

Sen. Sara Feigenholtz

Filed: 3/2/2023

14

15

16

10300SB0173sam001 LRB103 26009 SPS 58419 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 173 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 173 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act is 4 amended by adding Section 11 as follows: 5 6 (820 ILCS 55/11 new) 7 Sec. 11. Use of electronic monitoring. (a) As used in this Section: 8 "Electronic monitoring" means the collection of 9 information concerning any employee's activities 10 communications by any means other than direct observation, 11 including the use of a computer, software, telephone, wire, or 12 13 radio, or an electromagnetic, photo electronic, or photo

optical system. "Electronic monitoring" does not include the

collection of information for security purposes in common

areas of the employer's premises which are held out for use by

2.1

the public or any act that is prohibited under State or federal law.

"Employee" means any individual permitted to work by an employer in an occupation, including, but not limited to, full-time employees, part-time employees, temporary workers, and contract employees. "Employee" also includes an unpaid intern as described in items (i) through (iii) of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) of Section 2-101 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.

"Employer" has the meaning set forth in subsection (c) of Section 3 of the Minimum Wage Law.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), an employer who engages in any type of electronic monitoring of any employees shall give each employee who may be affected prior written notice of the types and frequency of electronic monitoring that may be used by the employer. The written notice must be given to an employee upon hiring or before an employer uses electronic monitoring equipment. The written notice shall be acknowledged by the employee either in writing or electronically.

(c) When an employer has reasonable grounds to believe that an employee is engaged in conduct that violates the legal rights of the employer or the employer's other employees related to their employment, or creates a hostile workplace environment, and electronic monitoring is necessary to produce evidence of this misconduct, the employer may conduct

- 1 electronic monitoring without giving the notice required in
  2 subsection (b).
  - (d) Every employer shall post and keep posted, in one or more conspicuous places on the premises of the employer where notices to employees are customarily posted, a notice concerning the types of electronic monitoring that may be utilized by the employer. An employer with employees who do not regularly report to a physical workplace, and instead work remotely or travel for work, shall also provide the notice by email to its employees or conspicuously on a website, regularly used by the employer to communicate work-related information, that all employees are able to regularly access, freely and without interference.
    - (e) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to processes that are designed to manage the type or volume of incoming or outgoing electronic mail, telephone voicemail, or Internet usage that are not designed or intended to monitor or intercept the electronic mail, telephone voicemail, or Internet usage of a particular employee and that are performed solely for the purpose of computer system maintenance or protection.
    - (f) An employer may not use electronic monitoring for the purpose of interfering with employee rights, including the right to organize under the National Labor Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. 151 et seq., or any other applicable State or federal law authorizing employees to unionize or bargain

1 collectively.".