## **103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

## State of Illinois

## 2023 and 2024

### SB0231

Introduced 1/31/2023, by Sen. Jil Tracy

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

735 ILCS 5/2-101	from Ch. 110, par. 2-101
735 ILCS 5/2-102	from Ch. 110, par. 2-102
735 ILCS 5/2-103	from Ch. 110, par. 2-103
735 ILCS 5/2-104	from Ch. 110, par. 2-104

Amends the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that, if none of the parties joined in good faith as defendants in a civil case is a resident of the State, an action against those defendants may be commenced in the State only in the county in which the transaction out of which the cause of action arose, or some part of that transaction, occurred. Provides that a corporation organized under the laws of or authorized to do business in the State is a resident only of any county in which it has its registered office or other office (rather than being a resident of any county in which it does business). Makes similar changes regarding partnerships and voluntary unincorporated associations. Deletes language providing that an insurance company incorporated under the laws of or doing business in the State may be sued in any county in which one of the plaintiffs resides. Provides that, if none of the defendants in a civil action is a resident of the State, and no part of the transaction out of which the action arose occurred in the State, the action must be dismissed for lack of proper venue. Provides that the changes apply to actions filed on or after the effective date of the amendatory Act. Makes other changes.

LRB103 24945 LNS 51279 b

SB0231

1

AN ACT concerning civil law.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 5 changing Sections 2-101, 2-102, 2-103, and 2-104 as follows:

6 (735 ILCS 5/2-101) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-101)

7 Sec. 2-101. Generally. Except as otherwise provided in 8 this Act, every action must be commenced (1) in the county of 9 residence of any defendant who is joined in good faith and with probable cause for the purpose of obtaining a judgment against 10 him or her and not solely for the purpose of fixing venue in 11 that county, or (2) in the county in which the transaction or 12 some part thereof occurred out of which the cause of action 13 14 arose.

If a check, draft, money order, or other instrument for 15 16 the payment of child support payable to or delivered to the State Disbursement Unit established under Section 10-26 of the 17 Illinois Public Aid Code is returned by the bank or depository 18 19 for any reason, venue for the enforcement of any criminal 20 proceedings or civil cause of action for recovery and attorney 21 fees shall be in the county where the principal office of the 22 State Disbursement Unit is located.

23

If <u>no</u> all defendants <u>that are joined in good faith and with</u>

- 2 - LRB103 24945 LNS 51279 b

probable cause for the purpose of obtaining a judgment against them is a resident are nonresidents of the State, an action may be commenced in this State only in the county in which the transaction out of which the cause of action arose, or some part of that transaction, occurred any county.

If the corporate limits of a city, village or town extend 6 7 into more than one county, then the venue of an action or proceeding instituted by that municipality to enforce any 8 9 fine, imprisonment, penalty or forfeiture for violation of any 10 ordinance of that municipality, regardless of the county in 11 which the violation was committed or occurred, may be in the 12 appropriate court (i) in the county wherein the office of the 13 clerk of the municipality is located or (ii) in any county in which at least 35% of the territory within the municipality's 14 15 corporate limits is located.

16The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 103rd17General Assembly apply to actions filed on or after its18effective date.

19 (Source: P.A. 91-212, eff. 7-20-99.)

20 (735 ILCS 5/2-102) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-102)

21 Sec. 2-102. Residence of corporations, voluntary 22 unincorporated associations and partnerships defined. For 23 purposes of venue, the following definitions apply:

(a) Any private corporation or railroad or bridge company,
 organized under the laws of this State, and any foreign

SB0231

1 corporation authorized to transact business in this State is a 2 resident of any county in which it has its registered office or 3 other office or is doing business. A foreign corporation not 4 authorized to transact business in this State is a nonresident 5 of this State.

6 (b) A partnership sued in its firm name is a resident of 7 any county in which any partner resides or in which the 8 partnership has an office or is doing business. A partnership 9 sued in its firm name, of which all partners are nonresidents 10 of this State and which does not have an office or do business 11 in this State, is a nonresident of this State.

12 (c) A voluntary unincorporated association sued in its own name is a resident of any county in which the association has 13 14 an office or, if on due inquiry no office can be found, in 15 which any officer of the association resides. A voluntary 16 unincorporated association sued in its own name, of which all 17 its members are nonresidents of this State and which does not have an office or do business in this State, is a nonresident 18 19 of this State.

20 <u>(d) The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 103rd</u> 21 <u>General Assembly apply to actions filed on or after its</u> 22 <u>effective date.</u>

23 (Source: P.A. 83-901.)

24 (735 ILCS 5/2-103) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-103)

25 Sec. 2-103. Public corporations - Local actions - Libel -

SB0231

#### 1 Insurance companies.

2 (a) Actions must be brought against a public, municipal, governmental or quasi-municipal corporation in the county in 3 which its principal office is located or in the county in which 4 5 the transaction or some part thereof occurred out of which the cause of action arose. Except as otherwise provided in Section 6 7 7-102 of this Code, if the cause of action is related to an 8 airport owned by a unit of local government or the property or 9 aircraft operations thereof, however, including an action 10 challenging the constitutionality of this amendatory Act of 11 the 93rd General Assembly, the action must be brought in the 12 county in which the unit of local government's principal office is located. Actions to recover damage to real estate 13 14 which may be overflowed or otherwise damaged by reason of any 15 act of the corporation may be brought in the county where the 16 real estate or some part of it is situated, or in the county 17 where the corporation is located, at the option of the party claiming to be injured. Except as otherwise provided in 18 Section 7-102 of this Code, any cause of action that is related 19 20 to an airport owned by a unit of local government, and that is pending on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act 21 22 of the 93rd General Assembly in a county other than the county 23 in which the unit of local government's principal office is located, shall be transferred, upon motion of any party under 24 25 Section 2-106 of this Code, to the county in which the unit of local government's principal office is located. 26

1 (b) Any action to quiet title to real estate, or to 2 partition or recover possession thereof or to foreclose a 3 mortgage or other lien thereon, must be brought in the county 4 in which the real estate or some part of it is situated.

5 (c) Any action which is made local by any statute must be
6 brought in the county designated in the statute.

7 (d) Every action against any owner, publisher, editor, 8 author or printer of a newspaper or magazine of general 9 circulation for libel contained in that newspaper or magazine 10 may be commenced only in the county in which the defendant 11 resides or has his, her or its principal office or in which the 12 article was composed or printed, except when the defendant 13 resides or the article was printed without this State, in either of which cases the action may be commenced in any county 14 15 in which the libel was circulated or published.

16 (e) <u>(Blank).</u> Actions against any insurance company 17 incorporated under the law of this State or doing business in 18 this State may also be brought in any county in which the 19 plaintiff or one of the plaintiffs may reside.

20 (f) The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 103rd 21 General Assembly apply to actions filed on or after its 22 effective date.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-450, eff. 8-6-03.)

24 (735 ILCS 5/2-104) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-104)

25 Sec. 2-104. Wrong venue - Waiver - Motion to transfer. (a)

SB0231

No order or judgment is void because rendered in the wrong 1 2 venue, except in case of judgment by confession as provided in subsection (c) of Section 2-1301 of this Act. No action shall 3 abate or be dismissed because commenced in the wrong venue if 4 5 there is a proper venue to which the cause may be transferred. If no defendants is a resident of this State, and the 6 7 transaction out of which the cause of action arose, or some 8 part of that transaction, did not occur in this State, the 9 cause of action must be dismissed for lack of proper venue.

10 (b) All objections of improper venue are waived by a 11 defendant unless a motion to transfer to a proper venue or a 12 motion to dismiss for lack of proper venue is made by the 13 defendant on or before the date upon which he or she is 14 required to appear or within any further time that may be 15 granted him or her to answer or move with respect to the 16 complaint, except that if a defendant upon whose residence 17 venue depends is dismissed upon motion of plaintiff, a remaining defendant may promptly move for transfer as though 18 the dismissed defendant had not been a party. 19

(c) Motions to dismiss or for transfer to a proper venue may be supported and opposed by affidavit. In determining issues of fact raised by affidavits, any competent evidence adduced by the parties shall also be considered. The determination of any issue of fact in connection with a motion to transfer does not constitute a determination of the merits of the case or any aspect thereof.

SB0231

SB0231 - 7 - LRB103 24945 LNS 51279 b

1	(d)	The change	es made	by	this ame	endatory	Act	of	the 1	103rd
2	General	Assembly	apply	to	actions	filed	on	or	after	its
3	<u>effectiv</u>	ve date.								

4 (Source: P.A. 83-707.)