one year after the effective date of the amendatory Act, the Department of Human Services shall adopt rules requiring Electronic Health Records Systems and Pharmacy Management Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program on or before January 1, 2024 to ensure that providers have access to specific patient records during the treatment of their patients. Provides that these rules may define integration requirements and exceptions. Provides that these rules may also address the electronic integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the information required by these provisions. Provides that the Department may establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is 5 amended by changing Sections 316 and 317 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 570/316)

7 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

8 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription 9 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled 10 substances that includes the following components and 11 requirements:

12 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central
13 repository, in a form and manner specified by the
14 Department, the following information:

15 (A) The recipient's name and address.

16 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

17 (C) The national drug code number of the18 controlled substance dispensed.

(D) (Blank). The date the controlled substance is
 dispensed.

(E) The quantity of the controlled substancedispensed and days supply.

23 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement

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Administration registration number.

(G) The prescriber's United States Drug Enforcement Administration registration number.

(H) The dates the controlled substance prescription is filled.

6 (I) The payment type used to purchase the 7 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party 8 insurance).

9 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing 10 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances 11 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

12 (K) Any additional information that may be 13 required by the department by administrative rule, 14 including but not limited to information required for 15 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting 16 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or 17 its successor.

18 (2) The information required to be transmitted under 19 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of 20 the business day on which a controlled substance is 21 dispensed, or at such other time as may be required by the 22 Department by administrative rule.

(3) A dispenser must transmit the information
 <u>electronically as defined in administrative rules</u> required
 <u>under this Section by:</u>

(A) an electronic device compatible with the

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receiving device of the central repository;

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(B) a computer diskette;

(C) a magnetic tape; or

(D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy Inventory Control form.

6 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) 7 of this subsection also apply to opioid treatment programs that are licensed or certified by the Department of Human 8 9 Services' Division of Substance Use Prevention and 10 Recoverv and are authorized by the federal Drug 11 Enforcement Administration to prescribe Schedule II, III, 12 IV, or V controlled substances for the treatment of opioid 13 use disorders. Opioid treatment programs shall attempt to 14 obtain written patient consent, shall document attempts to 15 obtain the written consent, and shall not transmit 16 information without patient consent. Documentation obtained under this paragraph shall not be utilized for 17 law enforcement purposes, as proscribed under 42 CFR 2, as 18 19 amended by 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2. Treatment of a patient shall 20 not be conditioned upon his or her written consent.

(4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the number of days from the time the report was required to be made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be SB2364 - 4 - LRB103 26987 RLC 53354 b

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payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

2 Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed (a-5) veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this 3 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment 4 5 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the 6 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the 7 8 local law enforcement agency.

9 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the 10 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs 11 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The 12 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled 13 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

(c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently as established by administrative rule.

(d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a
 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring
 Program.

24 (e) (Blank).

(f) <u>It is the responsibility of the healthcare facility</u>
 and its selected Electronic Health Records System or Pharmacy

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1	Management System to ensure integration with the Prescription
2	Monitoring Program. Within one year after the effective date
3	of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the
4	Department shall adopt rules requiring Electronic Health
5	Records Systems and Pharmacy Management Systems to interface
6	with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program
7	on or before January 1, 2024 to ensure that providers have
8	access to specific patient records during the treatment of
9	their patients. These rules may define integration
10	requirements and exceptions. These rules may also address the
11	electronic integration of pharmacy records with the
12	Prescription Monitoring Program to allow for faster
13	transmission of the information required under this Section.
14	The Department may establish actions to be taken if a
14 15	The Department may establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy
15	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy
15 16	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the
15 16 17	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1,
15 16 17 18	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the
15 16 17 18 19	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health
15 16 17 18 19 20	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program on or before January 1, 2021 to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have access to specific patient
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	prescriber's Electronic Health Records System and Pharmacy Management Systems does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program. Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100 564), the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have access to specific patient records during the treatment of their patients. These rules

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Section. The Department shall establish actions to be taken if
 a prescriber's Electronic Health Records System does not
 effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program
 within the required timeline.

5 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee, shall adopt rules 6 7 allowing licensed prescribers or pharmacists who have 8 registered to access the Prescription Monitoring Program to 9 authorize a licensed or non-licensed designee employed in that 10 licensed prescriber's office or a licensed designee in a 11 licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has received training in 12 the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act and 42 CFR 2 to consult the Prescription Monitoring 13 Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable 14 15 parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize 16 a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a 17 designee. In this subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a clinical pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid 18 Managed Care Organization providing services under Article V 19 20 of the Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole 21 22 purpose of clinical review of services provided to persons 23 covered by the entity under the contract to determine compliance with subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of 24 25 this Act. A managed care entity pharmacist shall notify prescribers of review activities. 26

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(H) The dates the controlled substance
 prescription is filled.

(I) The payment type used to purchase the
controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party
insurance).

6 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing 7 home, outpatient, etc.) for controlled substance 8 prescriptions other than those filled at a retail 9 pharmacy.

10 (2) Provide the Department with a database maintained 11 by the central repository. The Department of Financial and 12 Professional Regulation must provide the Department with 13 electronic access to the license information of a 14 prescriber or dispenser.

(3) Secure the information collected by the central
repository and the database maintained by the central
repository against access by unauthorized persons.

18 All prescribers shall designate one or more medical 19 specialties or fields of medical care and treatment for which 20 the prescriber prescribes controlled substances when 21 registering with the Prescription Monitoring Program.

22 No fee shall be charged for access by a prescriber or 23 dispenser.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.