



Rep. Jay Hoffman

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 805

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 805, AS AMENDED,
3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6 Master Development Plan Recognition Act.

7 Section 5. Legislative purpose. In 1979, the General
8 Assembly passed legislation creating the Department of
9 Commerce and Community Affairs as the primary State agency
10 responsible for the State's economic competitiveness. In 2003,
11 the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs was renamed
12 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. To date,
13 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity has
14 continued the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs'
15 mission of economic growth. To that end, the Department of
16 Commerce and Economic Opportunity administers many programs

1 that, as a whole, comprise a master development plan designed
2 to facilitate economic and community revitalization throughout
3 the State. In addition, the State has established and
4 supported other financial assistance programs that promote
5 economic growth consistent with a master development plan. The
6 purpose of this Act is to define those actions taken by the
7 State or its political subdivisions that constitute
8 contributions made by a governmental entity pursuant to a
9 master development plan approved by the governmental entity
10 for purposes of Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code of
11 1986.

12 Section 10. Eligible contributions. Contributions made by
13 a governmental entity pursuant to a master development plan
14 approved by the governmental entity within the meaning of
15 Section 118 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 include, but
16 are not limited to, the following:

17 (1) grants approved by the Department of Commerce and
18 Economic Opportunity, or by any other agency of, or entity
19 created by, the State of Illinois, regardless of whether
20 the grants are also approved by any other agency, board,
21 or other office of State government, and regardless of
22 when the funding in connection with the grant is
23 authorized or paid;

24 (2) grants approved by an authorized representative of
25 any county or municipality within the State, or any agency

1 of, or entity created by, the county or municipality,
2 whether the funding for the grants originates in whole or
3 in part with the State or with the county or municipality,
4 and regardless of when the funding in connection with the
5 grant is authorized or paid;

6 (3) tax increment financing applications for which a
7 letter, or final, preliminary, or conditional approval,
8 has been issued by an appropriate representative of State,
9 county, or municipal government, and regardless of when
10 the funding in connection with the tax increment financing
11 application is authorized or paid; and

12 (4) any other financing provided pursuant to a
13 development plan, redevelopment plan, revitalization plan,
14 or similar plan approved by an appropriate representative
15 of State, county, or municipal government, and regardless
16 of when the funding in connection with the plan is
17 authorized or paid.

18 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
19 changing Section 203 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

21 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

22 (a) Individuals.

23 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
24 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted

1 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
2 (2).

3 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
4 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
5 the sum of the following amounts:

6 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
7 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
8 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
9 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
10 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
11 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
12 Code;

13 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
14 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
15 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
16 taxable year;

17 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
18 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
19 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
20 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
21 for which a deduction was previously taken under
22 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
23 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
24 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
25 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
26 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that

1 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
2 which is attributable to such principal residence;

3 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
4 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
5 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
6 computation of adjusted gross income;

7 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
8 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
9 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
10 medical care savings account and the interest earned
11 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
12 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
13 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
14 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
15 2000;

16 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
17 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
18 costs that the individual deducted in computing
19 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
20 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

21 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which a
9 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
10 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
11 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
12 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the
23 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
7 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
8 extent that dividends were included in base income of
9 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
10 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
11 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
12 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
13 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
14 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
16 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
17 incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
17 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
18 and terms and the principal purpose for the
19 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
20 or

21 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
25 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
26 to the application or use of an alternative method

1 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
3 Director from making any other adjustment
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
5 for any tax year beginning after the effective
6 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
7 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
8 Department and such regulations provide methods
9 and standards by which the Department will utilize
10 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
12 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
13 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
16 foreign person who would be a member of the same
17 unitary business group but for the fact that the
18 foreign person's business activity outside the United
19 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
20 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
22 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
23 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
24 from being included in the unitary business group
25 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
26 business income under different subsections of Section

1 304. The addition modification required by this
2 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
3 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
4 group for the same taxable year and received by the
5 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
6 business group (including amounts included in gross
7 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
9 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
10 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
11 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
12 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
13 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
14 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
15 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
16 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
17 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
18 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
19 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
20 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
21 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
23 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
24 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
25 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
26 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,

1 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
2 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
3 similar types of intangible assets.

4 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such item; or

12 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person during the same taxable
18 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 intangible expense or cost between the
23 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
24 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1 or

2 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
7 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
8 writing to the application or use of an
9 alternative method of apportionment under Section
10 304(f);

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
12 Director from making any other adjustment
13 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
14 for any tax year beginning after the effective
15 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
16 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
17 Department and such regulations provide methods
18 and standards by which the Department will utilize
19 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

20 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
22 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
23 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
5 addition modification required by this subparagraph
6 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
7 included in base income of the unitary group for the
8 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
10 (including amounts included in gross income under
11 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
12 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
13 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
14 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
15 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
16 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
17 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
18 the addition modification required under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
20 Act;

21 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
23 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
24 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
26 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the

1 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
2 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
3 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
4 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
6 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
8 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
9 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
10 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
11 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
12 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
13 adopts and determines that its offering materials
14 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
15 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
16 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
17 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
18 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
19 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
20 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
21 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
22 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
23 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

24 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
25 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
26 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term

1 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
2 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
3 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
4 participants in its offering materials or makes a
5 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
6 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
7 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
8 out-of-state program distributes its offering
9 materials;

10 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
12 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
14 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
15 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
16 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
17 of the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
22 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
23 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
24 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys

1 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
2 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
3 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
4 State to an ABLE account established under an
5 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
6 the contribution component of the transferred amount
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(Y) or subsection (a)(2)(HH) of this
9 Section;

10 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
12 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
13 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
15 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
16 education institution, an amount equal to the
17 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
18 or refund that was previously deducted from base
19 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
20 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
21 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
22 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
23 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
24 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
25 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
26 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
2 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
3 or refund that was previously deducted from base
4 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
5 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
6 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
7 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
8 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
9 amount equal to the contribution component of the
10 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
11 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
12 of this Section;

13 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
19 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 for the taxable year;

21 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
22 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
23 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

24 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
25 following amounts:

26 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,

1 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
2 any compensation (including but not limited to any
3 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
4 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
5 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
6 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
7 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
8 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
9 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
10 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
11 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
12 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
13 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
14 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
15 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
17 in respect of any compensation (including but not
18 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
19 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
20 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
21 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
22 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
23 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
24 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
25 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
26 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the

1 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
3 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
4 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250;

6 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
7 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
8 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
9 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
10 total as distributions under the provisions of any
11 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
12 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
13 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
14 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
15 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
16 adopted pursuant thereto;

17 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

18 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
19 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
20 and included in such total for the taxable year;

21 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
22 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
23 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
24 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
25 computation of taxable income;

26 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total which were paid by a corporation which
2 conducts business operations in a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
5 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
9 such total that were paid by a corporation that
10 conducts business operations in a federally designated
11 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
12 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
13 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
14 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
15 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
16 this subparagraph (K);

17 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
18 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
19 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
20 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code;

22 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
23 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
24 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
25 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
26 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and

1 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
3 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
4 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
6 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
7 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
9 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
11 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
12 250;

13 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
14 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
15 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
16 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
17 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
18 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
19 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
20 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
21 net of bond premium amortization;

22 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
24 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
26 used to compute the federal income tax credit for

1 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
2 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
4 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
5 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
6 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

7 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
8 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
9 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
10 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
11 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
12 illness;

13 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
14 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

15 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
17 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
18 medical care savings account established under the
19 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
20 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
21 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
22 as provided in that Act;

23 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
24 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
25 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
26 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act

1 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
2 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
3 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

4 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
5 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
6 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
7 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
8 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
9 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

10 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
12 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
13 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
14 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
15 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
16 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
17 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
18 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
19 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
21 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
22 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
23 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
24 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
25 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
26 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health

1 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
2 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
3 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
4 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
5 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
6 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
7 times a number that represents the fractional
8 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
9 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
10 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

11 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
13 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
14 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
15 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
18 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
19 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
20 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
21 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
22 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
23 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
24 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
25 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
26 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,

1 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
2 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
3 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
4 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
5 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
6 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
7 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
8 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
9 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
10 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
11 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
12 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
13 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
14 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
15 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
16 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
17 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
18 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
19 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
20 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
21 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
22 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
26 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a

1 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
2 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
3 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
5 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
6 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
7 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
8 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
10 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
11 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
13 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
14 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
15 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
16 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
17 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
3 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
4 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
5 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

6 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
7 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
8 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December
11 31, 2005:

12 (i) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
16 by 0.429);

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 1.0;

21 (iii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
24 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
25 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
26 on that property if the taxpayer had made the

1 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
3 depreciation on that property; and

4 (iv) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
6 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
7 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
8 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
9 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
10 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
11 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
12 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
13 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
19 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
20 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
26 an amount equal to that addition modification.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
4 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
5 required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
9 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
10 one piece of property.

11 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
14 other than salary, received by a driver in a
15 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

16 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
17 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
18 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
19 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
20 modification with respect to such transaction under
21 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
22 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
23 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
24 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
25 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
26 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer

1 that is required to make an addition modification with
2 respect to such transaction under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
4 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
5 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
8 into account for the taxable year (net of the
9 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
12 for the fact that the foreign person's business
13 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
14 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
22 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
23 made for the same taxable year under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
26 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions

1 of Section 250;

2 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
3 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
4 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
5 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
7 for the fact that the foreign person's business
8 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
9 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
17 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
18 made for the same taxable year under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
21 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
22 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
24 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
25 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
26 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State

1 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250;

3 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
5 add back any insurance premiums under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
7 that part of a reimbursement received from the
8 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
9 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
10 company) that would have been taken into account as a
11 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
12 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
13 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
14 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
15 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
16 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
17 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
21 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
22 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
23 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
24 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
25 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
26 be considered moneys contributed under this

1 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
2 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
3 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
4 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;
5 and

6 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
7 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
8 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
9 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
11 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
12 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
13 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
14 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (b) Corporations.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
24 received from regulated investment companies during
25 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross

1 income in the computation of taxable income;

2 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
3 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
4 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
5 year;

6 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
7 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
8 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
9 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
10 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
12 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
14 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
15 law and is not a new enactment);

16 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
17 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
18 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
19 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

20 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
21 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
22 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
23 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
24 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
25 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
26 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded

1 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
2 year, with the following limitations applied in the
3 order that they are listed:

4 (i) the addition modification relating to the
5 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
6 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
7 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
8 of addition modification under this subparagraph
9 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
10 which was taken into account in calculating the
11 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

12 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
13 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
14 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
15 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
16 such carryback or carryforward;

17 For taxable years in which there is a net
18 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
19 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
20 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
21 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
22 computed independently under the preceding provisions
23 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

24 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
25 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
26 costs that the corporation deducted in computing

1 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
2 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

3 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
11 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under
14 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
18 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
19 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
20 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the
5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
6 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
24 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
25 accrued, or incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
6 from being included in the unitary business group
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
8 business income under different subsections of Section
9 304. The addition modification required by this
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
14 business group (including amounts included in gross
15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

1 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
2 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
6 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
8 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
9 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
11 similar types of intangible assets.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
4 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
13 addition modification required by this subparagraph
14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
15 included in base income of the unitary group for the
16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
18 (including amounts included in gross income under
19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
23 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
2 Act;

3 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
5 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
6 to a real estate investment trust under Section
7 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
8 dividends paid;

9 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
18 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
19 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
20 Code for the taxable year;

21 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
22 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
23 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
24 Code for the taxable year;

25 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
26 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed

1 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

3 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
4 following amounts:

5 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
9 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
11 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
12 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
13 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
14 for the taxable year;

15 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
16 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
18 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
19 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
21 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
22 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
24 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
25 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
26 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,

1 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
2 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
3 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
4 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
6 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
7 Section 807(a) (2) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
8 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
9 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
10 Section 807(b) (1) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
11 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
12 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
13 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
17 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
18 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
19 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
20 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
21 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
22 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
23 net of bond premium amortization;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total which were paid by a corporation which
26 conducts business operations in a River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
2 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
3 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
5 the provisions of Section 250;

6 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total that were paid by a corporation that
8 conducts business operations in a federally designated
9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
12 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
14 this subparagraph (L);

15 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
16 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
17 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
18 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
19 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
20 property which is eligible for the River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
22 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
23 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
24 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
25 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
26 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)

1 investment credit property which secures the loan or
2 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
3 such property on the date that it was placed in service
4 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
5 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
6 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
7 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
8 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
9 calculated under the previous sentence. This
10 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
13 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
14 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
15 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
16 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
17 property which is eligible for the High Impact
18 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
19 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
20 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
21 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
22 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
23 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
24 investment credit property which secures the loan or
25 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
26 such property on the date that it was placed in service

1 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
2 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
3 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
4 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
5 eligible for the deduction provided under this
6 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
7 available to taxpayers in any year under this
8 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
9 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
10 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
11 under the previous sentence;

12 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
13 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
14 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
15 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
16 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
17 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
18 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
19 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
20 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
21 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
24 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
25 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
26 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986

1 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
2 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
3 income and received from a corporation that is not
4 created or organized under the laws of the United
5 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
6 including, for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
8 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
9 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
10 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
11 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
12 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
14 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
15 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
16 included in taxable income and received, including,
17 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
18 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
19 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
22 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
23 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
24 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
25 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
26 affiliated group which includes the dividend

1 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
2 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
3 this subsection (b) which is related to such
4 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
5 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
6 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
7 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
8 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
9 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
10 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250 of this Act;

13 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
14 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
15 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

16 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
22 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
23 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
24 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
25 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
26 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or

1 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
2 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
3 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
4 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
6 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
10 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
11 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
12 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
13 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
14 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
15 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

24 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

1 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
2 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
3 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
4 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

5 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
6 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
7 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (3) for taxable years ending after December
10 31, 2005:

11 (i) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
15 by 0.429);

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 1.0;

20 (iii) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
23 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
24 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
25 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
26 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
2 depreciation on that property; and

3 (iv) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
5 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
6 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
7 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
8 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
9 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
10 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
11 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
12 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which a
2 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
3 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
4 required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
9 one piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
15 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
23 that is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

1 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
2 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
3 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
4 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
5 an addition modification with respect to such
6 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
7 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
9 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
12 into account for the taxable year (net of the
13 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
4 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
8 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
3 add back any insurance premiums under Section
4 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
5 that part of a reimbursement received from the
6 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
7 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
8 company) that would have been taken into account as a
9 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
10 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
11 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
12 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
13 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
14 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
15 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250; ~~and~~

17 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
18 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
19 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
20 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
21 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
23 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250; and -

25 (AA) For taxable years ending on or after December
26 31, 2023, any contribution to the capital of the

1 taxpayer from the Department of Commerce and Economic
2 Opportunity or any other agency or political
3 subdivision of the State that is made pursuant to a
4 master development plan, as defined in the Master
5 Development Plan Recognition Act, and that is included
6 in the taxpayer's federal taxable income for the
7 taxable year under Section 118 of the Internal Revenue
8 Code; this subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250.

10 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
11 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
12 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
13 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
14 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
15 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
16 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
17 Section 803(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

18 (c) Trusts and estates.

19 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
20 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
21 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

22 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
23 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
24 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
25 following amounts:

1 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
2 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
3 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
4 in the computation of taxable income;

5 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
6 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
7 required to distribute all of its income currently,
8 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
9 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
10 the computation of taxable income;

11 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
13 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
14 year;

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
20 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
21 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
22 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
23 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
24 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
25 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
26 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with

1 the following limitations applied in the order that
2 they are listed:

3 (i) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
7 of addition modification under this subparagraph
8 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
9 which was taken into account in calculating the
10 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

11 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
15 such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net
17 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
18 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
19 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
20 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
21 computed independently under the preceding provisions
22 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

23 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
24 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
25 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
26 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes

1 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
2 of this Act;

3 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
4 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
5 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
6 computation of taxable income;

7 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
9 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
10 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
11 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
12 201;

13 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code; and

18 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
23 deductions taken in all taxable years under
24 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which a

1 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
2 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
3 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
4 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
5 equal to that subtraction modification.

6 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
7 modification under this subparagraph only once with
8 respect to any one piece of property;

9 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the same unitary business group but for the
15 fact that the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

1 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
4 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
5 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
6 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
8 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
9 accrued, or incurred.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
13 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
14 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
15 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
16 with respect to such interest; or

17 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
19 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
20 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person, during the same taxable
23 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
24 to a person that is not a related member, and

25 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
26 interest expense between the taxpayer and the

1 person did not have as a principal purpose the
2 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
3 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
4 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
5 terms; or

6 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
7 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
8 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
9 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
10 and terms and the principal purpose for the
11 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
12 or

13 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
17 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
18 to the application or use of an alternative method
19 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
23 for any tax year beginning after the effective
24 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
25 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
26 Department and such regulations provide methods

1 and standards by which the Department will utilize
2 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
4 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
5 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
8 foreign person who would be a member of the same
9 unitary business group but for the fact that the
10 foreign person's business activity outside the United
11 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
12 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
14 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
15 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
16 from being included in the unitary business group
17 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
18 business income under different subsections of Section
19 304. The addition modification required by this
20 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
21 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
22 group for the same taxable year and received by the
23 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
24 business group (including amounts included in gross
25 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross

1 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
2 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
3 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
4 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
5 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
6 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
8 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
9 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
10 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
11 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
12 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
13 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
15 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
16 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
17 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
18 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
19 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
20 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
21 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

22 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

23 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such item; or

4 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
7 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person during the same taxable
10 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
12 not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 intangible expense or cost between the
15 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
16 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
17 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
18 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
19 or

20 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
24 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
25 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
26 writing to the application or use of an

1 alternative method of apportionment under Section
2 304(f);

3 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
4 Director from making any other adjustment
5 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
6 for any tax year beginning after the effective
7 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
8 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
9 Department and such regulations provide methods
10 and standards by which the Department will utilize
11 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

12 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
14 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
15 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
17 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
18 business group but for the fact that the person is
19 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
20 included in the unitary business group because he or
21 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
22 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
23 addition modification required by this subparagraph
24 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
25 included in base income of the unitary group for the
26 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
2 (including amounts included in gross income under
3 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
4 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
5 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
6 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
7 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
8 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
9 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
10 the addition modification required under Section
11 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
12 Act;

13 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
19 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 for the taxable year;

21 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
22 following amounts:

23 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
25 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
26 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total

1 as distributions under the provisions of any
2 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
3 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
4 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
5 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
6 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
7 adopted pursuant thereto;

8 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

9 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
10 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
11 and included in such total for the taxable year;

12 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
13 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
14 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
15 taxation by this State either by reason of its
16 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
17 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
18 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
19 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
20 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
21 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
22 premium amortization;

23 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
5 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
7 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
8 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
10 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
11 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
19 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
20 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
21 the provisions of Section 250;

22 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
24 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
3 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (O);

8 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
14 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
15 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
16 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
17 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
18 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
19 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
20 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
21 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
22 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
23 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
24 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
25 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
26 during, and immediately after World War II, including,

1 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
2 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
3 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
4 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
5 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
6 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
7 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
8 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
9 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
10 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
11 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
12 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
13 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
14 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
15 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
16 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
17 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
18 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
6 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
17 by 0.429);

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0;

22 (iii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
25 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
26 depreciation deduction that would be allowed

1 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
2 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
4 depreciation on that property; and

5 (iv) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
7 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
8 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
9 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
10 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
11 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
12 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
13 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
14 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which a
4 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
5 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
6 required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
10 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
11 one piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
17 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
25 that is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
4 from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
10 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
4 for the fact that the foreign person's business
5 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
6 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
14 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
15 made for the same taxable year under Section
16 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
18 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
21 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
22 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
24 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
25 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
26 from Section 250;

1 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
2 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
3 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
4 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
12 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
16 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
17 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
18 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
19 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
20 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250; and

22 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
23 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
24 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
25 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code.

1 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
2 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
3 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
4 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
5 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
6 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
7 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

8 (d) Partnerships.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
13 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
14 of the following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
21 the taxable year;

22 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
23 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
25 income;

1 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
2 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
3 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
4 computation of taxable income;

5 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
6 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
7 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
8 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
11 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
12 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
13 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
14 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
15 deductions taken in all taxable years under
16 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which a
19 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
20 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
21 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
22 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
23 equal to that subtraction modification.

24 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
25 modification under this subparagraph only once with
26 respect to any one piece of property;

1 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
2 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
3 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the same unitary business group but for the
7 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
8 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
17 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
18 extent that dividends were included in base income of
19 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
20 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
21 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
22 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
23 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
24 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
26 the same person to whom the interest was paid,

1 accrued, or incurred.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
5 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
6 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
7 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
8 with respect to such interest; or

9 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
12 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person, during the same taxable
15 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
16 to a person that is not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
19 person did not have as a principal purpose the
20 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
21 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
22 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
23 terms; or

24 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
25 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
26 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract

1 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
2 and terms and the principal purpose for the
3 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
4 or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
15 for any tax year beginning after the effective
16 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
17 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
18 Department and such regulations provide methods
19 and standards by which the Department will utilize
20 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

21 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
2 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
3 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
4 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
5 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
7 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
8 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
9 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
10 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
11 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
12 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
13 similar types of intangible assets;

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an
19 alternative method of apportionment under Section
20 304(f);

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
24 for any tax year beginning after the effective
25 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
26 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the

1 Department and such regulations provide methods
2 and standards by which the Department will utilize
3 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

4 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
6 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
7 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
15 addition modification required by this subparagraph
16 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
17 included in base income of the unitary group for the
18 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
20 (including amounts included in gross income under
21 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
23 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
24 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
25 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
26 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the

1 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
2 the addition modification required under Section
3 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

4 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
5 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
6 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
10 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 for the taxable year;

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
13 amounts:

14 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

15 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
16 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
17 and included in such total for the taxable year;

18 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
20 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
21 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
22 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
23 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
24 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
25 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
26 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest

1 net of bond premium amortization;

2 (H) Any income of the partnership which
3 constitutes personal service income as defined in
4 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
5 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
6 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
7 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
8 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
11 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
12 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
13 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
14 including amounts distributable to organizations
15 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
16 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
17 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
19 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
20 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
21 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
23 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
25 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
26 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
2 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
3 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
5 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
6 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
7 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
8 250;

9 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
14 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
16 the provisions of Section 250;

17 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
18 job training project established pursuant to the Real
19 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

20 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total that were paid by a corporation that
22 conducts business operations in a federally designated
23 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
24 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
25 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
26 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

1 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
2 this subparagraph (M);

3 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

14 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
15 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
17 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
18 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
20 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

21 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
22 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
23 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December
26 31, 2005:

1 (i) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
5 by 0.429);

6 (ii) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 1.0;

10 (iii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
13 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
14 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
15 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
16 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
18 depreciation on that property; and

19 (iv) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
21 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
22 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
23 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
24 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
25 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
26 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the

1 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
2 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

3 The aggregate amount deducted under this
4 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
8 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
12 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which a
18 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
19 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
20 required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
24 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
25 one piece of property.

26 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
3 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
4 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
5 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
6 modification with respect to such transaction under
7 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
8 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
9 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
10 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
11 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
12 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
13 that is required to make an addition modification with
14 respect to such transaction under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
16 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
17 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
18 from Section 250;

19 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
20 into account for the taxable year (net of the
21 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
24 for the fact that the foreign person's business
25 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
26 that person's total business activity and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
8 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
9 made for the same taxable year under Section
10 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
12 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

13 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
18 for the fact that the foreign person's business
19 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
20 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
2 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
3 made for the same taxable year under Section
4 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
5 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
6 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
7 Section 250; and

8 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
10 add back any insurance premiums under Section
11 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
12 that part of a reimbursement received from the
13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
14 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
15 company) that would have been taken into account as a
16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
18 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
19 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
20 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
21 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
22 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250.

24 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

25 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph

1 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
2 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
3 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
4 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
5 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
6 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
7 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
8 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
10 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
11 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
12 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
13 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
14 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
15 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
16 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
17 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
19 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
20 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
21 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
22 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
23 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
24 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
25 addition modification must be made under those
26 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the

1 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
2 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
3 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
4 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code.

6 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
7 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
8 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

9 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
10 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
11 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
12 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
13 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
14 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
17 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
18 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 insurance company taxable income;

20 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
21 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
22 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
23 investment company taxable income;

24 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
25 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
26 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 real estate investment trust taxable income;

2 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
3 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
4 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
5 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
6 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
7 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
8 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
9 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
10 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
11 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
12 determined as if the election provided by Section
13 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
14 effect for all such years;

15 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
16 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
17 organization determined in accordance with the
18 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
20 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
21 activities against income from nonpatronage
22 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
23 association may make an election to follow its federal
24 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
25 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
26 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over

1 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
2 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
3 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
4 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
5 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
6 effective for all taxable years with original returns
7 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
8 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
9 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
10 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
11 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
12 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
13 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
14 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
15 requirements for documenting the elections and any
16 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
17 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
18 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
19 existing law;

20 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
21 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
22 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
23 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
24 of such corporation determined in accordance with
25 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
26 that taxable income shall take into account those

1 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
3 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
4 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
5 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
6 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
7 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
8 such corporation determined in accordance with the
9 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
10 1982; and

11 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
12 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
13 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
14 income shall take into account those items which are
15 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
16 but which would be taken into account by an individual
17 in calculating his taxable income.

18 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
19 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
20 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
21 business has been classified as business income and in a
22 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
23 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
24 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
25 related to that asset or business that generated the
26 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as

1 business income in the year of the disposition of the
2 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
3 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
4 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
5 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
6 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
7 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
8 preceding taxable years.

9 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

10 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
11 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
12 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

13 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
14 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
15 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
17 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
18 plus

19 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
20 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
21 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
22 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
23 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
24 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
25 of such gain included in the amount determined under

1 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H) .

2 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

3 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
4 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
5 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
6 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
7 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
8 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
9 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
10 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
11 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
12 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
13 such property.

14 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
15 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
16 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
17 amount for such property is that amount which bears
18 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
19 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
20 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
21 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
22 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
23 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
24 period for the property.

25 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
26 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the

1 purposes of this paragraph.

2 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
3 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
4 to be deducted more than once.

5 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
6 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
7 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
8 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
9 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
10 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
11 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
12 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
13 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

14 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
15 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-658, eff.
16 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)

17 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
18 becoming law.".