

Sen. Chapin Rose

Filed: 3/23/2023

	10300SB1889sam001 LRB103 03306 SPS 59782 a	
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1889	
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1889 by replacing	
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:	
4	"Section 5. The Pharmacy Practice Act is amended by	
5	changing Sections 9 and 15.1 and by adding Section 9.7 as	
6	follows:	
7	(225 ILCS 85/9)	
8	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)	
9	Sec. 9. Licensure as registered pharmacy technician.	
10	(a) Any person shall be entitled to licensure as a	
11	registered pharmacy technician who is of the age of 16 or over,	
12	has not engaged in conduct or behavior determined to be	
13	grounds for discipline under this Act, is attending or has	
14	graduated from an accredited high school or comparable school	
15	or educational institution or received a State of Illinois	
16	High School Diploma, and has filed a written or electronic	

10300SB1889sam001 -2- LRB103 03306 SPS 59782 a

application for licensure on a form to be prescribed and 1 2 furnished by the Department for that purpose. The Department shall issue a license as a registered pharmacy technician to 3 4 any applicant who has qualified as aforesaid, and such license 5 shall be the sole authority required to assist licensed pharmacists in the practice of pharmacy, under the supervision 6 of a licensed pharmacist. A registered pharmacy technician may 7 be delegated to perform any task within the practice of 8 9 pharmacy if specifically trained for that task, except for 10 patient counseling, drug regimen review, clinical conflict 11 resolution, or final prescription verification except where a certified pharmacy technician 12 registered verifies а 13 prescription dispensed by another pharmacy technician using 14 technology-assisted medication verification, or providing 15 patients prophylaxis drugs for human immunodeficiency virus 16 pre-exposure prophylaxis or post-exposure prophylaxis.

(b) Beginning on January 1, 2017, within 2 years after 17 initial licensure as a registered pharmacy technician, the 18 licensee must meet the requirements described in Section 9.5 19 20 of this Act and become licensed as a registered certified pharmacy technician. If the licensee has not yet attained the 21 22 age of 18, then upon the next renewal as a registered pharmacy 23 technician, the licensee must meet the requirements described 24 in Section 9.5 of this Act and become licensed as a registered 25 certified pharmacy technician. This requirement does not apply 26 to pharmacy technicians registered prior to January 1, 2008.

1 (C) (Blank). Any person registered as a pharmacy technician who is also enrolled in a first professional degree 2 3 program in pharmacy in a school or college of pharmacy or a 4 department of pharmacy of a university approved by the 5 Department or has graduated from such a program within the 6 last 18 months, shall be considered a "student pharmacist" and entitled to use the title "student pharmacist". A student 7 8 pharmacist must meet all of the requirements for licensure as 9 a registered pharmacy technician set forth in this Section 10 excluding the requirement of certification prior to the second 11 license renewal and pay the required registered pharmacy technician license fees. A student pharmacist may, under the 12 13 supervision of a pharmacist, assist in the practice of 14 pharmacy and perform any and all functions delegated to him or 15 her by the pharmacist.

10300SB1889sam001

16 (d) Any person seeking licensure as a pharmacist who has graduated from a pharmacy program outside the United States 17 must register as a pharmacy technician and shall be considered 18 a "student pharmacist" and be entitled to use the title 19 20 "student pharmacist" while completing the 1,200 clinical hours of training approved by the Board of Pharmacy described and 21 for no more than 18 months after completion of these hours. 22 23 These individuals are not required to become registered 24 certified pharmacy technicians while completing their Board 25 approved clinical training, but must become licensed as a 26 pharmacist or become licensed as a registered certified

1 pharmacy technician before the second pharmacy technician 2 license renewal following completion of the Board approved 3 clinical training.

(e) The Department shall not renew the registered pharmacy 4 5 technician license of any person who has been licensed as a registered pharmacy technician with the designation "student 6 pharmacist" who: (1) has dropped out of or been expelled from 7 an ACPE accredited college of pharmacy; (2) has failed to 8 9 complete his or her 1,200 hours of Board approved clinical 10 training within 24 months; or (3) has failed the pharmacist 11 licensure examination 3 times. The Department shall require these individuals to meet the requirements of and become 12 13 licensed as a registered certified pharmacy technician.

14 (f) The Department may take any action set forth in 15 Section 30 of this Act with regard to a license pursuant to 16 this Section.

(q) Any person who is enrolled in a non-traditional 17 18 Pharm.D. program at an ACPE accredited college of pharmacy and is licensed as a registered pharmacist under the laws of 19 20 another United States jurisdiction shall be permitted to 21 engage in the program of practice experience required in the 22 academic program by virtue of such license. Such person shall 23 be exempt from the requirement of licensure as a registered 24 registered certified pharmacy technician or pharmacy 25 technician while engaged in the program of practice experience 26 required in the academic program.

10300SB1889sam001 -5- LRB103 03306 SPS 59782 a

1 An applicant for licensure as a registered pharmacy 2 technician may assist a pharmacist in the practice of pharmacy for a period of up to 60 days prior to the issuance of a 3 4 license if the applicant has submitted the required fee and an 5 application for licensure to the Department. The applicant 6 shall keep a copy of the submitted application on the premises where the applicant is assisting in the practice of pharmacy. 7 The Department shall forward confirmation of receipt of the 8 application with start and expiration dates of practice 9 10 pending licensure.

11 (h) Supportive staff who solely perform clerical work are not required to be licensed as a registered pharmacy 12 13 technician. It shall be the responsibility of the pharmacy, 14 the pharmacist-in-charge, and the pharmacy technician to 15 ensure supportive staff are properly trained. The pharmacy or pharmacist-in-charge shall alert the Department's chief 16 pharmacy coordinator when supportive staff have been 17 terminated for threatening patient safety or diversion, in 18 19 accordance with the requirements of subsection (b) of Section 20 30.1. As used in this subsection, "clerical work" includes, without limitation, operating registers at the point of sale, 21 22 sorting pre-packaged drugs in pharmacies specializing in centralized prescription filling, and selling prescriptions 23 24 that have received final verification by a pharmacist in 25 accordance with subsection (c-5) of Section 15.1. "Clerical work" does not include data entry, packaging, labeling, or 26

10300SB1889sam001

1 storage.
2 (Source: P.A. 101-621, eff. 1-1-20; 102-882, eff. 1-1-23;
3 102-1051, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1100, eff. 1-1-23; revised
4 12-14-22.)

5 (225 ILCS 85/9.7 new)

Sec. 9.7. Student pharmacist. Any person who is also 6 7 enrolled in a first professional degree program in pharmacy in 8 a school or college of pharmacy or a department of pharmacy of 9 a university approved by the Department, or has graduated from 10 such a program within the last 18 months, shall be considered a "student pharmacist" and entitled to use the title "student 11 12 pharmacist". A student pharmacist must meet all of the 13 requirements for licensure as a registered pharmacy technician 14 set forth in Section 9, except for the requirement of 15 certification prior to the second license renewal, and pay the required license fees. A student pharmacist may, under the 16 supervision of a pharmacist, assist in the practice of 17 18 pharmacy and perform any and all functions delegated to him or 19 her by the pharmacist.

20 (225 ILCS 85/15.1)
21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
22 Sec. 15.1. Pharmacy working conditions.
23 (a) A pharmacy licensed under this Act shall not require a
24 pharmacist, student pharmacist, or pharmacy technician to work

1 longer than 12 continuous hours per day, inclusive of the 2 breaks required under subsection (b).

(b) A pharmacist who works 6 continuous hours or longer 3 4 per day shall be allowed to take, at a minimum, one 30-minute 5 uninterrupted meal break and one 15-minute break during that 6-hour period. If such pharmacist is required to work 12 6 continuous hours per day, at a minimum, he or she qualifies for 7 an additional 15-minute break. A pharmacist who is entitled to 8 9 take such breaks shall not be required to work more than 5 10 continuous hours, excluding a 15-minute break, before being 11 given the opportunity to take a 30-minute uninterrupted meal break. If the pharmacy has a private break room available, or 12 13 if there is a private break room in the establishment or 14 business in which the pharmacy is located, a pharmacist who is 15 entitled to breaks must be given access to that private break 16 room and allowed to spend his or her break time in that room.

(c) A pharmacy may, but is not required to, close when a 17 18 pharmacist is allowed to take a break under subsection (b). If the pharmacy does not close, the pharmacist shall either 19 20 remain within the licensed pharmacy or within the 21 establishment in which the licensed pharmacy is located in 22 order to be available for emergencies. In addition, the 23 following applies:

(1) pharmacy technicians, student pharmacists, and
 other supportive staff authorized by the pharmacist on
 duty may continue to perform duties as allowed under this

1	Act;
---	------

2 (2) no duties reserved to pharmacists and student 3 pharmacists under this Act, or that require the 4 professional judgment of a pharmacist, may be performed by 5 pharmacy technicians or other supportive staff; and

(3) only prescriptions that have received final 6 7 verification by a pharmacist may be sold dispensed while 8 the pharmacist is on break, except those prescriptions 9 that require counseling by a pharmacist, including all new 10 prescriptions and those refill prescriptions for which a 11 pharmacist has determined that counseling is necessary, may be sold dispensed only if the following conditions are 12 13 met:

(i) the patient or other individual who is picking up the prescription on behalf of the patient is told that the pharmacist is on a break and is offered the chance to wait until the pharmacist returns from break in order to receive counseling;

(ii) if the patient or other individual who is picking up the prescription on behalf of the patient declines to wait, a telephone number at which the patient or other individual who is picking up the prescription on behalf of the patient can be reached is obtained;

(iii) after returning from the break, thepharmacist makes a reasonable effort to contact the

patient or other individual who is picking up the prescription on behalf of the patient and provide counseling; and

4 (iv) the pharmacist documents the counseling that 5 was provided or documents why counseling was not provided after a minimum of 2 attempts, including a 6 description of the efforts made to contact the patient 7 or other individual who is picking up the prescription 8 9 on behalf of the patient; the documentation shall be 10 retained by the pharmacy and made available for inspection by 11 the Board or its authorized 12 representatives for at least 2 years.

13 (c-5) When a pharmacist is not present in the pharmacy, a 14 registered pharmacy technician, registered certified pharmacy 15 technician, student pharmacist, or other supportive staff 16 shall sell prescriptions that have received final verification by a pharmacist. A registered pharmacy technician, registered 17 certified pharmacy technician, student pharmacist, or other 18 supportive staff shall connect a patient to a pharmacist to 19 20 provide counseling by audio or video technology for any 21 prescription that requires counseling by a pharmacist. If the 22 pharmacy does not have audio and video technology to connect the patient or other individual who is picking up the 23 24 prescription on behalf of the patient to a pharmacist to 25 provide counseling, then a telephone number at which the patient or other individual who is picking up the prescription 26

10300SB1889sam001

1 on behalf of the patient can be reached shall be obtained . The pharmacist, upon returning to duty, shall attempt to contact 2 3 the patient or other individual in accordance with items (iii) 4 and (iv) of subsection (c). It shall be the responsibility of 5 the pharmacy and pharmacist-in-charge to ensure that all staff, including supportive staff, are trained in selling 6 pre-verified prescriptions. Training shall include, at a 7 minimum, recordkeeping requirements, patient counseling 8 9 protocols as described in this subsection (c-5), pharmacy 10 safety protocols, and patient privacy standards. The 11 prescription record shall contain the names, initials, or other unique identifier of both the pharmacist who verified 12 13 the prescription and the staff member who sold the 14 prescription.

15 (d) In a pharmacy staffed by 2 or more pharmacists, the 16 pharmacists shall stagger breaks so that at least one 17 pharmacist remains on duty during all times that the pharmacy 18 remains open for the transaction of business.

19 (e) <u>(Blank).</u> A pharmacy shall keep and maintain a complete 20 and accurate record showing its pharmacists' daily break 21 periods.

(f) Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply when an emergency, as deemed by the professional judgment of the pharmacist, necessitates that a pharmacist, student pharmacist, or pharmacy technician work longer than 12 continuous hours, work without taking required meal breaks, or 10300SB1889sam001 -11- LRB103 03306 SPS 59782 a

- 1 have a break interrupted in order to minimize immediate health
- 2 risks for patients.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-621, eff. 1-1-20.)".