

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB1987

Introduced 2/9/2023, by Sen. Julie A. Morrison

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/102	from Ch. $56 1/2$, par. 1102
720 ILCS 570/204	from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1204
720 ILCS 570/206	from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1206
720 ILCS 570/210	from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1210

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Reschedules various Schedule I and Schedule IV controlled substances. Defines "isomer".

LRB103 25792 RLC 57149 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Sections 102, 204, 206, and 210 as
- 6 follows:

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- 7 (720 ILCS 570/102) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1102)
- 8 Sec. 102. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 9 context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Addict" means any person who habitually uses any drug, chemical, substance or dangerous drug other than alcohol so as to endanger the public morals, health, safety or welfare or who is so far addicted to the use of a dangerous drug or controlled substance other than alcohol as to have lost the power of self control with reference to his or her addiction.
 - (b) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient, research subject, or animal (as defined by the Humane Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act) by:
- 21 (1) a practitioner (or, in his or her presence, by his 22 or her authorized agent),
- 23 (2) the patient or research subject pursuant to an

```
1
          order, or
 2
              (3) a euthanasia technician as defined by the Humane
          Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act.
 3
          (c) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf
 5
      of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor,
 6
      dispenser, prescriber, or practitioner. It does not include a
      common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of
7
      the carrier or warehouseman.
8
 9
          (c-1) "Anabolic Steroids" means any drug or hormonal
10
      substance, chemically and pharmacologically related
11
      testosterone
                       (other
                                  than
                                          estrogens,
                                                         progestins,
12
      corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone), and includes:
          (i) 3[beta], 17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
13
14
          (ii) 3[alpha], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
15
          (iii) 5[alpha]-androstan-3,17-dione,
16
          (iv) 1-androstenediol (3[beta],
17
              17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
          (v) 1-androstenediol (3[alpha],
18
19
              17[beta]-dihydroxy-5[alpha]-androst-1-ene),
          (vi) 4-androstenediol
20
21
              (3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-4-ene),
22
          (vii) 5-androstenediol
23
              (3[beta], 17[beta]-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene),
24
          (viii) 1-androstenedione
25
              ([5alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione),
26
          (ix) 4-androstenedione
```

```
(androst-4-en-3,17-dione),
1
 2
          (x) 5-androstenedione
               (androst-5-en-3,17-dione),
 3
          (xi) bolasterone (7[alpha], 17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
          (xii) boldenone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-
 6
7
              1,4,-diene-3-one),
          (xiii) boldione (androsta-1,4-
 8
 9
              diene-3,17-dione),
10
          (xiv) calusterone (7[beta], 17[alpha]-dimethyl-17
11
               [beta]-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
12
          (xv) clostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
13
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
          (xvi) dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-
14
15
              17[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-
16
              androst-1,4-dien-3-one),
17
          (xvii) desoxymethyltestosterone
          (17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]
18
              -androst-2-en-17[beta]-ol)(a.k.a., madol),
19
20
          (xviii) [delta]1-dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a.
21
               '1-testosterone') (17[beta]-hydroxy-
22
              5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
23
          (xix) 4-dihydrotestosterone (17[beta]-hydroxy-
              androstan-3-one),
24
25
          (xx) drostanolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2[alpha]-methyl-
26
              5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
```

```
(xxi) ethylestrenol (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
1
              hydroxyestr-4-ene),
 2
          (xxii) fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17[alpha]-methyl-
 3
 4
              1[beta], 17[beta] -dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
 5
          (xxiii) formebolone (2-formyl-17[alpha]-methyl-11[alpha],
              17[beta]-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
 6
          (xxiv) furazabol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
7
              hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-furazan),
 8
 9
          (xxv) 13[beta]-ethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one,
10
          (xxvi) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17[beta]-dihydroxy-
11
              androst-4-en-3-one),
12
          (xxvii) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17[beta]-
13
              dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-one),
          (xxviii) mestanolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
14
15
              hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one),
16
          (xxix) mesterolone (1amethyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
17
               [5a]-androstan-3-one),
          (xxx) methandienone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
18
              hydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one),
19
20
          (xxxi) methandriol (17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
              dihydroxyandrost-5-ene),
21
22
          (xxxii) methenolone (1-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
23
              5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
          (xxxiii) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta], 17[beta]-
24
              dihydroxy-5a-androstane,
25
26
          (xxxiv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[alpha],17[beta]-dihydroxy
```

```
-5a-androstane,
1
 2
          (xxxv) 17[alpha]-methyl-3[beta],17[beta]-
 3
              dihydroxyandrost-4-ene),
          (xxxvi) 17[alpha]-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17[alpha]-
 4
 5
              methyl-4-hydroxy-17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
          (xxxvii) methyldienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
 6
7
              hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-dien-3-one),
 8
          (xxxviii) methyltrienolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
 9
              hydroxyestra-4,9-11-trien-3-one),
10
          (xxxix) methyltestosterone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
11
              hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
12
          (xl) mibolerone (7[alpha], 17a-dimethyl-17[beta]-
13
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
          (xli) 17[alpha]-methyl-[delta]1-dihydrotestosterone
14
15
               (17b[beta]-hydroxy-17[alpha]-methyl-5[alpha]-
16
              androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-[alpha]-methyl-
17
              1-testosterone'),
          (xlii) nandrolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
18
          (xliii) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
19
20
              dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
21
          (xliv) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
22
              dihydroxyestr-4-ene),
23
          (xlv) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[beta], 17[beta]-
              dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
24
25
          (xlvi) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3[alpha], 17[beta]-
26
              dihydroxyestr-5-ene),
```

```
(xlvii) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione
1
 2
               (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-dione),
          (xlviii) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-
 3
 4
              en-3,17-dione),
          (xlix) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-
 5
              en-3,17-dione),
 6
7
          (1) norbolethone (13[beta], 17a-diethyl-17[beta]-
              hydroxygon-4-en-3-one),
 8
 9
          (li) norclostebol (4-chloro-17[beta]-
10
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
11
          (lii) norethandrolone (17[alpha]-ethyl-17[beta]-
12
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
13
          (liii) normethandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-
14
              hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one),
15
          (liv) oxandrolone (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
16
              2-oxa-5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
17
          (lv) oxymesterone (17[alpha]-methyl-4,17[beta]-
              dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one),
18
          (lvi) oxymetholone (17[alpha]-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-
19
20
              17[beta]-hydroxy-(5[alpha]-androstan-3-one),
          (lvii) stanozolol (17[alpha]-methyl-17[beta]-hydroxy-
21
22
               (5[alpha]-androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole),
23
          (lviii) stenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxy-2-methyl-
               (5[alpha]-androst-1-en-3-one),
24
25
          (lix) testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-
              secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-oic
26
```

```
acid lactone),

(lx) testosterone (17[beta]-hydroxyandrost-

4-en-3-one),

(lxi) tetrahydrogestrinone (13[beta], 17[alpha]-

diethyl-17[beta]-hydroxygon-

4,9,11-trien-3-one),

(lxii) trenbolone (17[beta]-hydroxyestr-4,9,
```

11-trien-3-one).

Any person who is otherwise lawfully in possession of an anabolic steroid, or who otherwise lawfully manufactures, distributes, dispenses, delivers, or possesses with intent to deliver an anabolic steroid, which anabolic steroid is expressly intended for and lawfully allowed to be administered through implants to livestock or other nonhuman species, and which is approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for such administration, and which the person intends to administer or have administered through such implants, shall not be considered to be in unauthorized possession or to unlawfully manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver such anabolic steroid for purposes of this Act.

- (d) "Administration" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency.
- 25 (d-5) "Clinical Director, Prescription Monitoring Program" 26 means a Department of Human Services administrative employee

- 1 licensed to either prescribe or dispense controlled substances
- who shall run the clinical aspects of the Department of Human
- 3 Services Prescription Monitoring Program and its Prescription
- 4 Information Library.
- 5 (d-10) "Compounding" means the preparation and mixing of
- 6 components, excluding flavorings, (1) as the result of a
- 7 prescriber's prescription drug order or initiative based on
- 8 the prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship in the course
- 9 of professional practice or (2) for the purpose of, or
- 10 incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not
- 11 for sale or dispensing. "Compounding" includes the preparation
- of drugs or devices in anticipation of receiving prescription
- drug orders based on routine, regularly observed dispensing
- 14 patterns. Commercially available products may be compounded
- for dispensing to individual patients only if both of the
- 16 following conditions are met: (i) the commercial product is
- 17 not reasonably available from normal distribution channels in
- 18 a timely manner to meet the patient's needs and (ii) the
- 19 prescribing practitioner has requested that the drug be
- 20 compounded.
- (e) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance, or
- 22 immediate precursor, to a Schedule whether by transfer from
- another Schedule or otherwise.
- 24 (f) "Controlled Substance" means (i) a drug, substance,
- 25 immediate precursor, or synthetic drug in the Schedules of
- 26 Article II of this Act or (ii) a drug or other substance, or

- immediate precursor, designated as a controlled substance by
 the Department through administrative rule. The term does not
 include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco,
 as those terms are defined or used in the Liquor Control Act of
 1934 and the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.
 - (f-5) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance:
 - (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II:
 - (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; or
 - (3) with respect to a particular person, which such person represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II.
 - (g) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance, which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness

- 1 thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other
- 2 than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or
- 3 dispensed the substance.
- 4 (h) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive
- or attempted transfer of possession of a controlled substance,
- 6 with or without consideration, whether or not there is an
- 7 agency relationship. "Deliver" or "delivery" does not include
- 8 the donation of drugs to the extent permitted under the
- 9 Illinois Drug Reuse Opportunity Program Act.
- 10 (i) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human
- 11 Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and
- 12 Substance Abuse) or its successor agency.
- 13 (j) (Blank).
- 14 (k) "Department of Corrections" means the Department of
- 15 Corrections of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 16 (1) "Department of Financial and Professional Regulation"
- means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
- 18 of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 19 (m) "Depressant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall
- 20 depression of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes
- 21 impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be
- habit-forming or lead to a substance abuse problem, including,
- 23 but not limited to, alcohol, cannabis and its active
- 24 principles and their analogs, benzodiazepines and their
- analogs, barbiturates and their analogs, opioids (natural and
- 26 synthetic) and their analogs, and chloral hydrate and similar

7

8

- 1 sedative hypnotics.
- 2 (n) (Blank).
- 3 (o) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois State
 4 Police or his or her designated agents.
 - (p) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a prescriber, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.
- 10 (q) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 11 (r) "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by
 12 administering or dispensing, a controlled substance.
- 13 (s) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (t) "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in the 14 15 official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic 16 Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National 17 Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 18 prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other 19 20 than food) intended to affect the structure of any function of the body of man or animals and (4) substances intended for use 21 22 as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2), or 23 (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their 24 components, parts, or accessories.
- 25 (t-3) "Electronic health record" or "EHR" means an 26 electronic record of health-related information on an

21

22

23

24

25

- individual that is created, gathered, managed, and consulted by authorized health care clinicians and staff.
- (t-3.5) "Electronic health record system" or "EHR system" 3 means any computer-based system or combination of federally 5 certified Health IT Modules (defined at 42 CFR 170.102 or its successor) used as a repository for electronic health records 6 7 and accessed or updated by a prescriber or authorized 8 surrogate in the ordinary course of his or her medical 9 practice. For purposes of connecting to the Prescription 10 Information Library maintained by the Bureau of Pharmacy and 11 Clinical Support Systems or its successor, an EHR system may 12 connect to the Prescription Information Library directly or 13 through all or part of a computer program or system that is a federally certified Health IT Module maintained by a third 14 15 party and used by the EHR system to secure access to the 16 database.
- 17 (t-4) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the
 18 meaning ascribed to it in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
 19 Systems Act.
 - (t-5) "Euthanasia agency" means an entity certified by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation for the purpose of animal euthanasia that holds an animal control facility license or animal shelter license under the Animal Welfare Act. A euthanasia agency is authorized to purchase, store, possess, and utilize Schedule II nonnarcotic and Schedule III nonnarcotic drugs for the sole purpose of animal

- 1 euthanasia.
- 2 (t-10) "Euthanasia drugs" means Schedule II or Schedule
 3 III substances (nonnarcotic controlled substances) that are
 4 used by a euthanasia agency for the purpose of animal
- 5 euthanasia.

- (u) "Good faith" means the prescribing or dispensing of a controlled substance by a practitioner in the regular course of professional treatment to or for any person who is under his or her treatment for a pathology or condition other than that individual's physical or psychological dependence upon or addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided herein: and application of the term to a pharmacist shall mean the dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to the prescriber's order which in the professional judgment of the pharmacist is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by accepted professional standards, including, but not limited to, the following, in making the judgment:
- 18 (1) lack of consistency of prescriber-patient 19 relationship,
 - (2) frequency of prescriptions for same drug by one prescriber for large numbers of patients,
 - (3) quantities beyond those normally prescribed,
 - (4) unusual dosages (recognizing that there may be clinical circumstances where more or less than the usual dose may be used legitimately),
 - (5) unusual geographic distances between patient,

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

24

25

- pharmacist and prescriber,
- 2 (6) consistent prescribing of habit-forming drugs.
- 3 (u-0.5) "Hallucinogen" means a drug that causes markedly 4 altered sensory perception leading to hallucinations of any 5 type.
 - (u-1) "Home infusion services" means services provided by a pharmacy in compounding solutions for direct administration to a patient in a private residence, long-term care facility, or hospice setting by means of parenteral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraspinal infusion.
- 11 (u-5) "Illinois State Police" means the Illinois State
 12 Police or its successor agency.
 - (v) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:
 - (1) which the Department has found to be and by rule designated as being a principal compound used, or produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
 - (2) which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of such controlled substance; and
- 21 (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, 22 curtail or limit the manufacture of such controlled 23 substance.
 - (w) "Instructional activities" means the acts of teaching, educating or instructing by practitioners using controlled substances within educational facilities approved by the State

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 Board of Education or its successor agency.
- 2 <u>(w-1) "Isomer" means optical isomer unless specifically</u> 3 described in this Act.
 - (x) "Local authorities" means a duly organized State, County or Municipal peace unit or police force.
 - (y) "Look-alike substance" means a substance, other than a controlled substance which (1) by overall dosage unit appearance, including shape, color, size, markings or lack thereof, taste, consistency, or any other identifying physical characteristic of the substance, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance, or (2) is expressly or impliedly represented to be a controlled substance or is distributed under circumstances which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance. For the purpose of determining whether the representations made the circumstances of the distribution would lead a reasonable person to believe the substance to be a controlled substance under this clause (2) of subsection (y), the court or other authority may consider the following factors in addition to any other factor that may be relevant:
 - (a) statements made by the owner or person in control of the substance concerning its nature, use or effect;
 - (b) statements made to the buyer or recipient that the substance may be resold for profit;
 - (c) whether the substance is packaged in a manner

normally used for the illegal distribution of controlled substances;

(d) whether the distribution or attempted distribution included an exchange of or demand for money or other property as consideration, and whether the amount of the consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable retail market value of the substance.

Clause (1) of this subsection (y) shall not apply to a noncontrolled substance in its finished dosage form that was initially introduced into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of a controlled substance in its finished dosage form which it may substantially resemble.

Nothing in this subsection (y) prohibits the dispensing or distributing of noncontrolled substances by persons authorized to dispense and distribute controlled substances under this Act, provided that such action would be deemed to be carried out in good faith under subsection (u) if the substances involved were controlled substances.

Nothing in this subsection (y) or in this Act prohibits the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, processing, packaging, advertising or distribution of a drug or drugs by any person registered pursuant to Section 510 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360).

(y-1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is located in a state of the United States that delivers, dispenses or distributes, through the United States Postal

- Service or other common carrier, to Illinois residents, any substance which requires a prescription.
 - (z) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine, either directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling of its container, except that this term does not include:
 - (1) by an ultimate user, the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance for his or her own use;
 - (2) by a practitioner, or his or her authorized agent under his or her supervision, the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:
 - (a) as an incident to his or her administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his or her professional practice; or
 - (b) as an incident to lawful research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale; or
 - (3) the packaging, repackaging, or labeling of drugs only to the extent permitted under the Illinois Drug Reuse Opportunity Program Act.

21

22

23

- 1 (z-1) (Blank).
- 2 (z-5) "Medication shopping" means the conduct prohibited 3 under subsection (a) of Section 314.5 of this Act.
- (z-10) "Mid-level practitioner" means (i) a physician 5 assistant who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a written delegation of authority by a physician 6 7 licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, in accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant 8 9 Practice Act of 1987, (ii) an advanced practice registered 10 nurse who has been delegated authority to prescribe through a 11 written delegation of authority by a physician licensed to 12 practice medicine in all of its branches or by a podiatric 13 physician, in accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse 14 Practice Act, (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse 15 certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical 16 nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe 17 by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act, (iv) an animal euthanasia agency, or 18 19 (v) a prescribing psychologist.
 - (aa) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- 25 (1) opium, opiates, derivatives of opium and opiates, 26 including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation; however the term "narcotic drug" does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

- (2) (blank);
- (3) opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which substantially all of the cocaine and ecgonine, and their isomers, derivatives and salts, have been removed;
 - (5) cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
 - (6) ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
- (7) any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in subparagraphs (1) through (6).
- 19 (bb) "Nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under the 20 Nurse Practice Act.
- 21 (cc) (Blank).
- 22 (dd) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction 23 forming or addiction sustaining liability similar to morphine 24 or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction 25 forming or addiction sustaining liability.
- (ee) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver

- 1 somniferum L., except its seeds.
- 2 (ee-5) "Oral dosage" means a tablet, capsule, elixir, or
- 3 solution or other liquid form of medication intended for
- 4 administration by mouth, but the term does not include a form
- of medication intended for buccal, sublingual, or transmucosal
- 6 administration.
- 7 (ff) "Parole and Pardon Board" means the Parole and Pardon
- 8 Board of the State of Illinois or its successor agency.
- 9 (gg) "Person" means any individual, corporation,
- 10 mail-order pharmacy, government or governmental subdivision or
- 11 agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or
- 12 association, or any other entity.
- 13 (hh) "Pharmacist" means any person who holds a license or
- 14 certificate of registration as a registered pharmacist, a
- 15 local registered pharmacist or a registered assistant
- 16 pharmacist under the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- 17 (ii) "Pharmacy" means any store, ship or other place in
- 18 which pharmacy is authorized to be practiced under the
- 19 Pharmacy Practice Act.
- 20 (ii-5) "Pharmacy shopping" means the conduct prohibited
- 21 under subsection (b) of Section 314.5 of this Act.
- 22 (ii-10) "Physician" (except when the context otherwise
- requires) means a person licensed to practice medicine in all
- of its branches.
- 25 (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of
- the opium poppy, after mowing.

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (kk) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, optometrist, podiatric physician, veterinarian, scientific investigator, pharmacist, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, emergency medical services personnel, hospital, laboratory, or pharmacy, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise lawfully permitted by the United States or this State to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer or use in teaching or chemical analysis, a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research.
- (11) "Pre-printed prescription" means a written prescription upon which the designated drug has been indicated prior to the time of issuance; the term does not mean a written prescription that is individually generated by machine or computer in the prescriber's office.
- (mm) "Prescriber" means a physician licensed to practice its branches, dentist, optometrist, medicine in all prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive Clinical authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, podiatric physician, veterinarian who issues a prescription, a physician assistant who issues a prescription for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement required under Section 7.5 of

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in accordance with Section 303.05, or an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act.

(nn) "Prescription" means a written, facsimile, or oral order, or an electronic order that complies with applicable federal requirements, of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, dentist, podiatric physician or veterinarian for any controlled substance, of an optometrist in accordance with Section 15.1 of the Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, of a prescribing psychologist licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act with prescriptive authority delegated under Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, of a physician assistant for a controlled substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

required under Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice 1 Act of 1987, of an advanced practice registered nurse with 2 prescriptive authority delegated under Section 65-40 of the 3 Nurse Practice Act who issues a prescription for a controlled 5 substance in accordance with Section 303.05, a written delegation, and a written collaborative agreement under 6 7 Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act, of an advanced 8 practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, 9 nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who has been 10 granted authority to prescribe by a hospital affiliate in 11 accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act and in 12 accordance with Section 303.05 when required by law, or of an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse 13 14 practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist who 15 has full practice authority pursuant to Section 65-43 of the 16 Nurse Practice Act.

(nn-5) "Prescription Information Library" (PIL) means an electronic library that contains reported controlled substance data.

(nn-10) "Prescription Monitoring Program" (PMP) means the entity that collects, tracks, and stores reported data on controlled substances and select drugs pursuant to Section 316.

(00) "Production" or "produce" means manufacture, planting, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance other than methamphetamine.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 (pp) "Registrant" means every person who is required to 2 register under Section 302 of this Act.
- qq) "Registry number" means the number assigned to each person authorized to handle controlled substances under the laws of the United States and of this State.
- 6 (qq-5) "Secretary" means, as the context requires, either
 7 the Secretary of the Department or the Secretary of the
 8 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and the
 9 Secretary's designated agents.
 - (rr) "State" includes the State of Illinois and any state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to the legal authority of the United States of America.
 - (rr-5) "Stimulant" means any drug that (i) causes an overall excitation of central nervous system functions, (ii) causes impaired consciousness and awareness, and (iii) can be habit-forming or lead to a substance abuse problem, including, but not limited to, amphetamines and their analogs, methylphenidate and its analogs, cocaine, and phencyclidine and its analogs.
 - (rr-10) "Synthetic drug" includes, but is not limited to, any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic cathinones as provided for in Schedule I.
- 24 (ss) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses 25 a controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use of 26 a member of his or her household or for administering to an

- 1 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
- 2 household.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-666, eff. 1-1-22; 102-389, eff. 1-1-22;
- 4 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 570/204) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1204)
- 6 Sec. 204. (a) The controlled substances listed in this
- 7 Section are included in Schedule I.
- 8 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
- 9 another schedule, any of the following opiates, including
- 10 their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers,
- 11 esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers,
- 12 esters, ethers and salts is possible within the specific
- 13 chemical designation:
- 14 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 15 (1.1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl
- (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-
- 17 4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
- 18 (2) Allylprodine;
- 19 (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except
- levo-alphacetylmethadol (also known as levo-alpha-
- 21 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);
- 22 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 23 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 24 (6) Alpha-methylfentanyl
- 25 (N-(1-alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl)

```
1
          propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-
2
          propanilido) piperidine;
 3
               (6.1) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl
           (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
 4
 5
          4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
 6
               (7) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP);
               (7.1) PEPAP
7
           (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
8
               (8) Benzethidine;
 9
10
               (9) Betacetylmethadol;
11
               (9.1) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl
12
           (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-
          4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
13
               (10) Betameprodine;
14
15
               (11) Betamethadol;
16
               (12) Betaprodine;
17
               (12.1) Brorphine;
18
               (13) Clonitazene;
               (14) Dextromoramide;
19
20
               (15) Diampromide;
21
               (16) Diethylthiambutene;
22
               (17) Difenoxin;
23
               (18) Dimenoxadol;
24
               (19) Dimepheptanol;
25
               (20) Dimethylthiambutene;
26
               (21) Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
```

```
1
               (22) Dipipanone;
 2
               (23) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
 3
               (24) Etonitazene;
               (25) Etoxeridine:
 4
 5
               (25.1) Flunitazene;
 6
 7
               (26) Furethidine;
               (27) Hydroxpethidine;
 8
 9
               (27.1) Isotonitazene;
10
               (28) Ketobemidone;
11
               (29) Levomoramide;
12
               (30) Levophenacylmorphan;
13
               (31) 3-Methylfentanyl
           (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-
14
15
          4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
16
               (31.1) 3-Methylthiofentanyl
17
           (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
          4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
18
               (31.2) Metonitazene;
19
20
               (32) Morpheridine;
21
               (33) Noracymethadol;
22
               (34) Norlevorphanol;
23
               (35) Normethadone;
24
               (36) Norpipanone;
25
               (36.1) Para-fluorofentanyl
26
           (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-
```

```
1
          4-piperidinyl]propanamide);
 2
               (37) Phenadoxone;
 3
               (38) Phenampromide;
 4
               (39) Phenomorphan;
 5
               (40) Phenoperidine;
 6
               (41) Piritramide;
 7
               (42) Proheptazine;
               (43) Properidine;
 8
               (44) Propiram;
 9
10
               (45) Racemoramide;
11
               (45.1) Thiofentanyl
12
           (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
          4-piperidinyl]-propanamide);
13
14
               (46) Tilidine;
15
               (47) Trimeperidine;
16
               (48) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name:
17
          N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-
18
          N-phenylpropanamide);
               (49) Furanyl fentanyl (FU-F);
19
20
               (50) Butyryl fentanyl;
21
               (51) Valeryl fentanyl;
22
               (52) Acetyl fentanyl;
23
               (53) Beta-hydroxy-thiofentanyl;
               (54) 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-
24
25
           (dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-
          methylbenzamide (U-47700);
26
```

```
1
               (55) 4-chloro-N-[1-[2-
 2
          (4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2-piperidinylidene]-
          benzenesulfonamide (W-18);
 3
               (56) 4-chloro-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)
 5
          -2-piperidinylidene]-benzenesulfonamide (W-15);
 6
               (57) acrylfentanyl (acryloylfentanyl).
7
          (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
      another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its
8
      salts, isomers and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of
 9
10
      such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within
11
      the specific chemical designation:
12
               (1) Acetorphine;
13
               (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
               (3) Benzylmorphine;
14
15
               (4) Codeine methylbromide;
16
               (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
17
               (6) Cyprenorphine;
18
               (7) Desomorphine;
               (8) Diacetyldihydromorphine (Dihydroheroin);
19
20
               (9) Dihydromorphine;
21
               (10) Drotebanol;
22
               (11) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
23
               (12) Heroin;
24
               (13) Hydromorphinol;
25
               (14) Methyldesorphine;
26
               (15) Methyldihydromorphine;
```

```
(16) Morphine methylbromide;
1
 2
              (17) Morphine methylsulfonate;
              (18) Morphine-N-Oxide;
 3
              (19) Myrophine;
              (20) Nicocodeine;
              (21) Nicomorphine;
 6
 7
              (22) Normorphine;
              (23) Pholcodine;
 8
 9
              (24) Thebacon.
10
              Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
11
      another
               schedule, any material, compound, mixture,
12
      preparation which contains any quantity of the following
13
      hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts,
      isomers and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such
14
      salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
15
      specific chemical designation (for the purposes of this
16
17
      paragraph only, the term "isomer" includes the optical,
      position and geometric isomers):
18
19
              (1) 3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine
20
          (alpha-methyl, 3, 4-methylenedioxyphenethylamine,
21
          methylenedioxyamphetamine, MDA);
22
              (1.1) Alpha-ethyltryptamine
23
          (some trade or other names: etryptamine;
          MONASE; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine;
24
25
          3-(2-aminobutyl)indole; a-ET; and AET);
26
              (2) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
```

1	(2.1) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine
2	(also known as: N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-
3	3,4 (methylenedioxy) Phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE,
4	and MDEA);
5	(2.2) (Blank); N Benzylpiperazine (BZP);
6	(2.2-1) (Blank); Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine
7	(TFMPP);
8	(3) 3-methoxy-4,5-methylenedioxyamphetamine, (MMDA);
9	(4) 3,4,5-trimethoxyamphetamine (TMA);
10	(5) (Blank);
11	<pre>(6) Diethyltryptamine (DET);</pre>
12	(7) Dimethyltryptamine (DMT);
13	(7.1) 5-Methoxy-diallyltryptamine;
14	(8) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (DOM, STP);
15	(9) Ibogaine (some trade and other names:
16	7-ethyl-6,6,beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-
17	6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1',2':1,2] azepino [5,4-b]
18	indole; Tabernanthe iboga);
19	(10) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
20	(10.1) Salvinorin A;
21	(10.5) Salvia divinorum (meaning all parts of the
22	plant presently classified botanically as Salvia
23	divinorum, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any
24	extract from any part of that plant, and every compound,
25	manufacture, salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever
26	the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers

```
is possible within the specific chemical designation,
1
 2
          derivative, mixture, or preparation of that plant, its
          seeds or extracts);
 3
              (11) 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenethylamine (Mescaline);
 4
 5
              (12) Peyote (meaning all parts of the plant presently
          classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire,
 6
7
          whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract
 8
          from any part of that plant, and every compound,
 9
          manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of
10
          that plant, its seeds or extracts);
11
              (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate (JB 318);
12
              (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
13
              (14.1) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine
          (also known as N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-
14
15
          3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine and N-hydroxy MDA);
16
              (15) Parahexyl; some trade or other names:
17
          3-hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-
          dibenzo (b,d) pyran; Synhexyl;
18
19
              (16) Psilocybin;
20
              (17) Psilocyn;
21
              (18) Alpha-methyltryptamine (AMT);
22
              (19) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine
23
          (2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA);
              (20) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine
24
25
          (4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;
26
          4-bromo-2, 5-DMA);
```

```
(20.1) 4-Bromo-2,5 dimethoxyphenethylamine.
1
 2
          Some trade or other names: 2-(4-bromo-
          2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane;
 3
          alpha-desmethyl DOB, 2CB, Nexus;
 4
 5
               (21) 4-methoxyamphetamine
          (4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine;
 6
          paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA);
7
 8
               (22) (Blank);
 9
               (23) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine.
10
          Some trade or other names:
11
          N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine,
12
          (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine,
13
          N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
               (24) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Some trade
14
          or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) pyrrolidine, PCPy,
15
16
          PHP;
17
               (25) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
               (26) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine
18
19
          (another name: DOET);
20
               (27) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl] pyrrolidine
21
          (another name: TCPy);
22
               (28) (Blank);
23
               (29) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some trade
          or other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine;
24
25
          2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP; TCP);
26
               (29.1) Benzothiophene analog of phencyclidine. Some
```

```
trade or other names: BTCP or benocyclidine;
 1
               (29.2) 3-Methoxyphencyclidine (3-MeO-PCP);
 2
               (30) Bufotenine (some trade or other names:
 3
 4
          3-(Beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole;
 5
          3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol;
 6
          5-hydroxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamine;
 7
          N, N-dimethylserotonin; mappine);
 8
               (31) (Blank);
 9
               (32) (Blank);
10
               (33) (Blank);
11
               (34) (Blank);
12
               (34.5) (Blank);
13
               (35) (6aR, 10aR) -9-(hydroxymethyl) -6, 6-dimethyl-3-
           (2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,
14
15
          10,10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol
16
          Some trade or other names: HU-210;
17
               (35.5) (6aS, 10aS) - 9 - (hydroxymethyl) - 6, 6 -
          dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-6a,7,10,10a-
18
          tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol, its isomers,
19
20
          salts, and salts of isomers; Some trade or other
21
          names: HU-210, Dexanabinol;
               (36) Dexanabinol, (6aS,10aS)-9-(hydroxymethyl)-
22
23
           6,6-dimethyl-3-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)-
24
           6a, 7, 10, 10a-tetrahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol
25
          Some trade or other names: HU-211;
26
               (37) (Blank);
```

25

26

1	(38) (Blank);
2	(39) (Blank);
3	(40) (Blank);
4	(41) (Blank);
5	(42) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from
6	3 (1 naphthoyl)indole or
7	1H indol 3 yl (1 naphthyl) methane by substitution at the
8	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
9	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide,
10	alkyl aryl halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl) methyl, or
11	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl whether or not further substituted
12	in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
13	substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples
14	of this structural class include, but are not limited to,
15	JWH-018, AM-2201, JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;
16	(43) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from
17	3 (1 naphthoyl)pyrrole by substitution at the nitrogen
18	atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
19	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
20	halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
21	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
22	in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not
23	substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples

(44) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from

of this structural class include, but are not limited to,

JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene by substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2 (4 morpholinyl) ethyl whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH 176;

- (45) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from 3-phenylacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, eyeloalkylmethyl, eyeloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited JWH 167, JWH 250, JWH 251, and RCS 8;
- (46) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol by substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural

1	class include, but are not limited to, CP 47, 497 and its
2	C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);
3	(46.1) (Blank); Any compound structurally derived from
4	3-(benzoyl) indole with substitution at the nitrogen atom
5	of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
6	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
7	halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl)methyl, or
8	2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further
9	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether
10	or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent.
11	Examples of this structural class include, but are not
12	limited to, AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN
13	48,098), and RCS-4;
14	(47) (Blank);
15	(48) (Blank);
16	(49) (Blank);
17	(50) (Blank);
18	(51) (Blank);
19	(52) (Blank);
20	(53) $2,5$ -Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthio-phenethylamine.
21	Some trade or other names: 2C-T-7;
22	(53.1) 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some
23	trade or other names: 2C-E;
24	(53.2) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine. Some
25	trade or other names: 2C-D;
26	(53.3) 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some

```
trade or other names: 2C-C;
1
              (53.4) 4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade
 2
          or other names: 2C-I;
 3
              (53.5) 4-ethylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some
 4
 5
          trade or other names: 2C-T-2;
              (53.6) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-isopropylthio-phenethylamine.
 6
          Some trade or other names: 2C-T-4;
7
 8
              (53.7) 2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade or
 9
          other names: 2C-H;
10
                        2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine.
                                                                 Some
11
          trade or other names: 2C-N;
12
              (53.9) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenethylamine. Some
          trade or other names: 2C-P;
13
                           2,5-dimethoxy-3,4-dimethylphenethylamine.
14
15
          Some trade or other names: 2C-G;
16
              (53.11) The N-(2-methoxybenzyl) derivative of any 2C
17
          phenethylamine referred to in subparagraphs (20.1), (53),
          (53.1), (53.2), (53.3), (53.4), (53.5), (53.6), (53.7),
18
          (53.8), (53.9), and (53.10) including, but not limited to,
19
          25I-NBOMe and 25C-NBOMe;
20
21
              (54) 5-Methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
22
              (55) (Blank);
23
              (56) (Blank);
24
              (57) (Blank);
25
              (58) (Blank);
26
              (59) (Blank); 3 cyclopropoylindole with substitut
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, 2 (4 morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, XLR11, UR144, FUB 144;

- (60) (Blank); 3 adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AB 001;
- (61) (Blank); N (adamantyl) indole 3 carboxamide with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl) methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, APICA/2NE-1, STS-135;
 - (62) (Blank); N (adamantyl) indazole 3 carboxamide

with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, AKB48, 5F AKB48;

- 8 quinolinyl ester with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, eyeloalkylmethyl, eyeloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the quinoline ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, PB22, 5F PB22, FUB PB 22;
- (64) (Blank); 3 (1 naphthoyl)indazole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, eycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, THJ 018, THJ 2201;

(65) (Blank); 2-(1-naphthoyl) benzimidazole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the benzimidazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl) methyl, or 2 (4 morpholinyl) ethyl, whether or not further substituted on the benzimidazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent: including, but not limited to, FUBIMINA;

(66) <u>(Blank);</u>

N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1H-indazole3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of
the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
limited to, AB PINACA, AB FUBINACA, AB CHMINACA;

(67) (Blank);

N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1Hindazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen
atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
eyeloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not

(68) (Blank);

N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1Hindole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen
atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide,
1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl)methyl,
cycloalkylethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indole ring to any extent: including, but not
limited to, ADBICA, 5F ADBICA;

(69) <u>(Blank);</u>

N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1H-indole3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of
the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl)methyl, or
2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indole ring to any extent: including, but not
limited to, ABICA, 5F ABICA;

(70) (Blank); Methyl 2-(1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3methylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of
the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
eyeloalkylmethyl, eyeloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not

limited to, AMB, 5F-AMB;

(71) (Blank);

Methyl 2-(1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3,3dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom
of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl)methyl, or
2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
limited to, 5 fluoro MDMB PINACA, MDMB FUBINACA;

- (72) (Blank); Methyl 2-(1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3methylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom of
 the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
 eyeloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
 halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
 2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
 on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
 limited to, MMB018, MMB2201, and AMB CHMICA;
- (73) (Blank); Methyl 2 (III indole 3 carboxamido) 3,3
 dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the nitrogen atom
 of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
 eyeloalkylmethyl, eyeloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
 halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
 on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
 limited to, MDMB CHMICA;

Т	(74) (Didirk);
2	N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-
3	indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen
4	atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
5	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
6	halide, 1 (N methyl 2 piperidinyl) methyl, or
7	2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
8	on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
9	limited to, APP CHMINACA, 5 fluoro APP PINACA;
10	(75) <u>(Blank);</u>
11	N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indole-
12	3-carboxamide with substitution on the nitrogen atom of
13	the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
14	eyeloalkylmethyl, eyeloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl
15	halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
16	2 (4 morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further substituted
17	on the indazole ring to any extent: including, but not
18	limited to, APP PICA and 5 fluoro APP PICA;
19	(76) 4-Acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine: trade name
20	4-AcO-DMT;
21	(77) 5-Methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine: trade
22	name 5-MeO-MIPT;
23	(78) 4-hydroxy Diethyltryptamine (4-HO-DET);
24	(79) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine (4-HO-MET);
25	(80) 4-hydroxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine (4-HO-DiPT);
26	(81) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine

1	(4-HO-MiPT);
2	(82) (Blank); Fluorophenylpiperazine;
3	(83) Methoxetamine;
4	(84) 1-(Ethylamino)-2-phenylpropan-2-one (iso-
5	ethcathinone).
6	(e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
7	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
8	preparation which contains any quantity of the following
9	substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous
10	system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers
11	whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of
12	isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
13	(1) mecloqualone;
14	(2) methaqualone; and
15	(3) gamma hydroxybutyric acid.
16	(f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
17	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
18	preparation which contains any quantity of the following
19	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous
20	system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
21	(1) Fenethylline;
22	(2) N-ethylamphetamine;
23	(3) Aminorex (some other names:
24	2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; aminoxaphen;
25	4-5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine) and its

salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers;

Т	(4) Methicathinone (some other names:
2	2-methylamino-1-phenylpropan-1-one;
3	Ephedrone; 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;
4	alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; N-methylcathinone;
5	methycathinone; Monomethylpropion; UR 1431) and its
6	salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
7	(5) Cathinone (some trade or other names:
8	2-aminopropiophenone; alpha-aminopropiophenone;
9	2-amino-1-phenyl-propanone; norephedrone);
10	(6) N, N-dimethylamphetamine (also known as:
11	N, N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine;
12	N, N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);
13	(7) (+ or -) cis-4-methylaminorex ((+ or -) cis-
14	4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
15	(8) 3,4-Methylenedioxypyrovalerone (MDPV);
16	(9) Halogenated amphetamines and
17	methamphetamines - any compound derived from either
18	amphetamine or methamphetamine through the substitution
19	of a halogen on the phenyl ring, including, but not
20	limited to, 2-fluoroamphetamine, 3-
21	fluoroamphetamine and 4-fluoroamphetamine;
22	(10) Aminopropylbenzofuran (APB):
23	including 4-(2-Aminopropyl) benzofuran, 5-
24	(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran, 6-(2-Aminopropyl)
25	benzofuran, and 7-(2-Aminopropyl) benzofuran;
26	(11) Aminopropyldihydrobenzofuran (APDB):

Τ	including 4-(2-Aminopropyi)-2,3- dinydrobenzoluran,
2	5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2, 3-dihydrobenzofuran,
3	6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran,
4	and 7-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran;
5	(12) Methylaminopropylbenzofuran
6	(MAPB): including 4-(2-methylaminopropyl)
7	benzofuran, 5-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran,
8	6-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran
9	and 7-(2-methylaminopropyl)benzofuran; -
10	(13 Methylaminopropyldihydrobenzofuran (MAPDB):
11	<pre>including:</pre>
12	1-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine;
13	(g) Temporary listing of substances subject to emergency
14	scheduling. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
15	that contains any quantity of the following substances:
16	(1) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
17	(benzylfentanyl), its optical isomers, isomers, salts, and
18	salts of isomers;
19	(2) $N-[1(2-thienyl) methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-$
20	phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers,
21	salts, and salts of isomers.
22	(h) Synthetic cathinones. Unless specifically excepted,
23	any chemical compound which is not approved by the United
24	States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not
25	dispensed or possessed in accordance with State or federal
26	law, not including bupropion, structurally derived from

- 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in one or more of the following ways:
 - (1) by substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 3,4-Methylenedioxycathinone (bk-MDA);
 - (2) by substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one (buphedrone); or
 - (3) by substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and a-Pyrrolidinopropiophenone (a-PPP); or
 - Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State or federal law.
 - (i) Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines. Any synthetic cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the United

1	States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is
2	not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State and
3	federal law.
4	(1) Synthetic cannabinoids include, but are not
5	limited to, compounds as identified in a report from an
6	accredited forensic laboratory, which are structurally
7	derived from the following compounds:
8	(1.1) 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or
9	1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl) methane by substitution at
10	the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl,
11	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
12	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
13	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
14	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl whether or not further
15	substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether
16	or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.
17	Examples of this structural class include, but are not
18	limited to, JWH-018, AM-2201, JWH-175, JWH-184, and
19	<u>JWH-185;</u>
20	(1.2) 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole by substitution at
21	the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by alkyl,
22	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
23	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
24	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
25	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
26	substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether

1	or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.
2	Examples of this structural class include, but are not
3	limited to, JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and
4	JWH-368;
5	(1.3) Any compound structurally derived from
6	1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene by substitution at the
7	3-position of the indene ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
8	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
9	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
10	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
11	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl whether or not further
12	substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether
13	or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent.
14	Examples of this structural class include, but are not
15	<pre>limited to, JWH-176;</pre>
16	(1.4) Any compound structurally derived from
17	3-phenylacetylindole by substitution at the nitrogen
18	atom of the indole ring with alkyl, haloalkyl,
19	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
20	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
21	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
22	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
23	substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether
24	or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent.
25	Examples of this structural class include, but are not

limited to, JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;

1	(1.5) Any compound structurally derived from
2	2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol by substitution at the
3	5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
4	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
5	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
6	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
7	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not substituted in
8	the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this
9	structural class include, but are not limited to, CP
10	47, 497 and its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);
11	(1.6) Any compound structurally derived from
12	3-(benzoyl) indole with substitution at the nitrogen
13	atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
14	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
15	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
16	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
17	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further
17 18	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and
18	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and
18 19	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any
18 19 20	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but
18 19 20 21	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694,
18 19 20 21 22	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4;
18 19 20 21 22 23	substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4; (1.7) 3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at

1	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
2	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
3	substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether
4	or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any
5	extent: including, but not limited to, XLR11, UR144,
6	FUB-144;
7	(1.8) 3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the
8	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
9	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
10	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
11	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
12	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
13	substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether
14	or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any
15	extent: including, but not limited to, AB-001;
16	(1.9) N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide with
17	substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring
18	by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
19	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
20	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
21	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
22	substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether
23	or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any
24	extent: including, but not limited to, APICA/2NE-1,
25	STS-135;
26	(1.10) N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with

1	substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring
2	by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
3	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
4	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
5	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
6	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent,
7	whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to
8	any extent: including, but not limited to, AKB48,
9	<u>5F-AKB48;</u>
10	(1.11) 1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl
11	ester with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
12	indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
13	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl
14	aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
15	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
16	substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether
17	or not substituted on the quinoline ring to any
18	extent: including, but not limited to, PB22, 5F-PB22,
19	FUB-PB-22;
20	(1.12) 3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole with substitution
21	at the nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl,
22	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
23	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
24	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
25	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
26	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent,

1	whether of not substituted on the haphthyr fing to any
2	extent: including, but not limited to, THJ-018,
3	THJ-2201;
4	(1.13) 2-(1-naphthoyl)benzimidazole with
5	substitution at the nitrogen atom of the benzimidazole
6	ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
7	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
8	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
9	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
10	substituted on the benzimidazole ring to any extent,
11	whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any
12	extent: including, but not limited to, FUBIMINA;
13	(1.14) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-
14	1H-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the
15	nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl,
16	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
17	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
18	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
19	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
20	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent:
21	including, but not limited to, AB-PINACA, AB-FUBINACA,
22	AB-CHMINACA;
23	(1.15) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-
24	1H-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the
25	nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl,
26	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,

1	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide
2	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, o
3	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not furthe
4	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent
5	including, but not limited to, ADB-PINACA
6	ADB-FUBINACA;
7	(1.16) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-
8	1H-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the
9	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl
10	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, ary
11	halide, alkyl aryl halide
12	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, o
13	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not furthe
14	substituted on the indole ring to any extent
15	including, but not limited to, ADBICA, 5F-ADBICA;
16	(1.17) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-
17	1H-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the
18	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl
19	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, ary
20	halide, alkyl aryl halide
21	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, o
22	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not furthe
23	substituted on the indole ring to any extent
24	including, but not limited to, ABICA, 5F-ABICA;
25	(1.18) Methyl 2-(1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-
26	3-methylbutanoate with substitution on the nitroge

1	atom of the indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
2	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
3	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
4	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
5	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
6	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent:
7	including, but not limited to, AMB, 5F-AMB;
8	(1.19) Methyl 2-(1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-
9	3,3-dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the
10	nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl,
11	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
12	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
13	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
14	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
15	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent:
16	including, but not limited to, 5-fluoro-MDMB-PINACA,
17	MDMB-FUBINACA;
18	(1.20) Methyl
19	2-(1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate with
20	substitution on the nitrogen atom of the indole ring
21	by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
22	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
23	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
24	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
25	substituted on the indole ring to any extent:
26	including, but not limited to, MMB018, MMB2201, and

1	AMB-CHMICA;
2	(1.21) Methyl 2-(1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-
3	3,3-dimethylbutanoate with substitution on the
4	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
5	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
6	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
7	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
8	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
9	substituted on the indole ring to any extent:
10	including, but not limited to, MDMB-CHMICA;
11	(1.22) N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-
12	1H-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution on the
13	nitrogen atom of the indazole ring by alkyl,
14	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
15	cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl aryl halide,
16	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
17	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
18	substituted on the indazole ring to any extent:
19	including, but not limited to, APP-CHMINACA,
20	5-fluoro-APP-PINACA;
21	(1.23) N-(1-Amino-1-oxo-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)-
22	1H-indole-3-arboxamide with substitution on the
23	nitrogen atom of the indole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl,
24	alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl
25	halide, alkyl aryl halide,
26	1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or

1	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
2	substituted on the indole ring to any extent:
3	including, but not limited to, APP-PICA and
4	5-fluoro-APP-PICA;
5	(1.24) 1H-indazole-3-carboxylic acid 8-quinolinyl
6	ester with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
7	indazole ring by alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
8	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, aryl halide, alkyl
9	aryl halide, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or
10	2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, whether or not further
11	substituted on the inazdole ring to any extent,
12	whether or not substituted on the quinoline ring to
13	any extent: including, but not limited to, SDB-005,
14	5-F-SDB-005.
15	(2) Synthetic piperazines include, but are not limited
16	to the following compounds and their positional isomers:
17	(2.1) N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP);
18	(2.2) Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP);
19	(2.3) Fluorophenylpiperazine;
20	(2.4) Chlorophenylpiperazine;
21	(j) Fentanyl-related substances.
22	(1) Fentanyl-related substance means any compound as
23	identified in a report from an accredited forensic
24	laboratory, unless specifically excepted or listed under
25	another schedule, which is not approved by the United
26	States Food and Drug Administration, or if approved, is

1	not dispensed or possessed in accordance with State or
2	Federal law, that is structurally derived from fentanyl
3	(N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-
4	piperidinyl)-propanamide) by one or more of the following
5	modifications:
6	(A) Replacement of the phenyl portion of the
7	phenethyl group by any monocycle, whether or not
8	further substituted in or on the monocycle;
9	(B) Substitution in or on the phenethyl group with
10	alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl,
11	amino or nitro groups;
12	(C) Substitution in or on the piperidine ring with
13	alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyl, ester, ether, hydroxyl, halo,
14	haloalkyl, amino or nitro groups;
15	(D) Replacement of the aniline ring with any
16	aromatic monocycle whether or not further substituted
17	in or on the aromatic monocycle;
18	(E) Replacement of the N-propionyl group by
19	another acyl group.
20	(2) This definition includes, but is not limited to,
21	the following substances:
22	(2.1) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl.
23	(2.2) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-(1-alpha-methyl-
24	<pre>beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl) propionanilide;</pre>
25	1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine;
26	(2.3) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-

1	(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
2	(2.4) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
3	<pre>phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide;</pre>
4	(2.5) 3-Methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-
5	(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
6	(2.6) 3-Methylthiofentanyl (N-[(3-methyl-1-
7	(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
8	(2.7) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-
9	N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl] propanamide);
10	(2.8) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-
11	4-piperidinyl]-propanamide);
12	(2.9) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name:
13	N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-
14	N-phenylpropanamide);
15	(2.10) Furanyl fentanyl (FU-F);
16	(2.11) Butyryl fentanyl;
17	(2.12) Valeryl fentanyl;
18	(2.13) Acetyl fentanyl;
19	(2.14) Beta-hydroxy-thiofentanyl;
20	(2.15) Acrylfentanyl (acryloylfentanyl);
21	(2.16) Cyclopropyl fentanyl;
22	(2.17) Crotonyl fentanyl;
23	(2.18) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl;
24	(2.19) Pentanoyl fentanyl;
25	(2.20) Cyclopentyl fentanyl;
26	(2.21) Isobutyryl fentanyl;

1 (2.22) Benzodioxolefentanyl; (2.23) Tetrahydrofuran fentanyl. 2 (Source: P.A. 99-371, eff. 1-1-16; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 3 4 100-368, eff. 1-1-18; 100-789, eff. 1-1-19; 100-863, eff. 5 8-14-18.6 (720 ILCS 570/206) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1206) 7 Sec. 206. (a) The controlled substances listed in this 8 Section are included in Schedule II. 9 Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 10 another schedule, any of the following substances whether 11 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances 12 of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical 13 14 synthesis: 15 Opium and opiates, and any salt, compound, 16 derivative or preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, dextrorphan, levopropoxyphene, nalbuphine, 17 nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone, and their respective 18 19 salts, but including the following: 20 (i) Raw Opium; 21 (ii) Opium extracts; 22 (iii) Opium fluid extracts; (iv) Powdered opium; 23 24 (v) Granulated opium;

(vi) Tincture of opium;

1	(V11) Codelne;
2	(viii) Ethylmorphine;
3	(ix) Etorphine Hydrochloride;
4	(x) Hydrocodone;
5	(xi) Hydromorphone;
6	(xii) Metopon;
7	(xiii) Morphine;
8	(xiii.5) 6-Monoacetylmorphine;
9	(xiv) Oxycodone;
10	(xv) Oxymorphone;
11	<pre>(xv.5) Tapentadol;</pre>
12	(xvi) Thebaine;
13	(xvii) Thebaine-derived butorphanol.
14	(xviii) Methorphan, except drug products
15	containing dextromethorphan that may be dispensed
16	pursuant to a prescription order of a practitioner and
17	are sold in compliance with the safety and labeling
18	standards as set forth by the United States Food and
19	Drug Administration, or drug products containing
20	dextromethorphan that are sold in solid, tablet,
21	liquid, capsule, powder, thin film, or gel form and
22	which are formulated, packaged, and sold in dosages
23	and concentrations for use as an over-the-counter drug
24	product. For the purposes of this Section,
25	"over-the-counter drug product" means a drug that is
26	available to consumers without a prescription and sold

in compliance with the safety and labeling standards as set forth by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

- (2) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subparagraph (1), but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
 - (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, isomer, salt of an isomer, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves including cocaine or ecgonine, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine (for the purpose of this paragraph, the term "isomer" includes optical, positional and geometric isomers);
- (5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid or powder form which contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy).
- (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers and salts is

```
possible within the specific chemical designation, dextrorphan
 1
 2
      excepted:
               (1) Alfentanil;
 3
               (1.1) Carfentanil;
               (1.2) Thiafentanyl;
 6
               (2) Alphaprodine;
 7
               (3) Anileridine;
               (4) Bezitramide;
 8
 9
               (5) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms);
10
               (6) Dihydrocodeine;
11
               (7) Diphenoxylate;
12
               (8) Fentanyl;
13
               (9) Sufentanil;
14
               (9.5) Remifentanil;
15
               (10) Isomethadone;
16
               (11) (Blank);
17
               (12) Levorphanol (Levorphan);
18
               (13) Metazocine;
               (14) Methadone;
19
20
               (15) Methadone-Intermediate,
21
          4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl-1-butane;
22
               (16) Moramide-Intermediate,
          2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic
23
24
          acid:
25
               (17) Pethidine (meperidine);
26
               (18) Pethidine-Intermediate-A,
```

1	4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;
2	(19) Pethidine-Intermediate-B,
3	ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;
4	(20) Pethidine-Intermediate-C,
5	1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;
6	(21) Phenazocine;
7	(22) Piminodine;
8	(23) Racemethorphan;
9	(24) (Blank);
10	(25) Levo-alphacetylmethadol (some other names:
11	levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, LAAM).
12	(d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
13	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
14	preparation which contains any quantity of the following
15	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous
16	system:
17	(1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts
18	of its optical isomers;
19	(2) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of
20	its isomers;
21	(3) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
22	(4) Methylphenidate;
23	(5) Lisdexamfetamine.
24	(e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
25	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or
26	preparation which contains any quantity of the following

substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous 1 2 system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of 3 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: 5 (1) Amobarbital; (2) Secobarbital; 6 7 (3) Pentobarbital; (4) Pentazocine; 8 9 (5) Phencyclidine; 10 (6) Gluthethimide; 11 (7) (Blank). 12 (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 13 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, preparation which contains any quantity of the following 14 15 substances: 16 (1)Immediate precursor to amphetamine and 17 methamphetamine: (i) Phenylacetone 18 19 Some trade or other names: phenyl-2-propanone; 20 P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; methyl benzyl ketone. 21 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine: 22 (i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; 23 (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC). (3) Nabilone. 24

(Source: P.A. 100-368, eff. 1-1-18.)

- 1 (720 ILCS 570/210) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1210)
- 2 Sec. 210. (a) The controlled substances listed in this
- 3 Section are included in Schedule IV.
- (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the
- 8 free anhydrous base or alkaloid, as set forth below:
- 9 (1) Not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin (DEA Drug
 10 Code No. 9618) and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine
 11 sulfate per dosage unit.
- 12 (2) Dextropropoxyphene (Alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1,
 13 2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane).
 - (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
- 19 (1) Alprazolam;
- 20 (2) Barbital;

15

16

17

18

- 21 (2.1) Bromazepam;
- 22 (2.2) Camazepam;
- 23 (2.3) Carisoprodol;
- 24 (3) Chloral Betaine;
- 25 (4) Chloral Hydrate;
- 26 (5) Chlordiazepoxide;

1	(5.1) Clobazam;
2	(6) Clonazepam;
3	(7) Clorazepate;
4	(7.1) Clotiazepam;
5	(7.2) Cloxazolam;
6	(7.3) Delorazepam;
7	(8) Diazepam;
8	(8.05) Dichloralphenazone;
9	(8.1) Estazolam;
10	(9) Ethchlorvynol;
11	(10) Ethinamate;
12	(10.1) Ethyl loflazepate;
13	(10.2) Fludiazepam;
14	(10.3) Flunitrazepam;
15	(11) Flurazepam;
16	(11.1) Fospropofol;
17	(12) Halazepam;
18	(12.1) Haloxazolam;
19	(12.2) Ketazolam;
20	(12.3) Loprazolam;
21	(13) Lorazepam;
22	(13.1) Lormetazepam;
23	(14) Mebutamate;
24	(14.1) Medazepam;
25	(15) Meprobamate;
26	(16) Methohexital;

1	(17) Methylphenobarbital (Mephobarbital);
2	(17.1) Midazolam;
3	(17.2) Nimetazepam;
4	(17.3) Nitrazepam;
5	(17.4) Nordiazepam;
6	(18) Oxazepam;
7	(18.1) Oxazolam;
8	(19) Paraldehyde;
9	(20) Petrichloral;
10	(21) Phenobarbital;
11	(21.1) Pinazepam;
12	(22) Prazepam;
13	(22.1) Quazepam;
14	(23) Temazepam;
15	(23.1) Tetrazepam;
16	(23.2) Tramadol;
17	(24) Triazolam;
18	(24.5) Zaleplon;
19	(25) Zolpidem;
20	(26) Zopiclone.
21	(1) Unless specifically excepted or listed in another
22	schedule, any chemical compound which is not approved by
23	the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if
24	approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with
25	State or federal law, and is derived from the following
26	structural classes and their salts:

1	(A) Benzodiazepine class: A fused 1,4-diazepine
2	and benzene ring structure with a phenyl connected to
3	the 1,4-diazepine ring, with any substitution or
4	replacement on the 1,4-diazepine or benzene ring, any
5	substitution on the phenyl ring, or any combination
6	thereof. This definition includes, but is not limited
7	to, the following substances:
8	(1.A.1) Alprazolam;
9	(1.A.2) Bromazepam;
10	(1.A.3) Camazepam;
11	(1.A.4) Clobazam;
12	(1.A.5) Clonazepam;
13	(1.A.6) Clonazolam;
14	(1.A.7) Clorazepate;
15	(1.A.8) Delorazepam;
16	(1.A.9) Diazepam;
17	(1.A.10) Diclazepam;
18	(1.A.11) Estazolam;
19	(1.A.12) Ethyl loflazepate;
20	(1.A.13) Flualprazolam;
21	(1.A.14) Flubromazepam;
22	(1.A.15) Flubromazolam;
23	(1.A.16) Fludiazepam;
24	(1.A.17) Flunitrazepam;
25	(1.A.18) Flurazepam;
26	(1.A.19) Halazepam;

1	(1.A.20) Loprazolam;
2	(1.A.21) Lorazepam;
3	(1.A.22) Lormetazepam;
4	(1.A.23) Meclonazolam;
5	(1.A.24) Medazepam;
6	(1.A.25) Midazolam;
7	(1.A.26) Nimetazepam;
8	(1.A.27) Nitrazepam;
9	(1.A.28) Nordiazepam;
10	(1.A.29) Oxazepam;
11	(1.A.30) Pinazepam;
12	(1.A.31) Prazepam;
13	(1.A.32) Quazepam;
14	(1.A.33) Temazepam;
15	(1.A.34) Triazolam;
16	(B) Thienodiazepine class: A fused 1,4-diazepine
17	and thiophene ring structure with a phenyl connected
18	to the 1,4-diazepine ring, with any substitution or
19	replacement on the 1,4-diazepine or thiophene ring,
20	any substitution(s) on the phenyl ring, or any
21	combination thereof. This definition includes, but is
22	not limited to, the following substances:
23	(1.B.1) Clotiazepam;
24	(1.B.2) Etizolam;
25	(2) Barbital;
26	(3) Carisoprodol;

1	(4) Chloral Betaine;
2	(5) Chloral Hydrate;
3	(6) Chlordiazepoxide;
4	(7) Cloxazolam;
5	(8) Dichloralphenazone;
6	(9) Ethchlorvynol;
7	(10) Ethinamate;
8	(11) Fospropofol;
9	(12) Haloxazolam;
10	(13) Ketazolam;
11	(14) Mebutamate;
12	(15) Meprobamate;
13	(16) Methohexital;
14	(17) Methylphenobarbital (Mephobarbital);
15	(18) Oxazolam;
16	(19) Paraldehyde;
17	(20) Petrichloral;
18	(21) Phenobarbital;
19	(22) Tetrazepam;
20	(23) Tramadol;
21	(24) Zaleplon;
22	(25) Zolpidem;
23	(26) Zopiclone.
24	(d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which
25	contains any quantity of the following substances, including
26	its salts, isomers (whether optical, position, or geometric).

- and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible:
- 3 (1) Fenfluramine.
- (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in 5 schedule any material, compound, mixture, preparation which contains any quantity of the following 6 substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous 7 8 system, including its salts, isomers (whether optical, 9 position or geometric), and salts of such isomers whenever the 10 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is 11 possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 12 (1) Cathine ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);
- 13 (1.1) Diethylpropion;
- 14 (1.2) Fencamfamin;
- 15 (1.3) Fenproporex;
- 16 (2) Mazindol;
- 17 (2.1) Mefenorex;
- 18 (3) Phentermine;
- 19 (4) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof);
- 21 (5) Pipradrol;
- 22 (6) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenylethane);
- 23 (7) Modafinil;
- 24 (8) Sibutramine.
- 25 (f) Other Substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound,

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- 1 mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the 2 following substance, including its salts:
- 3 (1) Butorphanol (including its optical isomers).
 - (g) The Department may except by rule any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any depressant substance listed in subsection (b) from the application of all or any part of this Act if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains one or more active medicinal ingredients not having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, and if the admixtures are included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which have a depressant effect on the central nervous system.
 - (h) Except as otherwise provided in Section 216, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substance having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, enantiomers (optical isomers) and salts of enantiomers (optical isomers):
- 20 (1) Ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of 21 optical isomers.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 97-334, eff. 1-1-12.)