103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB0313

Introduced 2/2/2023, by Sen. Laura M. Murphy

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

 30 ILCS 805/8.47 new

 625 ILCS 5/1-105.2

 625 ILCS 5/3-400
 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-400

 625 ILCS 5/11-208
 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208

 625 ILCS 5/11-208.3
 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3

 625 ILCS 5/11-208.8
 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3

 625 ILCS 5/11-208.6
 rep.

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Repeals a Section providing authority to local governments to use automated traffic law enforcement systems at intersections in which cameras are used to photograph or video record a motor vehicle's failure to stop and yield as required by traffic control signals. Imposes limits on the power of local governments to use automated speed enforcement systems to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the purpose of recording its speed. Denies home rule powers. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement from the State. Makes conforming and other changes.

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AN ACT concerning transportation.

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2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding 5 Section 8.47 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 805/8.47 new)

Sec. 8.47. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and
 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for
 9 the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory
 10 Act of the 103rd General Assembly.

Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 1-105.2, 3-400, 11-208, 11-208.3, and 13 11-208.8 as follows:

14 (625 ILCS 5/1-105.2)

Sec. 1-105.2. Automated traffic law violation. A violation described in Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 of this Code.

18 (Source: P.A. 98-556, eff. 1-1-14.)

19 (625 ILCS 5/3-400) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-400)

20 Sec. 3-400. Definitions. Notwithstanding the definitions

1 set forth in Chapter 1 of this Act, for the purposes of this
2 Article, the following words shall have the meaning ascribed
3 to them as follows:

4 "Apportionable Fee" means any periodic recurring fee
5 required for licensing or registering vehicles, such as, but
6 not limited to, registration fees, license, or weight fees.

7 "Apportionable Vehicle" means any vehicle, except 8 recreational vehicles, vehicles displaying restricted plates, 9 city pickup and delivery vehicles, buses used in 10 transportation of chartered parties, and government owned 11 vehicles that are used or intended for use in 2 or more member 12 jurisdictions that allocate or proportionally register vehicles, in a fleet which is used for the transportation of 13 14 persons for hire or the transportation of property and which 15 has a gross vehicle weight in excess of 26,000 pounds; or has 3 16 three or more axles regardless of weight; or is used in 17 combination when the weight of such combination exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight. Vehicles, or combinations having 18 a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or less and 2-axle 19 20 two-axle vehicles may be proportionally registered at the option of such owner. 21

22 "Base Jurisdiction" means, for purposes of fleet 23 registration, the jurisdiction where the registrant has an established place of business, where operational records of 24 25 the fleet are maintained and where mileage is accrued by the 26 fleet. In case a registrant operates more than one fleet, and

1 maintains records for each fleet in different places, the 2 "base jurisdiction" for a fleet shall be the jurisdiction 3 where an established place of business is maintained, where 4 records of the operation of that fleet are maintained and 5 where mileage is accrued by that fleet.

6 "Operational Records" means documents supporting miles 7 traveled in each jurisdiction and total miles traveled, such 8 as fuel reports, trip leases, and logs.

9 "Owner" means a person who holds legal title of a motor 10 vehicle, or in the event a motor vehicle is the subject of an 11 agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the 12 right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in 13 the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee with right of purchase, or 14 15 in the event a mortgagor of such motor vehicle is entitled to 16 possession, or in the event a lessee of such motor vehicle is 17 entitled to possession or control, then such conditional vendee or lessee with right of purchase or mortgagor or lessee 18 is considered to be the owner for the purpose of this Act. 19

20 "Registration plate or digital registration plate cover" any tinted, colored, painted, marked, clear, 21 means or 22 illuminated object that is designed to (i) cover any of the 23 characters of a motor vehicle's registration plate or digital registration plate; or (ii) distort a recorded image of any of 24 25 the characters of a motor vehicle's registration plate or 26 digital registration plate recorded by an automated

enforcement system as defined in Section 11-208.6, 11-208.8, or 11-1201.1 of this Code or recorded by an automated traffic control system as defined in Section 15 of the Automated Traffic Control Systems in Highway Construction or Maintenance Zones Act.

6 "Rental Owner" means an owner principally engaged, with 7 respect to one or more rental fleets, in renting to others or 8 offering for rental the vehicles of such fleets, without 9 drivers.

10 "Restricted Plates" shall include, but is not limited to, 11 dealer, manufacturer, transporter, farm, repossessor, and 12 permanently mounted type plates. Vehicles displaying any of 13 these type plates from a foreign jurisdiction that is a member 14 of the International Registration Plan shall be granted 15 reciprocity but shall be subject to the same limitations as 16 similar plated Illinois registered vehicles.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-395, eff. 8-16-19.)

18 (625 ILCS 5/11-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208)

19 Sec. 11-208. Powers of local authorities.

(a) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to
prevent local authorities with respect to streets and highways
under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of
the police power from:

Regulating the standing or parking of vehicles,
 except as limited by Sections 11-1306 and 11-1307 of this

1 Act; 2 2. Regulating traffic by means of police officers or traffic control signals; 3 3. Regulating or prohibiting processions 4 or 5 assemblages on the highways; and certifying persons to control traffic for processions or assemblages; 6 4. Designating particular highways as one-way highways 7

and requiring that all vehicles thereon be moved in one specific direction;

5. Regulating the speed of vehicles in public parks subject to the limitations set forth in Section 11-604;

6. Designating any highway as a through highway, as authorized in Section 11-302, and requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the same or designating any intersection as a stop intersection or a yield right-of-way intersection and requiring all vehicles to stop or yield the right-of-way at one or more entrances to such intersections;

19 7. Restricting the use of highways as authorized in20 Chapter 15;

8. Regulating the operation of mobile carrying devices, bicycles, low-speed electric bicycles, and low-speed gas bicycles, and requiring the registration and licensing of same, including the requirement of a registration fee;

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9. Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles

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or specified types of vehicles at intersections;

Altering the speed limits as authorized in Section
 11-604;

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11. Prohibiting U-turns;

12. Prohibiting pedestrian crossings at other than designated and marked crosswalks or at intersections;

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13. Prohibiting parking during snow removal operation;

8 14. Imposing fines in accordance with Section 9 11-1301.3 as penalties for use of any parking place 10 reserved for persons with disabilities, as defined by 11 Section 1-159.1, or veterans with disabilities by any 12 person using a motor vehicle not bearing registration 13 plates specified in Section 11-1301.1 or a special decal or device as defined in Section 11-1301.2 as evidence that 14 15 the vehicle is operated by or for a person with 16 disabilities or a veteran with a disability;

17 15. Adopting such other traffic regulations as are18 specifically authorized by this Code; or

Enforcing the provisions of subsection (f) of
 Section 3-413 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.

(b) No ordinance or regulation enacted under paragraph 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, or 13 of subsection (a) shall be effective until signs giving reasonable notice of such local traffic regulations are posted.

25 (c) The provisions of this Code shall not prevent any 26 municipality having a population of 500,000 or more

1 inhabitants from prohibiting any person from driving or 2 operating any motor vehicle upon the roadways of such 3 municipality with headlamps on high beam or bright.

4 (d) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to 5 prevent local authorities within the reasonable exercise of 6 their police power from prohibiting, on private property, the 7 unauthorized use of parking spaces reserved for persons with 8 disabilities.

9 (e) No unit of local government, including a home rule 10 unit, may enact or enforce an ordinance that applies only to 11 motorcycles if the principal purpose for that ordinance is to 12 restrict the access of motorcycles to any highway or portion of a highway for which federal or State funds have been used 13 for the planning, design, construction, or maintenance of that 14 highway. No unit of local government, including a home rule 15 16 unit, may enact an ordinance requiring motorcycle users to 17 wear protective headqear. Nothing in this subsection (e) shall affect the authority of a unit of local government to regulate 18 motorcycles for traffic control purposes or in accordance with 19 20 Section 12-602 of this Code. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may regulate motorcycles in a 21 22 manner inconsistent with this Code. This subsection (e) is a 23 limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home 24 25 rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.

26 (e-5) The City of Chicago may enact an ordinance providing

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for a noise monitoring system upon any portion of the roadway 1 2 Twelve months known as Lake Shore Drive. after the 3 installation of the noise monitoring system, and any time after the first report as the City deems necessary, the City of 4 5 Chicago shall prepare a noise monitoring report with the data collected from the system and shall, upon request, make the 6 7 report available to the public. For purposes of this 8 subsection (e-5), "noise monitoring system" means an automated 9 noise monitor capable of recording noise levels 24 hours per 10 day and 365 days per year with computer equipment sufficient 11 to process the data.

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12 (e-10) A unit of local government, including a home rule 13 unit, may not enact an ordinance prohibiting the use of Automated Driving System equipped vehicles on its roadways. 14 15 Nothing in this subsection (e-10) shall affect the authority 16 of a unit of local government to regulate Automated Driving 17 System equipped vehicles for traffic control purposes. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may regulate 18 Automated Driving System equipped vehicles in a manner 19 20 inconsistent with this Code. For purposes of this subsection (e-10), "Automated Driving System equipped vehicle" means any 21 22 vehicle equipped with an Automated Driving System of hardware 23 and software that are collectively capable of performing the entire dynamic driving task on a sustained basis, regardless 24 25 of whether it is limited to a specific operational domain. This subsection (e-10) is a limitation under subsection (i) of 26

Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the
 concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions
 exercised by the State.

(f) No unit of local government, including a home rule 4 5 unit, A municipality or county designated in Section 11 208.6 6 may enact or enforce an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of 7 Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 8 9 ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner or 10 lessee of a vehicle used in such a violation. For purposes of 11 this subsection (f), "automated traffic law enforcement 12 system" means a device with one or more motor vehicle sensors 13 working in conjunction with a red light signal to produce 14 recorded images of motor vehicles entering into an intersection against a red signal indication in violation of 15 16 Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 17 ordinance. This subsection (f) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (g) of Section 18 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 19

(g) A municipality or county, as provided in Section 11-1201.1, may enact an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of Section 11-1201 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner of a vehicle used in such a violation.

26 (h) A municipality designated in Section 11-208.8 may

1 enact an ordinance providing for an automated speed 2 enforcement system to enforce violations of Article VI of 3 Chapter 11 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 4 ordinance.

5 (i) A municipality or county designated in Section 6 11-208.9 may enact an ordinance providing for an automated 7 traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of 8 Section 11-1414 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 9 ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner or 10 lessee of a vehicle used in such a violation.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-209, eff. 1-1-18; 100-257, eff. 8-22-17; 12 100-352, eff. 6-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-123, eff. 13 7-26-19.)

14 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.3) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3)

Sec. 11-208.3. Administrative adjudication of violations of traffic regulations concerning the standing, parking, or condition of vehicles, automated traffic law violations, and automated speed enforcement system violations.

(a) Any municipality or county may provide by ordinance
for a system of administrative adjudication of vehicular
standing and parking violations and vehicle compliance
violations as described in this subsection, automated traffic
law violations as defined in Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or
11-1201.1, and automated speed enforcement system violations
as defined in Section 11-208.8. The administrative system

shall have as its purpose the fair and efficient enforcement 1 2 of municipal or county regulations through the administrative 3 adjudication of automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violations and violations of municipal 4 5 or county ordinances regulating the standing and parking of vehicles, the condition and use of vehicle equipment, and the 6 display of municipal or county wheel tax licenses within the 7 municipality's or county's borders. The administrative system 8 9 shall only have authority to adjudicate civil offenses 10 carrying fines not in excess of \$500 or requiring the 11 completion of a traffic education program, or both, that occur 12 after the effective date of the ordinance adopting such a system under this Section. For purposes of this Section, 13 "compliance violation" means a violation of a municipal or 14 15 county regulation governing the condition or use of equipment 16 on a vehicle or governing the display of a municipal or county 17 wheel tax license.

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(b) Any ordinance establishing a system of administrative adjudication under this Section shall provide for:

(1) A traffic compliance administrator authorized to
adopt, distribute, and process parking, compliance, and
automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic
law violation notices and other notices required by this
Section, collect money paid as fines and penalties for
violation of parking and compliance ordinances and
automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic

law violations, and operate an administrative adjudication
 system.

(2) A parking, standing, compliance, automated speed 3 enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation 4 5 notice that shall specify or include the date, time, and place of violation of a parking, standing, compliance, 6 7 automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic 8 law regulation; the particular regulation violated; any 9 requirement to complete a traffic education program; the 10 fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment 11 failure to complete a required traffic education or 12 program, or both, when so provided by ordinance; the 13 vehicle make or a photograph of the vehicle; the state 14 registration number of the vehicle; and the identification 15 number of the person issuing the notice. With regard to 16 automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic 17 law violations, vehicle make shall be specified on the automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic 18 19 law violation notice if the notice does not include a 20 photograph of the vehicle and the make is available and 21 readily discernible. With regard to municipalities or counties with a population of <u>1,000,000</u> 1 million or more, 22 23 it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation 24 if the state registration number or vehicle make specified 25 is incorrect. The violation notice shall state that the 26 completion of any required traffic education program, the

payment of any indicated fine, and the payment of any 1 2 applicable penalty for late payment or failure to complete 3 a required traffic education program, or both, shall operate as a final disposition of the violation. 4 The 5 notice also shall contain information as to the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be 6 7 contested on its merits. The violation notice shall 8 specify the time and manner in which a hearing may be had.

9 (3) Service of a parking, standing, or compliance 10 violation notice by: (i) affixing the original or a 11 facsimile of the notice to an unlawfully parked or 12 standing vehicle; (ii) handing the notice to the operator 13 of a vehicle if he or she is present; or (iii) mailing the 14 notice to the address of the registered owner or lessee of 15 the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State 16 or the lessor of the motor vehicle within 30 days after the 17 Secretary of State or the lessor of the motor vehicle notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the 18 19 owner or lessee of the vehicle, but not later than 90 days 20 after the date of the violation, except that in the case of a lessee of a motor vehicle, service of a parking, 21 22 standing, or compliance violation notice may occur no 23 later than 210 days after the violation; and service of an 24 automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic 25 law violation notice by mail to the address of the registered owner or lessee of the cited vehicle as 26

recorded with the Secretary of State or the lessor of the 1 motor vehicle within 30 days after the Secretary of State 2 3 the lessor of the motor vehicle notifies or the municipality or county of the identity of the owner or 4 5 lessee of the vehicle, but not later than 90 days after the 6 violation, except that in the case of a lessee of a motor 7 vehicle, service of an automated traffic law violation notice may occur no later than 210 days after the 8 9 violation. A person authorized by ordinance to issue and 10 serve parking, standing, and compliance violation notices 11 shall certify as to the correctness of the facts entered 12 on the violation notice by signing his or her name to the notice at the time of service or, in the case of a notice 13 14 produced by a computerized device, by signing a single 15 certificate to be kept by the traffic compliance 16 administrator attesting to the correctness of all notices produced by the device while it was under his or her 17 of an automated traffic 18 control. In the case law 19 violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by 20 a technician employed or contracted by the municipality or 21 county that, based on inspection of recorded images, the 22 motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 23 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance. If 24 the technician determines that the vehicle entered the 25 intersection as part of a funeral procession or in order 26 yield the right of way to an emergency vehicle,

citation shall not be issued. In municipalities with a 1 population of less than 1,000,000 inhabitants and counties 2 3 with a population of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the automated traffic law ordinance shall require that all 4 5 determinations by a technician that a motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11 208.6, 11-208.9, 6 7 or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance must be reviewed and 8 approved by a law enforcement officer or retired law 9 enforcement officer of the municipality or county issuing 10 the violation. In municipalities with a population of 11 1,000,000 or more inhabitants and counties with a 12 population of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the automated traffic ordinance 13 law shall require that all 14 determinations by a technician that a motor vehicle was 15 being operated in violation of Section $\frac{11-208.6_7}{11-208.9_7}$ 16 or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance must be reviewed and 17 approved by a law enforcement officer or retired law 18 enforcement officer of the municipality or county issuing 19 the violation or by an additional fully trained reviewing 20 technician who is not employed by the contractor who 21 employs the technician who made the initial determination. 22 In the case of an automated speed enforcement system 23 violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by 24 a technician employed by the municipality, based upon an 25 inspection of recorded images, video, or other 26 documentation, including documentation of the speed limit

and automated speed enforcement signage, and documentation 1 2 of the inspection, calibration, and certification of the 3 speed equipment, that the vehicle was being operated in violation of Article VI of Chapter 11 of this Code or a 4 5 similar local ordinance. If the technician determines that 6 the vehicle speed was not determined by a calibrated, 7 certified speed equipment device based upon the speed 8 equipment documentation, or if the vehicle was an 9 emergency vehicle, a citation may not be issued. The 10 automated speed enforcement ordinance shall require that 11 all determinations by a technician that a violation 12 occurred be reviewed and approved by a law enforcement 13 retired law enforcement officer officer or of the 14 municipality issuing the violation or by an additional 15 fully trained reviewing technician who is not employed by 16 the contractor who employs the technician who made the 17 initial determination. Routine and independent calibration of the speeds produced by automated speed enforcement 18 19 systems and equipment shall be conducted annually by a 20 qualified technician. Speeds produced by an automated speed enforcement system shall be compared with speeds 21 22 produced by lidar or other independent equipment. Radar or 23 lidar equipment shall undergo an internal validation test 24 less frequently than once each week. Oualified no 25 shall test loop-based equipment technicians no less 26 frequently than once a year. Radar equipment shall be

1 checked for accuracy by a qualified technician when the 2 unit is serviced, when unusual or suspect readings 3 when deemed necessary а persist, or by reviewing technician. Radar equipment shall be checked with the 4 5 internal frequency generator and the internal circuit test whenever the radar is turned on. Technicians must be alert 6 for any unusual or suspect readings, and if unusual or 7 8 suspect readings of a radar unit persist, that unit shall 9 immediately be removed from service and not returned to 10 service until it has been checked by a qualified 11 technician and determined to be functioning properly. 12 Documentation of the annual calibration results, including 13 the equipment tested, test date, technician performing the 14 test, and test results, shall be maintained and available 15 for use in the determination of an automated speed 16 enforcement system violation and issuance of a citation. 17 The technician performing the calibration and testing of the automated speed enforcement equipment shall be trained 18 for 19 certified in the use of equipment and speed 20 enforcement purposes. Training on the speed enforcement 21 equipment may be conducted by law enforcement, civilian, 22 or manufacturer's personnel and if applicable may be 23 equivalent to the equipment use and operations training 24 included in the Speed Measuring Device Operator Program 25 the National Highway Traffic developed by Safetv 26 Administration (NHTSA). The vendor or technician who

1 performs the work shall keep accurate records on each 2 piece of equipment the technician calibrates and tests. As 3 this paragraph, "fully trained used in reviewing technician" means a person who has received at least 40 4 5 hours of supervised training in subjects which shall 6 include image inspection and interpretation, the elements 7 prove а violation, license necessary to plate 8 identification, and traffic safety and management. In all 9 counties, speed municipalities and the automated enforcement system or automated traffic law ordinance 10 11 shall require that no additional fee shall be charged to 12 the alleged violator for exercising his or her right to an 13 administrative hearing, and persons shall be given at 14 least 25 days following an administrative hearing to pay 15 any civil penalty imposed by a finding that Section 11-208.6, 11-208.8, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a similar 16 17 local ordinance has been violated. The original or a facsimile of the violation notice or, in the case of a 18 19 notice produced by a computerized device, a printed record 20 generated by the device showing the facts entered on the 21 notice, shall be retained by the traffic compliance 22 administrator, and shall be a record kept in the ordinary 23 course of business. A parking, standing, compliance, 24 automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic 25 law violation notice issued, signed, and served in 26 accordance with this Section, a copy of the notice, or the 1 computer-generated record shall be prima facie correct and 2 shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the 3 facts shown the notice. The notice, on copy, or computer-generated record shall be 4 admissible in anv 5 subsequent administrative or legal proceedings.

6 (4) An opportunity for a hearing for the registered 7 owner of the vehicle cited in the parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, 8 or 9 automated traffic law violation notice in which the owner 10 may contest the merits of the alleged violation, and 11 during which formal or technical rules of evidence shall 12 not apply; provided, however, that under Section 11-1306 of this Code the lessee of a vehicle cited in the violation 13 14 notice likewise shall be provided an opportunity for a 15 hearing of the same kind afforded the registered owner. 16 The hearings shall be recorded, and the person conducting 17 behalf of the traffic hearing on compliance the 18 administrator shall be empowered to administer oaths and 19 to secure by subpoena both the attendance and testimony of 20 witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. 21 Persons appearing at a hearing under this Section may be 22 represented by counsel at their expense. The ordinance may 23 also provide for internal administrative review following 24 the decision of the hearing officer.

25 (5) Service of additional notices, sent by first class
 26 United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of the

registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the 1 Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is 2 3 returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database, 4 5 or, under Section 11-1306 or subsection (p) of Section 11 208.6 or 11-208.9, or subsection (p) of 6 Section 7 11-208.8 of this Code, to the lessee of the cited vehicle at the last address known to the lessor of the cited 8 9 vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice to that 10 address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known 11 address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database. The service shall be deemed complete as of the 12 date of deposit in the United States mail. The notices 13 14 shall be in the following sequence and shall include, but 15 not be limited to, the information specified herein:

16 (i) A second notice of parking, standing, or compliance violation if the first notice of the 17 violation was issued by affixing the original or a 18 19 facsimile of the notice to the unlawfully parked 20 vehicle or by handing the notice to the operator. This 21 notice shall specify or include the date and location 22 of the violation cited in the parking, standing, or 23 compliance violation notice, the particular regulation 24 violated, the vehicle make or a photograph of the 25 vehicle, the state registration number of the vehicle, 26 any requirement to complete a traffic education

1 program, the fine and any penalty that may be assessed 2 for late payment or failure to complete a traffic 3 education program, or both, when so provided by ordinance, the availability of a hearing in which the 4 5 violation may be contested on its merits, and the time 6 and manner in which the hearing may be had. The notice 7 of violation shall also state that failure to complete a required traffic education program, to pay the 8 9 indicated fine and any applicable penalty, or to 10 appear at a hearing on the merits in the time and 11 manner specified, will result in a final determination 12 of violation liability for the cited violation in the 13 amount of the fine or penalty indicated, and that, 14 upon the occurrence of a final determination of 15 violation liability for the failure, and the 16 exhaustion of, or failure to exhaust, available 17 administrative or judicial procedures for review, any incomplete traffic education program or any unpaid 18 19 fine or penalty, or both, will constitute a debt due 20 and owing the municipality or county.

21 (ii) A notice of final determination of parking, 22 standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement 23 system, or automated traffic law violation liability. 24 This notice shall be sent following a final 25 determination of parking, standing, compliance, 26 automated speed enforcement system, or automated

traffic law violation liability and the conclusion of 1 2 judicial review procedures taken under this Section. 3 The notice shall state that the incomplete traffic education program or the unpaid fine or penalty, or 4 5 both, is a debt due and owing the municipality or 6 county. The notice shall contain warnings that failure 7 to complete any required traffic education program or to pay any fine or penalty due and owing the 8 9 municipality or county, or both, within the time 10 specified may result in the municipality's or county's 11 filing of a petition in the Circuit Court to have the 12 incomplete traffic education program or unpaid fine or 13 penalty, or both, rendered a judgment as provided by 14 this Section, or, where applicable, may result in 15 suspension of the person's driver's license for 16 failure to complete a traffic education program.

17 (6) A notice of impending driver's license suspension. This notice shall be sent to the person liable for failure 18 19 to complete a required traffic education program. The 20 notice shall state that failure to complete a required 21 traffic education program within 45 days of the notice's 22 date will result in the municipality or county notifying 23 the Secretary of State that the person is eligible for initiation of suspension proceedings under Section 6-306.5 24 25 of this Code. The notice shall also state that the person 26 may obtain a photostatic copy of an original ticket

imposing a fine or penalty by sending a self-addressed, 1 2 stamped envelope to the municipality or county along with 3 request for the photostatic copy. The notice of а impending driver's license suspension shall be sent by 4 5 first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any 6 notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to 7 the last known address recorded in a United States Post 8 9 Office approved database.

10 (7) Final determinations of violation liability. A 11 final determination of violation liability shall occur 12 following failure to complete the required traffic education program or to pay the fine or penalty, or both, 13 14 after a hearing officer's determination of violation 15 liability and the exhaustion of or failure to exhaust any 16 administrative review procedures provided by ordinance. 17 Where a person fails to appear at a hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in a 18 19 prior mailed notice, the hearing officer's determination 20 of violation liability shall become final: (A) upon denial 21 of a timely petition to set aside that determination, or 22 (B) upon expiration of the period for filing the petition 23 without a filing having been made.

(8) A petition to set aside a determination of
 parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement
 system, or automated traffic law violation liability that

1 may be filed by a person owing an unpaid fine or penalty. A 2 petition to set aside a determination of liability may 3 also be filed by a person required to complete a traffic education program. The petition shall be filed with and 4 5 ruled upon by the traffic compliance administrator in the 6 manner and within the time specified by ordinance. The 7 grounds for the petition may be limited to: (A) the person 8 not having been the owner or lessee of the cited vehicle on 9 the date the violation notice was issued, (B) the person 10 having already completed the required traffic education 11 program or paid the fine or penalty, or both, for the 12 violation in question, and (C) excusable failure to appear at or request a new date for a hearing. With regard to 13 14 municipalities or counties with a population of 1 million 15 or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking 16 violation if the state registration number or vehicle 17 make, only if specified in the violation notice, is incorrect. After the determination of parking, standing, 18 19 compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or 20 automated traffic law violation liability has been set 21 aside upon a showing of just cause, the registered owner 22 shall be provided with a hearing on the merits for that violation. 23

(9) Procedures for non-residents. Procedures by which
 persons who are not residents of the municipality or
 county may contest the merits of the alleged violation

1 without attending a hearing.

2 (10) A schedule of civil fines for violations of 3 vehicular standing, parking, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law regulations 4 5 enacted by ordinance pursuant to this Section, and a schedule of penalties for late payment of the fines or 6 7 failure to complete required traffic education programs, 8 provided, however, that the total amount of the fine and 9 penalty for any one violation shall not exceed \$250, 10 except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 11-1301.3 11 of this Code.

(11) Other provisions as are necessary and proper to
carry into effect the powers granted and purposes stated
in this Section.

(c) Any municipality or county establishing vehicular 15 16 standing, parking, compliance, automated speed enforcement 17 system, or automated traffic law regulations under this Section may also provide by ordinance for a program of vehicle 18 19 immobilization for the purpose of facilitating enforcement of 20 those regulations. The program of vehicle immobilization shall 21 provide for immobilizing any eligible vehicle upon the public 22 way by presence of a restraint in a manner to prevent operation 23 of the vehicle. Any ordinance establishing a program of vehicle immobilization under this Section shall provide: 24

(1) Criteria for the designation of vehicles eligible
 for immobilization. A vehicle shall be eligible for

immobilization when the registered owner of the vehicle has accumulated the number of incomplete traffic education programs or unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability, or both, as determined by ordinance.

7 (2) A notice of impending vehicle immobilization and a 8 right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the notice 9 by disproving liability for the incomplete traffic 10 education programs or unpaid final determinations of 11 parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement 12 system, or automated traffic law violation liability, or 13 both, listed on the notice.

14 (3) The right to a prompt hearing after a vehicle has 15 been immobilized or subsequently towed without the 16 completion of the required traffic education program or 17 payment of the outstanding fines and penalties on parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, 18 19 or automated traffic law violations, or both, for which 20 final determinations have been issued. An order issued after the hearing is a final administrative decision 21 22 within the meaning of Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil 23 Procedure.

(4) A post immobilization and post-towing notice
advising the registered owner of the vehicle of the right
to a hearing to challenge the validity of the impoundment.

(d) Judicial review of final determinations of parking, 1 2 standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations and final administrative 3 decisions issued after hearings regarding vehicle 4 5 immobilization and impoundment made under this Section shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law. 6

7 Any fine, penalty, incomplete traffic education (e) 8 program, or part of any fine or any penalty remaining unpaid 9 after the exhaustion of, or the failure to exhaust, administrative remedies created under this Section and the 10 11 conclusion of any judicial review procedures shall be a debt 12 due and owing the municipality or county and, as such, may be 13 collected in accordance with applicable law. Completion of any required traffic education program and payment in full of any 14 15 fine or penalty resulting from a standing, parking, 16 compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated 17 traffic law violation shall constitute a final disposition of that violation. 18

(f) After the expiration of the period within which 19 judicial review may be sought for a final determination of 20 parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement 21 22 system, or automated traffic law violation, the municipality 23 or county may commence a proceeding in the Circuit Court for purposes of obtaining a judgment on the final determination of 24 25 violation. Nothing in this Section shall prevent а 26 municipality or county from consolidating multiple final

determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated 1 2 speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations 3 against a person in a proceeding. Upon commencement of the action, the municipality or county shall file a certified copy 4 5 or record of the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated 6 7 traffic law violation, which shall be accompanied by a certification that recites facts sufficient to show that the 8 9 final determination of violation was issued in accordance with 10 this Section and the applicable municipal or county ordinance. 11 Service of the summons and a copy of the petition may be by any 12 method provided by Section 2-203 of the Code of Civil Procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, 13 14 provided that the total amount of fines and penalties for 15 final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, 16 automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law 17 violations does not exceed \$2,500 \$2500. If the court is satisfied that the final determination of parking, standing, 18 19 compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated 20 traffic law violation was entered in accordance with the 21 requirements of this Section and the applicable municipal or 22 county ordinance, and that the registered owner or the lessee, 23 as the case may be, had an opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial review as provided in this Section, 24 25 the court shall render judgment in favor of the municipality 26 or county and against the registered owner or the lessee for

the amount indicated in the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation, plus costs. The judgment shall have the same effect and may be enforced in the same manner as other judgments for the recovery of money.

6 (g) The fee for participating in a traffic education
7 program under this Section shall not exceed \$25.

A low-income individual required to complete a traffic education program under this Section who provides proof of eligibility for the federal earned income tax credit under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code or the Illinois earned income tax credit under Section 212 of the Illinois Income Tax Act shall not be required to pay any fee for participating in a required traffic education program.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall not be liable for violations, fees, fines, or penalties under this Section during the period in which the motor vehicle was stolen or hijacked, as indicated in a report to the appropriate law enforcement agency filed in a timely manner.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-623, eff. 7-1-20; 22 101-652, eff. 7-1-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-905, eff. 23 1-1-23.)

24 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.8)

25 Sec. 11-208.8. Automated speed enforcement systems in

1 safety zones.

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(a) As used in this Section:

"Automated speed enforcement system" means a photographic 3 device, radar device, laser device, or other electrical or 4 5 mechanical device or devices installed or utilized in a safety zone and designed to record the speed of a vehicle and obtain a 6 7 clear photograph or other recorded image of the vehicle and 8 the vehicle's registration plate or digital registration plate 9 while the driver is violating Article VI of Chapter 11 of this 10 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

11 An automated speed enforcement system is a system, located 12 in a safety zone which is under the jurisdiction of a municipality, that produces a recorded image of a motor 13 vehicle's violation of a provision of this Code or a local 14 15 ordinance and is designed to obtain a clear recorded image of 16 the vehicle and the vehicle's license plate. The recorded 17 image must also display the time, date, and location of the violation. 18

19 "Owner" means the person or entity to whom the vehicle is 20 registered.

21 "Recorded image" means images recorded by an automated 22 speed enforcement system on:

23 (1) 2 or more photographs;

24 (2) 2 or more microphotographs;

25 (3) 2 or more electronic images; or

26 (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and,

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on at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly identifying the registration plate or digital registration plate number of the motor vehicle.

"Safety zone" means an area that is within one-eighth of a 4 5 mile from the nearest property line of any public or private elementary or secondary school, or from the nearest property 6 7 line of any facility, area, or land owned by a school district 8 that is used for educational purposes approved by the Illinois 9 State Board of Education, not including school district 10 headquarters or administrative buildings. A safety zone also 11 includes an area that is within one-eighth of a mile from the 12 nearest property line of any facility, area, or land owned by a park district used for recreational purposes. However, if any 13 portion of a roadway is within either one-eighth mile radius, 14 15 the safety zone also shall include the roadway extended to the 16 furthest portion of the next furthest intersection. The term 17 "safety zone" does not include any portion of the roadway known as Lake Shore Drive or any controlled access highway 18 with 8 or more lanes of traffic. 19

20 (a-5) The automated speed enforcement system shall be 21 operational and violations shall be recorded only at the 22 following times:

(i) if the safety zone is based upon the property line
of any facility, area, or land owned by a school district,
only on school days and no earlier than 6 a.m. and no later
than 8:30 p.m. if the school day is during the period of

Monday through Thursday, or 9 p.m. if the school day is a
 Friday; and

3 (ii) if the safety zone is based upon the property 4 line of any facility, area, or land owned by a park 5 district, no earlier than one hour prior to the time that 6 the facility, area, or land is open to the public or other 7 patrons, and no later than one hour after the facility, 8 area, or land is closed to the public or other patrons.

9 (b) A municipality that produces a recorded image of a 10 motor vehicle's violation of a provision of this Code or a 11 local ordinance must make the recorded images of a violation 12 accessible to the alleged violator by providing the alleged 13 violator with a website address, accessible through the 14 Internet.

15 (c) Notwithstanding any penalties for any other violations 16 of this Code, the owner of a motor vehicle used in a traffic 17 violation recorded by an automated speed enforcement system 18 shall be subject to the following penalties:

(1) if the recorded speed is no less than 6 miles per
hour and no more than 10 miles per hour over the legal
speed limit, a civil penalty not exceeding \$50, plus an
additional penalty of not more than \$50 for failure to pay
the original penalty in a timely manner; or

(2) if the recorded speed is more than 10 miles per
hour over the legal speed limit, a civil penalty not
exceeding \$100, plus an additional penalty of not more

1 2 than \$100 for failure to pay the original penalty in a timely manner.

A penalty may not be imposed under this Section if the 3 driver of the motor vehicle received a Uniform Traffic 4 Citation from a police officer for a speeding violation 5 occurring within one-eighth of a mile and 15 minutes of the 6 7 violation that was recorded by the system. A violation for 8 which a civil penalty is imposed under this Section is not a 9 violation of a traffic regulation governing the movement of 10 vehicles and may not be recorded on the driving record of the 11 owner of the vehicle. A law enforcement officer is not 12 required to be present or to witness the violation. No penalty 13 may be imposed under this Section if the recorded speed of a 14 vehicle is 5 miles per hour or less over the legal speed limit. 15 The municipality may send, in the same manner that notices are 16 sent under this Section, a speed violation warning notice 17 where the violation involves a speed of 5 miles per hour or less above the legal speed limit. 18

(d) The net proceeds that a municipality receives from civil penalties imposed under an automated speed enforcement system, after deducting all non-personnel and personnel costs associated with the operation and maintenance of such system, shall be expended or obligated by the municipality for the following purposes:

(i) public safety initiatives to ensure safe passage
 around schools, and to provide police protection and

surveillance around schools and parks, including but not limited to: (1) personnel costs; and (2) non-personnel costs such as construction and maintenance of public safety infrastructure and equipment;

5 (ii) initiatives to improve pedestrian and traffic
6 safety;

7 (iii) construction and maintenance of infrastructure
8 within the municipality, including, but not limited to,
9 roads and bridges; and

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(iv) after school programs.

11 (e) For each violation of a provision of this Code or a 12 local ordinance recorded by an automated speed enforcement system, the municipality having jurisdiction shall issue a 13 14 written notice of the violation to the registered owner of the 15 vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall be delivered 16 to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 days 17 after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later 18 19 than 90 days after the violation.

20 (f) The notice required under subsection (e) of this 21 Section shall include:

(1) the name and address of the registered owner of the vehicle;

24 (2) the registration number of the motor vehicle25 involved in the violation;

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(3) the violation charged;

SB0313 - 35 - LRB103 26094 MXP 52449 b (4) the date, time, and location where the violation 1 2 occurred; 3 (5) a copy of the recorded image or images; (6) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the 4 5 date by which the civil penalty should be paid; (7) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a 6 7 violation of a speed restriction; 8 (8) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or 9 to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of 10 liability; 11 (9) a statement that the person may elect to proceed 12 by: 13 (A) paying the fine; or (B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or 14 15 by administrative hearing; and 16 (10)a website address, accessible through the 17 Internet, where the person may view the recorded images of the violation. 18 19 (q) (Blank). 20 (h) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an

automated speed enforcement system, a notice alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section.

(i) Recorded images made by an automated speed enforcementsystem are confidential and shall be made available only to

1 the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement 2 agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this 3 Section, for statistical purposes, or for other governmental 4 purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a violation of this 5 Section, however, may be admissible in any proceeding 6 resulting from the issuance of the citation.

7 (j) The court or hearing officer may consider in defense8 of a violation:

9 (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates or 10 digital registration plates of the motor vehicle were 11 stolen before the violation occurred and not under the 12 control or in the possession of the owner or lessee at the 13 time of the violation;

14 (1.5) that the motor vehicle was hijacked before the 15 violation occurred and not under the control of or in the 16 possession of the owner or lessee at the time of the 17 violation;

18 (2) that the driver of the motor vehicle received a 19 Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer for a 20 speeding violation occurring within one-eighth of a mile 21 and 15 minutes of the violation that was recorded by the 22 system; and

23 (3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal24 ordinance.

25 (k) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle was hijacked or 26 the motor vehicle or registration plates or digital

registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner or lessee at the time of the violation, the owner or lessee must submit proof that a report concerning the motor vehicle or registration plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely manner.

7 (1) A roadway equipped with an automated speed enforcement 8 system shall be posted with a sign conforming to the national 9 Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices that is visible to 10 approaching traffic stating that vehicle speeds are being 11 photo-enforced and indicating the speed limit. The 12 municipality shall install such additional signage as it 13 determines is necessary to give reasonable notice to drivers 14 as to where automated speed enforcement systems are installed.

(m) A roadway where a new automated speed enforcement system is installed shall be posted with signs providing 30 days notice of the use of a new automated speed enforcement system prior to the issuance of any citations through the automated speed enforcement system.

20 (n) The compensation paid for an automated speed 21 enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment 22 or the services provided and may not be based on the number of 23 traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by the 24 system.

25 (o) (Blank).

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(p) No person who is the lessor of a motor vehicle pursuant

to a written lease agreement shall be liable for an automated 1 2 speed or traffic law enforcement system violation involving 3 such motor vehicle during the period of the lease; provided that upon the request of the appropriate authority received 4 5 within 120 days after the violation occurred, the lessor provides within 60 days after such receipt the name and 6 7 address of the lessee. The drivers license number of a lessee 8 may be subsequently individually requested by the appropriate 9 authority if needed for enforcement of this Section.

10 Upon the provision of information by the lessor pursuant 11 to this subsection, the municipality may issue the violation 12 to the lessee of the vehicle in the same manner as it would 13 issue a violation to a registered owner of a vehicle pursuant 14 to this Section, and the lessee may be held liable for the 15 violation.

16 (q) A municipality using an automated speed enforcement 17 system must provide notice to drivers by publishing the 18 locations of all safety zones where system equipment is 19 installed on the website of the municipality.

20 (r) Α municipality operating an automated speed enforcement system shall conduct a statistical analysis to 21 22 assess the safety impact of the system. The statistical 23 analysis shall be based upon the best available crash, 24 traffic, and other data, and shall cover a period of time 25 before and after installation of the system sufficient to 26 provide a statistically valid comparison of safety impact. The

statistical analysis shall be consistent with professional 1 2 judgment and acceptable industry practice. The statistical analysis also shall be consistent with the data required for 3 4 valid comparisons of before and after conditions and shall be 5 conducted within а reasonable period following the 6 installation of the automated traffic law enforcement system. 7 The statistical analysis required by this subsection shall be 8 made available to the public and shall be published on the 9 website of the municipality.

10 (s) This Section applies only to municipalities with a 11 population of 1,000,000 or more inhabitants.

12 (t) Except as provided in this Section, a county or 13 municipality, including a home rule county or municipality, 14 may not use an automated speed enforcement system to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the purpose of 15 16 recording its speed. Except as provided under this Section, 17 the regulation of the use of automated speed enforcement systems to record vehicle speeds is an exclusive power and 18 19 function of the State. This subsection (t) is a denial and 20 limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 21 22 (Source: P.A. 101-395, eff. 8-16-19; 101-652, eff. 7-1-21; 23 102-905, eff. 1-1-23.)

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(625 ILCS 5/11-208.6 rep.)

25 Section 15. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by

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1 repealing Section 11-208.6.