



Sen. Karina Villa

**Filed: 3/10/2023**

10300SB1497sam002

LRB103 26129 JDS 58716 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1497

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 1497 by replacing  
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by  
5 changing Sections 1-112, 2-106, and 2-106.1 as follows:

6 (210 ILCS 45/1-112) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4151-112)

7 Sec. 1-112. "Emergency" means a situation, physical  
8 condition, or one or more practices, methods, or operations  
9 which present imminent danger of death or serious physical or  
10 mental harm to residents of a facility and are clinically  
11 documented in the resident's medical record.

12 (Source: P.A. 81-223.)

13 (210 ILCS 45/2-106) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4152-106)

14 Sec. 2-106. Restraints.

15 (a) For purposes of this Act, ~~(i)~~ a physical restraint is

1 any manual method or physical or mechanical device, material,  
2 or equipment attached or adjacent to a resident's body that  
3 the resident cannot remove easily and restricts freedom of  
4 movement or normal access to one's body, and ~~. Devices used for~~  
5 ~~positioning, including but not limited to bed rails, gait~~  
6 ~~belts, and cushions, shall not be considered to be restraints~~  
7 ~~for purposes of this Section; (ii) a chemical restraint is any~~  
8 drug used for discipline or convenience and not required to  
9 treat medical symptoms.

10 Devices used for positioning, including, but not limited  
11 to, bed rails and gait belts, shall not be considered to be  
12 physical restraints for purposes of this Act unless the device  
13 is used to restrain or otherwise limit the patient's freedom  
14 to move. A device used for positioning must be requested by the  
15 resident, the resident's guardian, or the resident's  
16 authorized representative, or the need for that device must be  
17 physically demonstrated by the resident and documented in the  
18 resident's care plan. The physically demonstrated need of the  
19 resident for a device used for positioning must be revisited  
20 in every comprehensive assessment of the resident.

21 The Department shall by rule, designate certain devices as  
22 restraints, including at least all those devices which have  
23 been determined to be restraints by the United States  
24 Department of Health and Human Services in interpretive  
25 guidelines issued for the purposes of administering Titles  
26 XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act.

1           (b) Neither restraints nor confinements shall be employed  
2 for the purpose of punishment or for the convenience of any  
3 facility personnel. No restraints or confinements shall be  
4 employed except as ordered by a physician who documents the  
5 need for such restraints or confinements in the resident's  
6 clinical record.

7           (c) A restraint may be used only with the informed consent  
8 of the resident, the resident's guardian, or other authorized  
9 representative. A restraint may be used only for specific  
10 periods, if it is the least restrictive means necessary to  
11 attain and maintain the resident's highest practicable  
12 physical, mental or psychosocial well-being, including brief  
13 periods of time to provide necessary life-saving treatment. A  
14 restraint may be used only after consultation with appropriate  
15 health professionals, such as occupational or physical  
16 therapists, and a trial of less restrictive measures has led  
17 to the determination that the use of less restrictive measures  
18 would not attain or maintain the resident's highest  
19 practicable physical, mental or psychosocial well-being.  
20 However, if the resident needs emergency care, restraints may  
21 be used for brief periods to permit medical treatment to  
22 proceed unless the facility has notice that the resident has  
23 previously made a valid refusal of the treatment in question.

24           (d) A restraint may be applied only by a person trained in  
25 the application of the particular type of restraint.

26           (e) Whenever a period of use of a restraint is initiated,

1 the resident shall be advised of his or her right to have a  
2 person or organization of his or her choosing, including the  
3 Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, notified of the use of  
4 the restraint. A recipient who is under guardianship may  
5 request that a person or organization of his or her choosing be  
6 notified of the restraint, whether or not the guardian  
7 approves the notice. If the resident so chooses, the facility  
8 shall make the notification within 24 hours, including any  
9 information about the period of time that the restraint is to  
10 be used. Whenever the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission is  
11 notified that a resident has been restrained, it shall contact  
12 the resident to determine the circumstances of the restraint  
13 and whether further action is warranted.

14 (f) Whenever a restraint is used on a resident whose  
15 primary mode of communication is sign language, the resident  
16 shall be permitted to have his or her hands free from restraint  
17 for brief periods each hour, except when this freedom may  
18 result in physical harm to the resident or others.

19 (g) The requirements of this Section are intended to  
20 control in any conflict with the requirements of Sections  
21 1-126 and 2-108 of the Mental Health and Developmental  
22 Disabilities Code.

23 (Source: P.A. 97-135, eff. 7-14-11.)

24 (210 ILCS 45/2-106.1)

25 Sec. 2-106.1. Drug treatment.

1 (a) A resident shall not be given unnecessary drugs. An  
2 unnecessary drug is any drug used in an excessive dose,  
3 including in duplicative therapy; for excessive duration;  
4 without adequate monitoring; without adequate indications for  
5 its use; or in the presence of adverse consequences that  
6 indicate the drugs should be reduced or discontinued. The  
7 Department shall adopt, by rule, the standards for unnecessary  
8 drugs contained in interpretive guidelines issued by the  
9 United States Department of Health and Human Services for the  
10 purposes of administering Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social  
11 Security Act.

12 (b) State laws, regulations, and policies related to  
13 psychotropic medication are intended to ensure psychotropic  
14 medications are used only when the medication is appropriate  
15 to treat a resident's specific, diagnosed, and documented  
16 condition and the medication is beneficial to the resident, as  
17 demonstrated by monitoring and documentation of the resident's  
18 response to the medication.

19 (b-3) Except in the case of an emergency, psychotropic  
20 medication shall not be administered without the informed  
21 consent of the resident or the resident's surrogate decision  
22 maker. Psychotropic medication shall only be given in both  
23 emergency and nonemergency situations if the diagnosis of the  
24 resident supports the benefit of the medication and clinical  
25 documentation in the resident's medical record supports the  
26 benefit of the medication over the contraindications related

1 to other prescribed medications. "Psychotropic medication"  
2 means medication that is used for or listed as used for  
3 psychotropic, antidepressant, antimanic, or antianxiety  
4 behavior modification or behavior management purposes in the  
5 latest editions of the AMA Drug Evaluations or the Physician's  
6 Desk Reference. "Emergency" has the same meaning as in Section  
7 1-112 of the Nursing Home Care Act. A facility shall (i)  
8 document the alleged emergency in detail, including the facts  
9 surrounding the medication's need, and (ii) present this  
10 documentation to the resident and the resident's  
11 representative. The Department shall adopt, by rule, a  
12 protocol specifying how informed consent for psychotropic  
13 medication may be obtained or refused. The protocol shall  
14 require, at a minimum, a discussion between (i) the resident  
15 or the resident's surrogate decision maker and (ii) the  
16 resident's physician, a registered pharmacist, or a licensed  
17 nurse about the possible risks and benefits of a recommended  
18 medication and the use of standardized consent forms  
19 designated by the Department. The protocol shall include  
20 informing the resident, surrogate decision maker, or both of  
21 the existence of a copy of: the resident's care plan; the  
22 facility policies and procedures adopted in compliance with  
23 subsection (b-15) of this Section; and a notification that the  
24 most recent of the resident's care plans and the facility's  
25 policies are available to the resident or surrogate decision  
26 maker upon request. Each form designated or developed by the

1 Department (i) shall be written in plain language, (ii) shall  
2 be able to be downloaded from the Department's official  
3 website or another website designated by the Department, (iii)  
4 shall include information specific to the psychotropic  
5 medication for which consent is being sought, and (iv) shall  
6 be used for every resident for whom psychotropic drugs are  
7 prescribed. The Department shall utilize the rules, protocols,  
8 and forms developed and implemented under the Specialized  
9 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013 in effect on the  
10 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General  
11 Assembly, except to the extent that this Act requires a  
12 different procedure, and except that the maximum possible  
13 period for informed consent shall be until: (1) a change in the  
14 prescription occurs, either as to type of psychotropic  
15 medication or an increase or decrease in dosage, dosage range,  
16 or titration schedule of the prescribed medication that was  
17 not included in the original informed consent; or (2) a  
18 resident's care plan changes. The Department may further amend  
19 the rules after January 1, 2021 pursuant to existing  
20 rulemaking authority. In addition to creating those forms, the  
21 Department shall approve the use of any other informed consent  
22 forms that meet criteria developed by the Department. At the  
23 discretion of the Department, informed consent forms may  
24 include side effects that the Department reasonably believes  
25 are more common, with a direction that more complete  
26 information can be found via a link on the Department's

1 website to third-party websites with more complete  
2 information, such as the United States Food and Drug  
3 Administration's website. The Department or a facility shall  
4 incur no liability for information provided on a consent form  
5 so long as the consent form is substantially accurate based  
6 upon generally accepted medical principles and if the form  
7 includes the website links.

8 Informed consent shall be sought from the resident. For  
9 the purposes of this Section, "surrogate decision maker" means  
10 an individual representing the resident's interests as  
11 permitted by this Section. Informed consent shall be sought by  
12 the resident's guardian of the person if one has been named by  
13 a court of competent jurisdiction. In the absence of a  
14 court-ordered guardian, informed consent shall be sought from  
15 a health care agent under the Illinois Power of Attorney Act  
16 who has authority to give consent. If neither a court-ordered  
17 guardian of the person nor a health care agent under the  
18 Illinois Power of Attorney Act is available and the attending  
19 physician determines that the resident lacks capacity to make  
20 decisions, informed consent shall be sought from the  
21 resident's attorney-in-fact designated under the Mental Health  
22 Treatment Preference Declaration Act, if applicable, or the  
23 resident's representative.

24 In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, a  
25 facility that is found to have violated this subsection, or  
26 the federal certification requirement that informed consent be



1 obtained before administering a psychotropic medication, shall  
2 thereafter be required to obtain the signatures of 2 licensed  
3 health care professionals on every form purporting to give  
4 informed consent for the administration of a psychotropic  
5 medication, certifying the personal knowledge of each health  
6 care professional that the consent was obtained in compliance  
7 with the requirements of this subsection.

8 (b-5) A facility must obtain voluntary informed consent,  
9 in writing, from a resident or the resident's surrogate  
10 decision maker before administering or dispensing a  
11 psychotropic medication to that resident. When informed  
12 consent is not required for a change in dosage, the facility  
13 shall note in the resident's file that the resident was  
14 informed of the dosage change prior to the administration of  
15 the medication or that verbal, written, or electronic notice  
16 has been communicated to the resident's surrogate decision  
17 maker that a change in dosage has occurred.

18 (b-10) No facility shall deny continued residency to a  
19 person on the basis of the person's or resident's, or the  
20 person's or resident's surrogate decision maker's, refusal of  
21 the administration of psychotropic medication, unless the  
22 facility can demonstrate that the resident's refusal would  
23 place the health and safety of the resident, the facility  
24 staff, other residents, or visitors at risk.

25 A facility that alleges that the resident's refusal to  
26 consent to the administration of psychotropic medication will

1 place the health and safety of the resident, the facility  
2 staff, other residents, or visitors at risk must: (1) document  
3 the alleged risk in detail; (2) present this documentation to  
4 the resident or the resident's surrogate decision maker, to  
5 the Department, and to the Office of the State Long Term Care  
6 Ombudsman; and (3) inform the resident or his or her surrogate  
7 decision maker of his or her right to appeal to the Department.  
8 The documentation of the alleged risk shall include a  
9 description of all nonpharmacological or alternative care  
10 options attempted and why they were unsuccessful.

11 (b-15) Within 100 days after the effective date of any  
12 rules adopted by the Department under subsection (b-3) ~~(b)~~ of  
13 this Section, all facilities shall implement written policies  
14 and procedures for compliance with this Section. When the  
15 Department conducts its annual survey of a facility, the  
16 surveyor may review these written policies and procedures and  
17 either:

18 (1) give written notice to the facility that the  
19 policies or procedures are sufficient to demonstrate the  
20 facility's intent to comply with this Section; or

21 (2) provide written notice to the facility that the  
22 proposed policies and procedures are deficient, identify  
23 the areas that are deficient, and provide 30 days for the  
24 facility to submit amended policies and procedures that  
25 demonstrate its intent to comply with this Section.

26 A facility's failure to submit the documentation required

1 under this subsection is sufficient to demonstrate its intent  
2 to not comply with this Section and shall be grounds for review  
3 by the Department.

4 All facilities must provide training and education on the  
5 requirements of this Section to all personnel involved in  
6 providing care to residents and train and educate such  
7 personnel on the methods and procedures to effectively  
8 implement the facility's policies. Training and education  
9 provided under this Section must be documented in each  
10 personnel file.

11 (b-20) Upon the receipt of a report of any violation of  
12 this Section, the Department shall investigate and, upon  
13 finding sufficient evidence of a violation of this Section,  
14 may proceed with disciplinary action against the licensee of  
15 the facility. In any administrative disciplinary action under  
16 this subsection, the Department shall have the discretion to  
17 determine the gravity of the violation and, taking into  
18 account mitigating and aggravating circumstances and facts,  
19 may adjust the disciplinary action accordingly.

20 (b-25) A violation of informed consent that, for an  
21 individual resident, lasts for 7 days or more under this  
22 Section is, at a minimum, a Type "B" violation. A second  
23 violation of informed consent within a year from a previous  
24 violation in the same facility regardless of the duration of  
25 the second violation is, at a minimum, a Type "B" violation.

26 (b-30) Any violation of this Section by a facility may be

1 enforced by an action brought by the Department in the name of  
2 the People of Illinois for injunctive relief, civil penalties,  
3 or both injunctive relief and civil penalties. The Department  
4 may initiate the action upon its own complaint or the  
5 complaint of any other interested party.

6 (b-35) Any resident who has been administered a  
7 psychotropic medication in violation of this Section may bring  
8 an action for injunctive relief, civil damages, and costs and  
9 attorney's fees against any facility responsible for the  
10 violation.

11 (b-40) An action under this Section must be filed within 2  
12 years of either the date of discovery of the violation that  
13 gave rise to the claim or the last date of an instance of a  
14 noncompliant administration of psychotropic medication to the  
15 resident, whichever is later.

16 (b-45) A facility subject to action under this Section  
17 shall be liable for damages of up to \$500 for each day after  
18 discovery of a violation that the facility violates the  
19 requirements of this Section.

20 (b-55) The rights provided for in this Section are  
21 cumulative to existing resident rights. No part of this  
22 Section shall be interpreted as abridging, abrogating, or  
23 otherwise diminishing existing resident rights or causes of  
24 action at law or equity.

25 (c) The requirements of this Section are intended to  
26 control in a conflict with the requirements of Sections 2-102

1 and 2-107.2 of the Mental Health and Developmental  
2 Disabilities Code with respect to the administration of  
3 psychotropic medication.

4 (d) In this Section only, "licensed nurse" means an  
5 advanced practice registered nurse, a registered nurse, or a  
6 licensed practical nurse.

7 (Source: P.A. 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 102-646, eff. 8-27-21.)".